

Fano Threefold

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1 singularities of pairs

Remark 1.1. *terminal \subset canonical \subset klt \subset lc \subset slc \subset qlc \subset DB*

A ref: Miles Reid 1975, 25 years of 3-folds an old person's view

Remark 1.2. *$-K_X$ is nef and big, then X is weak fano.*

Remark 1.3. *Let Y be canonical, then there is terminalization $f : X \rightarrow Y$ and $f^*K_Y = K_X$. If Y is Fano, then X weak fano.*

Remark 1.4. *\mathbb{Q} -factorialization always exists for klt varieties.*

X fano var with at most canonical singularities, called canonical Fano varieties.

Goal: classify canonical Fano 3-folds under some invariant:

- Picard number $\rho(X)$
- Fano index
- degree $c_1(X)^3 = (-K_X)^3$

About picard group $\text{Pic}(X)$ Finitely generated torison-free. and $/ \sim_{\mathbb{Q}}$ coincides with $/ \equiv$, thus

$$\mathbb{Z}^{\rho X} \cong \text{Cl}(X) / \sim_{\mathbb{Q}} \cong \text{Cl}(X) / \equiv$$

Weil Fano index $q_W = \max\{-K_X \sim qA, A \in \text{Cl}(X)\}$, and \mathbb{Q} -index $q_{\mathbb{Q}} = \max\{-K_X \sim_{\mathbb{Q}} qA, A \in \text{Cl}(X)\}$
Then

- $q_W, q_{\mathbb{Q}} \in \mathbb{Z}$
- $q_W | q_{\mathbb{Q}}$
- X smooth, then $q_W = q_{\mathbb{Q}} = i(X) = \max\{-k_X \sim_{\mathbb{Q}} qH, H \in \text{Pic}(X)\}$

Theorem 1.5. *X weak Fano 3-fano, then $q_{\mathbb{Q}}(X) \leq 66$*

Remark 1.6. *isolated can $q_{\mathbb{Q}}(X) \leq 61$, and $q_{\mathbb{Q}}(X) = 66$ by $X = \mathbb{P}(5, 6, 22, 33)$*

Remark 1.7. *New tech*

- A new R-R
- kawamata-Miyaoka type inequality, and Foliation of rank 2.

2 Kawamata-Miyaka type inequality