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iOS Programming Basic: How Does the Hello World App Work?

april 14, 2012 by [simon ng](#) 84 comments

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I hope you enjoy the [first iOS programming tutorial](#) and already created your first app. Before we move onto the next tutorial and build a more complex app, let's step back and have a closer look at the Hello World app. It'll be good for you to understand some of the Objective-C syntax and the inner workings of the app.

So far you follow the [step-by-step guide](#) to build the Hello World app. But as you go through the tutorial, you may come across these questions:



What are those .xib, .h and .m file?

What are those “ugly” code inside “showMessage”? What do they mean?!

What actually happens after you taps the “Hello World” button? How does the button trigger the “showMessage” action?

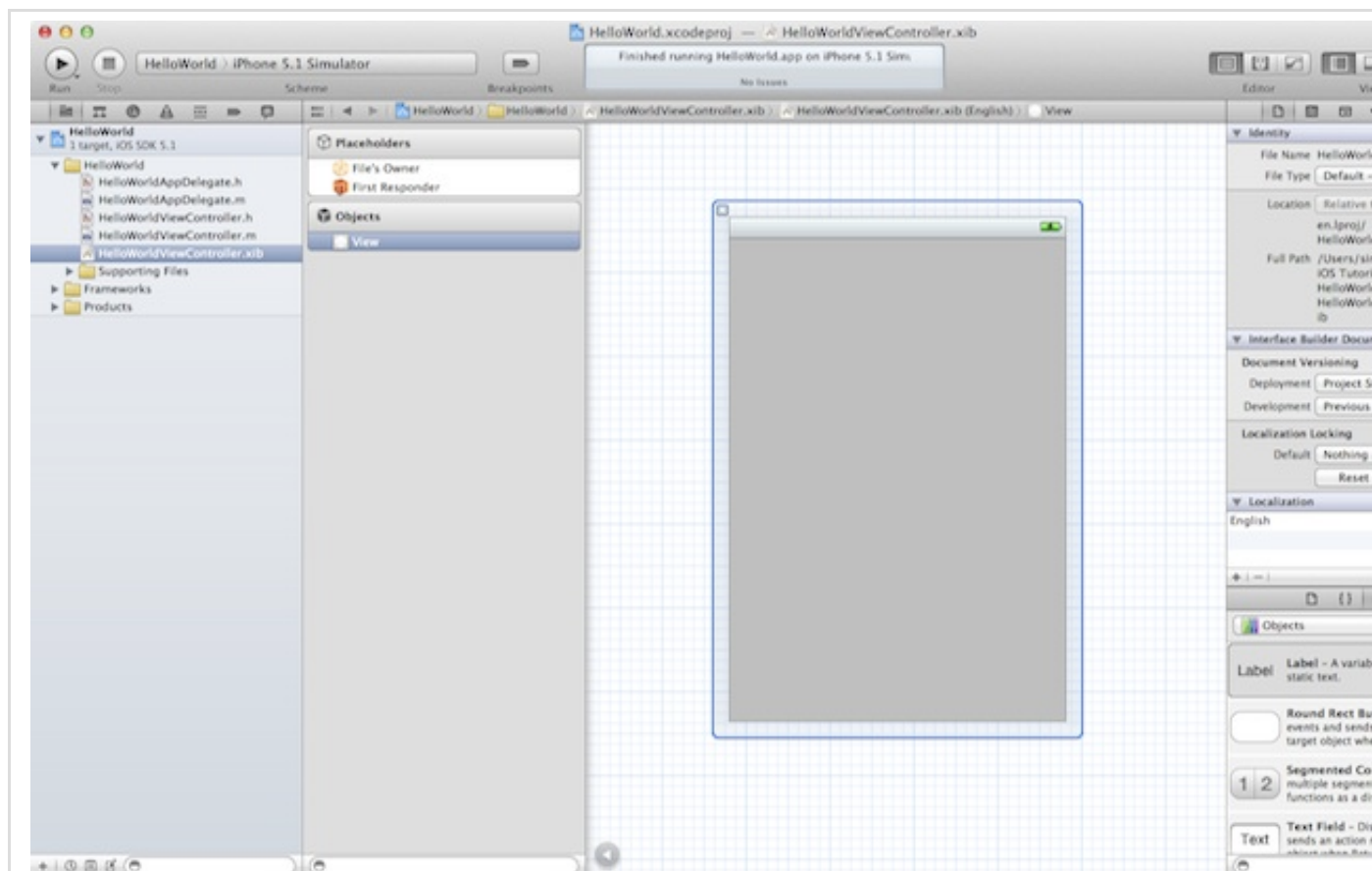
How does the “Run” button in Xcode work?

I want you to focus on exploring the Xcode environment so I didn't explain any of the above previous post. Yet it's essential for every developer to understand the inner details behind it and grasp the basic concept of iOS programming. For some technical concepts, they may be too hard to understand particularly you have no programming background. Don't worry, however. This is just the start. As you move on and write more code in later tutorials, you'll get better understanding of iOS programming. Just try your best to learn as much as possible.

Interface Builder, Header and Implementation Files

First, what are those .xib, .h and .m files? This is a very good question raised by one of the readers. Under the Project Navigator, you should find three main types of files – .xib, .h and .m. (If you go to the “Supporting Files” folder, you'll find other file types such as plist and framework. But for now, just forget about them first. We'll talk about them later.)

.xib – For files with .xib extension, they're Interface Builder files that store the application's interface (UI). As you click on the .xib file, Xcode automatically switches to the Interface Builder to edit the UI of the app via drag-and-drop.



Interface Builder in Xcode

.h and .m – Files with .h extension refers to the header files while those with .m extension are implementation files. Like most of the programming languages, the source code of Objective-C is divided into two parts: *interface* and *implementation*.

Well, to put in analogy that you can better understand both terms, let's consider a TV remote. It's convenient to control the volume of a TV set wirelessly with a remote. To increase the speaker volume, you press the "Volume +" button. To switch channel, you simply key in the channel number on the remote. Do you know what happens behind the scene when pressing the "Volume" button? Probably not. I believe most of us don't know how the remote communicates with the TV set and controls the volume. What we just know is, that button is used for changing the volume. In this example, the part that interacts with you is the "interface" and the inner detail which is hidden behind the button is referred as the "implementation".

Now you should have a better idea about interface and implementation. Let's go back to the Objective-C, interfaces of a class are organized in ".h" file. We use the syntax "@interface" to declare the interface of a class. Take a look at the HelloWorldViewController.h, which is the header file.

```
1 @interface HelloWorldViewController : UIViewController
2
3 -(IBAction)showMessage;
4
5 @end
```

It starts with "@interface" followed by HelloWorldViewController, which is the class name. It declares a "showMessage" action, which is known as a method call.

Like the "Volume" button, apparently we do not know how the "showMessage" action works. We know it's used to display a message on screen. The actual implementation is put in the HelloWorldViewController.m, the implementation file:

```
1 @implementation HelloWorldViewController
2
3 // I've removed other methods for better reading. Focus on the showMessage method file
4
5 - (IBAction)showMessage
6 {
7     UIAlertView *helloWorldAlert = [[UIAlertView alloc]
8                                     initWithTitle:@"My First App" message:@"Hello, World!" delegate:nil cancelButtonTitle:@"OK" otherButtonTitles:nil];
9
10    // Display the Hello World Message
```

```
11 [helloWorldAlert show];  
12}  
13  
14@end
```

As you can see from the above, you use the declaration “@implementation” to declare an implementation. Inside the “showMessage”, it’s the actual code defined to display the alert on screen. You may not understand every single line of code inside the “showMessage” method, but it creates an UIAlertView with “My First App” as the title and “Hello, World” as the message. Then, it calls up the “show” method and request iOS to display the pop-up message on screen.



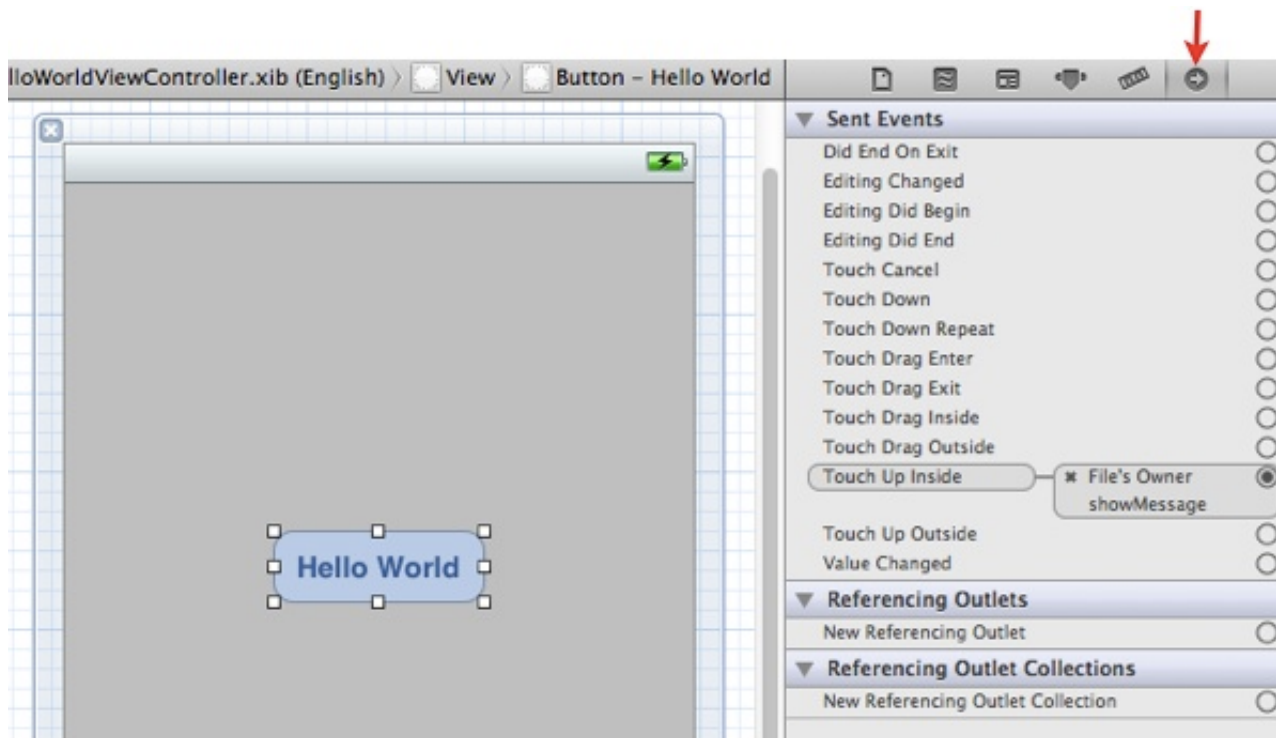
Hello World App

It's vital for you to understand the concept of interface and implementation. If you have any feel free to raise your question at [our forum](#).

Behind the Touch and Tap

What actually happened after tapping the “Hello World” button? How does the “Hello World” invoke the “showMessage” method to display the “Hello World” message?

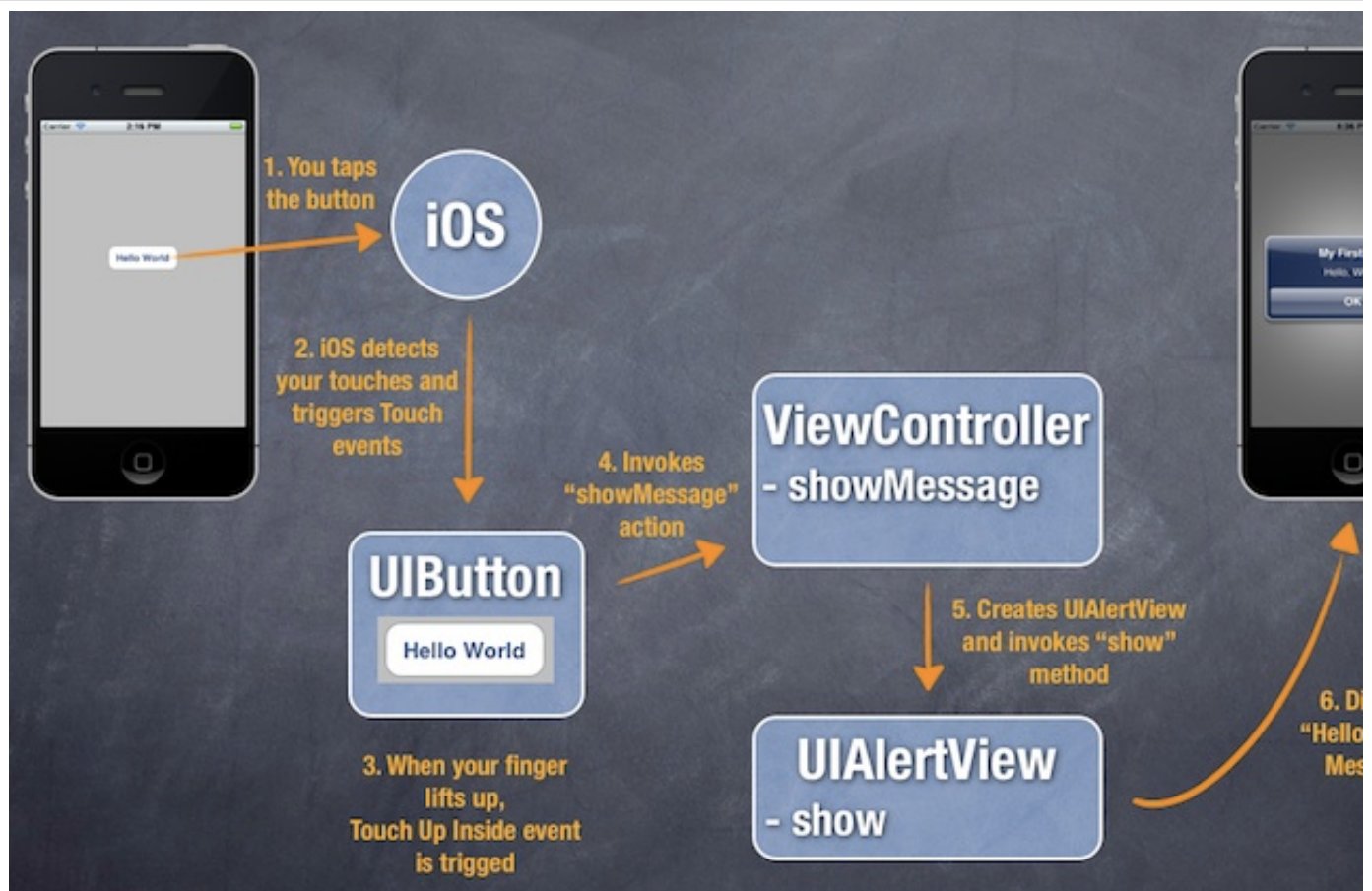
Recalled that you established a connection between the “Hello World” button and the “sendMessage” action in Interface Builder. Try opening up the “HelloWorldViewController.xib” again and see the “Hello World” button. Click the “Sent Events” button in the Utility area to open the Sent Events



The Sent Events section shows you all connections between events and actions. As you can see in the above figure, the “Touch Up Inside” event is connected to the “showMessage” action. In iOS, the app is event-driven. The control/object (e.g. UIButton) listens for certain events (e.g. touches and taps). When the event is triggered, the object calls up the preset action that is associated with the event.

In our Hello World app, when users lift up the finger inside the button, the “Touch Up Inside” event is triggered. Consequently, it calls up the “showMessage” action to display the “Hello World” message.

The below illustration sums up the event flow and what I have just described.



Event and Message Flow of Hello World App

Behind the Scene of the “Run” Button

When you click the “Run” button, Xcode automatically launches the Simulator and runs your app. What happens behind the scene? As a programmer, you have to look into the entire process.



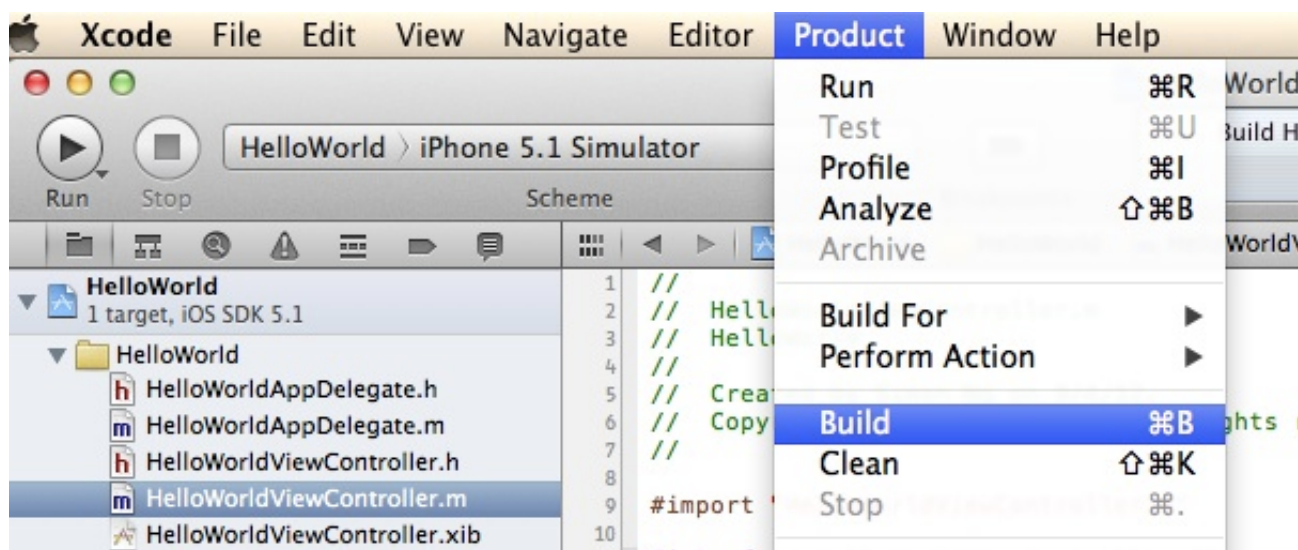
The entire process can be broken into three phases: compile, package and run.

Compile – You probably think iOS understands Objective-C code. In reality, iOS only reads

code. The Objective-C code is only for you, the programmer to write and read. To make iOS understand the source code of the app, we have to go through a translation process to translate Objective-C code into machine code. This process is referred as “compile”. Xcode already has a built-in compiler to compile the source code.

Package – Other than source code, an app usually contains resource files such as images, text files, xib files, etc. All these resources are packaged to make up the final app.

We used to refer these two processes as the “build” process.



Run – This actually launches the Simulator and loads your app.

Got Questions?

I try my best to explain how Hello World app actually works. As a beginner without prior programming experience, it's not easy to understand all the concepts we just discussed. So don't hesitate to ask questions at [our forum](#). I, as well as, other experienced members are eager to help.

As always, leave me comment to share your thought about the tutorial. Comments are always welcome 😊



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Nidhi · a year ago

Just loved the details you have given with the screenshots and I can very confidently say this tutorial to start with.

Good work dude. Cheers!

27 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Shailesh · a year ago

Superb tutorial :) You have explained very nice way. Thank you very much :)

9 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



phuctrantuan · 11 months ago

it's very easy to understand. Thank you so much.

6 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



JW · a year ago

Wow! This is a great beginner tutorial. Simple and get to the point with screenshot. My I.Q. v point! I am going to read the rest of the tutorials. Thank you for taking the time creating this

5 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Ram · a year ago

amazing tutorial

4 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



bob · a year ago



Very helpful tutorial Thanks

Make more

3 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Cool Tim → bob · 2 months ago

Yes! Make more!

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Mulie · 5 months ago

Thank you very much for your kind contributions and for doing your best in all lessons!

1 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



joseph · 5 months ago

super thanks

1 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Ste · 6 months ago

Thanks so much for this great tutorial. I'm a complete newbie to this and I'm really excited at accessible iOS app development can be. It wouldn't be without your help so I would like to thank you for putting your time and effort into helping people like me realise their dreams of writing their own apps. I don't even care if my ideas are not original, I am just happy to have learnt these skills and to be able to use them on my phone which I can say I have coded (with help of course :)). Thanks

1 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Gabriel · 6 months ago

Very good tutorial and explanation!!!! Thanks a lot!!!

1 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



khanhtungna · a year ago

Very helpful guide. Thank so much!

1 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



R. George · a year ago

This tutorial is really helpful, just what I need to get into iOS programming. Thanks so much

1 ^ | v · Reply · Share ›



obloodyhell · 7 months ago

OK, anyone want to tell me how to END the app? I mean, it seems remarkably bad behavior for an app that doesn't just shut itself off when you are done with it -- no, I don't want to hit the XC button and chop it off at the legs -- I want to tell the APP it is done INSIDE the app, and that it can

No one seems to think this is something a beginner ought to be doing... lovely.

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Chris → obloodyhell · 6 months ago

This is not an oversight. It is also not something that ANY developer, beginner or otherwise, should be doing.

iOS apps, by design, don't have an `exit()` or `die()` call that the developer explicitly makes.

iOS apps continue to run in the background until iOS determines that the OS is running out of resources. Then the app is ended by the OS. One can place some calls in the `ApplicationWillTerminate` (as of iOS 4; I assume it's still called this) hook to take care of minute QUICK tasks (e.g. saving prefs/data to a .plist, etc.). If you take too long to complete tasks, the app will be closed anyway.

If you want to close an app as a user, you can leave the app, double-home-button click, swipe up on the app (iOS 7+) or long-press and click the X that overlays the app (< iOS 7).

As far as programmatically closing the app, this doesn't fall to the developer within the app's lifecycle.

1 ^ | v • Reply • Share ›



Sanjeev Reddy • 4 days ago

Really Awesome .Really from scratch.I enjoyed it.

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



fizza • 10 days ago

Just awesome explanation!!!

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



Mathew A • 20 days ago

great tutorial...but in what case do i have to use the .xib or storyboard ? i don't understand the difference between them

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



Rubim Shrestha • a month ago

great tutorial.... (Y)

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



smilealgernon • a month ago

Hello,i have a question.I find the xib is xml format, I was wondering how does xcode deal with the file when compiled. sorry about my english...

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



Tam • 2 months ago

The best tutorial Ive ever seen

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



Bhavin Kansagara • 2 months ago

Best Explained with the image of entire process happening behind the events...Really appreciated..Thanks

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



Vaishali Modi • 2 months ago



Nice tutorial for beginners. Thanks.. :)

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



maikytec · 2 months ago

Excelent...

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Nikola KneeJah Markovic · 2 months ago

Best. Class. EVER!

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waye · 3 months ago

I can not find any tutorials better than yours!

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Bailey · 4 months ago

Best Tutorial I have found, and its free!

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Vinicius de Paula · 4 months ago

Excellent teaching, congratulations!!! ;)

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



shilpa · 4 months ago

u are just awesome... thank u so much..:) :*

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Saran · 5 months ago

As a beginner,this tutorial helped me a lot.Thank U

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



GrayChen · 5 months ago

I like ur tutorial.

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Maulik · 5 months ago

what is the extension of file/package it creates once the "build" is finished... i mean is it .exe f

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Arnab Bose · 5 months ago

Thanks for your tutorial.It's very easy to understand. Thank you so much.

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Nick D · 5 months ago

Great tutorial, thanks a lot!

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



ROONEY · 6 months ago

Thanks a lot, Simon. You make it so simple, and easy to learn.
Hoping to see more how-to articles in future.

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Kumar Subramani · 6 months ago

Thanks Simon..

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



CEMSOFT SOFTWARE · 6 months ago

thank you ; very useful tutorial for me.

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Salophone · 6 months ago

awesome tutorial. Detail and clear explanation.. thanks.

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Louie · 6 months ago

Great Interface and Implementation explanation. I like the level of detail you are teaching, n and not to few. A great kick starter.

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



helemi · 6 months ago

great job

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Pat · 6 months ago

First xcode tut i have been able to follow and get a working app out of it. so kudos!

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



MTagb · 7 months ago

I have been working with iOS dev for over a year, but loved this one.

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



raj · 7 months ago

amazing , want some more examples ..

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



gyesy · 7 months ago

Thanks alot!!!

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



Hanne · 7 months ago

Thank you, this is very helpful :)

^ | v · Reply · Share ›



sonnt · 8 months ago

**sonnt** · 8 months ago

This tutorial is so helpful!

In x-code 4.5, did .xib file was replaced by .storyboard file?

^ | v · Reply · Share ›

**Simon Ng** Mod → sonnt · 8 months ago

It doesn't replace .xib. You are free to choose from Interface Builder or Storyboard. If learn more about Storyboard, you can check out this tutorial:

<http://www.appcoda.com/use-sto...>

^ | v · Reply · Share ›

**Yogesh** · 8 months ago

Now after referring to dozens of online tutorials I can say, I found what I was looking for :) 1 the awesome explanation and sharing knowledge.

^ | v · Reply · Share ›

**Carlos** · 8 months ago

I would love to see this on XCode 4.6

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**Sandip Pund** · 9 months ago

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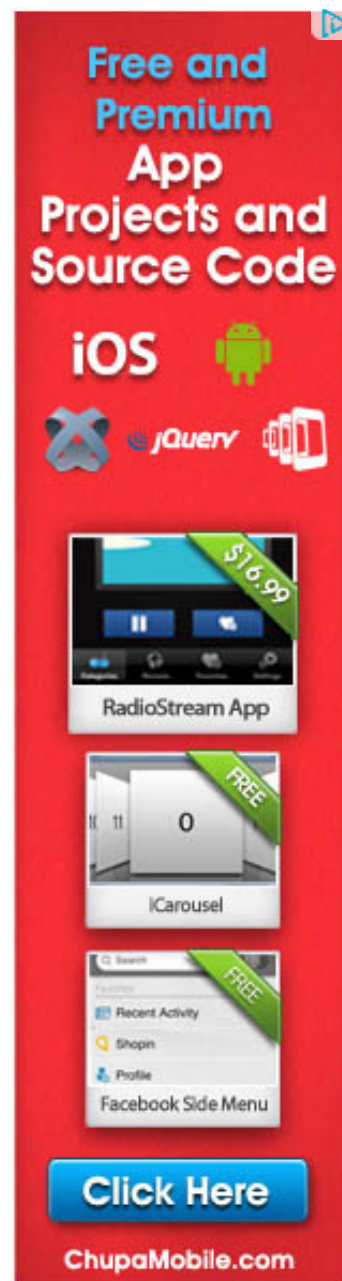
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