



School of Computer Science  
Faculty of Science  
National University of Engineering

## Test 2

Subject: Computational Mathematics

Period: 2021-1

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1. (4 pts.) With the eye point ( $E$ ) at  $(0, 0, 20)$ , project the line segment from  $(2, -1, 7)$  to  $(3, 6, -4)$  onto the  $xy$  plane.
2. (3 pts.) By using the properties of linear transformations, show that once we know where a linear transformation sends the basis vectors in a coordinate system, we can determine where any vector is sent.
3. (3 pts.) In Example 5.3 (see [1]), the matrix  $M_{\mathcal{W} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}}$  has  $-0.02$  in the upper right corner. Show that, theoretically, this should be zero and, therefore, round-off error must explain the difference.
4. (3 pts.) Let  $P_0 := (-3, 0)$ ,  $P_1 := (-1, 4)$ ,  $P_2 := (2, 3)$  and  $P_3 := (4, 1)$ . Write a Python program to find the parametric description  $P(t)$  of the curve that interpolates these points using Lagrange interpolation.
5. With the same notation of the previous exercise, write a Python program such that:
  - (a) (2 pts.) Find the parametric description  $P(t)$  of the cubic Bézier curve with control points:  $P_0$ ,  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$  and  $P_3$ .
  - (b) (1 pt.) Find the slope of the tangents at the first and last control points by finding the derivative of the blending functions.

- (c) (1 pt.) Verify that the slopes match the slopes of the line segments  $P_0P_1$  and  $P_2P_3$ .

May 26, 2021

# Bibliography

- [1] JANKE, S. J. *Mathematical Structures for Computer Graphics*. Wiley, 2015.