

# Sample document

Hiroki Hamaguchi

December 13, 2025

## 1 LLAlignAnd

$\&=$	$a = b$	ok
	$c = d$	
$=\&$	$a = b$	ng
	$c = d$	
$=\{ \} \&$	$a = b$	ok
	$c = d$	

$$\begin{array}{lllllll} x = y & x \leq y & x \leq y & x < y & x > y & x \geq y & x \approx y \\ x \neq y & x \geq y & x \geq y & x > y & x < y & x \leq y & x \asymp y \end{array}$$

verbatim does not care about this rule: `a =\& b`

## 2 LLAlignEnd

The following ends with a line break.

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c \tag{1}$$

$$g(x) = dx^2 + ex + f \tag{2}$$

(3)

The following does not end with a line break.

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c \tag{4}$$

$$g(x) = dx^2 + ex + f \tag{5}$$

Here is the next line after the align environment.

### 3 LLAlignSingleLine

Long line before display (same result)

Lorem ipsum. $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ This is an <code>equation</code> environment.	Lorem ipsum. $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ This is an <code>align</code> environment.
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Short line before display (different result)

Lrm: $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ This is an <code>equation</code> environment.	Lrm: $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ This is an <code>align</code> environment.
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Single-line alignat environment is also detected.

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Multi-line alignat environment is not detected.

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= ax^2 + bx + c \\ g(x) &= dx^2 + ex + f \end{aligned}$$

### 4 LLArticle

A  $n$ -dimensional space. An  $n$ -dimensional space.

### 5 LLBig

This is a sample text. This is a sample text. This is a sample text.  
Both bigcup  $\bigcup_{x \in B} O_x$  and cup  $\cup_{x \in B} O_x$  do not spoil the line spacing.  
This is a sample text. This is a sample text. This is a sample text.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} X_1 \cap X_2 & X_1 \cup X_2 & X_1 \odot X_2 & X_1 \oplus X_2 & X_1 \otimes X_2 \\ X_1 \sqcup X_2 & X_1 \bowtie X_2 & X_1 \vee X_2 & X_1 \wedge X_2 & \text{ok} \\ \bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigodot_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigoplus_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigotimes_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigsqcup_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigvee_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigwedge_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \text{ok} \\ \cap_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \cup_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \odot_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \oplus_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \otimes_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & & & & \\ \sqcup_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bowtie_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \vee_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \wedge_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \text{ng} & & & & \end{array}$$

\max(a,b)	$\max(a,b)$	ok
\max{a,b}	$\max a, b$	ng
\max {a,b}	$\max a, b$	ok?

## 6 LLBracketCurly

We cannot fully determine whether the use of curly brackets is wrong or not. It is not detected if some spaces are inserted between the command name and the curly brackets.  
 $\min(a,b)$  and  $\min a, b$  are also checked.

## 7 LLBracketMissing

x^{23}	$x^{23}$	ok
x^2 3	$x^2 3$	ok
x^23	$x^23$	ng

$x_23$ ,  $x^a b$ , and  $x_a b$  are also checked. Cases like  $x^a b$ ,  $x^2$ , and  $e^i \pi$  are not detected.  
Following examples are ignored.

```
escaped underscore: \_123
https://sample_url.com
\includegraphics{sample_link.png}
\includegraphics{sample_link.pdf}
\label{sample_label}
\cref{sample_label}
\eqref{sample_label}
\cite{sample_label}
\Cref{sample_Label}
\bibliographystyle{my_style}
\addbibresource{ref_file.bib}
% x^23 comment
```

## 8 LLBracketRound

\sqrt{a}	$\sqrt{a}$	ok
\sqrt(a)	$\sqrt(a)$	ng

$a^{(1)}$  and  $a_{(1)}$  are also checked.

Following examples are ignored:

```
Test\__(1) Test_(1)
Test\^2 Test^2
sample_(1).png sample_(1).pdf
\label{eq:f(x_{k+1}) \leq m(x_{k+1}) \leq m(x_k) = f(x_k)}
```

$$f(x_{k+1}) \leq m(x_{k+1}) \leq m(x_k) = f(x_k) \quad (6)$$

The label in Eq. (6) is ignored.

# LATEXX

Figure 1: sample\_(1).png

## 9 LLColonEqq

\coloneqq	$x \coloneqq y$	ok
\Coloneqq	$x \Coloneqq y$	ok
$:$ =	$x := y$	ng
$:$ $::=$	$x ::= y$	ng

The difference is quite subtle, but the vertical position of the colon is different.

## 10 LLColonForMapping

A:B	$A : B$	ok
A\colon B	$A : B$	ok?
f:	$f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$	ng
f\colon	$f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$	ok

We detect all of : in the following

Here are examples of colons we detect.

- $f : X \rightarrow Y$
- $g : X \mapsto Y$
- $h : \mathbb{R}^{n^2+2n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

and

$$f : (X \text{ at new line in tex file}) \rightarrow (Y \text{ at new line in tex file}). \quad (7)$$

We do NOT detect any of : in the following

Here are examples of ‘:’ we do not detect.

- $f : X \rightarrow Y$ , the correct use of \colon.
- $A : B : C = 1 : 2 : 3$ , the colon for ratio.
- $A : B = 1 : 2$  and  $X \rightarrow Y$ , separated by dollar sign.
- $g : (\text{some very very very very long long long words}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , the false negative.

The following contains colon:  $f : X \rightarrow Y$

The following contains colon:  $f : X \rightarrow Y$

The following contains colon:

$$f : X \rightarrow Y \tag{8}$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} x_k = L \tag{9}$$

## 11 LL`Cref`

**Theorem 1.** *This is a sample theorem.*

Use Thm. 1 with `cref` instead of Thm. 1 with `ref` to avoid mistakes. Disabled by default.

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### Algorithm 1 Sample Algorithm

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- 1: First line
  - 2: Second line
- 

In the pseudocode, `cleveref` can fail to appropriately reference lines. Thus, we don't detect `\ref{line:1}` like this: Line 1. We detect other formats `\ref{myline:2}` like this: Line 2. You can change these behaviors via settings.

## 12 LL`DoubleQuotes`

Use "XXX" instead of "XXX" or "XXX". You can use them for `H\"older` and `\verb`.

"Checking LLText..."

```
"double quotes in verbatim"  
def test():  
    S = "double quotes in listing"
```

## 13 LL`ENDash`

hyphen (-)	A-B
en-dash (--)	A–B
em-dash (---)	A—B

Examples:

- Erdos-Renyi (random graph, Erdős–Rényi)
- Einstein-Podolsky-Rosen (quantum physics, Einstein–Podolsky–Rosen)
- Fruchterman-Reingold (graph drawing, Fruchterman–Reingold)
- Gauss-Legendre (numerical integration, Gauss–Legendre)
- Gibbs-Helmholtz (thermodynamics, Gibbs–Helmholtz)
- Karush-Kuhn-Tucker (optimization, Karush–Kuhn–Tucker)

Exceptions: Non-Negative, Well-Known, etc.

## 14 LLEqnarray

We should not use eqnarray. It has some spacing issues.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & = & y \\ a & = & b \end{array}$$

## 15 LLFootnote

When we use footnotes in a new line.<sup>1</sup> The footnote marker position is incorrect.

When we added a percentage sign.<sup>2</sup> The footnote marker position is correct.

## 16 LLHeading

### 16.0.1 Incorrect Hierarchy

#### 16.1 First Subsection

##### 16.1.1 Second Subsubsection

## 17 LLJapaneseSpace

日本語の文章で $x = 1$ と数式を書くと、スペースが欠如します。

日本語の文章で $x = 1$ と数式を書くと、スペースが生まれます。

尤も、フォーマルな文章では非推奨な場合もあり、その為デフォルトでは非検出です。

## 18 LLLlGg

```
\ll n << m   ok
<< n << m   ng
```

I like human <<< cat <<<<< dog.

## 19 LLNonASCII

The following line contains non-ASCII characters.

! " # \$ % & ' ( ) \* + - /

日本語の文章は、upLaTeXでフツウに書けます。

(You can write Japanese sentences as usual with upLaTeX.)

---

<sup>1</sup>This is a footnote.

<sup>2</sup>This is a footnote.

## 20 LLNonstandardNotation

### 20.1 Therefore and Because

Not Standard?:  $\therefore a = b, \because x > 0$

Standard: Therefore,  $a = b$ . Because  $x > 0$ , ....

### 20.2 Iff

Not Standard?: This statement is true iff the condition holds.

Standard: This statement is true if and only if the condition holds.

OK: `\iff` is a valid LaTeX command and should not be detected.  $a = b \iff c = d$ .

### 20.3 DotSeq

Not Standard?:  $a \doteq b, x \doteq y$

Standard:  $a \approx b, x \approx y$

### 20.4 Combination Notation

Not Standard?:  $_nC_k, {}_nC_k$

Standard:  $\binom{n}{k}$

## 21 LLPeriod

e.g., test.	e.g., test.	ok
e.g.\ test.	e.g. test.	ok
e.g. test.	e.g. test.	ng

i.e. is also checked.

## 22 LLRefEq

To refer to the equation, use (7) with `eqref` instead of (7) with `ref`.  
You can avoid the mistake of forgetting to add parentheses.

## 23 LLSharp

\#	#A	ok
\sharp	\#A	ng

- matching examples:  $\# A, \#\{1,2,3\}, \# X_0$
- non-matching examples:  $\sharp, f^\sharp X, \alpha_\sharp X, C \sharp$

If you really want to use  $\sharp$ , you can disable this rule.

## 24 LLSI

\SI{1}{\kilo\byte}	1 kB	ok
1 kB	1 kB	ng
1kB	1kB	ng

10KB, 3.5 MiB, 500GB are detected. 123 noNumWord GB will not be detected.  
Some command named as EB. This is not ExaByte. This 1EB is one ExaByte.

## 25 LLSortedCites

Unsorted citations: [? ? ].

## 26 LLT

$\hat{\top}$	$X^T$	ok
$\hat{\mathsf{T}}$	$X^T$	ok
$\hat{T}$	$X^T$	ng
$\hat{T}$	$X^T$	ok?

## 27 LLTextLint

Only for Japanese texts.  
馬から落馬は重言です。

## 28 LLThousands

1,000	1,000	ok
\$1{,}000\$	1,000	ok
\$1,000\$	1,000	ng

## 29 LLTitle

### 29.1 This Is a Correct Title

#### 29.1.1 this is a wrong title

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog

SubParagraph: Test With Ref 1

## 29.2 IGNORE IF ALL UPPERCASE

## 29.3 Math Contains version $x$

## 30 LLUnRef

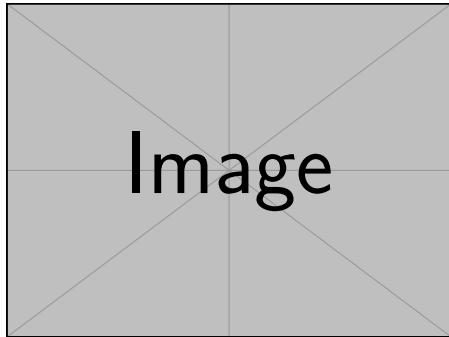


Figure 2: Referenced Figure

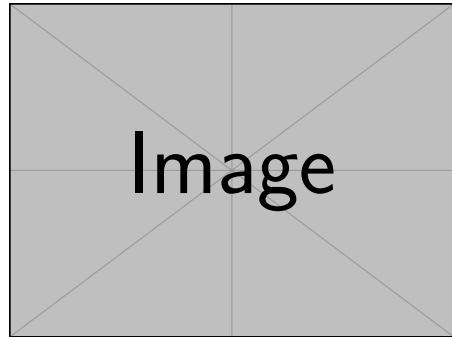


Figure 3: Unreferenced Figure

Figure 2 is referenced in the text, while the other figure is not.

## 31 LLURL

The following URLs contain unnecessary query strings (should be detected):

- [https://example.com/page?utm\\_source=newsletter&utm\\_medium=email](https://example.com/page?utm_source=newsletter&utm_medium=email)
- <https://example.com/page?sessionid=123456>
- <https://example.com/page?user=alice>
- <https://example.com/page?email=alice@example.com>

The following URLs contain only allowed query strings (should not be detected):

- <https://example.com/search?q=latex>
- <https://example.com/list?page=2>
- <https://example.com/view?lang=ja>

Examples of URLs without query strings:

- <https://example.com/clean-page>

## 32 LLUserDefined

You can define your own rule.

$f^{\mathrm{a}}(x)$	$f^a(x)$	ok
$f^a(x)$	$f^a(x)$	ng

`f \infConv g`    $f \Box g$    **ok**  
`f \Box g`    $f \Box g$    **ng**

## Appendix A Check LLText

Wrong LaTeX math environment:

```
\begin{align}\end{equation}
```

## Appendix B LLSetBar

Detecting inappropriate use of the vertical bar | is very difficult. We are currently trying to detect the following, although not implemented yet.

\lvert -1	\rvert	-1	ok
\abs{-1}		-1	ok
\vert -1	\vert	-1	ng
-1		-1	ng

\lVert	Vert	-x	\rVert	Vert	$\parallel -x \parallel$	ok
\norm	{-x}				$\parallel -x \parallel$	ok
\lVert	Vert	-x	\rVert	Vert	$\parallel -x \parallel$	ng
\lVert	-x	\rVert			$\parallel -x \parallel$	ng

<code>\relmiddle </code> (macro)	$\left\{ a \mid a > \frac{1}{2} \right\}$	ok
<code>\mid</code>	$\left\{ a \mid a > \frac{1}{2} \right\}$	ok?
<code> </code>	$\left\{ a \mid a > \frac{1}{2} \right\}$	ng

\divides	(MnSymbol)	+2   +4	ok
\mid		+2   +4	ok?
\mathrel{  }		+2   +4	ok?
\vert		+2   +4	ng
		+2   +4	ng

$f(y x)$	$f(y x)$	ok?
$f(y \mid x)$	$f(y   x)$	ok?
$f(\_, y \mid x \_,)$	$f(y   x)$	ok?
$\backslash left. \_ \backslash dv{t} \_ \backslash right _{t=0} f(t)$	$\frac{d}{dt} _{t=0} f(t)$	ok?