

Sample document

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1 LAlignAnd

$$\begin{array}{ll} \&= & \begin{array}{l} a = b \\ c = d \end{array} \quad \text{ok} \\ \\ =\& & \begin{array}{l} a = b \\ c = d \end{array} \quad \text{ng} \\ \\ =\{\}\& & \begin{array}{l} a = b \\ c = d \end{array} \quad \text{ok} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{llll} x = y & x \leq y & x \leq y & x < y \\ x \neq y & x \geq y & x \geq y & x > y \end{array}$$

a $\&$ b

2 LAlignEnd

The following ends with a line break.

$$\begin{array}{l} f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c \\ g(x) = dx^2 + ex + f \end{array}$$

The following does not end with a line break.

$$\begin{array}{l} f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c \\ g(x) = dx^2 + ex + f \end{array}$$

Here is the next line after the align environment.

3 LAlignSingleLine

| | |
|---|--|
| Long line before display (same result) | |
| <p>Lorem ipsum.</p> $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ <p>This is an <code>equation</code> environment.</p> | <p>Lorem ipsum.</p> $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ <p>This is an <code>align</code> environment.</p> |

| | |
|---|--|
| Short line before display (different result) | |
| <p>Lrm:</p> $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ <p>This is an <code>equation</code> environment.</p> | <p>Lrm:</p> $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ <p>This is an <code>align</code> environment.</p> |

Single-line alignat environment is also detected.

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Multi-line alignat environment is not detected.

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$g(x) = dx^2 + ex + f$$

4 LLBig

This is a sample text. This is a sample text. This is a sample text.

Both bigcup $\bigcup_{x \in B} O_x$ and cup $\bigcup_{x \in B} O_x$ do not spoil the line spacing.

This is a sample text. This is a sample text. This is a sample text.

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccccc}
X_1 \cap X_2 & X_1 \cup X_2 & X_1 \odot X_2 & X_1 \oplus X_2 & X_1 \otimes X_2 & & & & & & & \\
X_1 \sqcup X_2 & X_1 \uplus X_2 & X_1 \vee X_2 & X_1 \wedge X_2 & \text{ok} & & & & & & & \\
\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigodot_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigoplus_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigotimes_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigsqcup_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \biguplus_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigvee_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \bigwedge_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \text{ok} & & \\
\cap_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \cup_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \odot_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \oplus_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \otimes_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & & & & & & & \\
\sqcup_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \uplus_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \vee_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \wedge_{i=1}^{\infty} X_i & \text{ng} & & & & & & &
\end{array}$$

5 LLBracketCurly

$$\begin{array}{lll}
\backslash\max(a,b) & \max(a,b) & \text{ok} \\
\backslash\max\{a,b\} & \max a,b & \text{ng} \\
\backslash\max \{a,b\} & \max a,b & \text{ok?}
\end{array}$$

We cannot fully determine whether the use of curly brackets is wrong or not. It is not detected if some spaces are inserted between the command name and the curly brackets. $\min(a, b)$ and $\min a, b$ are also checked.

6 LLBracketMissing

| | | |
|--------------|----------|----|
| $x^{\{23\}}$ | x^{23} | ok |
| $x^2\ 3$ | x^23 | ok |
| x^{23} | x^23 | ng |

x_23 , x^ab and x_ab are also checked. Cases like x^ab , x^2 and $e^i\pi$ are not detected.

7 LLBracketRound

| | | |
|------------|--------------|----|
| \sqrt{a} | \sqrt{a} | ok |
| \sqrt{a} | $\sqrt{(a)}$ | ng |

$a^{(1)}$ and $a_{(1)}$ are also checked.

8 LLColonEqq

| | | |
|-------------|-----------|----|
| \coloneqq | $x := y$ | ok |
| \Coloneqq | $x ::= y$ | ok |
| $:=$ | $x := y$ | ng |
| $::=$ | $x ::= y$ | ng |

The difference is quite subtle, but the vertical position of the colon is different.

9 LLColonForMapping

| | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|----|
| $A:B$ | $A:B$ | ok |
| $A\colon B$ | $A:B$ | ng |
| $f:$ | $f:\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ | ng |
| $f\colon$ | $f:\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ | ok |

— We detect all of : in the following —

Here are examples of colons we detect.

- $f : X \rightarrow Y$
- $g : X \mapsto Y$
- $h : \mathbb{R}^{n^2+2n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

and

$$f : (X \text{ at new line in tex file}) \rightarrow (Y \text{ at new line in tex file}). \quad (1)$$

— We do NOT detect any of : in the following —

Here are examples of ‘:’ we do not detect.

- $f:X \rightarrow Y$, the correct use of `\colon`.
- $A : B : C = 1 : 2 : 3$, the colon for ratio.
- $A : B = 1 : 2$ and $X \rightarrow Y$, separated by dollar sign.
- $g : (\text{some very very very very very long long long long words}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, the false negative.

10 LLCref

Theorem 1. *This is a sample theorem.*

Use `Thm. 1` with `cref` instead of `Thm. 1` with `ref` to avoid mistakes.

11 LLDoubleQuotes

Use “XXX” instead of “XXX” or ”XXX”. You can use them for `H\“older` and `\verb.`

12 LLENDash

| | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----|
| <code>hyphen</code> | <code>(-)</code> | A–B |
| <code>en-dash</code> | <code>(--)</code> | A–B |
| <code>em-dash</code> | <code>(---)</code> | A—B |

- Erdos-Renyi (random graph, Erdős–Rényi)
- Einstein-Podolsky-Rosen (quantum physics, Einstein–Podolsky–Rosen)
- Fruchterman-Reingold (graph drawing, Fruchterman–Reingold)
- Gauss-Legendre (numerical integration, Gauss–Legendre)
- Gibbs-Helmholtz (thermodynamics, Gibbs–Helmholtz)

- Karush-Kuhn-Tucker (optimization, Karush–Kuhn–Tucker)

Exceptions: Award-Winning, Best-In-Class, Bottom-Up, Cutting-Edge, Data-Driven, Deep-Learning, Feature-Based, Feature-Selection, First-Order, Fritz-John, Full-Time, High-Class, High-Dimensional, High-End, High-Quality, Higher-Order, Ill-Defined, Ill-Posed, Long-Term, Low-Dimensional, Machine-Learning, Non-Convex, Non-Empty, Non-Linear, Non-Negative, Non-Positive, Non-Zero, Open-Source, Part-Time, Pre-Processing, Pop-Culture, Real-Time, Reinforcement-Learning, Second-Order, Short-Term, State-Of-The-Art, Third-Order, Top-Down, Top-Rated, User-Friendly, Well-Being, Well-Defined, Well-Documented, Well-Known, Well-Posed, Zero-Sum

False Positive: Wrong-Example

13 LLEqnarray

We should not use eqnarray. It has some spacing issues.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & = & y \\ a & = & b \end{array}$$

14 LLJapanese

日本語の文章で $x = 1$ と数式を書くと、スペースが欠如します。
日本語の文章で $x = 1$ と数式を書くと、スペースが生まれます。
尤も、フォーマルな文章では非推奨な場合も多く、その為デフォルトでは非検出です。

15 LLLlGg

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \backslash 11 & n << m & \text{ok} \\ << & n << m & \text{ng} \end{array}$$

I like human <<< cat <<<<<<< dog.

16 LLNonASCII

The following line contains non-ASCII characters.

! " # \$ % & ' () * + , - . /

日本語の文章は、upLaTeXでフツウに書けます。
(You can write Japanese sentences as usual with upLaTeX.)

17 LLPeriod

| | | |
|-------------|-------------|----|
| e.g., test. | e.g., test. | ok |
| e.g.\ test. | e.g. test. | ok |
| e.g. test. | e.g. test. | ng |

18 LLRefEq

To refer to the equation, use (1) with eqref instead of (1) with ref.
You can avoid the mistake of forgetting to add parentheses.

19 LLSharp

| | | |
|--------|----|----|
| \# | #A | ok |
| \sharp | ‡A | ng |

If you really want to use ‡, you can disable this rule.

20 LLSI

| | | |
|--------------------|------|----|
| \SI{1}{\kilo\byte} | 1 kB | ok |
| 1 kB | 1 kB | ng |
| 1kB | 1kB | ng |

10KB, 3.5 MiB, 500GB are detected. 123 noNumWord GB will not be detected.
Some command named as EB. This is not ExaByte. This 1EB is one ExaByte.

21 LLT

| | | |
|--------------|----------|-----|
| \top | X^\top | ok |
| T | X^\top | ok |
| T | X^T | ng |
| {T} | X^T | ok? |

22 LLTitle

22.1 This Is a Correct Title

22.1.1 this is a wrong title

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog

SubParagraph: Test With Ref 1

22.2 IGNORE IF ALL UPPERCASE

22.3 Math Contains version x

23 LLUserDefined

You can define your own rule.

| | | |
|------------------------------|----------|----|
| <code>f^\mathrm{a}(x)</code> | $f^a(x)$ | ok |
| <code>f^a(x)</code> | $f^a(x)$ | ng |

| | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|----|
| <code>f \infConv g</code> | $f \square g$ | ok |
| <code>f \Box g</code> | $f \square g$ | ng |

Appendix A LLSetBar

Detecting inappropriate use of the vertical bar $|$ is very difficult. We are currently trying to detect the following, although not implemented yet.

| | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|----|
| <code>\lvert -1 \rvert</code> | $ -1 $ | ok |
| <code>\abs{-1}</code> | $ -1 $ | ok |
| <code>\vert -1 \vert</code> | $ -1 $ | ng |
| <code> -1 </code> | $ -1 $ | ng |

| | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|----|
| <code>\lVert -x \rVert</code> | $\ -x\ $ | ok |
| <code>\norm{-x}</code> | $\ -x\ $ | ok |
| <code>\Vert -x \Vert</code> | $\ -x\ $ | ng |
| <code> -x </code> | $\ -x\ $ | ng |

| | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-----|
| <code>\relmiddle </code> (macro) | $\left\{ a \mid a > \frac{1}{2} \right\}$ | ok |
| <code>\mid</code> | $\{ a \mid a > \frac{1}{2} \}$ | ok? |
| <code> </code> | $\{ a \mid a > \frac{1}{2} \}$ | ng |

| | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-----|
| <code>\divides</code> (MnSymbol) | $+2 \mid +4$ | ok |
| <code>\mid</code> | $+2 \mid +4$ | ok? |
| <code>\mathrel </code> | $+2 \mid +4$ | ok? |
| <code>\vert</code> | $+2 \mid +4$ | ng |
| <code> </code> | $+2 \mid +4$ | ng |

| | | |
|---|--|-----|
| <code>f(y x)</code> | $f(y x)$ | ok? |
| <code>f(y \mid x)</code> | $f(y \mid x)$ | ok? |
| <code>f(\,y\mid x\,)</code> | $f(y \mid x)$ | ok? |
| <code>\left. \mathrm{d}v{t} \right _{t=0} f(t)</code> | $\left. \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \right _{t=0} f(t)$ | ok? |