次の積分をせよ。

(i) 
$$\int_3^2 \left(8x^2 + 11x + \frac{13}{4}\right) dx =$$

(ii) 
$$\int_{-1}^{3} (3x+5) dx =$$

(iii) 
$$\int_{2}^{-2} \left(2x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x + \frac{1}{2}\right) dx =$$

(iv) 
$$\int_{-3}^{3} \left( \frac{1}{3}x^2 + 9x + \frac{9}{4} \right) dx =$$

(v) 
$$\int_{-1}^{0} \left( 8x^3 + 13x^2 + \frac{7}{2}x + \frac{5}{3} \right) dx =$$

(vi) 
$$\int_{-2}^{0} \left( 2x^3 + \frac{3}{7}x^2 + \frac{4}{3}x + 12 \right) dx =$$

(vii) 
$$\int_{-1}^{0} (12x^2 + 11) dx =$$

$$(viii) \int_{1}^{0} (4x+) dx =$$

(ix) 
$$\int_{-1}^{0} \left( \frac{13}{2} x^3 + 3x^2 + 12x + 12 \right) dx =$$

(x) 
$$\int_{1}^{3} (3x^2 + 5x +) dx =$$

(xi) 
$$\int_{1}^{-1} (11x^2 + 5x + 2) dx =$$

(xii) 
$$\int_0^{-1} \left(\frac{13}{2}x^2 + \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{9}{5}\right) dx =$$

(xiii) 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} \left( 1x^3 + \frac{10}{3}x^2 + 4x + 7 \right) dx =$$

(xiv) 
$$\int_0^2 \left(1x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x + 11\right) dx =$$

$$(ix) \int_{-1}^{0} \left(\frac{13}{2}x^{3} + 3x^{2} + 12x + 12\right) dx =$$

$$(x) \int_{1}^{3} (3x^{2} + 5x +) dx =$$

$$(xi) \int_{1}^{-1} (11x^{2} + 5x + 2) dx =$$

$$(xii) \int_{0}^{-1} \left(\frac{13}{2}x^{2} + \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{9}{5}\right) dx =$$

$$(xiii) \int_{-1}^{1} \left(1x^{3} + \frac{10}{3}x^{2} + 4x + 7\right) dx =$$

$$(xiv) \int_{0}^{2} \left(1x^{2} + \frac{3}{2}x + 11\right) dx =$$

$$(xv) \int_{2}^{-1} \left(1x^{2} + \frac{4}{3}x + 14\right) dx =$$

$$(xv) \int_{-2}^{2} \left(2x^{2} + \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{7}{4}\right) dx =$$

$$(xv) \int_{-2}^{2} \left(2x^{2} + \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{7}{4}\right) dx =$$

(xvi) 
$$\int_{-2}^{2} \left(2x^2 + \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{7}{4}\right) dx =$$

次の積分をせよ。

(i) 
$$\int_3^2 \left(8x^2 + 11x + \frac{13}{4}\right) dx =$$

$$\langle \qquad -\frac{977}{12} \qquad \rangle$$

(ii) 
$$\int_{-1}^{3} (3x+5) dx =$$

$$\langle \hspace{1cm} 32 \hspace{1cm} 
angle$$

(iii) 
$$\int_{2}^{-2} \left( 2x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x + \frac{1}{2} \right) dx =$$

$$\langle \qquad -\frac{38}{3} \qquad \rangle$$

(iv) 
$$\int_{-3}^{3} \left( \frac{1}{3}x^2 + 9x + \frac{9}{4} \right) dx =$$

$$\langle \qquad \frac{39}{2} \qquad \rangle$$

(v) 
$$\int_{-1}^{0} \left(8x^3 + 13x^2 + \frac{7}{2}x + \frac{5}{3}\right) dx =$$

$$\langle \frac{9}{4} \rangle$$

(vi) 
$$\int_{-2}^{0} \left(2x^3 + \frac{3}{7}x^2 + \frac{4}{3}x + 12\right) dx =$$

$$\langle \frac{304}{21} \rangle$$

(vii) 
$$\int_{-1}^{0} (12x^2 + 11) dx =$$

$$(viii) \int_{1}^{0} (4x+) dx =$$

$$\langle \qquad -2 \qquad \rangle$$

(ix) 
$$\int_{-1}^{0} \left( \frac{13}{2} x^3 + 3x^2 + 12x + 12 \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{1}^{3} (3x^{2} + 5x +) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{1}^{3} (3x^{2} + 5x +) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{1}^{-1} (11x^{2} + 5x + 2) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{1}^{-1} (11x^{2} + 5x + 2) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{0}^{-1} \left( \frac{13}{2}x^{2} + \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{9}{5} \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{-1}^{1} \left( 1x^{3} + \frac{10}{3}x^{2} + 4x + 7 \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{0}^{1} \left( 1x^{2} + \frac{3}{2}x + 11 \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{0}^{1} \left( 1x^{2} + \frac{3}{2}x + 11 \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{0}^{1} \left( 1x^{2} + \frac{4}{3}x + 14 \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{-2}^{1} \left( 2x^{2} + \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{7}{4} \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{-2}^{2} \left( 2x^{2} + \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{7}{4} \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{0}^{2} \left( 1x^{2} + \frac{3}{5}x + \frac{7}{4} \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{0}^{2} \left( 1x^{2} + \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{7}{4} \right) dx =$$

$$\langle x \rangle \int_{0}^{2} \left( 1x^{2} + \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{7}{4} \right) dx =$$

$$\langle 46 \rangle$$
(xi) 
$$\int_{1}^{-1} (11x^{2} + 5x + 2) dx =$$

(xii) 
$$\int_0^{-1} \left( \frac{13}{2} x^2 + \frac{5}{2} x + \frac{9}{5} \right) dx =$$

(xiii) 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} \left( 1x^3 + \frac{10}{3}x^2 + 4x + 7 \right) dx =$$

(xiv) 
$$\int_0^2 \left(1x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x + 11\right) dx =$$

$$\langle \frac{83}{3} \rangle$$

(xv) 
$$\int_{2}^{-1} \left(1x^2 + \frac{4}{3}x + 14\right) dx =$$

(xvi) 
$$\int_{-2}^{2} \left(2x^2 + \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{7}{4}\right) dx =$$

$$\langle \qquad \frac{53}{3} \qquad \rangle$$