

# CMPS242 HW5 Report

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## Section I: word2vec

- In this section, we import the dataset 'train.csv' 'test.csv' and convert them into numerical vectors using library Spacy's wording embedding.
- According to the official documentation of Spacy, its pre-trained build-in dictionary is actually from the GloVe with 300 dimensions per word vector, which I believe will greatly improve our accuracy.

```
In [1]: ## Import all the libraries I'll use in this section.  
## Here the 'en_vectors_web_lg' is the dictionary we will use.  
  
import pandas as pd  
import en_vectors_web_lg  
import numpy as np
```

### Read the dataset

```
In [2]: ## Define a funtion to read the .csv file and split the labels and tweets into two list.  
## Note that the labels of test.csv is None, thus we discard them directly.  
  
def csv_reading(f_name):  
  
    with open(f_name, "r", encoding='utf8') as train:  
        csvfile = pd.read_csv(train)  
  
        csvfile = csvfile.values.tolist()  
  
        labels = [row[0] for row in csvfile]  
        twitters = [row[1] for row in csvfile]  
  
    return labels, twitters
```

```
In [3]: ## Run the .csv file reading function  
  
train_labels, train_twitters = csv_reading('train.csv')  
_, test_twitters = csv_reading('test.csv')
```

### Remove the urls

```
In [4]: ## Define a function to remove all the urls at the end of each twitter.  
  
def remove_url(twitters):  
  
    twitters_iter = twitters.__iter__()  
  
    for i in range(len(twitters)):  
        twitters[i] = twitters_iter.__next__().split('http')[0]  
  
    return twitters
```

```
In [5]: train_twitters = remove_url(train_twitters)  
test_twitters = remove_url(test_twitters)
```

## Apply the Spacy dictionary to implement words embedding

```
In [6]: ## load the dictionary

nlp = en_vectors_web_lg.load()

In [7]: ## Define the word2vec function.
## It will return a list of numpy ndarrays which has different length.
## Each tweet will convert to a numpy array with shape [length, 300].

def word2vec(twitters):

    twitters_vectors = [None]*len(twitters)

    for i in range(len(twitters)):

        twitter_doc = nlp(twitters[i])
        twitter_vector = [None]*len(twitter_doc)

        for j in range(len(twitter_doc)):
            twitter_vector[j] = twitter_doc[j].vector

        twitters_vectors[i] = twitter_vector

    return twitters_vectors

In [8]: ## Run the word2vec function

train_twitters = word2vec(train_twitters)
test_twitters = word2vec(test_twitters)
```

## Convert the binary cases labels into 1 and 0

```
In [9]: ## Convert the label 'HillaryClinton' to 0 and 'realDonaldTrump' to 1

def numeric_label(labels):
    for i in range(len(labels)):
        if labels[i] == 'HillaryClinton':
            labels[i] = 0
        elif labels[i] == 'realDonaldTrump':
            labels[i] = 1

    return labels

In [10]: train_labels = numeric_label(train_labels)
```

## Save my embedding results into a .npz file for Section II use

```
In [11]: np.savez('embedding_matrix.npz', train_matrix=train_twitters, test_matrix=test_twitters, train_labels=train_labels)
```