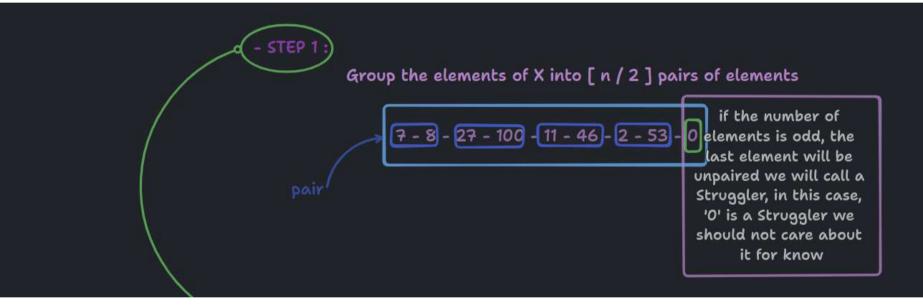
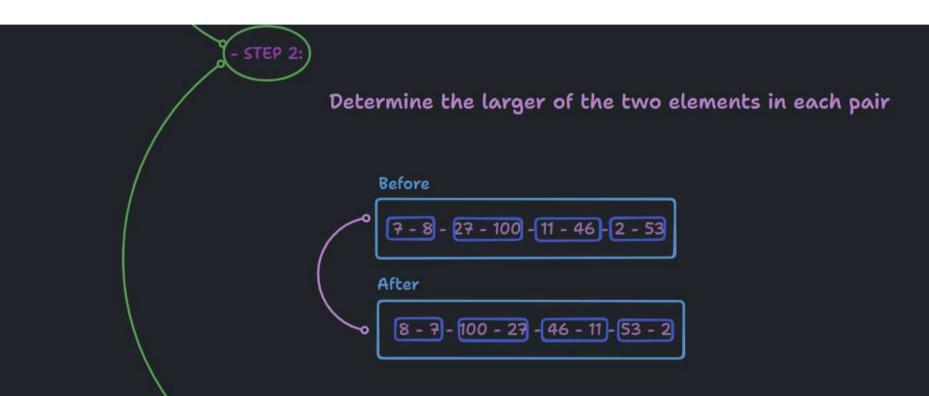
merge-insertion sort or the Ford-Johnson algorithm

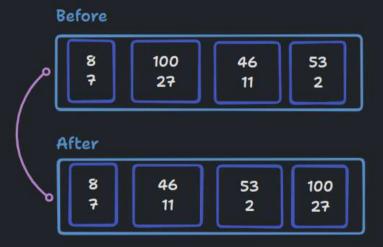
Integer sequence X, of n elements, in this case n = 9

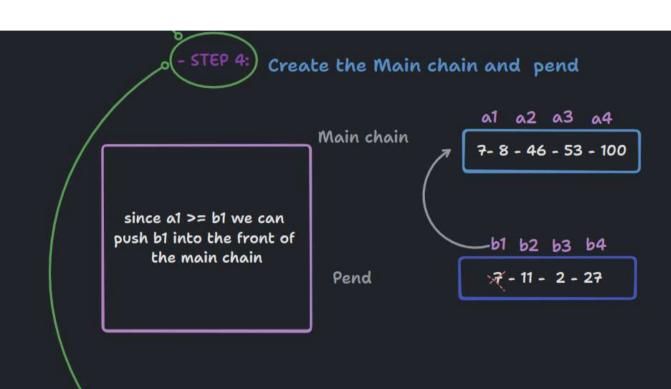




- STEP 3:

Recursively sort the [n/2] larger elements from each pair







Generate the order of insertion

To make life easier generate the order of insertion first

use jacobsthal sequence with a specially chosen insertion ordering

The order of insertion is a combination between the Jacob sequence and the real indexes

Jacobsthal numbers

0, 1, 1, 3, 5, 11, 21, 43, 85, 171, 341 ...

Real indexes

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 ...

The combination

3, 2, 5, 4, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 21, 20 ...

genereate the jacob number based on the size of your pend >

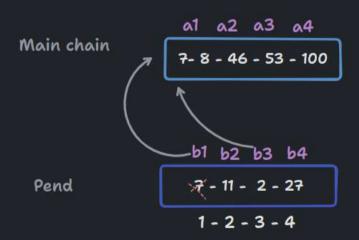
To apply specially chosen insertion ordering we will start from the element 3 since we alredy pushed the element num 1

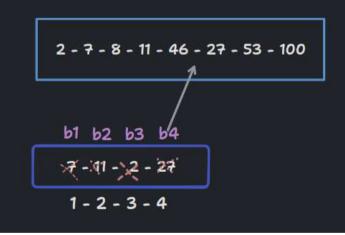
The trick here is to insert Jacob number first then the indexes befor it



Insert the elements of the pend into the main chain

Use binary search in the pend to determine the position at which each element should be inserted







Do you remember the struggler ?

now you can push it