Exercies 3 - Alon Goodman & Ran Hassid

Q1

a

a.1

knitr::include_graphics("1.a.1.png")

$$f(x) := \frac{x^{d-1}(x-x)^{d-1}}{G(a,p)} \cdot 1_{pexe} x \in A \qquad f = Geta(3, 1_{k}) \quad \text{for } = 1_{k} f = 0$$

$$g(x) := 1 \cdot 1_{k} \cdot 0_{k} x \in A \qquad g = H(0,1) \qquad \text{find } = 1_{k} f = 0$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 1 \qquad e \quad x \in A \quad f = 1_{k} f = 1_{k} f = 0$$

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a.2

knitr::include_graphics("1.a.2.png")

$$f(x) = \frac{x^{d-1}(y-x)^{d-1}}{G(\lambda_1 p)} \text{ Mosked} \qquad f - Geta(3, 4) \text{ when } \frac{126}{G(3, 4)}$$

$$g(x) = 1 \cdot 1! \text{ forest} \qquad g - 4(0,1) \qquad \text{fish } \frac{1}{G(3,1)}$$

$$c = \max_{x} \frac{1}{3} f(x) / g(x) \frac{1}{3} = \max_{x} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3}$$

b.1

knitr::include_graphics(c("1.b.1.1.png","1.b.1.2.png"))

$$f(x) = \frac{x^{1/4} (y - y)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)} = \frac{x^{1/4} (y - y)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)} = \frac{x^{1/4} (y - y)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)} = \frac{x^{1/4} (y - y)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} = 0 = 0 = 0$$

$$= \frac{x^{1/4} (x - y)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} + \frac{x^{1/4} (y - x)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} = 0 = 0 = 0$$

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$$= \frac{x^{1/4} (x - y)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} + \frac{x^{1/4} (y - x)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} + \frac{x^{1/4} (y - x)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} = 0$$

$$= \frac{x^{1/4} (x - y)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} + \frac{x^{1/4} (y - x)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} + \frac{x^{1/4} (y - x)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} + \frac{x^{1/4} (y - x)^{1/4}}{G(A, y)^{1/4}} + \frac{x^{$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^{d-1}(1-x)^{d-1}}{B(d,p)} \frac{1}{10^{d}x^{d-1}} \quad f - Beta(3,4) \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{136}{120}$$

$$g(x) = dp x^{d-1}(1-x)^{d-1} \quad g - knharashay(5,4) \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{136}{120}$$

$$c = \max_{x} \frac{1}{3} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \max_{x} \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} \right\} = \max_{x} \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} \right\} = \min_{x} \frac{1}{3} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} = \lim_{x} \frac{1}{3} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} = \lim_{x} \frac{1}{3} \frac{f(x)}{f(x)} \frac{f(x)}{f($$

C

Sample from Kumaraswamy(alpha,beta) Inverse Function Method

```
func_kumaraswamy <- function(alpha,beta){
  inverse_func <- function(u,alpha,beta){
    (1-(1-u)^(1/beta))^(1/alpha)
  } # Lets compute the inverse function: F(x)=u, u~U(0,1).

u <- runif(n = 1,min = 0,max = 1)
y <- inverse_func(u,alpha,beta) # For any u in U we compute the x value.

y
}</pre>
```

c.1 - beta = 0.5

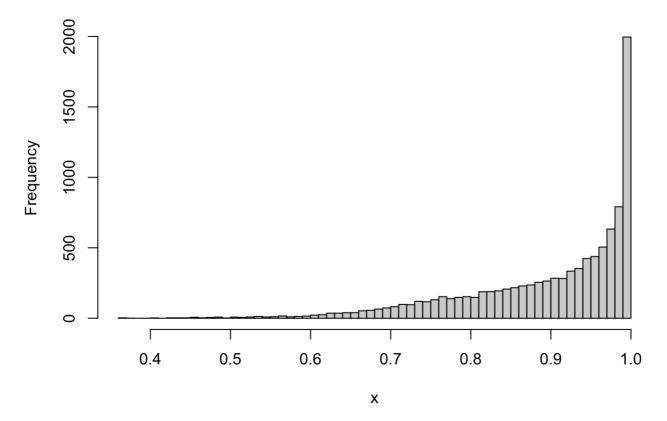
Samples from Beta(3.0.5) Distribution Accept-Reject Method

We will use Kumaraswamy(3,0.5) Distribution because C is undefined for U(0,1) Distribution.

```
func_1.c.1 <- function(alpha,beta,c){
    x <- vector()
    while(length(x)<10000){
        u <- runif(n = 1,min = 0,max = 1) # we take one sample from U(0,1)
        y <- func_kumaraswamy(alpha = alpha,beta = beta) # we take one sample from kumaraswamy(alpha,beta) like previ
ous exercie
    a <- (15/16)*(y^(alpha-1))*((1-y)^(beta-1)) # Density function of Beta(alpha, beta)
    b <- alpha*beta*y^(alpha-1)*(1-y^alpha)^(beta-1) # Density function of kumaraswamy(alpha,beta)
    if ((a/c*b)>=u){
        x <- c(x,y)
    }
}
hist(x,50)
summary(x)
}</pre>
```

```
func_1.c.1(alpha = 3,beta = 0.5, c = (15*sqrt(3))/(1.5*16))
```

Histogram of x



```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.3606 0.8370 0.9344 0.8972 0.9840 1.0000
```

c.2 - beta = 4

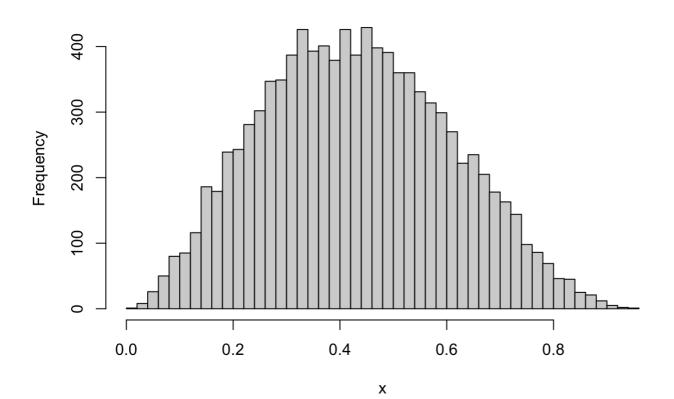
Samples from Beta(3,4) Distribution Accept-Reject Method

We will use U(0,1) Distribution because C is lower then the C we get from Kumaraswamy(3,4) Distribution.

```
func_1.c.2 <- function(alpha,beta,c){
    x <- vector()
    while(length(x)<10000){
        u <- runif(n = 1,min = 0,max = 1) # we take one sample from U(0,1)
        y <- runif(n = 1,min = 0,max = 1) # we take one sample from U(0,1)
        a <- (60)*(y^(alpha-1))*((1-y)^(beta-1)) # Density function of Beta(alpha,beta)
        b <- 1 # Density function of U(0,1)
        if ((a/c*b)>=u){
            x <- c(x,y)
        }
    }
    hist(x,50)
    summary(x)
}</pre>
```

```
func_1.c.2(alpha = 3,beta = 4, c = 5)
```

Histogram of x



Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## 0.01402 0.30033 0.42528 0.43100 0.55624 0.95519

Q2

Cauchy Distibution

knitr::include_graphics(c("2.1.1.png","2.1.2.png","2.1.3.png"))

$$\int_{(X)} |x| = \int_{1}^{1} |x|^{2} e^{-\frac{(x-M^{2})^{2}}{2e^{-\frac{x^{2}}}{2e^{-\frac{x^{2}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{2}}} \frac{|x|^{2}}}{|x|^{$$

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = -x e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} (x^2 - s^2) + e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \cdot 2x = -x e^{-x^2} \left[x^2 - s^2 - 1 \right]$$

512 max { e x (x x s')} = 51 max h(x)

-ex X · [x+5-2] =0 0(3/18) X=0 X= 12-52 X = - 12-52 : also work 57)

$$\frac{S^{\frac{1}{2}}}{C} \cdot \frac{5}{15} \cdot$$

C= FT S-FL (2) C-2) C-2 C= 52 C= S-2[2 C= 125. e 5-2 לבחק גרו כל שניא את א אהינית $\frac{\partial C}{\partial C} = \frac{S \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{2} - S \cdot \sum_{i=1}^$

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial S} = \frac{S \sqrt{15} \cdot e^{\frac{1}{2}} - \sqrt{15} \cdot e^{\frac{1}{2}}}{S^{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{15} \cdot e^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(S^{2} - 1\right)}{S^{2}} = 0 = 7 S = 1$$

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$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}\right$$

 $1.77 \cong \sqrt{11} \cdot e^{-1/2}$ $1.72 \cong \sqrt{2\pi} \cdot e^{-1/2}$

We got s=1 and $C \sim 1.52$

Double Exponential Distibution

knitr::include_graphics(c("2.2.1.png","2.2.2.png","2.2.3.png"))

$$\int_{(X)} \frac{1}{15} e^{-\frac{|X-N|}{2e^{-\frac{1}{2}}}} \qquad N(0,1) \qquad N(0,1)$$

$$\frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \zeta} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{|\Gamma|} \cdot e^{2\zeta^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{2\zeta^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{1}{2\zeta^{\frac{1}{3}}} =$$

We got s=1 and $C \sim 1.315$

knitr::include_graphics(c("3.1.png","3.2.png"))

3 , Sue

 $1 = \zeta, \quad 2 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}$