

1. المشكلة

$$y_i = 1 + \beta_1 e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{2i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}} + \varepsilon_i, \quad E(\varepsilon_i) = 0 \quad \text{Var}(\varepsilon_i) = \sigma^2 \quad \forall i, \quad \varepsilon_i, \varepsilon_j \text{ مستقلان} \quad .$$

$$\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial \beta_1} = e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{2i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}} + \frac{\beta_2 x_{2i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}} e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{2i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}}$$

$$\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial \beta_2} = \beta_1 e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{2i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}} \cdot \frac{-x_{2i}}{(\beta_2 x_{2i})^2} = \frac{-\beta_1^2 x_{2i}}{\beta_2^2 x_{2i}} \cdot e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{2i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}}$$

$$W = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial \beta_1}(x_{11}, x_{21}) & \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial \beta_2}(x_{11}, x_{21}) \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial y_n}{\partial \beta_1}(x_{1n}, x_{2n}) & \frac{\partial y_n}{\partial \beta_2}(x_{1n}, x_{2n}) \end{pmatrix}_{n \times 2} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{21}}{\beta_2 x_{21}}} \left(1 + \frac{\beta_2 x_{21}}{\beta_2 x_{21}}\right) & \frac{-\beta_1^2 x_{21}}{\beta_2^2 x_{21}} \cdot e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{21}}{\beta_2 x_{21}}} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{2n}}{\beta_2 x_{2n}}} \left(1 + \frac{\beta_2 x_{2n}}{\beta_2 x_{2n}}\right) & \frac{-\beta_1^2 x_{2n}}{\beta_2^2 x_{2n}} \cdot e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{2n}}{\beta_2 x_{2n}}} \end{pmatrix}_{n \times 2}$$

$$e_i^{(j)} = y_i - f(\beta^{(j)}, x_i) = y_i - \left(1 + \beta_1^{(j)} e^{\frac{\beta_2^{(j)} x_{2i}}{\beta_2^{(j)} x_{2i}}}\right)$$

$$\beta^{(j+1)} = \beta^{(j)} + \left[ W^{(j)T} \cdot W^{(j)} \right]^{-1} \cdot W^{(j)T} \cdot e^{(j)}$$

$$S(\beta_1, \beta_2) = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - F(x_{1i}, x_{2i}))^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - 1 - \beta_1 \cdot e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{1i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}})^2$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial \beta_1} = -2 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - 1 - \beta_1 \cdot e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{1i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}}) \cdot e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{1i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}} \left(1 + \frac{\beta_1 x_{1i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial \beta_2} = 2 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - 1 - \beta_1 \cdot e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{1i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}}) \cdot \frac{\beta_1^2 x_{1i}}{\beta_2^2 x_{2i}} \cdot e^{\frac{\beta_2 x_{1i}}{\beta_2 x_{2i}}}$$

2.4

כאשר  $X_i$  - משתנה רנדומלי בלתי תלוי.  $Y_i | X_i \sim \text{Pois}(\lambda_i)$ .  $X_i$  מתפלג לפי  $p$  ו-  $i$  בלתי תלוי.

$$\lambda_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i \Rightarrow \lambda_i = e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i}$$

אם  $\beta_0$  ו-  $\beta_1$  הם פרמטרים:

$$\Rightarrow Y_i | X_i \sim \text{Pois}(e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i})$$

$$f_{Y_i | X_i}(y) = \frac{e^{-\lambda_i} \lambda_i^{y_i}}{y_i!} = \frac{e^{-e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i}} \cdot e^{y_i(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i)}}{y_i!}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L(\gamma, \beta_0, \beta_1) &= \prod_{i=1}^n f_{Y_i | X_i}(y) = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{e^{-\lambda_i} \lambda_i^{y_i}}{y_i!} = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{e^{-e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i}} \cdot e^{y_i(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i)}}{y_i!} = \\ &= \frac{e^{-\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i}} \cdot e^{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i)}}{\prod_{i=1}^n y_i!} \end{aligned}$$

$$\ell(\gamma, \beta_0, \beta_1) = \ln(L(\gamma, \beta_0, \beta_1)) = -\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i} + \sum_{i=1}^n y_i(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i) - \sum_{i=1}^n \ln(y_i!) \quad \text{.כ}$$

$$S(\beta_0, \beta_1) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell(\gamma, \beta_0, \beta_1)}{\partial \beta_0} \\ \frac{\partial \ell(\gamma, \beta_0, \beta_1)}{\partial \beta_1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i} + \sum_{i=1}^n y_i \\ -\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \cdot e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i} + \sum_{i=1}^n X_i y_i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

כלומר  $\beta_0$  ו-  $\beta_1$  הם הפרמטרים המבוקשים.

2. נגזרת חצייה

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell(\gamma, \beta_0, \beta_1)}{\partial \beta_0^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_0} \left( -\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i} + \sum_{i=1}^n y_i \right) = -\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell(\gamma, \beta_0, \beta_1)}{\partial \beta_0 \partial \beta_1} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_1} \left( -\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i} + \sum_{i=1}^n y_i \right) = -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i} = \frac{\partial^2 \ell(\gamma, \beta_0, \beta_1)}{\partial \beta_1 \partial \beta_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell(\gamma, \beta_0, \beta_1)}{\partial \beta_1^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_1} \left( -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \cdot e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i} + \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \right) = -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i}$$

$$H(\beta_0, \beta_1) = \begin{pmatrix} -\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i} & -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i} \\ -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i} & -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i} \end{pmatrix}$$

6. אלגוריתם ניוטון-ראפסון (NR) להתאמת פרמטרים

$$\begin{pmatrix} \beta_0^{(j+1)} \\ \beta_1^{(j+1)} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \beta_0^{(j)} \\ \beta_1^{(j)} \end{pmatrix} - H(\beta_0^{(j)}, \beta_1^{(j)})^{-1} \cdot S(\beta_0^{(j)}, \beta_1^{(j)})^T =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \beta_0^{(j)} \\ \beta_1^{(j)} \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 1} - \begin{pmatrix} -\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\beta_0^{(j)} + \beta_1^{(j)} x_i} & -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i e^{\beta_0^{(j)} + \beta_1^{(j)} x_i} \\ -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i e^{\beta_0^{(j)} + \beta_1^{(j)} x_i} & -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 e^{\beta_0^{(j)} + \beta_1^{(j)} x_i} \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 2}^{-1} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\beta_0^{(j)} + \beta_1^{(j)} x_i} + \sum_{i=1}^n y_i \\ -\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \cdot e^{\beta_0^{(j)} + \beta_1^{(j)} x_i} + \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 1}$$

5. sk

$$X \sim \text{Gamma}(2, b) \Rightarrow f_X(x) = b\eta \cdot e^{\eta + bx - \eta e^{bx}} \cdot \mathbb{1}_{y \geq 0} \quad b, \eta > 0 \quad .k$$

$$L(x, \eta, b) = \prod_{i=1}^n f_X(x_i) = \prod_{i=1}^n b\eta \cdot e^{\eta + bx_i - \eta e^{bx_i}} = (b \cdot \eta)^n \cdot e^{\sum \eta + bx_i - \eta e^{bx_i}}$$

$$\ell(x, \eta, b) = \ln(L(x, \eta, b)) = n(\ln(b) + \ln(\eta)) + \sum (\eta + bx_i - \eta e^{bx_i}) =$$

$$= n(\ln(b) + \ln(\eta)) + n\eta + b \sum x_i - \eta \sum e^{bx_i} =$$

$$= n \ln(b) + n \ln(\eta) + n\eta + b \sum x_i - \eta \sum e^{bx_i}$$

$$s(\eta, b) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell(x, \eta, b)}{\partial \eta} \\ \frac{\partial \ell(x, \eta, b)}{\partial b} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{n}{\eta} + n - \sum e^{bx_i} \\ \frac{n}{b} + \sum x_i - \eta \sum x_i e^{bx_i} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell(x, \eta, b)}{\partial \eta^2} = \frac{\partial \frac{n}{\eta} + n - \sum e^{bx_i}}{\partial \eta} = -\frac{n}{\eta^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell(x, \eta, b)}{\partial \eta \partial b} = \frac{\partial \frac{n}{\eta} + n - \sum e^{bx_i}}{\partial b} = -\sum x_i e^{bx_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell(x, \eta, b)}{\partial b^2} = \frac{\partial \frac{n}{b} + \sum x_i - \eta \sum x_i e^{bx_i}}{\partial b} = -\frac{n}{b^2} - \eta \sum x_i^2 e^{bx_i}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \eta^{j+1} \\ b^{j+1} \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 1} = \begin{pmatrix} \eta^j \\ b^j \end{pmatrix}_{1 \times 1} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{n}{\eta^2} & \sum x_i e^{bx_i} \\ \sum x_i e^{bx_i} & -\frac{n}{b^2} - \eta \sum x_i^2 e^{bx_i} \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 2}^{-1} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \frac{n}{\eta} + n - \sum e^{bx_i} \\ \frac{n}{b} + \sum x_i - \eta \sum x_i e^{bx_i} \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 1}$$

6.3.10

$$f(x, y) = 11 \cdot x^2 + 100 (y - x^2)^2$$

(i) .2

$$\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial x} = -2(1-x) - 400 x (y - x^2)$$

$$\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial y} = 200 (y - x^2)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x^{j+1} \\ y^{j+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x^j \\ y^j \end{pmatrix} - r^j \begin{pmatrix} -2(1-x^j) - 400 \cdot x^j (y^j - x^{j2}) \\ 200 (y^j - x^{j2}) \end{pmatrix}$$

→ 1.3.2 → 1.3.2 → 1.3.2 (ii)

$$\frac{\partial^2 f(x, y)}{\partial x^2} = 2 - 400 (y - x^2) + 800 x^2 = 2 - 400 y + 1200 x^2$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f(x, y)}{\partial x \partial y} = -400 x = \frac{\partial^2 f(x, y)}{\partial y \partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f(x, y)}{\partial^2 y} = 200$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x^{j+1} \\ y^{j+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x^j \\ y^j \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 - 400 y^j + 400 x^{j2} - 400 x^j & -400 x^j \\ -400 x^j & 200 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} -2(1-x^j) - 400 x^j (y^j - x^{j2}) \\ 200 (y^j - x^{j2}) \end{pmatrix}$$