

CAMEROON GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD

General Certificate of Education Examination

JUNE 2020

ORDINARY LEVEL

Subject Title	Geography
Paper No.	Paper 2
Subject Code No.	0550

Two and a Half (2½) hours

Answer FOUR Questions choosing ONE from each section.

Questions ONE carries 30 marks. All the other Questions carry 20 marks each.

Each question that is sub-divided has the sub marks in brackets.

In questions involving calculations, all steps of the working MUST be shown.

If an outline MAP and/or GRAPH are used, they must be tied inside your answer booklet, opposite the written part of the answer.

NB-ONLY THE FIRST FOUR QUESTIONS ANSWERED WILL BE MARKED

You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.

Turn Over

SECTION A MAP WORK

This question constitutes 33.3% of the marks in the paper and 21.5% of the marks for the whole subject.
You are advised to spend about One Hour on this question.

1. Study the Ordnance Survey Map Extract of Barmouth (1:50,000) provided, and answer the questions that follow:

(a) State:

- (i) The height of the highest point at 623185.
- (ii) The dominant woodland in grid square 6311.
- (iii) The meaning of the feature marked at the grid reference 612082.
- (iv) The nature of the slope in grid square 6510.
- (v) The length of Fairbourne railway stretching from 611120 to 616150.
- (vi) The bearing of Morfa Mawddach Station from Fairbourne Station.

(10 marks)

(b) Copy the portion of Barmouth between northing 11 and 16 and insert:

- (i) The water body at 6614.
- (ii) The A 493 road.
- (iii) A picnic site.
- (iv) Harbour.
- (v) The disused quarry near the railway station.

(Add the title, key, scale.)

(8 marks)

(c) From **TWO** map evidences, state what the land is used for.

(4 marks)

(d) Comment on:

- (i) The relief of the landscape.
- (ii) The distribution of woodland.

(4 + 4 = 8 marks)

(Total = 30 marks)

SECTION B PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

2. (a) Briefly define the following in relation to earth:

Solstice, Equinox, revolution and rotation

(4 marks)

(b) Describe **THREE** measures that can be used to solve the problems of water shortages.

(6 marks)

(c) Write a message to your friends explaining to them **WHY** global temperature is increasing and **HOW** the situation can be reduced.

(6 marks)

(d) Why should man conserve the soil?

(4 marks)

(Total = 20 marks)

3. (a) Briefly describe the hydrological cycle. (4 marks)
- (b) Name the climatic type in which each of the following biomes are dominant:
Xerophytes, savanna grassland, steppe grassland, rainforest, temperate deciduous woodland, coniferous forest (3 marks)
- (c) The following are some pairs of landforms:
- Rock pedestal and Zeugen
- V-shaped valley and waterfall
- Arête and pyramidal peak
- Arch and stack
- (i) For each pair, state the agent of erosion involved. (2 marks)
- (ii) Select **ONE** pair and draw well labelled diagrams to show their characteristics. (4 marks)
- (iii) For any **ONE** of the features drawn, describe its formation process. (3 marks)
- (d) Describe **TWO** proofs to show that the earth is spherical. (4 marks)

(Total = 20 marks)

SECTION C HUMAN GEOGRAPHY

4. (a) (i) Classify the following terms or phrases in an agricultural system under **inputs, processes, and output, using a table:**
Building of paddocks, young animals, beef, skin, marketing, lush vegetation, planting of fodder, animal dung, suitable climate, sowing of seeds (5 marks)
- (ii) State **TWO** ways by which human activities bring about global warming. (2 marks)
- (b) On the outline map of the world provided, **locate** and **name** the following:
(i) an area in the temperate lands where forestry is important.
(ii) **TWO** important fishing grounds in the northern hemisphere. (6 marks)
- (c) (i) Outline **THREE** ways by which the government of a country can encourage the development of tourism. (3 marks)
- (ii) State **FOUR** reasons for the creation of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS). (4 marks)

(Total = 20 marks)

5. (a) Identify the industry in **column one** and match it with the pull factors in **column two** that attract it.

Column One	Column Two
(i) Manufacturing of electronics	A) Large market and transport
(ii) Iron and steel industry	B) Large number of work force and market
(iii) Baking of bread	C) Large source of raw material and power supply
(iv) Textile industry	D) Large number of highly skilled labour, power and market

(4 marks)

- (b) Describe **FOUR** strategies used by governments of NICs in developing their industries. (4marks)

- (c) On the outline map of the world provided, **Locate and name: Two areas of low population densities; TWO highly industrialised regions, a major world shipping route.** (6 marks)

- (d) Describe the differences in the level of development between AICs, and LICs by using the following measurements: **birth rate, death rate, GNP per head, literacy rate, population growth rate and Life expectancy.** (6 marks)

(Total = 20 marks)

SECTION D CAMEROON GEOGRAPHY

6. (a) On the outline map of Cameroon provided, **locate and name** the following:

- (i) A main River. (ii) One area of dense population
(iii) One area of sparse population. (iv) The Adamawa Plateau.
(v) An area of dense vegetation cover. (5 marks)

- (b) (i) Outline **six** tourist resource facilities of the country. (3 marks)

- (ii) Briefly describe **TWO** measures the government has used to promote tourism and leisure in the country. (4 marks)

- (c) Suggest to the government what should be done to improve on her:

- (i) Trade with other countries
(ii) Agricultural output.

(4 + 4 = 8 marks)

(Total = 20 marks)

7. (a) On the outline map of Cameroon provided, **locate and name** the following:

- (i) An area of grassland (ii) The northern industrial zone
(iii) An area of volcanic soils (iv) One area of dense and one area of sparse population. (5 marks)

- (b) Describe **THREE** ways by which the primary resources of Cameroon are being developed for economic emergence. (6 marks)

- (c) Explain **THREE** problems faced by urban areas in Cameroon. (6 marks)

- (d) Suggest how the transport sector of Cameroon can be made more efficient. (3 marks)

(Total = 20 marks)

BARMOUTH

ROADS AND PATHS

Not necessarily rights of way



Motorway (dual carriageway)

Motorway under construction

Trunk road

Main road

Main road under construction

Secondary road

Narrow road with passing place

Road generally more than 4m wide

Road generally less than 4m wide

Other road, drive or track

Path

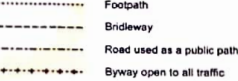
Gradient: 1 in 5 and steeper

1 in 7 to 1 in 5

Gates Road tunnel

PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY

(Not applicable to Scotland)

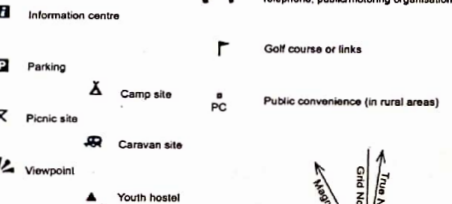


Public rights of way indicated by these symbols have been derived from Definitive Maps as amended by later enactments or instruments held by Ordnance Survey on 1st February 1988 and are shown subject to the limitations imposed by the scale of mapping

The representation on this map of any other road, track or path is no evidence of the existence of a right of way

Danger Area MOD Ranges in the area. Danger! Observe warning notices

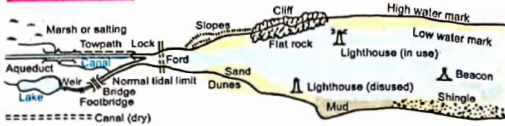
TOURIST INFORMATION



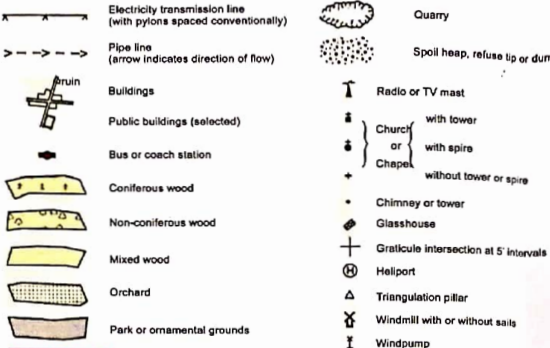
RAILWAYS



WATER FEATURES



GENERAL FEATURES



BOUNDARIES

National County, Region or Islands Area

London Borough District

National Park or Forest Park

NT National Trust NT always open NT opening restricted

FC Forestry Commission Pedestrians only - observe local signs

ABBREVIATIONS

P Post office PH Public house MS. Milestone MP Milepost CH Clubhouse PC Public convenience (in rural areas) TH Town Hall, Guildhall or equivalent CG Coastguard

ANTIQUITIES

VILLA Roman Battlefield (with date) Position of antiquity which cannot be drawn to scale
Castle Non-Roman Tumulus
Ancient Monuments and Historic Buildings in the care of the Secretaries of State for the Environment, for Scotland and for Wales and that are open to the public

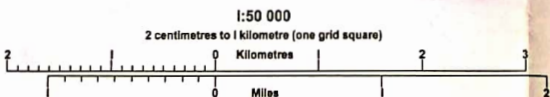
The revision date of archaeological information varies over the sheet

HEIGHTS

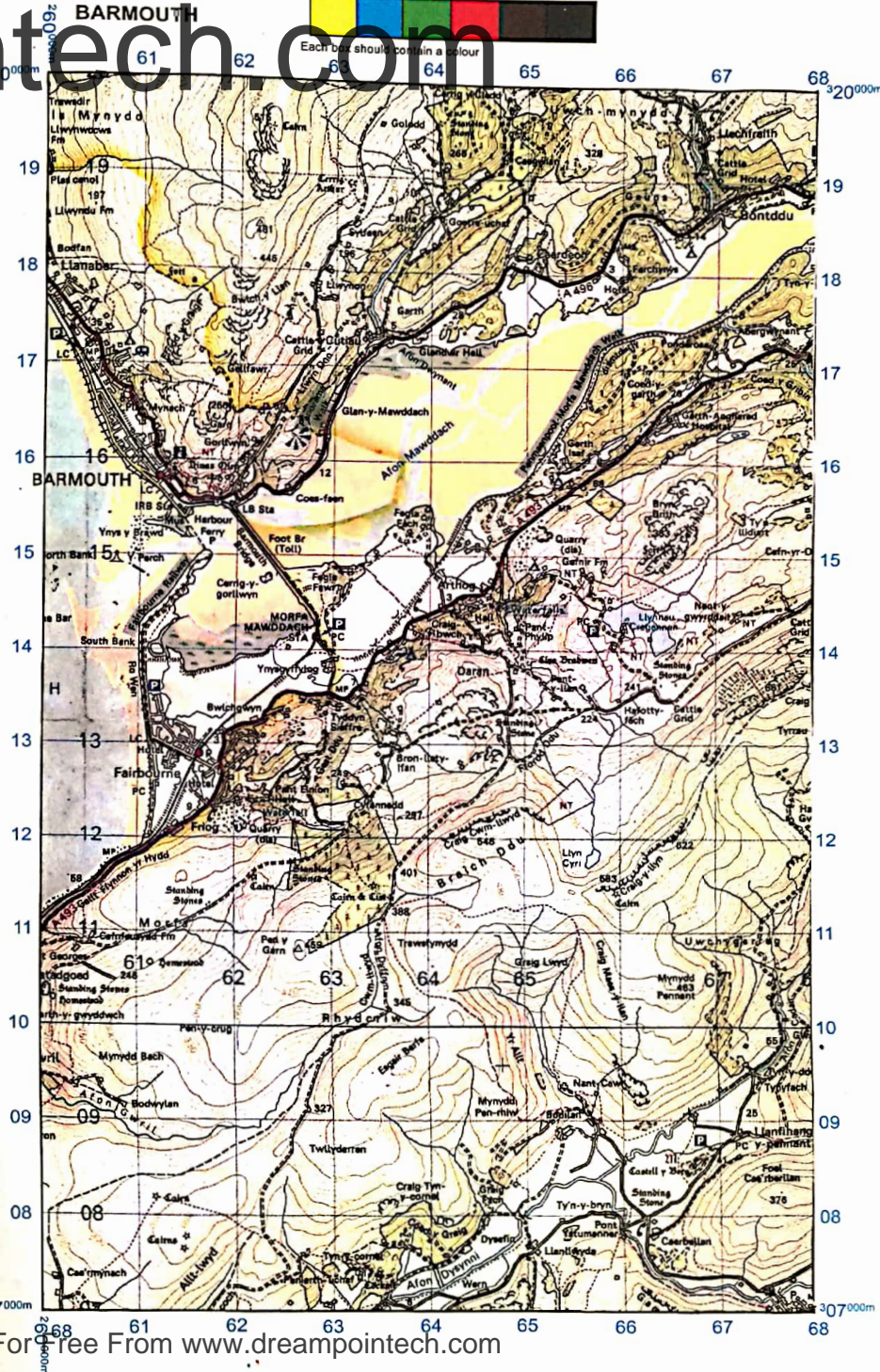
Contours are at 10 metres vertical interval
Heights are to the nearest metre above mean sea level

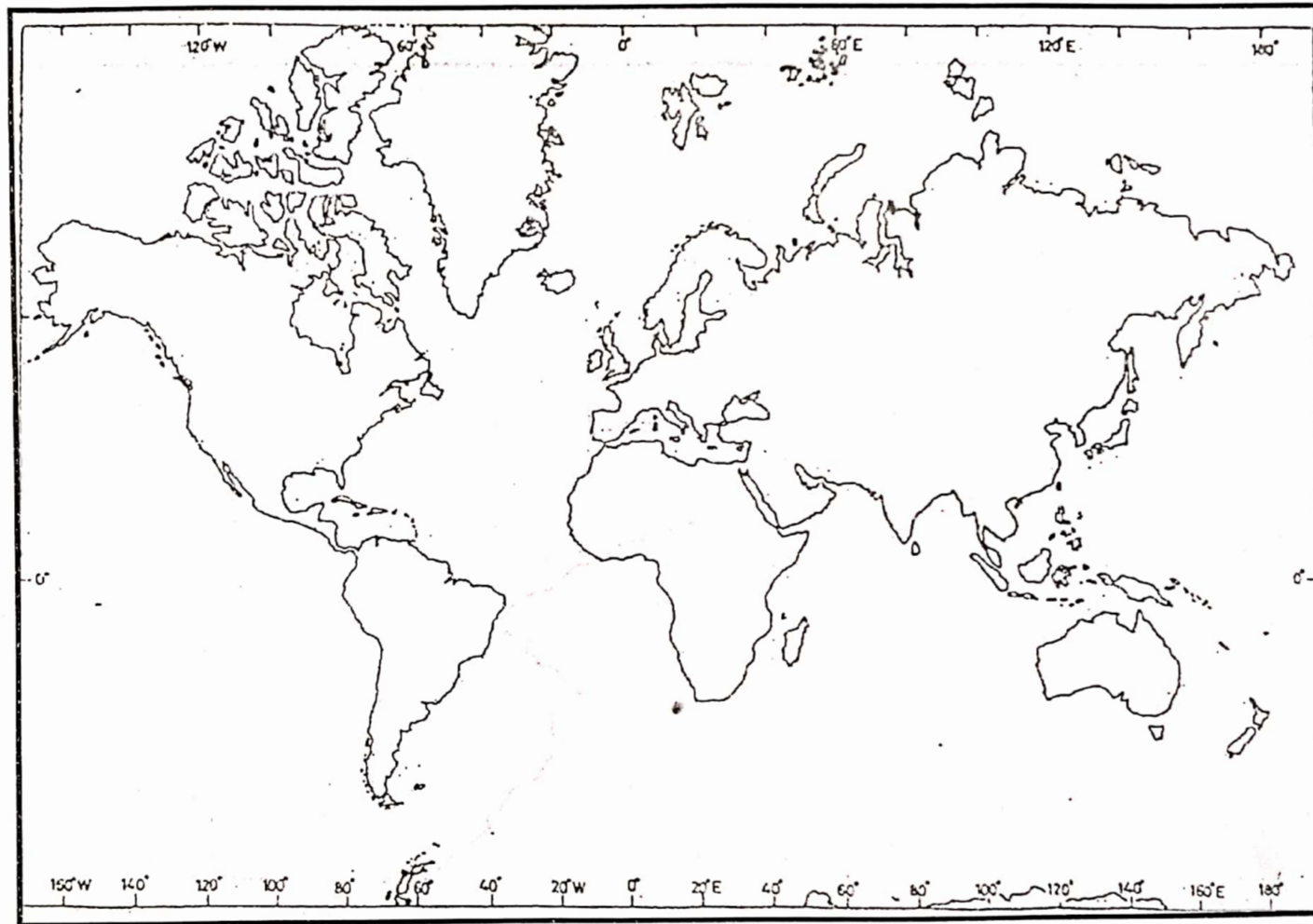
Heights shown close to a triangulation pillar refer to the station height at ground level and not necessarily to the summit

ROCK FEATURES

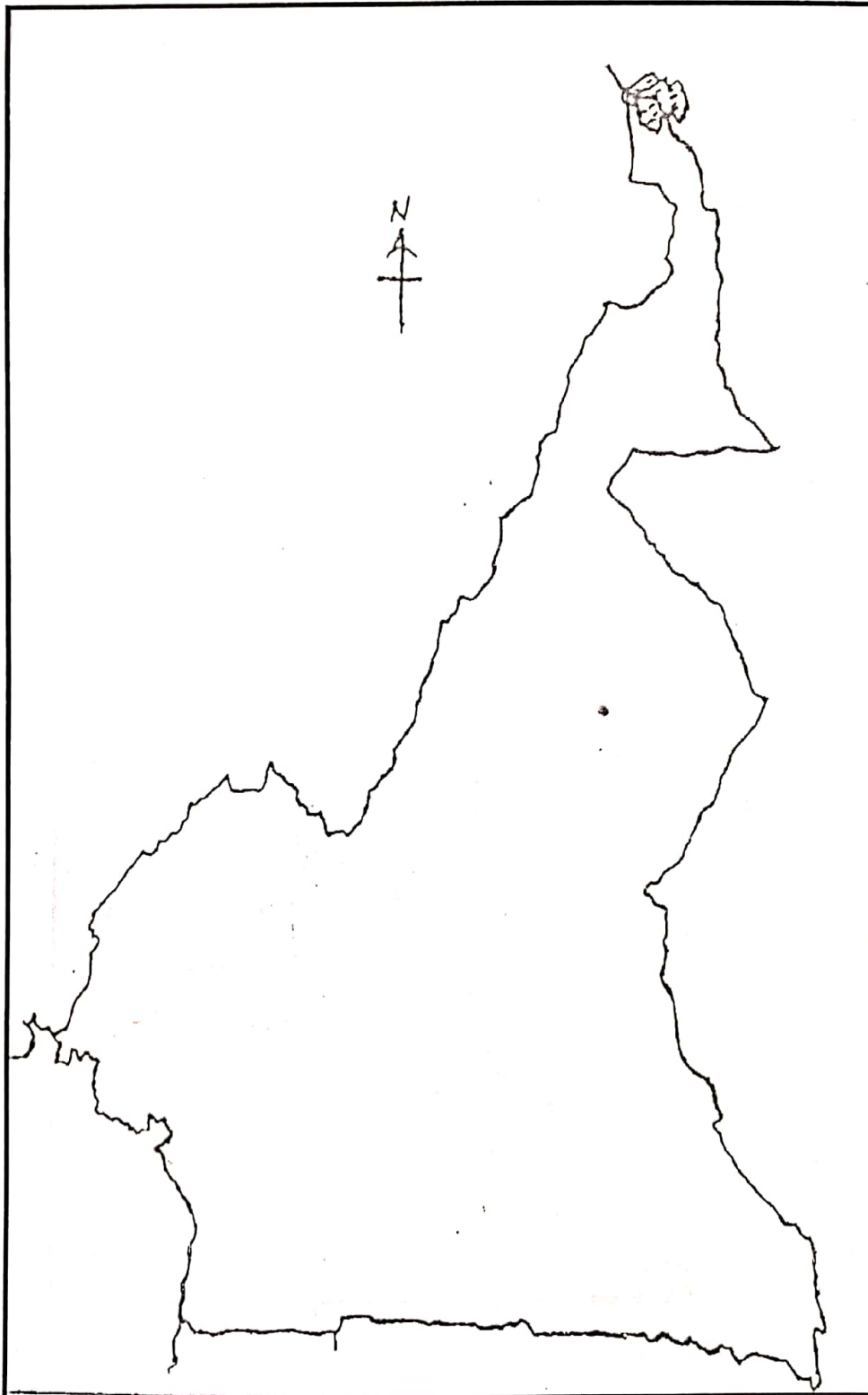


BARMOUTH





2020/0550/2/C/Q



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