

Frank Ramsey, a Mathematical Economical Philosopher. Born on 1903 February 22, and passed in 1930 January 19 due to chronic liver complications and contracting jaundice after an operation at Guys Hospital in the London area. However during his time, he graduated from several schools and ^[1]“later became a director of Studies in Mathematics at King’s College.” Ramsey made many contributions to both Mathematics, particularly Ramsey Theory, the philosophy of science, and logic to name a few.

Ramsey is the child of Arthur Stanley Ramsey and Agnes Mary Wilson, born in Cambridge England, he had two sisters and a brother. From the early age of 12 Ramsey attended Winchester College and won scholarships to go to Trinity College in the Cambridge area. At 17 upon graduating from Winchester he then attended Trinity and finished as a Wrangler in Mathematical Tripos at 20. Wrangler being ^[1]“someone graduating with a first class degree in Mathematics from Cambridge University. The Senior Wrangler was the person with the highest marks, followed by the Second Wrangler and so on”. One year later Ramsey attended Kings College, where he gave lectures and produced papers in a broad range of areas.

During 1925 to 1930 is where Ramsey started producing his works in the field of mathematics, philosophy and economics, to name a few. During 1925 Ramsey published his first major work, *The Foundations of Mathematics*. Then his second piece on mathematics *On a Problem of Formal Logic*, which shed light on a new field of mathematics now known as *Ramsey Theory*. Two more papers were made for Economics, *A Mathematical Theory of Saving*, and *A Contribution to the Theory of Taxation*. Numerous pieces were also done for the field of Philosophy which was Ramseys most enjoyable area. Unfortunately in 1930 Ramsey would fall under chronic liver complications, and during the operation he contracted Jaundice, Ramsey would pass on January 19 1930 at Guys Hospital. Currently he lays buried at ^[2]*Perish of the Ascension Burial Ground*, but his theoris and many works lives on.

REFERENCES

- [1] <https://mathshistory.st-andrews.ac.uk/Biographies/Ramsey/>
- [2] [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frank_Ramsey_\(mathematician\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frank_Ramsey_(mathematician))