Lab Exercise 5-Provisioning an S3 Bucket on AWS

Exercise Steps:

Step 1: Create a New Directory:

Create a new directory to store your Terraform configuration:

```
mkdir Terraform-S3-Demo
cd Terraform-S3-Demo
```

Step 2: Create the Terraform Configuration File (main.tf):

Create a file named main.tf with the following content:

```
terraform {
  required_providers {
    aws = {
      source = "hashicorp/aws"
      version = "5.31.0"
    }
  }
}

provider "aws" {
  region = "us-east-1" # Replace with your preferred region
  access_key = "your IAM access key" # Replace with your Access Key
  secret_key = "your secret access key" # Replace with your Secret Key
}
```

This file sets up the Terraform AWS provider.

Step 3: Create a Terraform Configuration File for the S3 Bucket (s3.tf):

Create another file named s3.tf with the following content:

```
resource "aws_s3_bucket" "my_bucket" {
bucket = "my-demo-s3-bucket"
tags = {
Name = "Terraform-S3-Bucket"
}
}
```

This file provisions an S3 bucket with a unique name using a random string suffix.

Step 4: Initialize Terraform:

Run the following command to initialize your Terraform working directory:

terraform init

Step 5: Review the Plan:

Preview the changes Terraform will make:

terraform plan

Review the output to ensure it meets your expectations.

Step 6: Apply the Changes:

Create the resources:

```
terraform apply
```

When prompted, type yes to confirm.

```
Destroy complete: Resources: 1 destroyed.

D:\Repositories\Terraform-Demo>cd ..

D:\Repositories>mkdir Terraform-S3-Demo

D:\Repositories>cd Terraform-S3-Demo

D:\Repositories\Terraform-S3-Demo

D:\Repositories\Terraform-S3-Demo>cterraform init
Initializing the backend ...

Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding hashicorp/aws vs.31.0...
- Installing hashicorp/aws vs.31.0...
- Installing hashicorp/aws vs.31.0 (signed by HashiCorp)

Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

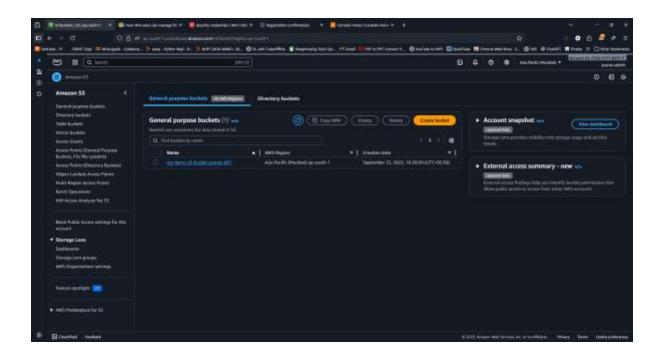
You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform, rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.

D:\Repositories\Terraform-S3-Demo>
```

Step 7: Verify Resources:

- 1. Log in to your AWS Management Console.
- 2. Navigate to the **S3** dashboard.
- 3. Verify that the S3 bucket has been created with the specified configuration.



Step 8: Cleanup Resources:

To remove the resources created, run the following command:

terraform destroy

When prompted, type yes to confirm.