

Data Communication and Computer Network

Lab6: Setup Network Topology using two routers

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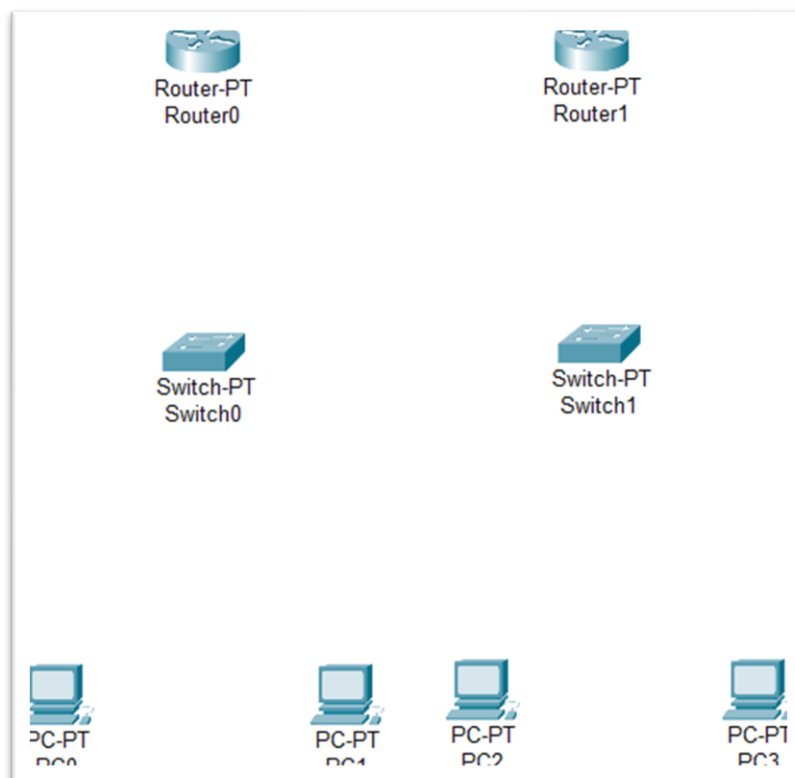
Aim: Configure a Network topology using two routers on packet tracer software.

Apparatus (Software): Packet tracer Software

Procedure:

Step 1: First, open the Cisco packet tracer desktop and select the devices mentioned below:

S.NO	Device	Model Name	Qty.
1.	pc	pc	4
2.	switch	PT-Switch	2
3.	router	PT-Router	2

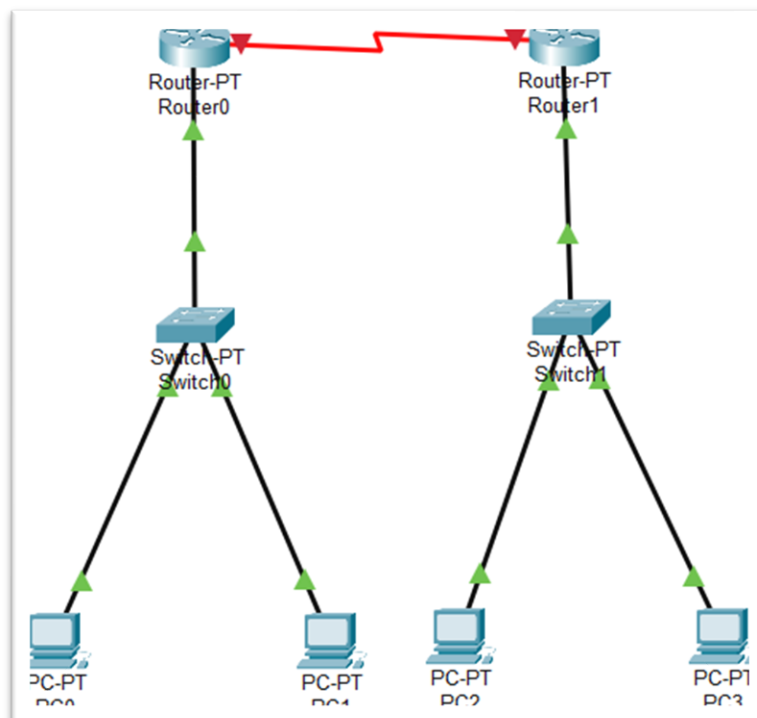


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Step 2: Then, create a network topology as shown below the image by using a cable to connect the devices with others.

- Connect Router0 to Switch 1 using Copper straight throughwire (FA 0/0 =>FA 1/1)
- Similarly Connect Switch to PC0 and PC1 using Copperstraight through wire
- Follow the same procedure for connecting Router 1 to Switch 1and PC2 and PC3.

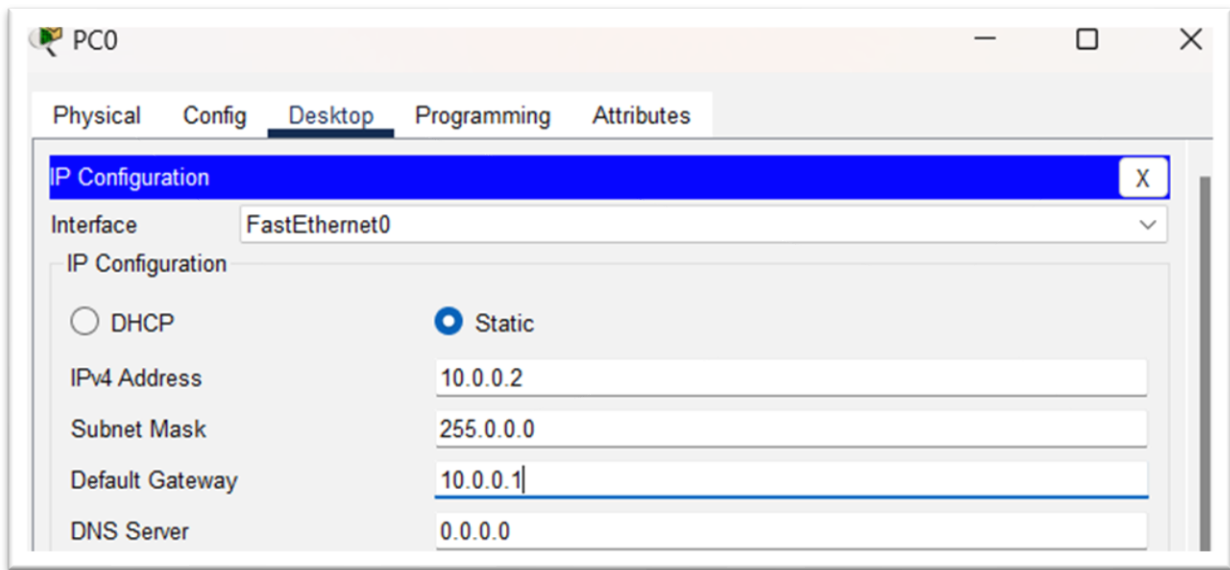


Step 3: Configure the PCs (hosts) with IPv4 address and SubnetMask according to the IP addressing table given above.

- To assign an IP address in PC0, click on PC0.
- Then, go to desktop and then IP configuration and there you will IPv4 configuration.
- Fill IPv4 address, subnet mask and Default gateway.

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Repeat the same procedure with other PCs to configure them thoroughly.

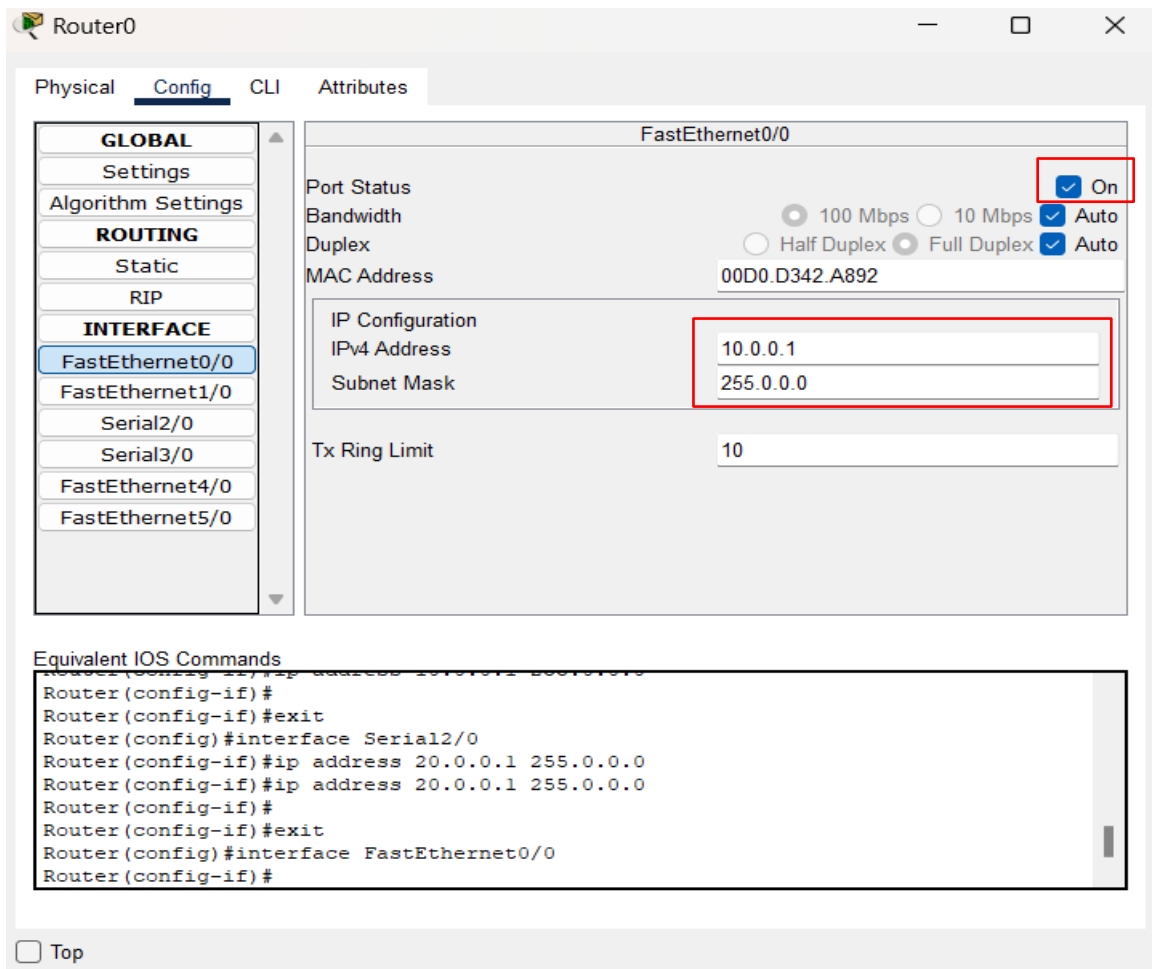
S.NO	Device	IPv4 Address	Subnet-Mask	Default-Gateway
1.	PC0	10.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	10.0.0.1
2.	PC1	10.0.0.3	255.0.0.0	10.0.0.1
3.	PC2	30.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	30.0.0.1
4.	PC3	30.0.0.3	255.0.0.0	30.0.0.1

Step 4: Configure router with IP address and subnet mask.

- To assign an IP address in router0, click on router0.
- Then, go to config and then Interfaces.
- Make sure to turn on the ports
- Then, configure the IP address in FastEthernet and serial ports according to IP addressing Table.
- Fill IPv4 address and subnet mask.

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Repeat the same procedure with Router 1 to configure it thoroughly.

IP Addressing Table Router

S.N O	Device	Interface	IPv4 Address	Subnet Mask
1.	router0	FastEthernet0/0	10.0.0.1	255.0.0.0
		Serial 2/0	20.0.0.1	255.0.0.0
2.	router1	FastEthernet0/0	30.0.0.1	255.0.0.0
		Serial 2/0	20.0.0.2	255.0.0.0

Step 4: After configuring all of the devices we need to assign the routes to the routers.

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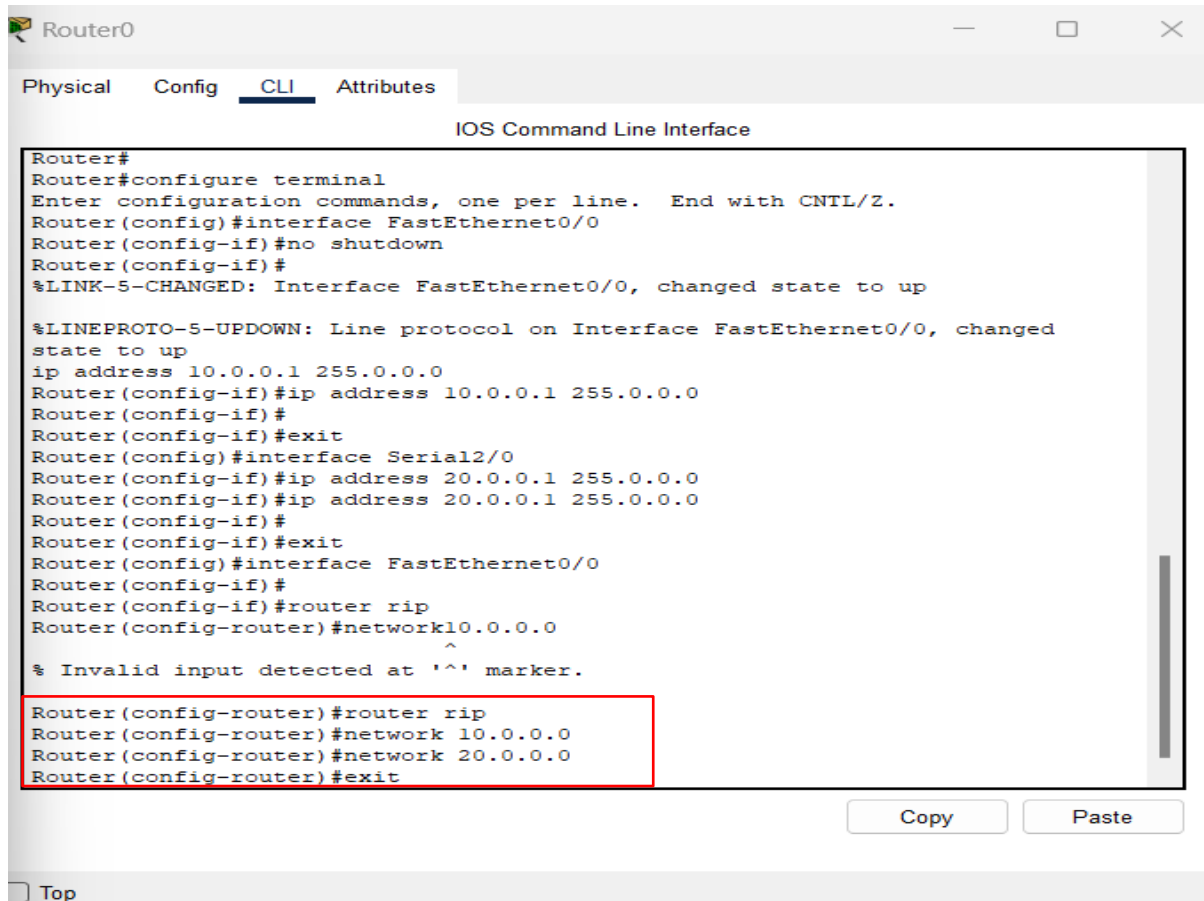
To assign RIP routes to the particular router:

- First, click on router0 then Go to CLI.
- Then type the commands and IP information given below.

CLI command: network <network id>

RIP Routes for Router0 are given below:Router (config)#network10.0.0.0

RIP Routes for Router1 are given below:Router (config)#network10.0.0.0



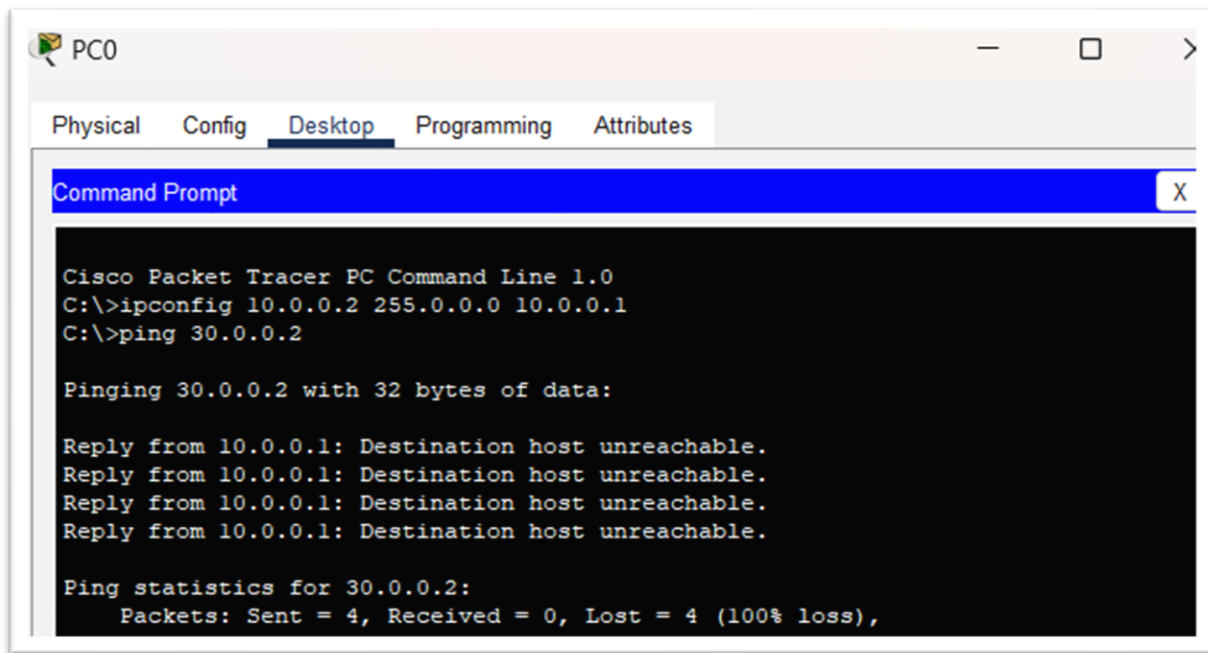
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Router#
Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed
state to up
ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface Serial2/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#router rip
Router(config-router)#network10.0.0.0
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
Router(config-router)#router rip
Router(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 20.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#exit
```

Step 5: Verifying the network by pinging the IP address of any PC.We'll use the ping command to do so.

- First, click on PC0 then Go to the command prompt
- then type ping <IP address of targeted node>
- as We can see in the below image, we are getting replies which means the connection is working very fine.

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Step 6: A simulation of the experiment is given below we are sending PDU from PC0 to PC2 and PC1 to PC3:

Fire	Last Status	Source	Destination	Type	Color	Time(sec)	Periodic	Num	Edit
	Successful	PC2	PC0	ICMP		0.000	N	0	(edit)
	Failed	PC1	PC3	ICMP		0.000	N	1	(edit)
	Successful	PC3	PC1	ICMP		0.000	N	2	(edit)

