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# **Experiment 4**

**Aim:** To install Kubectl and execute Kubectl commands to manage the Kubernetes cluster and deploy Your First Kubernetes Application.

## Theory:

**Kubernetes**, originally developed by Google, is an open-source container orchestration platform. It automates the deployment, scaling, and management of containerized applications, ensuring high availability and fault tolerance. Kubernetes is now the industry standard for container orchestration and is governed by the **Cloud Native Computing Foundation (CNCF)**, with contributions from major cloud and software providers like Google, AWS, Microsoft, IBM, Intel, Cisco, and Red Hat.

**Kubernetes Deployment:** Is a resource in Kubernetes that provides declarative updates for Pods and ReplicaSets. With a Deployment, you can define how many replicas of a pod should run, roll out new versions of an application, and roll back to previous versions if necessary. It ensures that the desired number of pod replicas are running at all times.

#### **Necessary Requirements:**

- **EC2 Instance**: The experiment required launching a t2.medium EC2 instance with 2 CPUs, as Kubernetes demands sufficient resources for effective functioning.
- Minimum Requirements:
  - o Instance Type: t2.medium
  - o CPUs: 2
  - **Memory:** Adequate for container orchestration.

This ensured that the Kubernetes cluster had the necessary resources to function smoothly.

#### Note:

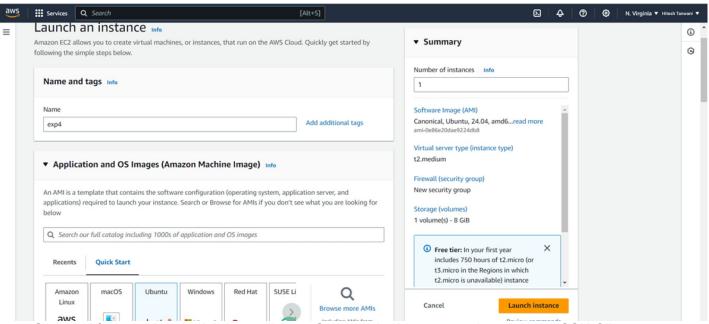
AWS Personal Account is preferred but we can also perform it on AWS Academy(adding some ignores in the command if any error occurs in below as the below experiment is performed on Personal Account.)

If You are using AWS Academy Account Errors you will face in kubeadm init command so you have to add some ignores with this command.

Step 1: Log in to your AWS Academy/personal account and launch a new Ec2 Instance. Select

Ubuntu as AMI and t2.medium as Instance Type, create a key of type RSA with .pem extension, and move the downloaded key to the new folder.

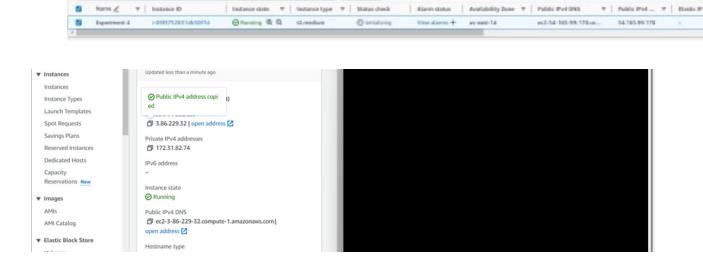
Note: A minimum of 2 CPUs are required so Please select t2.medium and do not forget to stop the instance after the experiment because it is not available in the free tier.



**Step 2:** After creating the instance click on Connect the instance and navigate to SSH Client.

Instances (1/1) adv

les the aminor up C Connect Instance state # Actions #



**Step 3:** Now open the folder in the terminal where our .pem key is stored and paste the Example command (starting with ssh -i .....) in the terminal.( ssh -i "Master\_Ec2\_Key.pem" ubuntu@ec2-54-196-129-215.compute-1.amazonaws.com)



Step 4: Run the below commands to install and setup Docker.

curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add - curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo gpg -- dearmor -o /etc/apt/trusted.gpg.d/docker.gpg

sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu \$(lsb\_release -cs) stable"

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install -y docker-ce

Fetched 29.1 MB in 4s (7907 kB/s) Reading package lists... Done root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#|

```
sudo mkdir -p /etc/docker
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/docker/daemon.json
{
    "exec-opts": ["native.cgroupdriver=systemd"]
}</pre>
```

No user sessions are running outdated binaries.

No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.

```
No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo mkdir -p /etc/docker
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/docker/daemon.json
{
"exec-opts": ["native.cgroupdriver=systemd"]
}
EOF
{
"exec-opts": ["native.cgroupdriver=systemd"]
}
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# |
```

```
sudo systemctl enable docker
sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl restart docker
| Executing: /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable docker
| root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo systemctl daemon-reload
| root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo systemctl restart docker
| root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# |
```

Step 5: Run the below command to install Kubernets. curl -fsSL https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/deb/Release.key | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /etc/apt/keyrings/kubernetes-apt-keyring.gpg

echo 'deb [signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/kubernetes-apt-keyring.gpg]
https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/deb/ /' | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list

```
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# curl -fsSL https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/deb/Release.key |
sudo gpg --dearmor -o /etc/apt/keyrings/kubernetes-apt-keyring.gpg
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# |
```

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install -y kubelet kubeadm kubectl sudo apt-mark hold kubelet kubeadm kubectl

```
https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/deb//
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt-get update
E: Malformed entry 1 in list file /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list (URI)
E: The list of sources could not be read. root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# ^C
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# deb [signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/kubernetes-apt-keyring.gpg] https:/
/pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/deb/ /
Command 'deb' not found, did you mean:
command 'den' from snap den (1.2.0-0)
command 'dub' from snap dub (1.19.0)
  command 'dab' from deb bsdgames (2.17-30)
  command 'dub' from deb dub (1.34.0-1)
  command dub from deb dub (1.34.0-1)
command 'edb' from deb edb-debugger (1.3.0-2.1)
command 'debi' from deb devscripts (2.23.7)
command 'debc' from deb devscripts (2.23.7)
command debc from deb devscripts (2.23.7)
command 'dex' from deb dex (0.9.0-2)
command 'deb3' from deb quilt (0.67+really0.67-4)
command 'dcb' from deb iproute2 (6.1.0-lubuntu2)
command 'derb' from deb icu-devtools (74.2-lubuntu3.1)
See 'snap info <snapname>' for additional versions.
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo nano /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt-get update
E: Malformed entry 1 in list file /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list (URI)
E: The list of sources could not be read.
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo nano /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt-get update
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
Hit:4 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble InRelease
Hit:6 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
Get:5 https://prod-cdn.packages.k8s.io/repositories/isv:/kubernetes:/core:/stable:/v1.31/deb InRelease
 [1186 B]
Get:7 https://prod-cdn.packages.k8s.io/repositories/isv:/kubernetes:/core:/stable:/v1.31/deb Packages
[4865 B]
Fetched 6051 B in 1s (11.5 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#
```

sudo systemctl enable --now kubelet sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16

root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#

No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.

```
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt-mark hold kubelet kubeadm kubectl
 kubelet set on hold.
 kubeadm set on hold.
 kubectl set on hold.
 root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo systemctl enable --now kubelet
 root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16
 [init] Using Kubernetes version: v1.31.0
[preflight] Running pre-flight checks
W0926 08:45:24.774275 4285 checks.go:1
                                                                      4285 checks.go:1080] [preflight] WARNING: Couldn't create the interface used f
or talking to the container runtime: failed to create new CRI runtime service: validate service connect
 ion: validate CRI v1 runtime API for endpoint "unix:///var/run/containerd/containerd.sock": rpc error:
code = Unimplemented desc = unknown service runtime.v1.RuntimeService
  [WARNING FileExisting-socat]: socat not found in system path 
[preflight] Pulling images required for setting up a Kubernetes cluster
  [preflight] This might take a minute or two, depending on the speed of your internet connection
[preflight] You can also perform this action beforehand using 'kubeadm config images pull' error execution phase preflight: [preflight] Some fatal errors occurred: failed to create new CRI runtime service: validate service connection: validate CRI v1 runtime API for endpoint "unix://var/run/containservice: validate service runtime v1 RuntimeServices runtime v1 RuntimeServices runtime v1 RuntimeServices runtimes v1 Runt
ervice runtime.v1.RuntimeService[preflight] If you know what you are doing, you can make a check non-fa
 tal with `--ignore-preflight-errors=...
  To see the stack trace of this error execute with --v=5 or higher
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#
```

#### Now We have got an error.

So we have to perform some additional commands as follow.

sudo apt-get install -y containerd

```
The following NEW packages will be installed:
   containerd runc
 O upgraded, 2 newly installed, 2 to remove and 142 not upgraded.
 Need to get 47.2 MB of archives.
After this operation, 53.1 MB disk space will be freed.
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 runc amd64 1.1.12-Oubuntu
3.1 [8599 kB]
 Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 containerd amd64 1.7.12-0 ubuntu4.1 [38.6 MB]
Fetched 47.2 MB in 1s (78.9 MB/s)
(Reading database ... 68064 files and directories currently installed.)
Removing docker-ce (5:27.3.1-1~ubuntu.24.04~noble) ...
Removing containerd.io (1.7.22-1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package runc.
 (Reading database ... 68044 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../runc_1.1.12-Oubuntu3.1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking runc (1.1.12-Oubuntu3.1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package containerd.
Preparing to unpack .../containerd_1.7.12-Oubuntu4.1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking containerd (1.7.12-Oubuntu4.1) ...
 Setting up runc (1.1.12-Oubuntu3.1) .
 Setting up containerd (1.7.12-Oubuntu4.1)
 Processing triggers for man-db (2.12.0-4build2) ...
 Scanning processes...
Scanning linux images...
Running kernel seems to be up-to-date.
No services need to be restarted.
 No containers need to be restarted.
 No user sessions are running outdated binaries.
 No VM quests are running outdated hypervisor (gemu) binaries on this host.
 root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#
```

# sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd sudo containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml

```
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo mkdir -p /etc/containerd
sudo containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml
disabled_plugins = []
imports = []
oom\_score = 0
plugin_dir = ""
required_plugins = []
root = "/var/lib/containerd"
state = "/run/containerd"
temp = ""
version = 2
[cgroup]
  path = ""
[debug]
  address = ""
  format = ""
  gid = 0
   level = ""
  uid = 0
[grpc]
  address = "/run/containerd/containerd.sock"
  gid = 0
  max_recv_message_size = 16777216
  max_send_message_size = 16777216
  tcp_address = "'
tcp_tls_ca = ""
   tcp_tls_cert = ""
   tcp_tls_key = ""
  uid = 0
[metrics]
  address = ""
  grpc_histogram = false
[plugins]
   [plugins."io.containerd.gc.v1.scheduler"]
  deletion_threshold = 0
     mutation_threshold = 100
     pause_threshold = 0.02
     schedule_delay = "0s"
startup_delay = "100ms"
  [plugins."io.containerd.grpc.v1.cri"]
  cdi_spec_dirs = ["/etc/cdi", "/var/run/cdi"]
  device_ownership_from_security_context = false
     disable_apparmor = false
disable_cgroup = false
     disable_hugetlb_controller = true
     disable_proc_mount = false
     disable_tcp_service = true
     drain_exec_sync_io_timeout = "0s"
```

...

sudo systemctl restart containerd sudo systemctl enable containerd sudo systemctl status containerd

```
Tasks: 7

Memory: 13.8M (peak: 14.3M)

CPU: 111ms

CGroup: /system.slice/containerd.service

—4682 /usr/bin/containerd

Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292205693Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292247111Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292297409Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292314172Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292322854Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292329036Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292225859Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292225859Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292401004Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time="2024-09-26T08:47:02.292461784Z" level=info msg>
Sep 26 08:47:02 ip-172-31-82-74 containerd[4682]: time
```

#### sudo apt-get install -y socat

```
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt-get install -y socat
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
docker-buildx-plugin docker-ce-cli docker-ce-rootless-extras docker-compose-plugin libltdl7
  libslirp0 pigz slirp4netns
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 socat
O upgraded, 1 newly installed, O to remove and 142 not upgraded.
Need to get 374 kB of archives.
After this operation, 1649 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 socat amd64 1.8.0.0-4build3 [374
kB]
Fetched 374 kB in Os (16.8 MB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package socat.
(Reading database ... 68108 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../socat_1.8.0.0-4build3_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking socat (1.8.0.0-4build3)
Setting up socat (1.8.0.0-4build3)
Processing triggers for man-db (2.12.0-4build2) ...
Scanning processes...
Scanning linux images...
Running kernel seems to be up-to-date.
No services need to be restarted.
No containers need to be restarted.
No user sessions are running outdated binaries.
No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#
```

```
[certs] Generating "apiserver-kubelet-client" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "front-proxy-ca" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "front-proxy-client" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "etcd/ca" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "etcd/server" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "etcd/server" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "etcd/server" certificate and key
[certs] etcd/server serving cert is signed for DNS names [ip-172-31-82-74 localhost] and IPs [172.31.82.74 127.0.0.1 ::1]
[certs] Generating "etcd/peer" certificate and key
[certs] etcd/peer serving cert is signed for DNS names [ip-172-31-82-74 localhost] and IPs [172.31.82.74 127.0.0.1 ::1]
[certs] Generating "etcd/healthcheck-client" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "apiserver-etcd-client" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "sa" key and public key
[kubeconfig] Writing "subeconfig folder "/etc/kubernetes"
[kubeconfig] Writing "admin.conf" kubeconfig file
[kubeconfig] Writing "super-admin.conf" kubeconfig file
[kubeconfig] Writing "super-admin.conf" kubeconfig file
[kubeconfig] Writing "scheduler.conf" kubeconfig file
[kubeconfig] Writing "scheduler.conf" kubeconfig file
[kubeconfig] Writing "scheduler.conf" kubeconfig file
[control-plane] Using manifest for local etcd in "/etc/kubernetes/manifests"
[control-plane] Using manifest for local etcd in "/etc/kubernetes/manifests"
[control-plane] Creating static Pod manifest for "kube-controller-manager"
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet configuration to file "/var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml"
[kubelet-start] Starting the kubelet
```

```
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
  sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
  sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
  root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# |
```

Copy the mkdir and chown commands from the top and execute them. mkdir -p \$HOME/.kube sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf \$HOME/.kube/config sudo chown \$(id -u):\$(id -g) \$HOME/.kube/config

```
root@ip-1/2-31-82-/4:/home/ubuntu# mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
root@ip-1/2-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl apply -f
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml
error: flag needs an argument: 'f' in -f
See 'kubectl apply --help' for usage.
bash: https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml: No such f
ile or directory
root@ip-1/2-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/ma
ster/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml
namespace/kube-flannel created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/flannel created
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/flannel created
serviceaccount/flannel created
configmap/kube-flannel-cfg created
daemonset.apps/kube-flannel-ds created
root@ip-1/2-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#
```

Add a common networking plugin called flannel as mentioned in the code. sudo nano /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list

https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/deb//

#### kubectl apply -f

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml

Step 7: Now that the cluster is up and running, we can deploy our nginx server on this cluster. Apply this deployment file using this command to create a deployment

kubectl apply -f https://k8s.io/examples/application/deployment.yaml

```
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl apply -f https://k8s.io/examples/application/deployment.yaml
deployment.apps/nginx-deployment created
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#
kubectl get pods
root@ip-1/2-31-82-/4:/home/ubuntu# kubectl apply -† https://k8s.io/examples/application/deployment.yaml
deployment.apps/nginx-deployment created
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl get pods
                                           READY
                                                     STATUS
                                                                 RESTARTS
                                                                              AGE
nginx-deployment-d556bf558-g4cln
                                           0/1
                                                     Pending
                                                                 0
                                                                              17s
nginx-deployment-d556bf558-z19p4
                                           0/1
                                                                 0
                                                                              17s
                                                     Pending
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#
```

POD NAME=\$(kubectl get pods -l app=nginx -o jsonpath="{.items[0].metadata.name}")

kubectl port-forward \$POD NAME 8080:80

```
oot@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/ma
ster/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml
namespace/kube-flannel created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/flannel created
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/flannel created
serviceaccount/flannel created
configmap/kube-flannel-cfg created
daemonset.apps/kube-flannel-ds created
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl apply -f https://k8s.io/examples/application/deployment.yaml
deployment.apps/nginx-deployment created
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl get pods
                                      READY
                                               STATUS
                                                          RESTARTS
                                                                      AGE
                                               Pending
nginx-deployment-d556bf558-g4cln
                                      0/1
                                                          0
                                                                      17s
nginx-deployment-d556bf558-z19p4
                                      0/1
                                               Pending
                                                          0
                                                                      17s
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# POD_NAME=$(kubectl get pods -l app=nginx -o jsonpath="{.items[0].met
adata.name}
adata.name}")
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl port-forward $POD_NAME 8080:80
error: unable to forward port because pod is not running. Current status=Pending
 oot@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#
```

Note: We have faced an error as pod status is pending so make it running run below commands then again run above 2 commands.

http://node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane-

kubectl get nodes

```
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# ^C
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl taint nodes --all node-role.kubernetes.io/control-plane-
node/ip-172-31-82-74 untainted
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#
```

```
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl get nodes
NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION
ip-172-31-82-74 Ready control-plane 5m24s v1.31.1
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu#|
```

POD\_NAME=\$(kubectl get pods -l app=nginx -o jsonpath="{.items[0].metadata.name}")

## kubectl port-forward \$POD\_NAME 8080:80

```
oot@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl
                    STATUS
                              ROLES
                                                AGE
                                                         VERSION
ip-172-31-82-74
                    Ready
                              control-plane
                                                5m24s
                                                         v1.31.1
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl get pods
                                       READY
                                                STATUS
                                                           RESTARTS
nginx-deployment-d556bf558-g4cln
nginx-deployment-d556bf558-zl9p4
                                                Running
                                                                        3m27s
                                       1/1
                                                           0
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# POD_NAME=$(kubectl get pods -l app=nginx -o jsonpath="{.items[0].met
adata.name}")
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl port-forward $POD_NAME 8080:80
Forwarding from 127.0.0.1:8080 -> 80
Forwarding from [::1]:8080 -> 80
```

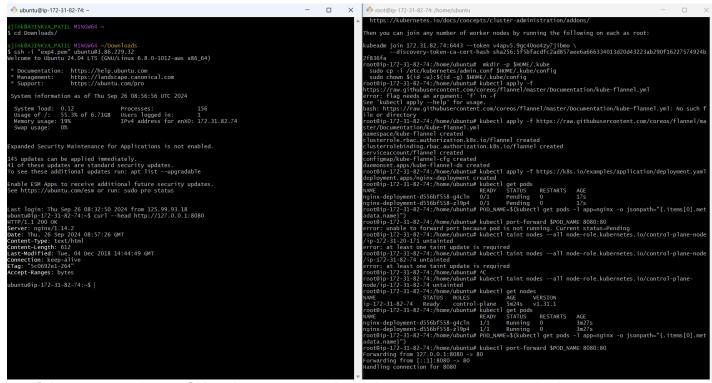
#### Step 8: Verify your deployment

Open up a new terminal and ssh to your EC2 instance.

Then, use this curl command to check if the Nginx server is running.

# curl --head http://127.0.0.1:8080

```
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl
                                                        VERSION
                    STATUS
                              ROLES
                                                AGE
ip-172-31-82-74
                              control-plane
                                                5m24s
                                                        v1.31.1
                    Ready
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl
                                               get pods
NAME
                                      READY
                                               STATUS
                                                          RESTARTS
                                                                       AGE
                                      1/1
1/1
nginx-deployment-d556bf558-g4cln
                                                                       3m27s
                                               Running
nginx-deployment-d556bf558-z19p4
                                                          0
                                                                       3m27s
                                               Running
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# POD_NAME=$(kubectl get pods -l app=nginx -o jsonpath="{.items[0].met
root@ip-172-31-82-74:/home/ubuntu# kubectl port-forward $POD_NAME 8080:80
Forwarding from 127.0.0.1:8080 -> 80
Forwarding from [::1]:8080 -> 80
```



If the response is 200 OK and you can see the Nginx server name, your deployment was

#### successful.

We have successfully deployed our Nginx server on our EC2 instance.

## **Conclusion:**

In this experiment, we successfully installed Kubernetes on an EC2 instance and deployed an Nginx server using Kubectl commands. During the process, we encountered two main errors: the Kubernetes pod was initially in a pending state, which was resolved by removing the control-plane taint using kubectl taint nodes --all, and we also faced an issue with the missing containerd runtime, which was fixed by installing and starting containerd. We used a **t2.medium EC2 instance with 2 CPUs** to meet the necessary resource requirements for the Kubernetes setup and deployment.