# GDP Analysis

### Objective

Analysis of GDP, Per capita for States by sector and sub-sector

Categorizing states into groups based on GDP per capita

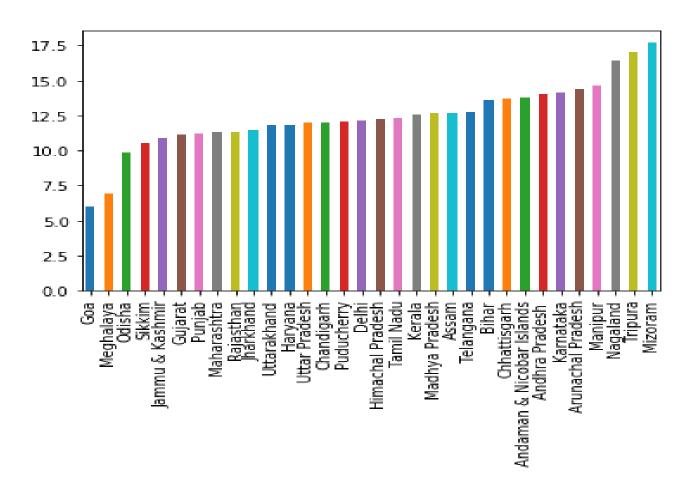
# Date Cleaning

- Remove rows/column with all NA
- Removing the unwanted columns
- Selecting the data for specific duration

#### Part 1-A

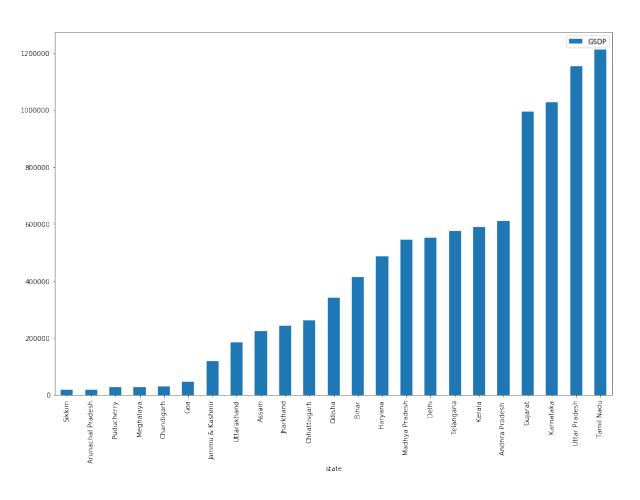
Finding the average GDP growth

### Average growth state wise



- Consistently fast Mizoram, Tripura, Nagaland, Manipur, Arunachal Pradesh
- Struggling Goa, Meghalaya, Odisha, Sikkim, Jammu & Kashmir
- Fastest 3 is growing above 15%. Slowest 2 is growing at below 7.5, nearly half of fastest
- Most of the states growth are in the range of 10 -13

#### **GSDP**

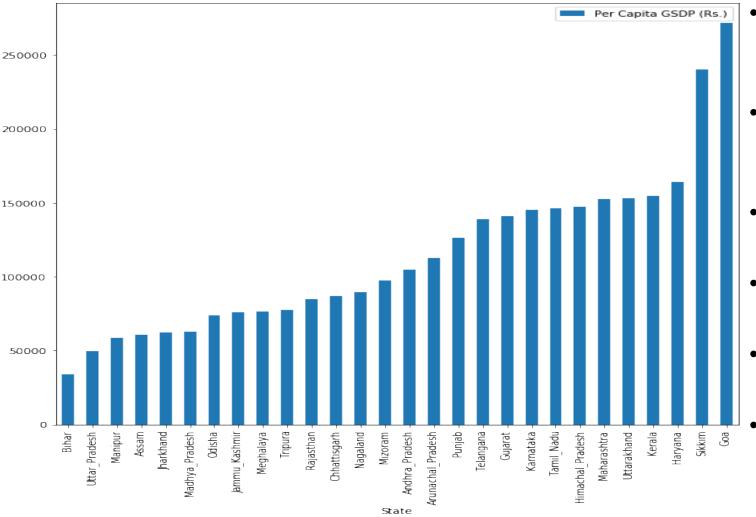


- Top 5 Tamilnadu , Uttar Pradesh , Karnataka, Gujarat, Andhra Pradesh
- Bottom 5 Sikkim, Arunachal,
   Meghalaya, Pondicherry, Chandigarh
- Top5 states are larger states, Bottom 5 states are smaller states.

#### Part 1-B

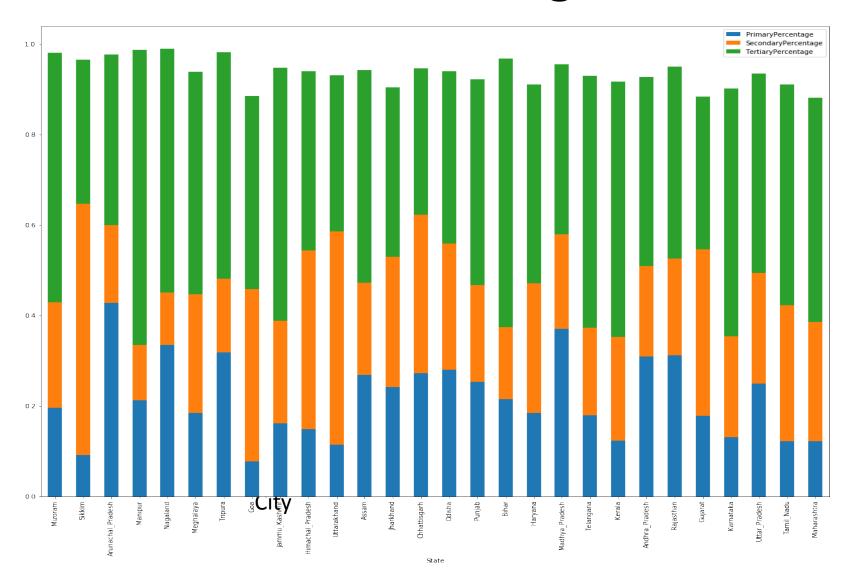
- Per capita GDP analysis of state (2014-2015)
- Categorize based on per capita

### Percapita GSDP By State



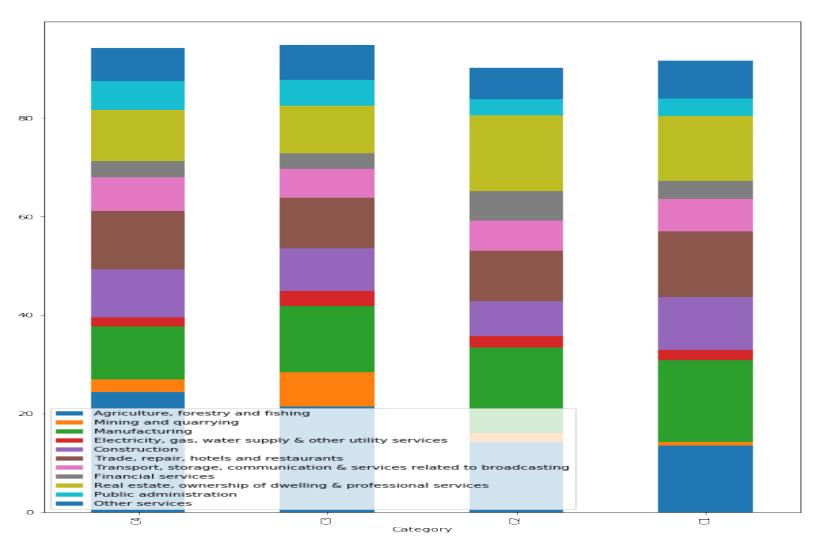
- Top 5 Goa, Sikkim, Haryana, Kerala, Uttarakhand
- Bottom 5 Bihar, Uttar Pradesh ,Manipur, Assam, Jharkhand
- Ratio of Highest to Lowest Percapita GSDP – 8
- Goa and Sikkim is far ahead of the rest of the states
- Bihar compared to second last state, also lot to improve
- North and North east states have to improve

# State Sector Percentage wise



Top 5 – Primary Sector contributes significant part of the GSDP

#### Subsector wise - State



- Manufacturing,
   Agriculture
   contribute most for
   every category
- Electricity &
   Utilities
   contribution is least
   across the category

# Top Sub-sector per Category

- C1 –Manufacturing, Agriculture, forestry and fishing, Trade, repair, hotels and restaurants, Real estate, ownership of dwelling & professional services, Construction, Other services, Transport, storage, communication & services related to broadcasting
- C2- Manufacturing ,Real estate, ownership of dwelling & professional services, Agriculture, forestry and fishing , Trade, repair, hotels and restaurant, Construction, Other services ,Financial services , Transport, storage, communication & services related to broadcasting
- C3- Agriculture, forestry and fishing, Manufacturing, Trade, repair, hotels and restaurants, Real estate, ownership of dwelling & professional services, Construction, Other services, Mining and quarrying, Transport, storage, communication & services related to broadcasting
- C4- Agriculture, forestry and fishing, Trade, repair, hotels and restaurants, Manufacturing, Real estate, ownership of dwelling & professional services, Construction, Transport, storage, communication & services related to broadcasting, Other services

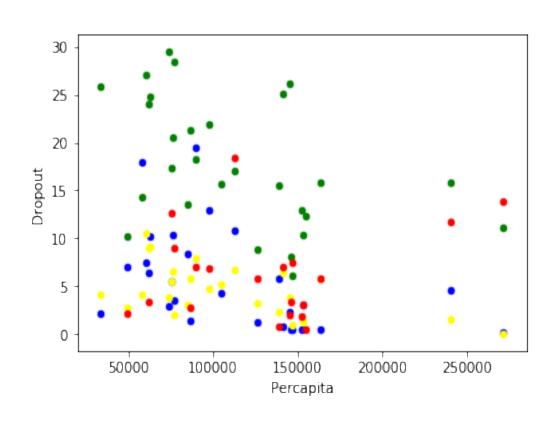
# Top Sub-sector per Category

- C1 Manufacturing ,Agriculture and Trade contribute significantly, should focus on Financial services , Mining and Public Administration
- C2 Manufacturing ,Real Estate and Agriculture contribute significantly, should to focus on Mining , Public Administration and Electricity.
- C3 Agriculture, Manufacturing and Trade contribute significantly, should focus on Electricity and Financial Services.
- C4 Agriculture ,Trade and Realestate contribute significantly, should focus on Manufacturing, Electricity and Financial Services.

#### Part 2

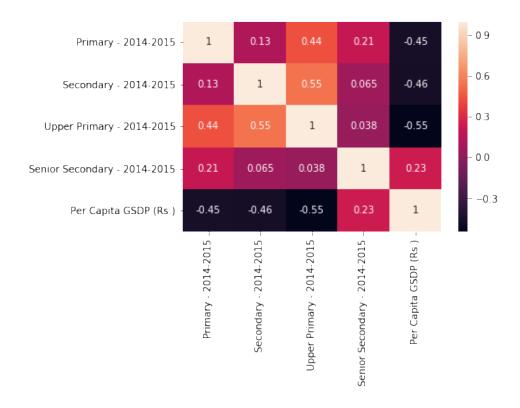
• Education dropout correlation with per capita

### Education Drop – Percapita wise



- Negative correlation for Primary ,Secondary and Upper Primary
- Light Positive correlation for Senior Secondary

#### Correlation



- Dropout from Primary, Secondary and Upper Primary has an impact on the percapita
- States should have program to ensure the dropouts are reduced.