# Lead Scoring Case Study

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## **Business Objective**

- To understand X Education to select the most promising leads, i.e. promising customers.
- To develop a model to assign a lead score value between 0 and 100 to each of the customer and can be used by the company to target potential customers.
- Model should be able to adjust with companys future requirement

# **Problem Solving Methodology**

#### Data Set & Data Preparation

Increasing data understandability and cleaning

#### **Feature elimination**

Using recursive feature elimination technique n to identify the best performing subset of features.

#### Analyze the RFE and VIF

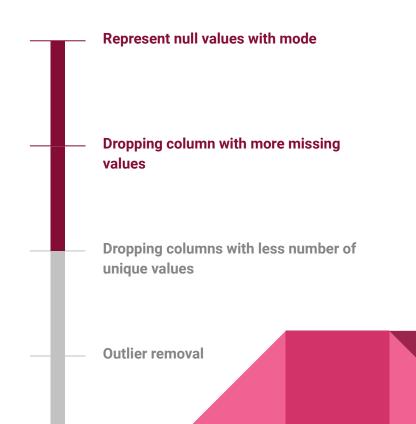
Eliminating features for the best model

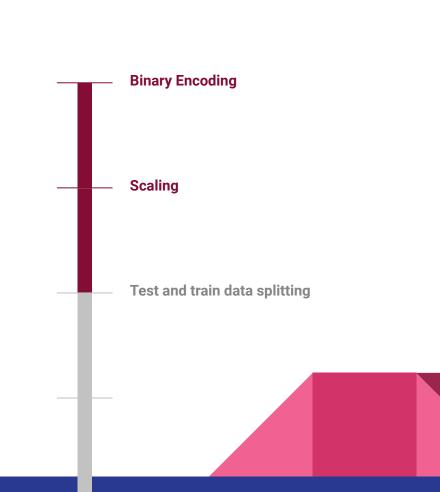
#### Prediction

Using model do prediction **Qptimim cutoff value** mdel evaluation need to b**and dependent** done **variables** 

Perform model evaluation

### **Data Set & Data Preparation**





#### **Feature Elimination**

Recursive feature elimination

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
logreg = LogisticRegression()

from sklearn.feature_selection import RFE
rfe = RFE(logreg, 20)  # running RFE with 15 variables as output
rfe = rfe.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

# **Predicting Probability**

Predicted probabilities

In the given sce

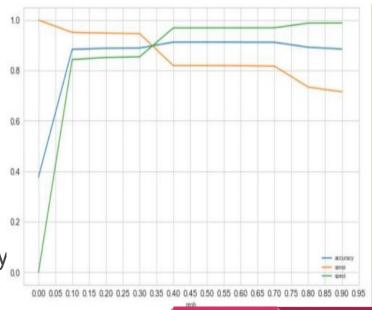
	Converted	Converted_prob	Prospectio
0	0	0.001180	7551
1	1	0.923196	8564
2	0	0.027128	4354
3	1	0.997553	112
4	1	0.604931	7270

Converted Converted prob Droeport ID

	Converted	Converted_prob	Prospect ID	predicted
0	0	0.001180	7551	0
1	1	0.923196	8564	1
2	0	0.027128	4354	0
3	1	0.997553	112	1
4	- 1	0.604931	7270	1

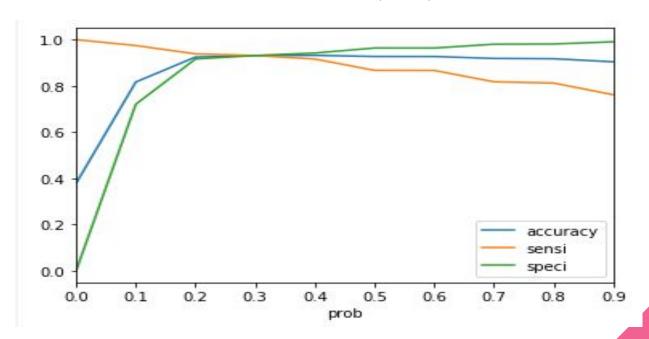
# Finding optimal probability curve

- The accuracy sensitivity and specificity was calculated for various values of probability threshold and plotted in the graph to the right.
- From the curve above, 0.33 is found to be the optimum point for cutoff probability.
- At this threshold value, all the 3 metrics accuracy sensitivity and specificity was found to be well above 80% which is a well acceptable value.



# Plotting ROC

Receiver Operating Characteristics (ROC) Curve



# Making predictions on data set

The final model on the train dataset is used to make predictions for the test dataset

	Prospect ID	Converted	Converted_prob	final_predicted
0	6233	0	0.009222	0
1	339	0	0.001551	0
2	2519	1	0.994833	1
3	2410	0	0.104106	0
4	1534	0	0.179586	0

### Lead score calculation

- •The train and test dataset is concatenated to get the entire list of leads available.
- •Higher the lead score, higher is the probability of a lead getting converted and vice versa,

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