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Experiment No.	7

AIM:	Implement various text processing problems.
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Program 1

PROBLEM STATEMENT:	Write a program to count the number of vowels, consonants, total characters and words in the given string.
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ALGORITHM:	<p>START</p> <p>2. Define integer function vowel with a character c as parameter</p> <p>3. If(c is equal to any of vowels)</p> <p>Return 1</p> <p>Else</p> <p>Return 0</p> <p>4. Define integer function consonant with a character c as parameter</p> <p>5. If(vowels(c)=0 and ((c>=65 and c<=90)or(c>=97 and c<=122))</p> <p>Return 1</p> <p>Else</p> <p>Return 0</p> <p>6. Define integer function words with a character array str[] as parameter</p> <p>7. Count =0, i=0</p> <p>8. If (str[i] is equal to ' ')</p> <p>count++</p> <p>9. I++</p> <p>10. Return count+1</p> <p>11. Define main function</p> <p>12. Input string str</p> <p>13. I=0,vcount=0,ccount=0</p> <p>14. If(vowels(str[i])=1)</p> <p>vcount++</p>
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	<pre> Else(consonants(str[i]=1)) ccount++ 15. Repeat till str[i]!=0 16. Print vcount 17. Print ccount 18. Print vcount+ccount 19. Print words(str) 20. Print i 21. STOP </pre>
PROGRAM:	<pre> #include<stdio.h> int vowel(char l) { if (l == 'a' l == 'e' l == 'i' l == 'o' l == 'u' l == 'A' l == 'E' l == 'I' l == 'O' l == 'U') return 1; else return 0; } int consonant(char l) { if (vowel(l)==0 && ((l>=65 && l<=90) (l>=97 && l<=122))) return 1; else return 0; } int words(char str[]) { int count=0; for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++) { if(str[i]==' ') count++; } return count+1; } </pre>

```

int main()
{
    int vc=0,cc=0,i;
    char str[100];
    printf("Enter the string\n");
    scanf("%[^\\n]s",str);
    for(i=0;str[i]!='\\0';i++)
    {
        if(vowel(str[i])==1)
            vc++;
        else if(consonant(str[i])==1)
            cc++;
    }
    printf("Number of vowels: %d\\nNumber of consonants: %d\\nNumber of Characters: %d\\nNumber of words: %d\\nLength of String: %d",vc,cc,vc+cc,words(str),i);
    return 0;
}

```

RESULT:

```

PS D:\C Programming\C Practicals-SPIT\Experiment-7> cd "C:\C Programming\C Practicals-SPIT\Experiment-7"
rog1 } ; if ($?) { .\prog1 }
Enter the string
hello you 2, how are you doing?
Number of vowels: 11
Number of consonants: 11
Number of Characters: 22
Number of words: 7
Length of String: 31
PS D:\C Programming\C Practicals-SPIT\Experiment-7> 

```

Program 2

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Write a Menu driven Program to: (Do not use library functions)

- i) copy one string to another one by one character.
- ii) Find the string length
- iii) compare two strings
- iv) reverse the string
- v) Concatenate one string to another string.
- vi) lower case to upper

ALGORITHM:

1. START
2. Define void function copystr with two character arrays str[] and strn[] as parameters.
3. Int i=0
4. strn[i]=str[i]
5. i++
6. Repeat 5 and 6 untill str[i]!=0
7. strn[i]=0
8. Define integer function length with character array str[] as parameters
9. i=0
10. i++
11. Repeat 10 till str[i]!=0
12. Return i
13. Define void function compare with 3 character array str1[], str2[] and str[] as parameters
14. int i=0, count=0
15. if(str1[i]<str2[i])
copystr(str2,str)
count=1
Go to step
else if(str1[i]>str2[i])
copystr(str1,str)
count=1

	<p>Go to step</p> <p>16. i++</p> <p>17. Repeat 15 and 16 till str1[i] =0 or str2[i]=0</p> <p>18. if count=0</p> <p> copystestr(str1,str)</p> <p>19. Define void function reverse with 2 character arrays str[] and strn[] as parameters.</p> <p>20. Int length = length(str)</p> <p>21. i=0</p> <p>22. strn[i] = str[len-i-1]</p> <p>23. i++</p> <p>24. Repeat 22 and 23 till i<len</p> <p>25. str[len]=0</p> <p>26. Define void function concatenate with 3 character arrays str1[], str2[] and str[] as parameters.</p> <p>27. Len = length(str1), i=0</p> <p>28. str[i]=str1[i]</p> <p>29. i++</p> <p>30. Repeat 28 and 29 till str[i]!=0</p> <p>31. str[i]=str2[i-len]</p> <p>32. i++</p> <p>33. Repeat 31 and 32 till str2[i-len]!=0</p> <p>34. str[i]=0</p> <p>35. Define void function convert with two character arrays str[] and strn[] as parameters.</p> <p>36. Int i=0</p> <p>37. if(str[i]>=97 and str[i]<=122)</p> <p> strn[i] = str[i]-32</p> <p> else</p> <p> strn[i] = str[i]</p> <p>38. i++</p> <p>39. Repeat 37 and 38 till str[i] !=0</p> <p>40. Define main function</p>
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	41. Input two strings str1[] and str2[] 42. int option 43. Input option 44. If (option ==1) copystr(str1,strn1) copystr(str2,strn2) print str1 and str2 else if (option == 2) print length(str1) and length(str2) else if (option == 3) compare(str1,str2,strn) print strn else if (option == 4) reverse(str1,strn1) reverse(str2,strn2) print strn1 and strn2 else if (option == 5) concatenate(str1,str2,strn) print strn else if (option == 6) convert(str1,strn1) convert(str2,strn2) print strn1 and strn2 45. Return 0 46. STOP
PROGRAM:	<pre> #include<stdio.h> void copystr(char strc1[],char strc2[]) { int i=0; while(strc1[i]!='\0') { strc2[i]=strc1[i]; i++; } strc2[i]='\0'; } </pre>

```

int length(char str[])
{
    int i;
    for (i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++);
    return i;
}
void compare(char str1[],char str2[],char strg[])
{
    int c=0;
    for(int i=0;(str1[i]!='\0' || str2[i]!='\0');i++)
    {
        if(str1[i]<str2[i])
        {
            copystr(str2,strg);
            c=1;
            break;
        }
        else if(str1[i]>str2[i])
        {
            copystr(str1,strg);
            c=1;
            break;
        }
        if(c==0)
            copystr(str1,strg);
    }
}
void reverse(char str[],char strr[])
{
    int i;
    int len = length(str);
    for(i=0;i<len;i++)
    {
        strr[i]=str[len-i-1];
    }
    strr[i]='\0';
}
void concat(char str1[],char str2[],char strn[])
{

```

```

int i=0,j=0;
while(str1[i]!='\0')
{
    strn[i]=str1[i];
    i++;
}
while(str2[j]!='\0')
{
    strn[i]=str2[j];
    i++;
    j++;
}
strn[i]='\0';
}
void upper(char str[])
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        if(str[i]>='a' && str[i]<='z')
            str[i]=str[i]-32;
    }
}
int main()
{
    char str1[100],str2[100];
    char str3[100],str4[100],str5[100],str6[100];
    int option;
    printf("Enter string 1: ");
    scanf("%[^\n]s",str1);
    printf("Enter string 2: ");
    scanf(" %[^\n]s",str2);
    do
    {
        printf("WELCOME!\n");
        printf("1. Copy String\n");
        printf("2. Length of String\n");
        printf("3. Compare Strings\n");
        printf("4. Reverse Strings\n");
    }

```



```
printf("5. Concatenate Strings\n");
printf("6. Lower to Upper\n");
printf("7. Exit\n");
printf("Enter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &option);
switch(option)
{
    case 1:
    {
        copystr(str1,str3);
        printf("Copied String 1: %s\n",str3);
        copystr(str2,str4);
        printf("Copied String 2: %s\n",str4);
        break;
    }
    case 2:
    {
        printf("Length of String 1: %d\n",length(str1));
        printf("Length of String 2: %d\n",length(str2));
        break;
    }
    case 3:
    {
        compare(str1,str2,str5);
        printf("The greater string is: %s\n",str5);
        break;
    }
    case 4:
    {
        reverse(str1,str3);
        reverse(str2,str4);
        printf("Reversed String 1: %s\n",str3);
        printf("Reversed String 2: %s\n",str4);
        break;
    }
    case 5:
    {
        concat(str1,str2,str6);
        printf("Concatenated String: %s\n",str6);
    }
}
```

```
        break;
    }
    case 6:
    {
        upper(str1);
        upper(str2);
        printf("Uppercase String 1: %s\n",str1);
        printf("Uppercase String 2: %s\n",str2);
        break;
    }
    case 7:
    {
        printf("Thank you!\n");
        break;
    }
    default:
    {
        printf("Invalid Choice Try again!");
        break;
    }
}
}while(option!=7);
return 0;
}
```

RESULT:

```
Enter string 1: hello how are you?
Enter string 2: I am fine!
WELCOME!
1. Copy String
2. Length of String
3. Compare Strings
4. Reverse Strings
5. Concatenate Strings
6. Lower to Upper
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Copied String 1: hello how are you?
Copied String 2: I am fine!
WELCOME!
1. Copy String
2. Length of String
3. Compare Strings
4. Reverse Strings
5. Concatenate Strings
6. Lower to Upper
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Length of String 1: 18
Length of String 2: 10
WELCOME!
1. Copy String
2. Length of String
3. Compare Strings
4. Reverse Strings
5. Concatenate Strings
6. Lower to Upper
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
The greater string is: hello how are you?
WELCOME!
1. Copy String
2. Length of String
3. Compare Strings
4. Reverse Strings
5. Concatenate Strings
6. Lower to Upper
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Reversed String 1: ?uooy era woh olleh
Reversed String 2: !enif ma I
WELCOME!
1. Copy String
2. Length of String
3. Compare Strings
4. Reverse Strings
5. Concatenate Strings
6. Lower to Upper
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Concatenated String: hello how are you?I am fine!
WELCOME!
1. Copy String
2. Length of String
3. Compare Strings
4. Reverse Strings
5. Concatenate Strings
6. Lower to Upper
7. Exit
```

```
Concatenated String: hello how are you?I am fine!
```

```
WELCOME!
1. Copy String
2. Length of String
3. Compare Strings
4. Reverse Strings
5. Concatenate Strings
6. Lower to Upper
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 6
Uppercase String 1: HELLO HOW ARE YOU?
Uppercase String 2: I AM FINE!
WELCOME!
1. Copy String
2. Length of String
3. Compare Strings
4. Reverse Strings
5. Concatenate Strings
6. Lower to Upper
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 7
Thank you!
PS D:\C Programming\C Practicals-SPIT\Experiment-7>
```

Program 3

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Write a program to find and replace a particular word from the string.
Input: I LOVE CANADA BECAUSE CANADA IS A GREAT COUNTRY
Word to Find : CANADA Word to replace :INDIA Output:I LOVE INDIA BECAUSE INDIA IS A GREAT COUNTRY

ALGORITHM:

1. START (replacestr)
 2. Initialize str1 & str2
 3. Wordlen = strlen(wor)
 4. Len = strlen(str)
 5. For i=0,i++
 6. match = strstr(str, wor)
 7. if(!(match))
 8. break
 9. match = match + wordle
 10. strcpy(str2,match)
 11. match = match - wordlen
 12. if(match)
 13. strcpy(match,rep)
 14. strcat(str,str2);
 15. Output str
 16. STOP
-
1. START (main)
 2. Input str,wor,rep
 3. replacestr(str, wor, rep)
 4. STOP

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void replacestr(char str[],char wor[],char rep[])
{
    char str1[100],str2[200];
    char* match;
    int i;
    int wordlen = strlen(wor);
```

```

int len = strlen(str);
strcpy(str1,str);
for(i=0;i<len;i++)
{
    match = strstr(str, wor);
    if(!(match))
        break;

    match = match + wordlen;
    strcpy(str2,match);
    match = match - wordlen;
    if(match)
    {
        strcpy(match,rep);
    }
    strcat(str,str2);
}
printf("%s", str);
}
int main()
{
    char str[100], wor[100], rep[100];
    printf("Enter the sentence:\n");
    scanf("%[^\n]s", str);
    printf("Enter the word to be replaced:\n");
    scanf(" %[^\n]s", wor);
    printf("Enter the replacement word:\n");
    scanf(" %[^\n]s", rep);
    replacestr(str, wor, rep);
    return 0;
}

```

RESULT:

```
PS D:\C Programming\C Practicals-SPIT\Experiment-7> cd
rog3 } ; if ($?) { .\prog3 }
Enter the sentence:
I LOVE CANADA BECAUSE CANADA IS A GREAT COUNTRY
Enter the word to be replaced:
CANADA
Enter the replacement word:
INDIA
I LOVE INDIA BECAUSE INDIA IS A GREAT COUNTRY
PS D:\C Programming\C Practicals-SPIT\Experiment-7> █
```

CONCLUSION:

We learnt how to initialize strings in c and how to use strings to solve word/text processing problems by using string.h library of C and performing functions like searching, sorting, comparing and copying strings.