CS518

Operating System

[A2 Report]

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Objective:

To implement a write-once file system

Super Block Structure:

This structure consists of

- The size variable stores the size of the filesystem
- free_blocks shows the number of unused blocks
- Used blocks shows the used blocks
- Last_used_block keeps a track of the last Accessed Block Index in the data region
- Structured is used to validate if the disk is in the right format or not

typedef struct

```
{
  int size;
  int free_blocks;
  int used_blocks;
  int last_used_block;
  char format[9];
} superblock t;
```

Inode Structure:

The inode t structure consists of

- Name variable which holds the name of the file.
- Blocks store the number of blocks used by the file.
- Fd represents the file descriptor.
- Last_updated_node indicates the index of the last updated node.
- File block array to represent the file data blocks in the data region.
- *next points to next inode.

```
typedef struct
{
  char name[256];
  int blocks;
  int fd:
  int last updated node;
  short int file block[4096];
  struct inode t *next;
} inode t;
Open File Structure:
File access mode, Pointer to the inode, Current file cursor
typedef struct open file
 int mode;
 inode t*inode;
 int cursor;
} open file;
```

Additional Data Structure:

char *disk Name; variable to hold disk name

Pointers to the file system in memory

- **char *file_system;** Pointer to the file system in memory
- char *data region; Pointer to the data region in memory
- inode t *inode region; Pointer to the inode region in memory
- superblock t *superblock region; Pointer to the superblock in memory
- open file open file table[MAX FILES]; Open file table

Build instructions:

Make all: for creating the library file. Make clean: to clean after execution.