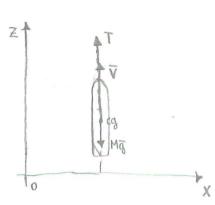
#### 29/01/09 EXAM

# Question 1

a) Equations of motion for the vertical flight of a single stage rocket in an homogeneus gravity field and in vacuum



Equation of Motion

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{V}} \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{V}} = V - M_{0}$$

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from the first: 
$$\frac{dV}{olt} = \frac{T}{M} - Q$$

BURNOUT VELOUTY VE,

$$dV = \frac{T}{M}dt - gdt$$

1 homogeneus gravity field => g = go

anuuntions

Vaccum => D=0

dV = c mdt - godt

Vb= cln 1 - goth

 $m = -\frac{dM}{dt}$ 

Mo = initial mon

$$\Lambda = \frac{M_0}{M_0 - mt_0} = \frac{1}{1}$$

BURNOUT HEIGHT RP.

$$R_{g} = \int_{0}^{t_{g}} V dt = \int_{0}^{t_{g}} c \ln \frac{M_{0}}{M} dt - \int_{0}^{t_{g}} ot dt$$

$$R_{b} = \int_{H_{0}}^{Me} \left(-c \ln \frac{H}{H_{0}}\right) \left(-\frac{dH}{m}\right) - \frac{9ete^{2}}{2}$$

Using:

- 
$$tB = \frac{Mo - He}{m} = \frac{cHo}{T} \left( 1 - \frac{He}{Mo} \right) \frac{go}{go} = \frac{Isp}{4b} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{A} \right)$$

integrating

=> hg = 
$$\frac{\text{Moc}}{m} \left[ \frac{\text{H}}{\text{Ho}} \ln \frac{\text{H}}{\text{Ho}} - \frac{\text{H}}{\text{Ho}} \right] \frac{\text{He}}{\text{Ho}} - \frac{90 \text{ Tsp}^2}{240^2} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\Lambda} \right)^2 =$$

$$= \frac{\text{Hoc}}{m} \left[ -\frac{1}{\Lambda} \text{Pm} \Lambda - \frac{1}{\Lambda} + 1 \right] - \frac{90 \text{Tsp}^2}{246^2} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\Lambda} \right)^2 =$$

$$=\frac{\text{Ho }c^2}{\Gamma}\frac{g_0}{g_0}\left[1-\frac{1}{\Delta}\left(m\Lambda+1\right)\right]-\frac{g_0c^2}{2g_0x\psi_0^2}\left(1-\frac{1}{\Delta}\right)^2=$$

$$\frac{\hbar g}{g_0 \psi_0} = \frac{C^2}{g_0 \psi_0} \left[ \pm -\frac{\pm}{\Lambda} \left( en\Lambda + \pm \right) \right] - \frac{C^2}{2g_0 \psi_0^2} \left( \pm -\frac{\pm}{\Lambda} \right)^2 = \frac{C^2}{g_0 \psi_0} \left\{ \left[ \pm -\frac{\pm}{\Lambda} \left( en\Lambda + \pm \right) \right] - \frac{\pm}{2\psi_0} \left( \pm -\frac{\pm}{\Lambda} \right)^2 \right\}$$

8) Compaile the TOTAL steading man of the rocket

$$M = \frac{T}{C} = \frac{T}{1 + 90} = 3 \times \frac{3300000 \text{ N}}{4021.1 \text{ m/s}} = 2461.4 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}}$$

$$E = \frac{Mc}{Hc + He} = 0.12$$
 => ENC + EHP = Hc => Hc =  $\frac{EHP}{(1-E)}$  = 27970,5 kg

Hstage = MP + Mc = 
$$\frac{E}{1-E}$$
 HP + MP =  $(\frac{\pm}{1-E})$  HP = 233087, 5 kg

# c) Compute the instantaneous man and acceleration of the rocket at the following mounts:

#### 2. Rejoce the cutral CBC thoutles down

$$a_2 = \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{T}{H_2} - a_y = \frac{9900000 \text{ N}}{6211925 \text{ Kg}} - 9.81 \text{ m/5}^2 = 6.13 \text{ m/5}^2$$

# 3. After the central CBC throather down,

$$q_3 = \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{T_3}{H_3} - q = \frac{8250000 \text{ kg}}{621192.5 \text{ kg}} = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 = 3.117 \text{ m/s}^2$$

#### 4. Before the outboard CBCS shot down

$$m_4 - \frac{T_3}{c} = \frac{T_3}{40 \text{ Tsp}} = \frac{8250000 \text{ N}}{4022.1 \text{ m/s}} = 2.051, 2 \frac{\text{Kg}}{5}$$

$$Q_{\text{H}} = \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{T_3}{M_{\text{H}}} - q = \frac{8250000 \text{ N}}{210952.5 \text{ Kg}} - q = 29.3 \text{ m/s}^2$$

### 5 After the central (of his throthed back up to full power

$$m_6 = \frac{T_6}{90 \text{ Tsp}} = \frac{3^{\circ}300^{\circ}000 \text{ N}}{4022.1 \text{ m/s}} = 820.5 \frac{k_8}{6}$$

often th= 2005 mention = 
$$\frac{50\% T^1}{90Tsp} = \frac{1650\,000\,\text{N}}{4022.1\,\text{m/s}} = 440.2\,\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{S}}$$

### Verilication

$$a_6 = \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{T_6}{M_6} - g_0 = \frac{33000000 \,\text{N}}{72959.5 \,\text{kg}}$$

$$9.81 \, \text{cm/s}^2 = 35.1 \, \text{m/s}^2$$

# ? d) Commute the velocity and the height of the nocket at the following moments

#### 1. Throtte down of center CBC t2. 509

$$V_2 = C \theta n N_2 - got_2$$
  $\Delta_2 = \frac{M \tau \sigma \tau}{M \tau \sigma \tau} = \frac{M \tau \sigma \tau}{M 2} = \frac{74 \mu' 262.5 \text{ kg}}{624.192.5 \text{ kg}} = 1.2$ 

$$\Re 2 = \frac{c^2}{q_0 \psi_0} \left\{ \left[ \pm \frac{1}{\Lambda_2} \left( \Re \Lambda_2 + \pm 1 \right) \right] - \frac{\pm}{2 \psi_0} \left( \pm \frac{1}{\Lambda_2} \right)^2 \right\}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{(g_0 I_{5p})^2}{g_0 \psi_0} = \frac{16177268.4 m^{3/52}}{13.7 m/52} \left[ [1 - 0.83(0.18 + 1)] - 0.36(1 - 0.83)^2 \right] =$$

## 2. Thuthe back up of centre CBC

$$V_5' = g_0 T_{5p} \ln \Delta_5 - g_0(t_4) = h022.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot 1.4 - 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 200 \text{ s} = 5630.9 \text{ m/s} - 1962 \text{ m/s} = 3668.9 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\hat{h}'_{5} = \frac{(90\text{Tsp})^{2}}{9046} \left\{ \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{\Lambda_{5}} (8_{M}\Lambda_{5} + 1) \right] - \frac{1}{240} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\Lambda_{5}} \right)^{2} \right\} = 1180823, 57 \text{ m} \left\{ \left[ 1 - 0.26 \left( 1.4 + 1 \right) \right] - 0.36 \left( 1 - 0.25 \right)^{2} \right\} = 1180823, 57 \text{ m}$$

= 
$$\pm 1180823.97$$
 on  $\{0.4 - 0.203\}$  =  $233213$  m  $\approx 233$  Vuly

### Bovenout of centre CBC

V6 = gotsp &n A6 - go (t6) = 4021,1 m/s , 0.75 - 3.81 m/s . 100s = 3016.6 m/s - 981 m/s = 2035.6 m/s V6 = V6+V5 = 5936.3 m/s

$$h_{6}^{\prime} = \frac{(90 \text{ Tspl}^{2})}{90 \text{ po}} \left[ \left[ \pm \frac{1}{\Lambda_{6}} (\text{Pm} \Lambda_{6} + \pm) \right] - \frac{\pm}{2 \text{ po}} \left[ \pm \frac{1}{\Lambda_{6}} \right]^{2} \right] = \pm 180823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 \right)^{2} \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 \right)^{2} \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 \right)^{2} \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right) \right] = 1280823.9 \pm \text{ pm} \left[ \left[ \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right] - 0.36 \left( \pm - 0.48 (0.75 + \pm) \right) \right]$$

? (2) Compute the maximum height achieved by the combined second stage and prayload, ancuring the second stage is not ignited

tourting = 
$$\frac{V_6}{90} = \frac{5817.33 \text{ m/s}}{9.84 \text{ m/s}^2} = 5935$$



