lab2

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1 Hidden Markov Model

```
set.seed(123)
library(HMM)
states = as.character(0:9)
emissionSymbols = as.character(0:9)
transitionProb = matrix(0,nrow = 10, ncol = 10)
for (j in 1:10) {
  transitionProb[j,j] = 0.5
  transitionProb[j,j\frac{1}{10}10 +1] = 0.5
}
# print(transitionProb)
emissionProb = matrix(0,nrow = 10, ncol = 10)
for (j in 1:10) {
  for (i in 1:5) {
    emissionProb[(j+i-4)\%10+1,j] = 0.2
  }
}
# print(emissionProb)
startProb = rep(0.1,10)
hmm = initHMM(States = states, Symbols = emissionSymbols,
              startProbs = startProb, transProbs = transitionProb,
              emissionProbs = emissionProb)
```

2 Simulate 100 time steps

```
nIter = 100
simulation = simHMM(hmm, nIter)
# print(simulation)
```

3 Filtering, smoothing and most probable path

```
# using exp() to avoid -inf values that create
# NaN values in the probability distribution
alpha = exp(forward(hmm, simulation$observation))
beta = exp(backward(hmm, simulation$observation))
```

```
#filtered distribution
filteredProbs = matrix(0, nrow=10, ncol=nIter)
for (t in 1:nIter) {
    filteredProbs[, t] = alpha[,t] / sum(alpha[,t])
}
# print(filteredProbs)

#smoothed probability distribution
smoothedProbs = matrix(0, nrow=10, ncol=nIter)
for (t in 1:nIter) {
    smoothedProbs[, t] = (alpha*beta)[,t] / sum((alpha*beta)[,t])
}
# print(smoothedProbs)

#most probable path via viterbi
probablePath = viterbi(hmm, simulation$observation)
# print(probablePath)
```

4 Accuracy of the filtered, smoothed and probable path probability distributions

```
filteredProbs = apply(filteredProbs, 2, prop.table)
smoothedProbs = apply(smoothedProbs, 2, prop.table)
filteredStates = apply(filteredProbs, 2, which.max)
smoothedStates = apply(smoothedProbs, 2, which.max)
filteredStates = as.character(filteredStates)
smoothedStates = as.character(smoothedStates)
filteredConfustionMatrix = table(filteredStates == simulation$observation)
smoothedConfustionMatrix = table(smoothedStates == simulation$observation)
viterbiConfusionMatrix = table(probablePath == simulation$observation)
print(paste("The filtered accuracy is ",as.character(filteredConfustionMatrix["TRUE"]),"%"))
## [1] "The filtered accuracy is 17 %"
print(filteredConfustionMatrix)
##
## FALSE TRUE
print(paste("The smoothed accuracy is ",as.character(smoothedConfustionMatrix["TRUE"]),"%"))
## [1] "The smoothed accuracy is 18 \%"
print(smoothedConfustionMatrix)
##
## FALSE TRUE
##
     82
print(paste("The viterbi accuracy is ",as.character(viterbiConfusionMatrix["TRUE"]),"%"))
## [1] "The viterbi accuracy is 16 %"
```

```
print(viterbiConfusionMatrix)

##
## FALSE TRUE
## 84 16

5 Repetition of samples and discussion

nIter = 100
simulation = simHMM(hmm, nIter)
alpha = exp(forward(hmm, simulation$observation))
beta = exp(backward(hmm, simulation$observation))

#filtered distribution
filteredProbs = matrix(0, nrow=10, ncol=nIter)
for (t in 1:nIter) {
   filteredProbs = matrix(0, nrow=10, ncol=nIter)
}

smoothedProbs = matrix(0, nrow=10, ncol=nIter)
for (t in 1:nIter) {
   smoothedProbs = matrix(0, nrow=10, ncol=nIter)
for (t in 1:nIter) {
   smoothedProbs[, t] = (alpha*beta)[,t] / sum((alpha*beta)[,t])
```

```
#most probable path via viterbi
probablePath = viterbi(hmm, simulation$observation)
filteredProbs = apply(filteredProbs, 2, prop.table)
smoothedProbs = apply(smoothedProbs, 2, prop.table)
filteredStates = apply(filteredProbs, 2, which.max)
smoothedStates = apply(smoothedProbs, 2, which.max)
filteredStates = as.character(filteredStates)
smoothedStates = as.character(smoothedStates)
filteredConfustionMatrix = table(filteredStates == simulation$observation)
smoothedConfustionMatrix = table(smoothedStates == simulation$observation)
viterbiConfusionMatrix = table(probablePath == simulation$observation)
print(paste("The filtered accuracy is ",as.character(filteredConfustionMatrix["TRUE"]),"%"))
## [1] "The filtered accuracy is 20 %"
print(filteredConfustionMatrix)
## FALSE TRUE
print(paste("The smoothed accuracy is ",as.character(smoothedConfustionMatrix["TRUE"]),"%"))
## [1] "The smoothed accuracy is 16 \%"
```

```
print(smoothedConfustionMatrix)

##
## FALSE TRUE
## 84 16
print(paste("The viterbi accuracy is ",as.character(viterbiConfusionMatrix["TRUE"]),"%"))

## [1] "The viterbi accuracy is 20 %"
print(viterbiConfusionMatrix)

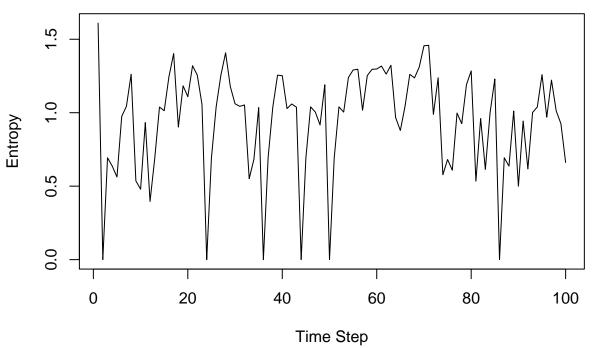
##
## FALSE TRUE
## 80 20
```

The filtered distribution use only the current and the past observation to estimate the current hidden state probability distribution, while the smoothed distribution uses all observations, both current and past. Therefore, the accuracy should be higher on the smoothed.

Furthermore, the smoothed distribution should overperform the most probable path distribution, as the viterbi algorithm does not take into account the uncertainty in each individual state at each time step. The viterbi path may ignore some important probability mass in alternative paths that are very close in likelihood. Smoothing provides the complete probability distribution for each state, reflecting the uncertainty and potentially being more accurate at each step.

6 Entropy of the filtered distributions

Entropy of Filtered Distributions Over Time



there is ambiguity in the observations, more observations will not necessarily improve accuracy. If the observations were of high quality, it is likely that more observations would lower the entropy. In the plot, it does not seem to increase or decrease, however there are some cases where the entropy is 0, indicating that the probability distribution is concentrated on a single state.

Since

7 Probabilities of the hidden states for the time step 101

```
timeStep101=filteredProbs[,100]%*%hmm$transProbs
print(timeStep101)
```

```
## to
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## [1,] 0 0 0 0.3129735 0.5 0.1870265 0 0 0 0
```