Business needs of the Final Paper

for the CEU MSc in Business Analytics program

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1 Introduction

The structure of the document follows the Cross Industry Standard Process for Data Mining (CRISP-DM) process model, which is a non-proprietary, documented, and freely available data mining model (Shearer 2000). Whenever the model sections can be matched to (and can fulfill) the requirements stated by CEU for the Final Paper I'm using the appropriate section identified by the CRIPS-DM model. Please keep in mind that the model supports the full end-to-end process of a data mining project, but the project does not require the use of all the model elements.

2 Business understanding

2.1 Determine Business Objectives

2.1.1 Business Objectives

There are two main objectives what the project is aiming to complete.

- 1. Create a statistical analysis to identify those reasons (based on the data available), which are determining the the risk of an animal strike for an airport.
- 2. Create a prediction model, which can be used to predict the risk of an animal strike for a given flight.

The result of the statistical analysis could be used in the completion of the model building and evaluation the recommended order of the completion is the order of the objectives stated above.

2.1.2 Business Success Criteria

- · Identification of features determining the risk potential of an airport
- Working model for animal strike prediction

2.2 Assess Situation

2.2.1 Inventory of resources

- Flight Data
- · Animal Strike Data
- R
- · Buckets

2.2.2 Requirements, Assumptions, and Constraints

- Additional requirements:
 - No additional requirements identified on top of the requirements already stated in this document.
- Assumptions
 - No initial assumptions made.
- Constraints
 - No initial hard constraints identified.

2.2.3 Risks and Contingencies

- Risks
 - No initial risks identified
- Contingencies
 - No initial contingencies identified

2.2.4 Terminology

The project is using different terminologies from the different domains. The terms/definitions used will not be marked or explained in details, if based on the context the reader can easily identify the domain of the particular term. In case there are uncertainties about a term (and it's not explained in the paper), the following sources can be used for the definitions:

- · Aviation:
 - Aviation Terms / Directory: http://www.aviation-terms.com/index2.php
 - Aviation Glossary: http://www.aerofiles.com/glossary.html
 - Aviation Glossaries: https://www.flightsimaviation.com/ glossaries.html?s=aviation terms
- · Data Mining
 - Data Mining Glossary: http://www.thearling.com/glossary.htm
 - Data Mining Terminologies: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/data_mining/dm_terminologies.htm
 - Data Mining and Predictive Analytics Glossary: http://www.kdnuggets.com/2015/06/data-mining-predictive-analytics-glossary
 html
- Data Science / Big Data
 - Data Science Glossary: http://www.datascienceglossary.org/
 - Analytics and Big Data Glossary: http://data-informed.com/glossary-of-big-data-terms/
 - Data Science Glossary: http://www.kdnuggets.com/2015/09/data-science-glossary.html

2.2.5 Costs and Benefits

This is a one-man project, no significant cost is expected. Main benefit is to put to and almost end-to-end scenario the topics covered during the courses and discovering bits and bolts of the techniques for creating the project.

2.3 Determine Data Mining Goals

2.3.1 Data Mining Goals

- Understand, Analyse, Clean and Merge the source data correctly
- Create the required attributes
- Generate the required records (if applicable)

2.3.2 Data Mining Success Criteria

- Identification of featured determining the risk potential of an airport
- · Working model for animal strike prediction

2.4 Produce Project Plan

2.4.1 Project Plan

The project is managed in an agile way, where all the tasks, requirements, issues, solutions, and ideas are kept in a project at buckets.

2.4.2 Initial Assessment of Tools and Techniques

- Programming language:
 - R: https://www.r-project.org/
- IDE for the programming language:
 - RStudio: https://www.rstudio.com/
- Documentation is created using:
 - knitr: https://yihui.name/knitr/
 - MiKTeX: https://miktex.org/
 - ReporteRs: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/ReporteRs/index.html
- Data visualization:

- ggplot2: http://ggplot2.org/
- Data manipulation:
 - access2csv: https://github.com/AccelerationNet/access2csv
 - dtplyr: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/dtplyr/index.html
- Project plan / task management:
 - Buckets: https://www.buckets.co/
- Source code repository:
 - GitHub: https://github.com/

Note: The list above do not contain the list of all the tools and packages used to create the project, but the full list will be provided in the source code.

3 Data Understanding

3.1 Collect Initial Data

3.1.1 Initial Data Collection Report

This report will be part of the following documents:

- · Preliminary Report
- Final Paper

3.2 Describe Data

3.2.1 Data Description Report

The two main data sources have the following column explanations, which is attached to the downloaded files as well, by the data provider agencies.

3.2.1.1 Animal strike data

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
INDEX NR	Individual record number
OPID	Airline operator code
OPERATOR	A three letter International Civil Aviation Organization code for aircraft
	operators. (BUS = business, PVT = private aircraft other than business,
	GOV = government aircraft, MIL - military aircraft.)
ATYPE	Aircraft
AMA	International Civil Aviation Organization code for Aircraft Make
AMO	International Civil Aviation Organization code for Aircraft Model
EMA	Engine Make Code (see Engine Codes tab below)
EMO	Engine Model Code (see Engine Codes tab below)
AC_CLASS	Type of aircraft (see Aircraft Type tab below)
AC_MASS	1 = 2,250 kg or less: 2 = ,2251-5700 kg: 3 = 5,701-27,000 kg: 4 =
	27,001-272,000 kg: $5 = above 272,000 kg$
NUM_ENGS	Number of engines
TYPE_ENG	Type of power A = reciprocating engine (piston): B = Turbojet: C =
	Turboprop: D = Turbofan: E = None (glider): F = Turboshaft (helicopter): = Other
ENG_1_POS	Where engine # 1 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below)
ENG_2_POS	Where engine # 2 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below)
ENG_3_POS	Where engine # 3 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below)
ENG_4_POS	Where engine # 4 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below)
REG	Aircraft registration
FLT	Flight number
REMAINS_COLLECTED	Indicates if bird or wildlife remains were found and collected
REMAINS_SENT	Indicates if remains were sent to the Smithsonian Institution for
	identification
INCIDENT_DATE	Date strike occurred
INCIDENT_MONTH	Month strike occurred
INCIDENT_YEAR	Year strike occurred
TIME_OF_DAY	Light conditions
TIME	Hour and minute in local time

International Civil Aviation Organization airport identifier for location of strike whether it was on or off airport Name of airport STATE State FAA Region where airport is located ENROUTE If strike did not occur on approach, climb, landing roll, taxi or take-off, aircraft was enroute. This shows location. RUNWAY RUNWAY COCATION Various information about aircraft location if enroute or airport where st evidence was found. Some locations show the two airports for the flight departure and arrival if pilot was unaware of the strike.	
AIRPORT State SAAREGION FAA Region where airport is located ENROUTE If strike did not occur on approach, climb, landing roll, taxi or take-off, aircraft was enroute. This shows location. RUNWAY COCATION Various information about aircraft location if enroute or airport where st evidence was found. Some locations show the two airports for the flight departure and arrival if pilot was unaware of the strike.	of
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evidence was found. Some locations show the two airports for the flight departure and arrival if pilot was unaware of the strike.	
HEIGHT Feet Above Ground Level	
SPEED Knots (indicated air speed)	
DISTANCE Miles from airport	
PHASE_OF_FLT Phase of flight during which strike occurred	
DAMAGE	
Blank Unknown	
M = minor When the aircraft can be rendered airworthy by simple repairs or	
replacements and an extensive inspection is not necessary.	
A? = uncertain level The aircraft was damaged, but details as to the extent of the damage are lacking.	;
When the aircraft incurs damage or structural failure which adversely at the structure strength, performance or flight characteristics of the aircraft which would normally require major repair or replacement of the affect	ft and
component. When the demand questioned makes it in decidable to masters the simplest to the component of the	to om
D = Destroyed When the damage sustained makes it inadvisable to restore the aircraft t	to an
airworthy condition. STR RAD Struck radome	
STR_RAD Struck radome DAM_RAD Damaged radome	
TR WINDSHLD Struck windshield	
DAM WINDSHLD Damaged windshield	
TR NOSE Struck nose	
DAM NOSE Damaged nose	
STR ENG1 Struck Engine 1	
DAM ENG1 Damaged Engine 1	
STR_ENG2 Struck Engine 2	
DAM_ENG2 Damaged Engine 2	
STR ENG3 Struck Engine 3	
DAM_ENG3 Damaged Engine 3	
STR_ENG4 Struck Engine 4	
DAM_ENG4 Damaged Engine 4	
NGESTED Engine ingested the bird/ animal	
STR_PROP Struck Propeller	
DAM_PROP Damaged Propeller	
TR_WING_ROT Struck Wing or Rotor	
DAM_WING_ROT Damaged Wing or Rotor	
TTR_FUSE Struck Fuselage	
DAM_FUSE Damaged Fuselage	
STR_LG Struck Landing Gear	
DAM_LG Damaged Landing Gear	
TR_TAIL Struck Tail	
DAM_TAIL Damaged Tail	

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes				
STR LGHTS	Struck Lights				
DAM LGHTS	Damaged Lights				
STR OTHER	Struck Other than parts shown above				
DAM_OTHER	Damaged Other than parts shown above				
OTHER SPECIFY	What part was struck other than those listed above				
EFFECT	Effect on flight				
EFFECT_OTHER	Effect on flight other than those listed on the form				
SKY	Type of cloud cover, if any				
PRECIP	Precipitation				
SPECIES_ID	International Civil Aviation Organization code for type of bird or other wildlife				
SPECIES	Common name for bird or other wildlife				
BIRDS SEEN	Number of birds/wildlife seen by pilot				
BIRDS_STRUCK	Number of birds/wildlife struck				
SIZE	Size of bird as reported by pilot is a relative scale. Entry should reflect the perceived size as opposed to a scientifically determined value. If more than one species was struck, larger bird is entered.				
WARNED	Pilot warned of birds/wildlife				
COMMENTS	As entered by database manager. Can include name of aircraft owner, types				
	of reports received, updates, etc.				
REMARKS	Most of remarks are from the form but some are data entry notes and are				
	usually in parentheses.				
AOS	Time aircraft was out of service in hours. If unknown, it is blank.				
COST_REPAIRS	Estimated cost of repairs of replacement in dollars (USD)				
COST_OTHER	Estimated other costs, other than those in previous field in dollars (USD).				
	May include loss of revenue, hotel expenses due to flight cancellation, costs				
	of fuel dumped, etc.				
COST_REPAIRS_INFL_ADJ	Costs adjusted for inflation				
COST_OTHER_INFL_ADJ	Other cost adjusted for inflation				
REPORTED_NAME	Name(s) of person(s) filing report				
REPORTED_TITLE	Title(s) of person(s) filing report				
REPORTED_DATE	Date report was written				
SOURCE	Type of report. Note: for multiple types of reports this will be indicated as				
	Multiple. See "Comments" field for details				
PERSON	Only one selection allowed. For multiple reports, see field "Reported Title"				
NR_INJURIES	Number of people injured				
NR_FATALITIES	Number of human fatalities				
LUPDATE	Last time record was updated				
TRANSFER	Unused field at this time				
INDICATED_DAMAGE	Indicates whether or not aircraft was damaged				

3.2.1.2 Flight data

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes			
Year	Year			
Quarter	Quarter (1-4)			
Month	Month			
DayofMonth	Day of Month			
DayOfWeek	Day of Week			
FlightDate	Flight Date (yyyymmdd)			

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes					
UniqueCarrier	Unique Carrier Code. When the same code has been used by multiple carriers, a numeric suffix is used for earlier users, for example, PA, PA(1), PA(2). Use this field for analysis across a range of years.					
	field for analysis across a range of years.					
AirlineID	An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airline (carrier)					
	A unique airline (carrier) is defined as one holding and reporting under the same					
	DOT certificate regardless of its Code, Name, or holding company/corporation.					
Carrier	Code assigned by IATA and commonly used to identify a carrier. As the same code					
	may have been assigned to different carriers over time, the code is not always					
TE TIME	unique. For analysis, use the Unique Carrier Code.					
TailNum	Tail Number					
FlightNum	Flight Number					
OriginAirportID	Origin Airport, Airport ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to					
	identify a unique airport. Use this field for airport analysis across a range of years					
Origin Airmort SagID	because an airport can change its airport code and airport codes can be reused. Origin Airport, Airport Sequence ID. An identification number assigned by US					
OriginAirportSeqID	DOT to identify a unique airport at a given point of time. Airport attributes, such					
	as airport name or coordinates, may change over time.					
OriginCityMarketID	Origin Airport, City Market ID. City Market ID is an identification number					
OliginCityWarkCtiD	assigned by US DOT to identify a city market. Use this field to consolidate					
	airports serving the same city market.					
Origin	Origin Airport					
OriginCityName	Origin Airport, City Name					
OriginState	Origin Airport, State Code					
OriginStateFips	Origin Airport, State Fips					
OriginStateName	Origin Airport, State Name					
OriginWac	Origin Airport, World Area Code					
DestAirportID	Destination Airport, Airport ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to					
•	identify a unique airport. Use this field for airport analysis across a range of years					
	because an airport can change its airport code and airport codes can be reused.					
DestAirportSeqID	Destination Airport, Airport Sequence ID. An identification number assigned by					
	US DOT to identify a unique airport at a given point of time. Airport attributes,					
	such as airport name or coordinates, may change over time.					
DestCityMarketID	Destination Airport, City Market ID. City Market ID is an identification number					
	assigned by US DOT to identify a city market. Use this field to consolidate					
	airports serving the same city market.					
Dest	Destination Airport					
DestCityName	Destination Airport, City Name					
DestState	Destination Airport, State Code					
DestStateFips	Destination Airport, State Fips					
DestStateName	Destination Airport, State Name					
DestWac	Destination Airport, World Area Code					
CRSDepTime	CRS Departure Time (local time: hhmm)					
DepTime DepDeley	Actual Departure Time (local time: hhmm) Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual departure time. Early					
DepDelay	1					
DepDelayMinutes	departures show negative numbers. Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual departure time. Early					
DepDelayMinutes	departures set to 0.					
DepDel15	Departure Delay Indicator, 15 Minutes or More (1=Yes)					
Depoetro	Departure Delay intervals, every (15 minutes from <-15 to >180)					
DenartureDelayGroups						
DepartureDelayGroups DepTimeBlk						
DepartureDelayGroups DepTimeBlk TaxiOut	CRS Departure Time Block, Hourly Intervals Taxi Out Time, in Minutes					

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes					
WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm)					
TaxiIn	Taxi In Time, in Minutes					
CRSArrTime	CRS Arrival Time (local time: hhmm)					
ArrTime	Actual Arrival Time (local time: hhmm)					
ArrDelay	Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time. Early arrivals					
•	show negative numbers.					
ArrDelayMinutes	Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time. Early arrivals set to 0.					
ArrDel15	Arrival Delay Indicator, 15 Minutes or More (1=Yes)					
ArrivalDelayGroups	Arrival Delay intervals, every (15-minutes from <-15 to >180)					
ArrTimeBlk	CRS Arrival Time Block, Hourly Intervals					
Cancelled	Cancelled Flight Indicator (1=Yes)					
CancellationCode	Specifies The Reason For Cancellation					
Diverted	Diverted Flight Indicator (1=Yes)					
CRSElapsedTime	CRS Elapsed Time of Flight, in Minutes					
ActualElapsedTime	Elapsed Time of Flight, in Minutes					
AirTime	Flight Time, in Minutes					
Flights	Number of Flights					
Distance	Distance between airports (miles)					
DistanceGroup	Distance Intervals, every 250 Miles, for Flight Segment					
CarrierDelay	Carrier Delay, in Minutes					
WeatherDelay	Weather Delay, in Minutes					
NASDelay	National Air System Delay, in Minutes					
SecurityDelay	Security Delay, in Minutes					
LateAircraftDelay	Late Aircraft Delay, in Minutes					
FirstDepTime	First Gate Departure Time at Origin Airport					
TotalAddGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate for Gate Return or Cancelled Flight					
LongestAddGTime	Longest Time Away from Gate for Gate Return or Cancelled Flight					
DivAirportLandings	Number of Diverted Airport Landings					
DivReachedDest	Diverted Flight Reaching Scheduled Destination Indicator (1=Yes)					
DivActualElapsedTime	Elapsed Time of Diverted Flight Reaching Scheduled Destination, in Minutes. The					
r	ActualElapsedTime column remains NULL for all diverted flights.					
DivArrDelay	Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time for a diverted					
	flight reaching scheduled destination. The ArrDelay column remains NULL for all diverted flights.					
DivDistance	Distance between scheduled destination and final diverted airport (miles). Value					
DIVDISIANCE	will be 0 for diverted flight reaching scheduled destination.					
Div1Airport	Diverted Airport Code1					
Div1AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 1. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport					
Div1AirportSeqID	Airport Bot Diverted Airport 1. Airport B is a Unique Key for air Airport Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 1. Unique Key for Time Specific					
DividiponocqiD	Information for an Airport					
Div1WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code1					
Div1TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code1					
Div1LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code1					
Div1WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code1					
Div1TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code1					
Div2Airport	Diverted Airport Code2					
Div2AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 2. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport					
Div2AirportSeqID	Airport Bot Diverted Airport 2. Airport 10 is a Unique Key for Time Specific					
DIV2AIIpottocqID	Information for an Airport					
Div2WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code2					
Div2TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code2					
D17210ta10111110	Tomi Ground Time Away Ironi Gate at Diverted Allport Code2					

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes					
Div2LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code2					
Div2WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code2					
Div2TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code2					
Div3Airport	Diverted Airport Code3					
Div3AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 3. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport					
Div3AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 3. Unique Key for Time Specific					
• •	Information for an Airport					
Div3WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code3					
Div3TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code3					
Div3LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code3					
Div3WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code3					
Div3TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code3					
Div4Airport	Diverted Airport Code4					
Div4AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 4. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport					
Div4AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 4. Unique Key for Time Specific					
• •	Information for an Airport					
Div4WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code4					
Div4TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code4					
Div4LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code4					
Div4WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code4					
Div4TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code4					
Div5Airport	Diverted Airport Code5					
Div5AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 5. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport					
Div5AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 5. Unique Key for Time Specific					
• •	Information for an Airport					
Div5WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code5					
Div5TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code5					
Div5LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code5					
Div5WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code5					
Div5TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code5					

3.3 Explore Data

3.3.1 Data Exploration Report

This report will be part of the following documents:

- · Preliminary Report
- Final Paper

3.4 Verify Data Quality

3.4.1 Data Quality Report

This report will be part of the following documents:

- Preliminary Report
- Final Paper

4 Contributors

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