Final Paper

for the CEU MSc in Business Analytics program

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1 Introduction

The structure of the document follows the Cross Industry Standard Process for Data Mining (CRISP-DM) process model, which is a non-proprietary, documented, and freely available data mining model (Shearer 2000). Whenever the model sections can be matched to (and can fulfill) the requirements stated by CEU for the Final Paper I'm using the appropriate section identified by the CRIPS-DM model. Please keep in mind that the model supports the full end-to-end process of a data mining project, but the project does not require the use of all the model elements.

2 Business Understanding

2.1 Determine Business Objectives

2.1.1 Business Objectives

There are two main objectives what the project is aiming to complete.

- 1. Create a statistical analysis to identify those reasons (based on the data available), which are determining the the risk of an animal strike for an airport.
- 2. Create a prediction model, which can be used to predict the risk of an animal strike for a given flight.

The result of the statistical analysis could be used in the completition of the model building and evaluation the recommended order of the completition is the order of the objectives stated above.

2.1.2 Business Success Criteria

- · Identification of features determining the risk potential of an airport
- Working model for animal strike prediction

2.2 Assess Situation

2.2.1 Inventory of resources

- Flight Data
- · Animal Strike Data
- R
- · Buckets

2.2.2 Requirements, Assumptions, and Constraints

- Additional requirements:
 - No additional requirements identified on top of the requirements already stated in this document.
- Assumptions
 - No initial assumptions made.
- Constraints
 - No initial hard constraints identified.

2.2.3 Risks and Contingencies

- Risks
 - No initial risks identified
- Contingencies
 - No initial contingencies identified

2.2.4 Terminology

The project is using different terminologies from the different domains. The terms/definitions used will not be marked or explained in details, if based on the context the reader can easily identify the domain of the particular term. In case there are uncertainties about a term (and it's not explained in the paper), the following sources can be used for the definitions:

- Aviation:
 - Aviation Terms / Directory
 - Aviation Glossary
 - Aviation Glossaries
- Data Mining
 - Data Mining Glossary
 - Data Mining Terminologies
 - Data Mining and Predictive Analytics Glossary
- Data Science / Big Data
 - Data Science Glossary
 - Analytics and Big Data Glossary
 - Data Science Glossary

2.2.5 Costs and Benefits

This is a one-man project, no significant cost is expected. Main benefit is to put to and almost end-to-end scenario the topics covered during the courses and discovering bits and bolts of the techniques for creating the project.

2.3 Determine Data Mining Goals

2.3.1 Data Mining Goals

- Understand, Analyse, Clean and Merge the source data correctly
- Create the required attributes
- Generate the required records (if applicable)

2.3.2 Data Mining Success Criteria

- · Identification of featured determining the risk potential of an airport
- · Working model for animal strike prediction

2.4 Produce Project Plan

2.4.1 Project Plan

The project is managed in an agile way, where all the tasks, requirements, issues, solutions, and ideas are kept in a project at buckets.

2.4.2 Initial Assessment of Tools and Techniques

- Programming language:
 - R
- GUI for the programming language:
 - RStudio
- · Documentation is created using:
 - knitr
 - MiKTeX
 - ReporteRs
- Data visualisation:
 - ggplot2

- Data manipulation:
 - access2csvdtplyr
- Project plan / task management:
 - Buckets
- Source code repository:
 - GitHub

Note: The list above do not contain the list of all the tools and packages used to create the project, but the full list will be provided in the source code.

3 Data Understanding

3.1 Collect Initial Data

3.1.1 Initial Data Collection Report

This report will be part of the following documents:

3.2 Describe Data

3.2.1 Data Description Report

The two main data sources have the following column explanations, which is attached to the downloaded files as well, by the data provider agecies.

3.2.1.1 Flight data

| Column name | Explanation of Column Name and Codes |
|--------------------|--|
| Year | Year |
| Quarter | Quarter (1-4) |
| Month | Month |
| DayofMonth | Day of Month |
| DayOfWeek | Day of Week |
| FlightDate | Flight Date (yyyymmdd) |
| UniqueCarrier | Unique Carrier Code. When the same code has been used by multiple carriers, a numeric suffix is used for earlier users, for example, PA, PA(1), PA(2). Use this field for analysis across a range of years. |
| AirlineID | An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airline (carrier) A unique airline (carrier) is defined as one holding and reporting under the same DOT certificate regardless of its Code, Name, or holding company/corporation. |
| Carrier | Code assigned by IATA and commonly used to identify a carrier. As the same code may have been assigned to different carriers over time, the code is not always unique. For analysis, use the Unique Carrier Code. |
| TailNum | Tail Number |
| FlightNum | Flight Number |
| OriginAirportID | Origin Airport, Airport ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport. Use this field for airport analysis across a range of years because an airport can change its airport code and airport codes can be reused. |
| OriginAirportSeqID | Origin Airport, Airport Sequence ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport at a given point of time. Airport attributes, such as airport name or coordinates, may change over time. |
| OriginCityMarketID | Origin Airport, City Market ID. City Market ID is an identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a city market. Use this field to consolidate airports serving the same city market. |
| Origin | Origin Airport |
| OriginCityName | Origin Airport, City Name |
| OriginState | Origin Airport, State Code |
| OriginStateFips | Origin Airport, State Fips |

| Column name | Explanation of Column Name and Codes |
|----------------------|--|
| OriginStateName | Origin Airport, State Name |
| OriginWac | Origin Airport, World Area Code |
| DestAirportID | Destination Airport, Airport ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport. Use this field for airport analysis across a range of years because an airport can change its airport code and airport codes can be reused. |
| DestAirportSeqID | Destination Airport, Airport Sequence ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport at a given point of time. Airport attributes, such as airport name or coordinates, may change over time. |
| DestCityMarketID | Destination Airport, City Market ID. City Market ID is an identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a city market. Use this field to consolidate airports serving the same city market. |
| Dest | Destination Airport |
| DestCityName | Destination Airport, City Name |
| DestState | Destination Airport, State Code |
| DestStateFips | Destination Airport, State Fips |
| DestStateName | Destination Airport, State Name |
| DestWac | Destination Airport, World Area Code |
| CRSDepTime | CRS Departure Time (local time: hhmm) |
| DepTime | Actual Departure Time (local time: hhmm) |
| DepTime | Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual departure time. Early |
| DepDelay | * |
| DepDelayMinutes | departures show negative numbers. Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual departure time. Early |
| | departures set to 0. |
| DepDel15 | Departure Delay Indicator, 15 Minutes or More (1=Yes) |
| DepartureDelayGroups | Departure Delay intervals, every (15 minutes from <-15 to >180) |
| DepTimeBlk | CRS Departure Time Block, Hourly Intervals |
| TaxiOut | Taxi Out Time, in Minutes |
| WheelsOff | Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) |
| WheelsOn | Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) |
| TaxiIn | Taxi In Time, in Minutes |
| CRSArrTime | CRS Arrival Time (local time: hhmm) |
| ArrTime | Actual Arrival Time (local time: hhmm) |
| ArrDelay | Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time. Early arrivals |
| , | show negative numbers. |
| ArrDelayMinutes | Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time. Early arrivals set to 0. |
| ArrDel15 | Arrival Delay Indicator, 15 Minutes or More (1=Yes) |
| ArrivalDelayGroups | Arrival Delay intervals, every (15-minutes from <-15 to >180) |
| ArrTimeBlk | CRS Arrival Time Block, Hourly Intervals |
| Cancelled | Cancelled Flight Indicator (1=Yes) |
| CancellationCode | Specifies The Reason For Cancellation |
| Diverted | Diverted Flight Indicator (1=Yes) |
| CRSElapsedTime | CRS Elapsed Time of Flight, in Minutes |
| ActualElapsedTime | Elapsed Time of Flight, in Minutes |
| AirTime | Flight Time, in Minutes |
| Flights | Number of Flights |
| Distance | Distance between airports (miles) |

Distance between airports (miles)

Distance Group Distance Intervals, every 250 Miles, for Flight Segment

Carrier Delay, in Minutes Weather Delay Weather Delay, in Minutes

NASDelay National Air System Delay, in Minutes

Security Delay, in Minutes

| Column name | Explanation of Column Name and Codes |
|------------------------------|--|
| LateAircraftDelay | Late Aircraft Delay, in Minutes |
| FirstDepTime | First Gate Departure Time at Origin Airport |
| TotalAddGTime | Total Ground Time Away from Gate for Gate Return or Cancelled Flight |
| LongestAddGTime | Longest Time Away from Gate for Gate Return or Cancelled Flight |
| DivAirportLandings | Number of Diverted Airport Landings |
| DivReachedDest | Diverted Flight Reaching Scheduled Destination Indicator (1=Yes) |
| DivActualElapsedTime | Elapsed Time of Diverted Flight Reaching Scheduled Destination, in Minutes. The ActualElapsedTime column remains NULL for all diverted flights. |
| DivArrDelay | Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time for a diverted flight reaching scheduled destination. The ArrDelay column remains NULL for all diverted flights. |
| DivDistance | Distance between scheduled destination and final diverted airport (miles). Value will be 0 for diverted flight reaching scheduled destination. |
| Div1Airport | Diverted Airport Code1 |
| Div1AirportID | Airport ID of Diverted Airport 1. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport |
| Div1AirportSeqID | Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 1. Unique Key for Time Specific Information for an Airport |
| Div1WheelsOn | Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code1 |
| Div1 WheelsOn Div1TotalGTime | Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code1 |
| Div1LongestGTime | Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code1 |
| Div1WheelsOff | Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code1 |
| Div1TailNum | Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code1 |
| Div2Airport | Diverted Airport Code2 |
| Div2AirportID | Airport ID of Diverted Airport 2. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport |
| Div2AirportSeqID | Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 2. Unique Key for Time Specific |
| 71v2Anportseq1D | Information for an Airport |
| Div2WheelsOn | Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code2 |
| Div2TotalGTime | Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code2 |
| Div2LongestGTime | Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code2 |
| Div2WheelsOff | Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code2 |
| Div2TailNum | Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code2 |
| Div3Airport | Diverted Airport Code3 |
| Div3AirportID | Airport ID of Diverted Airport 3. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport |
| Div3AirportSeqID | Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 3. Unique Key for Time Specific |
| 71 77 III portocqiD | Information for an Airport |
| Div3WheelsOn | Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code3 |
| Div3TotalGTime | Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code3 |
| Div3LongestGTime | Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code3 |
| Div3WheelsOff | Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code3 |
| Div3TailNum | Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code3 |
| Div4Airport | Diverted Airport Code4 |
| Div4AirportID | <u>*</u> |
| Div4AirportSeqID | Airport ID of Diverted Airport 4. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 4. Unique Key for Time Specific |
| 114-Milborrsedin | Information for an Airport |
| Div4WheelsOn | Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code4 |
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| Div4TotalGTime | Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code4 |
| Div4LongestGTime | Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code4 Wheels Off Time (local time; hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code4 |
| Div4WheelsOff | Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code4 |
| Div4TailNum | Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code4 |
| Div5Airport | Diverted Airport Code5 Airport ID of Diverted Airport 5. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport |
| viv5AirportID | Airport ID of Diverted Airport 5. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport |

| Column name | Explanation of Column Name and Codes |
|------------------|---|
| Div5AirportSeqID | Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 5. Unique Key for Time Specific |
| | Information for an Airport |
| Div5WheelsOn | Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code5 |
| Div5TotalGTime | Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code5 |
| Div5LongestGTime | Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code5 |
| Div5WheelsOff | Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code5 |
| Div5TailNum | Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code5 |

3.2.1.2 Animal strike data

| Column name | Explanation of Column Name and Codes |
|-------------------|--|
| INDEX NR | Individual record number |
| OPID | Airline operator code |
| OPERATOR | A three letter International Civil Aviation Organization code for aircraft |
| | operators. (BUS = business, PVT = private aircraft other than business, |
| | GOV = government aircraft, MIL - military aircraft.) |
| ATYPE | Aircraft |
| AMA | International Civil Aviation Organization code for Aircraft Make |
| AMO | International Civil Aviation Organization code for Aircraft Model |
| EMA | Engine Make Code (see Engine Codes tab below) |
| EMO | Engine Model Code (see Engine Codes tab below) |
| AC_CLASS | Type of aircraft (see Aircraft Type tab below) |
| AC_MASS | 1 = 2,250 kg or less: 2 = ,2251-5700 kg: 3 = 5,701-27,000 kg: 4 = |
| | 27,001-272,000 kg: 5 = above 272,000 kg |
| NUM_ENGS | Number of engines |
| TYPE_ENG | Type of power A = reciprocating engine (piston): B = Turbojet: C = |
| | Turboprop: D = Turbofan: E = None (glider): F = Turboshaft (helicopter): Y |
| | = Other |
| ENG_1_POS | Where engine # 1 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below) |
| ENG_2_POS | Where engine # 2 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below) |
| ENG_3_POS | Where engine # 3 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below) |
| ENG_4_POS | Where engine # 4 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below) |
| REG | Aircraft registration |
| FLT | Flight number |
| REMAINS_COLLECTED | Indicates if bird or wildlife remains were found and collected |
| REMAINS_SENT | Indicates if remains were sent to the Smithsonian Institution for identification |
| INCIDENT_DATE | Date strike occurred |
| INCIDENT_MONTH | Month strike occurred |
| INCIDENT_YEAR | Year strike occurred |
| TIME_OF_DAY | Light conditions |
| TIME | Hour and minute in local time |
| AIRPORT_ID | International Civil Aviation Organization airport identifier for location of |
| | strike whether it was on or off airport |
| AIRPORT | Name of airport |
| STATE | State |
| FAAREGION | FAA Region where airport is located |
| ENROUTE | If strike did not occur on approach, climb, landing roll, taxi or take-off, |
| | aircraft was enroute. This shows location. |
| RUNWAY | Runway |

| Column name | Explanation of Column Name and Codes | |
|-------------|--|--|
| LOCATION | Various information about aircraft location if enroute or airport where strike | |

evidence was found. Some locations show the two airports for the flight

departure and arrival if pilot was unaware of the strike.

HEIGHT Feet Above Ground Level
SPEED Knots (indicated air speed)
DISTANCE Miles from airport

PHASE OF FLT

Phase of flight during which strike occurred

DAMAGE

Blank Unknown

M = minor When the aircraft can be rendered airworthy by simple repairs or

replacements and an extensive inspection is not necessary.

M? = uncertain level The aircraft was damaged, but details as to the extent of the damage are

lacking.

S = substantial When the aircraft incurs damage or structural failure which adversely affects

the structure strength, performance or flight characteristics of the aircraft and which would normally require major repair or replacement of the affected

component.

D = Destroyed When the damage sustained makes it inadvisable to restore the aircraft to an

airworthy condition.

STR_RAD Struck radome
DAM_RAD Damaged radome
STR_WINDSHLD Struck windshield
DAM_WINDSHLD Damaged windshield

STR NOSE Struck nose DAM NOSE Damaged nose STR ENG1 Struck Engine 1 DAM ENG1 Damaged Engine 1 STR ENG2 Struck Engine 2 DAM ENG2 Damaged Engine 2 STR ENG3 Struck Engine 3 Damaged Engine 3 DAM ENG3 Struck Engine 4 STR ENG4 DAM ENG4 Damaged Engine 4

INGESTED Engine ingested the bird/ animal

STR_PROP Struck Propeller

DAM_PROP Damaged Propeller

STR_WING_ROT Struck Wing or Rotor

DAM_WING_ROT Damaged Wing or Rotor

STR_FUSE Struck Fuselage
DAM_FUSE Damaged Fuselage
STR_LG Struck Landing Gear
DAM_LG Damaged Landing Gear

STR_TAILStruck TailDAM_TAILDamaged TailSTR_LGHTSStruck LightsDAM_LGHTSDamaged Lights

STR_OTHER Struck Other than parts shown above DAM OTHER Damaged Other than parts shown above

OTHER_SPECIFY What part was struck other than those listed above

EFFECT Effect on flight

EFFECT OTHER Effect on flight other than those listed on the form

SKY Type of cloud cover, if any

| Column name | Explanation of Column Name and Codes |
|-----------------------|--|
| PRECIP | Precipitation |
| SPECIES_ID | International Civil Aviation Organization code for type of bird or other wildlife |
| SPECIES | Common name for bird or other wildlife |
| BIRDS_SEEN | Number of birds/wildlife seen by pilot |
| BIRDS_STRUCK | Number of birds/wildlife struck |
| SIZE | Size of bird as reported by pilot is a relative scale. Entry should reflect the perceived size as opposed to a scientifically determined value. If more than one species was struck, larger bird is entered. |
| WARNED | Pilot warned of birds/wildlife |
| COMMENTS | As entered by database manager. Can include name of aircraft owner, types of reports received, updates, etc. |
| REMARKS | Most of remarks are from the form but some are data entry notes and are usually in parentheses. |
| AOS | Time aircraft was out of service in hours. If unknown, it is blank. |
| COST REPAIRS | Estimated cost of repairs of replacement in dollars (USD) |
| COST OTHER | Estimated other costs, other than those in previous field in dollars (USD). |
| | May include loss of revenue, hotel expenses due to flight cancellation, costs of fuel dumped, etc. |
| COST REPAIRS INFL ADJ | Costs adjusted for inflation |
| COST OTHER INFL ADJ | Other cost adjusted for inflation |
| REPORTED_NAME | Name(s) of person(s) filing report |
| REPORTED_TITLE | Title(s) of person(s) filing report |
| REPORTED_DATE | Date report was written |
| SOURCE | Type of report. Note: for multiple types of reports this will be indicated as Multiple. See "Comments" field for details |
| PERSON | Only one selection allowed. For multiple reports, see field "Reported Title" |
| NR_INJURIES | Number of people injured |
| NR_FATALITIES | Number of human fatalities |
| LUPDATE | Last time record was updated |
| TRANSFER | Unused field at this time |
| INDICATED_DAMAGE | Indicates whether or not aircraft was damaged |

3.3 Explore Data

3.3.1 Data Exploration Report

This report will be part of the following documents:

3.4 Verify Data Quality

3.4.1 Data Quality Report

This report will be part of the following documents:

| TODO-TODO-TODO-TODO-TODO-TODO-TODO-TODO |
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| 4 | Data Preparation |
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| 5 | Modeling |
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| 6 | Evaluation |
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| 7 | Deployment |
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8 Contributors

Student: Gabor Horvath Mentor: Gergely Daroczi

9 Environment

The following language, tool and library versions have been used to create the project:

R Studio version 1.0.143

R version 3.4.0 (2017-04-21) 72570

Package versions:

- RODBC version 1.3.15
- knitr version 1.15.1
- data.table version 1.10.4
- dplyr version 0.5.0
- dtplyr version 0.0.2
- ReporteRs version 0.8.8
- ReporteRsjars version 0.0.2
- installr version 0.19.0
- stringr version 1.2.0
- ggplot2 version 2.2.1
- yaml version 2.1.14

Base package versions:

- stats version 3.4.0
- graphics version 3.4.0
- grDevices version 3.4.0
- utils version 3.4.0
- datasets version 3.4.0
- methods version 3.4.0
- base version 3.4.0

Contents

| 1 | Intro | oduction | 1 |
|---------------|-------------|--|----|
| 2 | Busi | ness Understanding | 2 |
| | 2.1 | Determine Business Objectives | 2 |
| | | 2.1.1 Business Objectives | 2 |
| | | 2.1.2 Business Success Criteria | 2 |
| | 2.2 | Assess Situation | 2 |
| | | 2.2.1 Inventory of resources | 2 |
| | | 2.2.2 Requirements, Assumptions, and Constraints | 2 |
| | | 2.2.3 Risks and Contingencies | 2 |
| | | 2.2.4 Terminology | 2 |
| | | 2.2.5 Costs and Benefits | 3 |
| | 2.3 | Determine Data Mining Goals | 3 |
| | | 2.3.1 Data Mining Goals | 3 |
| | | 2.3.2 Data Mining Success Criteria | 3 |
| | 2.4 | Produce Project Plan | 3 |
| | | 2.4.1 Project Plan | 3 |
| | | 2.4.2 Initial Assessment of Tools and Techniques | 3 |
| 3 | Data | 1 Understanding | 5 |
| | 3.1 | Collect Initial Data | 5 |
| | 5.1 | 3.1.1 Initial Data Collection Report | 5 |
| | 3.2 | Describe Data | 5 |
| | J. <u>_</u> | 3.2.1 Data Description Report | 5 |
| | 3.3 | Explore Data | 10 |
| | | 3.3.1 Data Exploration Report | 10 |
| | 3.4 | Verify Data Quality | 10 |
| | | 3.4.1 Data Quality Report | 10 |
| | _ | | |
| 4 | Data | a Preparation | 12 |
| 5 | Mod | leling | 13 |
| 6 | Eval | luation | 14 |
| 7 | Depl | loyment | 15 |
| 8 | Con | tributors | 16 |
| | | | 17 |
| 9 Environment | | | |
| Re | feren | ces | 19 |

References Shearer, Colin. 2000. "The Crisp-Dm Model - the New Blueprint for Data Mining." Journal of Data Warehousing 5 (4):