# **Preliminary report of the Final Paper**

for the CEU MSc in Business Analytics program

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June 2017



# 1 Introduction

The structure of the document follows the Cross Industry Standard Process for Data Mining (CRISP-DM) process model,
which is a non-proprietary, documented, and freely available data mining model (Shearer 2000). Whenever the model
sections can be matched to (and can fulfill) the requirements stated by CEU for the Final Paper I'm using the appropriate
section identified by the CRIPS-DM model. Please keep in mind that the model supports the full end-to-end process of a
data mining project, but the project does not require the use of all the model elements.

# 2 Business Understanding

#### 2.1 Determine Business Objectives

#### 2.1.1 Business Objectives

There are two main objectives what the project is aiming to complete.

- 1. Create a statistical analysis to identify those reasons (based on the data available), which are determining the the risk of an animal strike for an airport.
- 2. Create a prediction model, which can be used to predict the risk of an animal strike for a given flight.

The result of the statistical analysis could be used in the completion of the model building and evaluation the recommended order of the completion is the order of the objectives stated above.

#### 2.1.2 Business Success Criteria

- · Identification of features determining the risk potential of an airport
- Working model for animal strike prediction

#### 2.2 Assess Situation

#### 2.2.1 Inventory of resources

- Flight Data
- · Animal Strike Data
- R
- · Buckets

#### 2.2.2 Requirements, Assumptions, and Constraints

- Additional requirements:
  - No additional requirements identified on top of the requirements already stated in this document.
- Assumptions
  - No initial assumptions made.
- Constraints
  - No initial hard constraints identified.

#### 2.2.3 Risks and Contingencies

- Risks
  - No initial risks identified
- Contingencies
  - No initial contingencies identified

#### 2.2.4 Terminology

The project is using different terminologies from the different domains. The terms/definitions used will not be marked or explained in details, if based on the context the reader can easily identify the domain of the particular term. In case there are uncertainties about a term (and it's not explained in the paper), the following sources can be used for the definitions:

- · Aviation:
  - Aviation Terms / Directory: http://www.aviation-terms.com/index2.php
  - Aviation Glossary: http://www.aerofiles.com/glossary.html
  - Aviation Glossaries: https://www.flightsimaviation.com/ glossaries.html?s=aviation terms
- · Data Mining
  - Data Mining Glossary: http://www.thearling.com/glossary.htm
  - Data Mining Terminologies: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/data\_mining/dm\_terminologies.htm
  - Data Mining and Predictive Analytics Glossary: http://www.kdnuggets.com/2015/06/data-mining-predictive-analytics-glossary
     html
- Data Science / Big Data
  - Data Science Glossary: http://www.datascienceglossary.org/
  - Analytics and Big Data Glossary: http://data-informed.com/glossary-of-big-data-terms/
  - Data Science Glossary: http://www.kdnuggets.com/2015/09/data-science-glossary.html

#### 2.2.5 Costs and Benefits

This is a one-man project, no significant cost is expected. Main benefit is to put to and almost end-to-end scenario the topics covered during the courses and discovering bits and bolts of the techniques for creating the project.

#### 2.3 Determine Data Mining Goals

#### 2.3.1 Data Mining Goals

- Understand, Analyse, Clean and Merge the source data correctly
- Create the required attributes
- Generate the required records (if applicable)

#### 2.3.2 Data Mining Success Criteria

- Identification of featured determining the risk potential of an airport
- · Working model for animal strike prediction

#### 2.4 Produce Project Plan

#### 2.4.1 Project Plan

The project is managed in an agile way, where all the tasks, requirements, issues, solutions, and ideas are kept in a project at buckets.

#### 2.4.2 Initial Assessment of Tools and Techniques

- Programming language:
  - R: https://www.r-project.org/
- IDE for the programming language:
  - RStudio: https://www.rstudio.com/
- Documentation is created using:
  - knitr: https://yihui.name/knitr/
  - MiKTeX: https://miktex.org/
  - ReporteRs: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/ReporteRs/index.html
- Data visualization:

– ggplot2: http://ggplot2.org/

• Data manipulation:

- access2csv: https://github.com/AccelerationNet/access2csv

dtplyr: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/dtplyr/index.html

Project plan / task management:
 Buckets: https://www.buckets.co/

• Source code repository:

GitHub: https://github.com/

Note: The list above do not contain the list of all the tools and packages used to create the project, but the full list will be provided in the source code.

#### 3 Data Understanding

#### 3.1 Collect Initial Data

#### 3.1.1 Initial Data Collection Report

There have been two data sources acquired in the initial phase of the project. These sources are the following:

#### 3.1.1.1 Federal Aviation Administration

- Data source: Wildlife Strike Database
- The FAA provides the database as a compressed Microsoft Access file.
- The database version used is Version 2016.4-P (as of 24-10-2016).
- The database contains 180,177 Strike Reports from 1-1-1990 through 30-4-2016.
- The compressed file size is 44,730,852 bytes.
- The uncompressed Microsoft Access database file size is 193,495,040 bytes.
- The extracted tables are:
  - STRIKE REPORTS (1990-1999) 30082 rows CSV size is 21,523,668 bytes
  - STRIKE REPORTS (2000-2009) 69960 rows CSV size is 51,833,820 bytes.
  - STRIKE REPORTS (2010-Current) 70577 rows CSV size is 53,973,874 bytes.
  - STRIKE REPORTS BASH (1990-Current).csv 8046 rows CSV size is 5,412,394 bytes.

#### 3.1.1.2 United States Department of Transportation

- Data source: Bureau of Transportation Statistics
- The BTS provides the database as separate compressed CSV files. One file contains data of one month.
- The datestamp of the first CSV file available is 1-1-1987.
- The datestamp of the first data available is 1-10-1987.
- The datestamp of the last data acquired from BTS in the project is 31-12-2016.
- The number of files is 360.
  - Compressed size of the files is 6,196,385,360 bytes.
  - Uncompressed size of the files is 71,146,030,010 bytes.
- The download speed of the public access to these files seems to be limited, which needs to be taken into account in case of reproducing the results.

#### 3.2 Describe Data

#### 3.2.1 Data Description Report

The two main data sources have the following column explanations, which is attached to the downloaded files as well, by the data provider agencies.

#### 3.2.1.1 Animal strike data

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
INDEX NR	Individual record number
OPID	Airline operator code
OPERATOR	A three letter International Civil Aviation Organization code for aircraft
	operators. (BUS = business, PVT = private aircraft other than business,
	GOV = government aircraft, MIL - military aircraft.)
ATYPE	Aircraft

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes					
AMA	International Civil Aviation Organization code for Aircraft Make					
AMO	International Civil Aviation Organization code for Aircraft Model					
EMA	Engine Make Code (see Engine Codes tab below)					
EMO	Engine Model Code (see Engine Codes tab below)					
AC_CLASS	Type of aircraft (see Aircraft Type tab below)					
AC_MASS	1 = 2,250  kg or less:  2 = ,2251-5700  kg:  3 = 5,701-27,000  kg:  4 =					
	27,001-272,000 kg: 5 = above 272,000 kg					
NUM_ENGS	Number of engines					
TYPE_ENG	Type of power A = reciprocating engine (piston): B = Turbojet: C = Turboprop: D = Turbofan: E = None (glider): F = Turboshaft (helicopter): Y = Other					
ENG_1_POS	Where engine # 1 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below)					
ENG_2_POS	Where engine # 2 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below)					
ENG 3 POS	Where engine # 3 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below)					
ENG 4 POS	Where engine # 4 is mounted on aircraft (see Engine Position tab below)					
REG	Aircraft registration					
FLT	Flight number					
REMAINS_COLLECTED	Indicates if bird or wildlife remains were found and collected					
REMAINS SENT	Indicates if remains were sent to the Smithsonian Institution for					
REMINIS_SERVI	identification					
INCIDENT DATE	Date strike occurred					
INCIDENT MONTH	Month strike occurred					
INCIDENT YEAR	Year strike occurred					
TIME OF DAY	Light conditions					
TIME_OI_DAI	Hour and minute in local time					
AIRPORT_ID	International Civil Aviation Organization airport identifier for location of					
AIRFORI_ID	strike whether it was on or off airport					
A ID DODT	Name of airport					
AIRPORT STATE	State					
FAAREGION	FAA Region where airport is located					
ENROUTE	If strike did not occur on approach, climb, landing roll, taxi or take-off,					
	aircraft was enroute. This shows location.					
RUNWAY	Runway					
LOCATION	Various information about aircraft location if enroute or airport where strike evidence was found. Some locations show the two airports for the flight departure and arrival if pilot was unaware of the strike.					
HEIGHT	Feet Above Ground Level					
SPEED	Knots (indicated air speed)					
DISTANCE	Miles from airport					
PHASE_OF_FLT	Phase of flight during which strike occurred					
DAMAGE						
Blank	Unknown					
M = minor	When the aircraft can be rendered airworthy by simple repairs or					
	replacements and an extensive inspection is not necessary.					
M? = uncertain level	The aircraft was damaged, but details as to the extent of the damage are lacking.					
S = substantial	When the aircraft incurs damage or structural failure which adversely affects the structure strength, performance or flight characteristics of the aircraft and which would normally require major repair or replacement of the affected component.					
D = Destroyed	When the damage sustained makes it inadvisable to restore the aircraft to an airworthy condition.					

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
STR_RAD	Struck radome
DAM_RAD	Damaged radome
STR_WINDSHLD	Struck windshield
DAM_WINDSHLD	Damaged windshield
STR_NOSE	Struck nose
DAM_NOSE	Damaged nose
STR_ENG1	Struck Engine 1
DAM_ENG1	Damaged Engine 1
STR_ENG2	Struck Engine 2
DAM_ENG2	Damaged Engine 2
STR_ENG3	Struck Engine 3
DAM_ENG3	Damaged Engine 3
STR_ENG4	Struck Engine 4
DAM_ENG4	Damaged Engine 4
INGESTED	Engine ingested the bird/ animal
STR_PROP	Struck Propeller
DAM_PROP	Damaged Propeller
STR_WING_ROT	Struck Wing or Rotor
DAM_WING_ROT	Damaged Wing or Rotor
STR_FUSE	Struck Fuselage
DAM_FUSE	Damaged Fuselage
STR_LG	Struck Landing Gear
DAM_LG	Damaged Landing Gear
STR_TAIL	Struck Tail
DAM_TAIL	Damaged Tail
STR_LGHTS	Struck Lights
DAM_LGHTS	Damaged Lights
STR_OTHER	Struck Other than parts shown above
DAM_OTHER	Damaged Other than parts shown above
OTHER_SPECIFY	What part was struck other than those listed above
EFFECT	Effect on flight
EFFECT_OTHER	Effect on flight other than those listed on the form
SKY	Type of cloud cover, if any
PRECIP	Precipitation
SPECIES_ID	International Civil Aviation Organization code for type of bird or other
	wildlife
SPECIES	Common name for bird or other wildlife
BIRDS_SEEN	Number of birds/wildlife seen by pilot
BIRDS_STRUCK	Number of birds/wildlife struck
SIZE	Size of bird as reported by pilot is a relative scale. Entry should reflect the
	perceived size as opposed to a scientifically determined value. If more than
	one species was struck, larger bird is entered.
WARNED	Pilot warned of birds/wildlife
COMMENTS	As entered by database manager. Can include name of aircraft owner, types
	of reports received, updates, etc.
REMARKS	Most of remarks are from the form but some are data entry notes and are
	usually in parentheses.
AOS	Time aircraft was out of service in hours. If unknown, it is blank.
COST_REPAIRS	Estimated cost of repairs of replacement in dollars (USD)
COST_OTHER	Estimated other costs, other than those in previous field in dollars (USD).
	May include loss of revenue, hotel expenses due to flight cancellation, costs
	of fuel dumped, etc.

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
COST_REPAIRS_INFL_ADJ	Costs adjusted for inflation
COST_OTHER_INFL_ADJ	Other cost adjusted for inflation
REPORTED_NAME	Name(s) of person(s) filing report
REPORTED_TITLE	Title(s) of person(s) filing report
REPORTED_DATE	Date report was written
SOURCE	Type of report. Note: for multiple types of reports this will be indicated as
	Multiple. See "Comments" field for details
PERSON	Only one selection allowed. For multiple reports, see field "Reported Title"
NR_INJURIES	Number of people injured
NR_FATALITIES	Number of human fatalities
LUPDATE	Last time record was updated
TRANSFER	Unused field at this time
INDICATED_DAMAGE	Indicates whether or not aircraft was damaged

## 3.2.1.2 Flight data

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
Year	Year
Quarter	Quarter (1-4)
Month	Month
DayofMonth	Day of Month
DayOfWeek	Day of Week
FlightDate	Flight Date (yyyymmdd)
UniqueCarrier	Unique Carrier Code. When the same code has been used by multiple carriers, a numeric suffix is used for earlier users, for example, PA, PA(1), PA(2). Use this field for analysis across a range of years.
AirlineID	An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airline (carrier). A unique airline (carrier) is defined as one holding and reporting under the same DOT certificate regardless of its Code, Name, or holding company/corporation.
Carrier	Code assigned by IATA and commonly used to identify a carrier. As the same code may have been assigned to different carriers over time, the code is not always unique. For analysis, use the Unique Carrier Code.
TailNum	Tail Number
FlightNum	Flight Number
OriginAirportID	Origin Airport, Airport ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport. Use this field for airport analysis across a range of years because an airport can change its airport code and airport codes can be reused.
OriginAirportSeqID	Origin Airport, Airport Sequence ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport at a given point of time. Airport attributes, such as airport name or coordinates, may change over time.
OriginCityMarketID	Origin Airport, City Market ID. City Market ID is an identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a city market. Use this field to consolidate airports serving the same city market.
Origin	Origin Airport
OriginCityName	Origin Airport, City Name
OriginState	Origin Airport, State Code
OriginStateFips	Origin Airport, State Fips
OriginStateName	Origin Airport, State Name
OriginWac	Origin Airport, World Area Code

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
DestAirportID	Destination Airport, Airport ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport. Use this field for airport analysis across a range of years because an airport can change its airport code and airport codes can be reused.
DestAirportSeqID	Destination Airport, Airport Sequence ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport at a given point of time. Airport attributes, such as airport name or coordinates, may change over time.
DestCityMarketID	Destination Airport, City Market ID. City Market ID is an identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a city market. Use this field to consolidate

Dest Destination Airport

DestCityName
DestState
DestInation Airport, City Name
DestState
DestStateFips
DestStateFips
DestStateName
DestInation Airport, State Fips
DestStateName
Destination Airport, State Name
DestWac
Destination Airport, World Area Code
CRSDepTime
CRS Departure Time (local time: hhmm)
DepTime
Actual Departure Time (local time: hhmm)

DepDelay Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual departure time. Early

departures show negative numbers.

airports serving the same city market.

DepDelayMinutes Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual departure time. Early

departures set to 0.

DepDel15 Departure Delay Indicator, 15 Minutes or More (1=Yes)

Departure Delay intervals, every (15 minutes from <-15 to >180)

DepTimeBlk CRS Departure Time Block, Hourly Intervals

TaxiOut Taxi Out Time, in Minutes

WheelsOff Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm)
WheelsOn Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm)

TaxiIn Taxi In Time, in Minutes

CRSArrTime CRS Arrival Time (local time: hhmm)
ArrTime Actual Arrival Time (local time: hhmm)

ArrDelay Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time. Early arrivals

show negative numbers.

ArrDelayMinutes Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time. Early arrivals set

to 0.

ArrDel15 Arrival Delay Indicator, 15 Minutes or More (1=Yes)

Arrival Delay Groups Arrival Delay intervals, every (15-minutes from <-15 to >180)

ArrTimeBlk CRS Arrival Time Block, Hourly Intervals
Cancelled Cancelled Flight Indicator (1=Yes)
CancellationCode Specifies The Reason For Cancellation
Diverted Diverted Flight Indicator (1=Yes)
CRSElapsedTime CRS Elapsed Time of Flight, in Minutes
ActualElapsedTime Elapsed Time of Flight, in Minutes

AirTime Flight Time, in Minutes Flights Number of Flights

Distance between airports (miles)

Distance Group Distance Intervals, every 250 Miles, for Flight Segment

Carrier Delay, in Minutes Weather Delay Weather Delay, in Minutes

NASDelay National Air System Delay, in Minutes

Security Delay, in Minutes
Late Aircraft Delay

Late Aircraft Delay, in Minutes

First DepTime First Gate Departure Time at Origin Airport

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
TotalAddGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate for Gate Return or Cancelled Flight
LongestAddGTime	Longest Time Away from Gate for Gate Return or Cancelled Flight
DivAirportLandings	Number of Diverted Airport Landings
DivReachedDest	Diverted Flight Reaching Scheduled Destination Indicator (1=Yes)
DivActualElapsedTime	Elapsed Time of Diverted Flight Reaching Scheduled Destination, in Minutes. The
_	ActualElapsedTime column remains NULL for all diverted flights.
DivArrDelay	Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time for a diverted
•	flight reaching scheduled destination. The ArrDelay column remains NULL for all diverted flights.
DivDistance	Distance between scheduled destination and final diverted airport (miles). Value
	will be 0 for diverted flight reaching scheduled destination.
Div1Airport	Diverted Airport Code1
Div1AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 1. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div1AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 1. Unique Key for Time Specific
r 1	Information for an Airport
Div1WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code1
Div1TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code1
Div1LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code1
Div1WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code1
Div1TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code1
Div2Airport	Diverted Airport Code2
Div2AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 2. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div2AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 2. Unique Key for Time Specific
21121 inportseq12	Information for an Airport
Div2WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code2
Div2TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code2
Div2LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code2
Div2WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code2
Div2TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code2
Div3Airport	Diverted Airport Code3
Div3AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 3. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div3AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 3. Unique Key for Time Specific
21,31 importa eq.12	Information for an Airport
Div3WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code3
Div3TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code3
Div3LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code3
Div3WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code3
Div3TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code3
Div4Airport	Diverted Airport Code4
Div4AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 4. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div4AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 4. Unique Key for Time Specific
21 miportseq12	Information for an Airport
Div4WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code4
Div4TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code4
Div4LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code4
Div4WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code4
Div4WilceisOff Div4TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code4
Div5Airport	Diverted Airport Code5
Div5AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 5. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div5AirportSeqID	Airport B of Diverted Airport 5. Airport Is a Unique Key for Time Specific
DivinipoliocqiD	Information for an Airport
Div5WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code5
	Theore on Time (room time, minim) at Divolted Import Codes

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
Div5TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code5
Div5LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code5
Div5WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code5
Div5TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code5

#### 3.3 Explore Data

#### 3.3.1 Data Exploration Report

Keeping the length of this section reasonable, the exploration report shown here contains the data from 1990. The report for the rest of the data is in the appendix of the final document.

#### 3.3.1.1 Animal Strike Data

The first summary table shows the number of distinct items for each year regarding the Airline operators, Aircraft, Aircraft types, Aircraft mass types, and Engine types, which have been reported as being affected in an animal strike.

Year	# of reports	Operators	Aircraft	Aircraft type	Aircraft mass type	Engine type
1990	1847	316	329	4	5	9

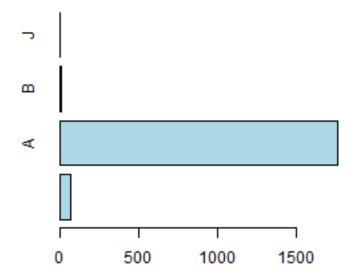
The second summary table shows the number of distinct items for each year regarding the Time of day, Airports, States, Phase of flight, weather conditions (Sky and Precipitation), and the flag for showing if the pilot has been warned or not about birds / wildlife in the reports.

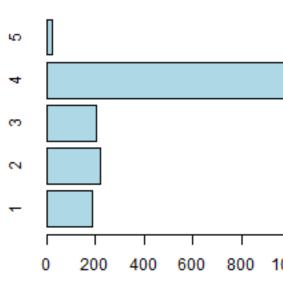
Year	Time of day	Airports	States	Phase of flight	Sky	Precipitation	Warned
1990	5	1175	61	12	7	8	4

The following graphs show the distributions of some of the selected distinct items summarized in the tables above.

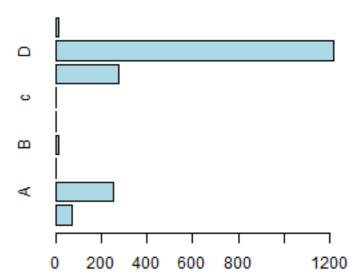
# Data distribution of

#### Data distribution of AC\_CLASS in year 1990 AC\_MASS in year 1990

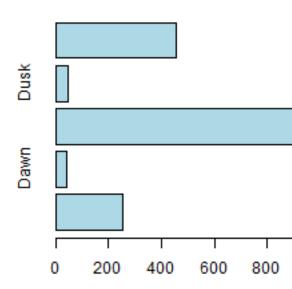


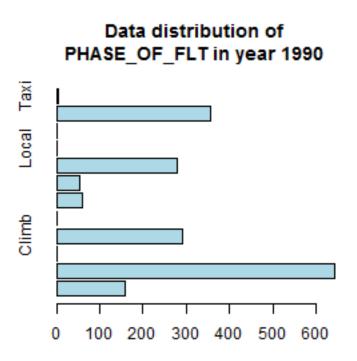


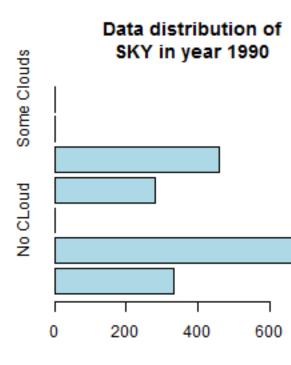
# Data distribution of TYPE\_ENG in year 1990

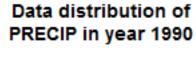


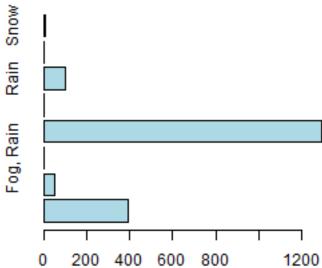
# Data distribution of TIME\_OF\_DAY in year 19











3.3.1.2 Flight Data

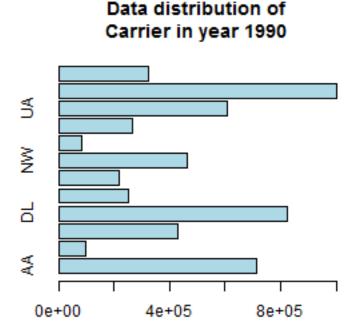
The first summary table shows the number of distinct items for each year regarding the number of records, the carriers, and the origin and the destination airports.

Year	# of flights	# of carriers	Origin airports	Origin states	Destination airports	Destination states
1990	5270893	12	235	53	236	53

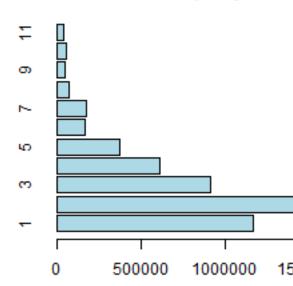
The second summary table shows the number of distinct items for each year the departure time group and distance between the airports.

Year	Departure time block	Distance group
1990	19	11

The following graphs show the distributions of some of the selected distinct items summarized in the tables above.



# Data distribution of DistanceGroup in year 1



#### 3.4 Verify Data Quality

#### 3.4.1 Data Quality Report

#### 3.4.1.1 Animal strike data

The data set provided by the Federal Aviation Administration is a data set based on voluntary strike reporting from airlines, airports, pilots, and other sources. Therefore the quality of the data enormously depends on the goodwill of the reporting source and even with the best intentions there are several quality issues which needs to be addressed later in the project.

• Mixed use of uppercase and lowercase letters/codes

- Mixed use of codes (e.g.: engine type is defined as "A/C")
- Number of States in the data set is above the actual number of states of the U.S.

The Federal Aviation Administration provides code books for some of the data details in the strike reports. Based on these code books the records with the following values can be removed from the data set, as they are not relevant for the goals of the project.

Column name	Value	Reason for removal
OPID	"PVT"	Record is related of a strike to a privately owned aircraft, not to an aircraft
		operated by a commercial airline.
OPID	"BUS"	Record is related of a strike to a business aircraft, not to an aircraft operated
		by a commercial airline.
OPID	"GOV"	Record is related of a strike to a government aircraft, not to an aircraft
		operated by a commercial airline.
OPID	"MIL"	Record is related of a strike to a military aircraft, not to an aircraft operated
		by a commercial airline.
OPID	"UNKC"	Record is related of a strike to an aircraft of an unknown commercial
		operator. Without this information identification of the flight can't be done
		correctly.
OPID	"UNK"	Record is related of a strike to an aircraft of an unknown operator. Without
		this information identification of the flight can't be done correctly.
AC_CLASS	"B"	Value stands for helicopter.
AC_CLASS	"C"	Value stands for glider.
AC_CLASS	"D"	Value stands for balloon.
AC_CLASS	"F"	Value stands for dirigible.
AC_CLASS	"I"	Value stands for gyroplane.
AC_CLASS	"J"	Value stands for ultralight.
AC_CLASS	"Y"	Value stands for other.
AC_CLASS	"Z"	Value stands for unknown.
AC_CLASS	· · · · · ·	Value is empty.
TYPE_ENG	"E"	Value stands for none (glider).
TYPE_ENG	"F"	Value stands for turboshaft (helicopter).
TYPE_ENG	(6)	Value is empty.

The strike report itself contains a great deal of details, which can be used in different projects, but for our purposes the following details have to be removed to concentrate on those information, which we expect to be the cause and not the effect of the strike. The following details needs to be removed from the data set in a later stage.

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
AMA	International Civil Aviation Organization code for Aircraft Make
AMO	International Civil Aviation Organization code for Aircraft Model
EMA	Engine Make Code
EMO	Engine Model Code
NUM ENGS	Number of engines
ENG 1 POS	Where engine # 1 is mounted on aircraft
ENG 2 POS	Where engine # 2 is mounted on aircraft
ENG_3_POS	Where engine # 3 is mounted on aircraft
ENG_4_POS	Where engine # 4 is mounted on aircraft
REMAINS COLLECTED	Indicates if bird or wildlife remains were found and collected
REMAINS_SENT	Indicates if remains were sent to the Smithsonian Institution for identification

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes		
LOCATION	Various information about aircraft location if enroute or airport where strike		
	evidence was found. Some locations show the two airports for the flight		
	departure and arrival if pilot was unaware of the strike.		
DAMAGE	Amount of the damage.		
STR_RAD	Struck radome		
DAM_RAD	Damaged radome		
STR_WINDSHLD	Struck windshield		
DAM_WINDSHLD	Damaged windshield		
STR_NOSE	Struck nose		
DAM_NOSE	Damaged nose		
STR_ENG1	Struck Engine 1		
DAM_ENG1	Damaged Engine 1		
STR_ENG2	Struck Engine 2		
DAM_ENG2	Damaged Engine 2		
STR_ENG3	Struck Engine 3		
DAM_ENG3	Damaged Engine 3		
STR_ENG4	Struck Engine 4		
DAM_ENG4	Damaged Engine 4		
INGESTED	Engine ingested the bird/ animal		
STR_PROP	Struck Propeller		
DAM_PROP	Damaged Propeller		
STR_WING_ROT	Struck Wing or Rotor		
DAM_WING_ROT	Damaged Wing or Rotor		
STR_FUSE	Struck Fuselage		
DAM_FUSE	Damaged Fuselage		
STR_LG	Struck Landing Gear		
DAM_LG	Damaged Landing Gear		
STR_TAIL	Struck Tail		
DAM_TAIL	Damaged Tail		
STR_LGHTS	Struck Lights		
DAM_LGHTS	Damaged Lights		
STR_OTHER	Struck Other than parts shown above		
DAM_OTHER	Damaged Other than parts shown above		
OTHER_SPECIFY	What part was struck other than those listed above		
EFFECT	Effect on flight		
EFFECT_OTHER	Effect on flight other than those listed on the form		
SPECIES_ID	International Civil Aviation Organization code for type of bird or other		
	wildlife		
SPECIES	Common name for bird or other wildlife		
BIRDS_SEEN	Number of birds/wildlife seen by pilot		
BIRDS_STRUCK	Number of birds/wildlife struck		
SIZE	Size of bird as reported by pilot is a relative scale. Entry should reflect the		
	perceived size as opposed to a scientifically determined value. If more than		
	one species was struck, larger bird is entered.		
COMMENTS	As entered by database manager. Can include name of aircraft owner, types		
	of reports received, updates, etc.		
REMARKS	Most of remarks are from the form but some are data entry notes and are		
	usually in parentheses.		
AOS	Time aircraft was out of service in hours. If unknown, it is blank.		
COST_REPAIRS	Estimated cost of repairs of replacement in dollars (USD)		

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes		
COST OTHER	Estimated other costs, other than those in previous field in dollars (USD).		
_	May include loss of revenue, hotel expenses due to flight cancellation, costs		
	of fuel dumped, etc.		
COST REPAIRS INFL ADJ	Costs adjusted for inflation		
COST_OTHER_INFL_ADJ	Other cost adjusted for inflation		
REPORTED_NAME	Name(s) of person(s) filing report		
REPORTED_TITLE	Title(s) of person(s) filing report		
REPORTED_DATE	Date report was written		
SOURCE	Type of report. Note: for multiple types of reports this will be indicated as		
	Multiple. See "Comments" field for details		
PERSON	Only one selection allowed. For multiple reports, see field "Reported Title"		
NR_INJURIES	Number of people injured		
NR_FATALITIES	Number of human fatalities		
LUPDATE	Last time record was updated		
TRANSFER	Unused field at this time		
INDICATED_DAMAGE	Indicates whether or not aircraft was damaged		

#### 3.4.1.2 Flight data

The data set provided by the United States Department of Transportation is a data set based on the timetable and the actual flight information collected by various systems. Therefore the quality of the data is significantly better than the data from the Federal Aviation Administration Animal Strike Database, but there are still some possible quality issues which needs to be addressed later in the project after further investigation. These issues include:

• Number of States in the data set is above the actual number of states of the U.S.

The data in the Federal Aviation Administration Animal Strike Database is available only until 30-4-2016, so the flight data needs to be adjusted accordingly.

Similarly to the Federal Aviation Administration Animal Strike Database, the flight performance data set contains a great deal of details as well, which can be used in different projects, but for our purposes the following details have to be removed to concentrate on those information, which we expect to be the cause and not the effect of the strike. The following details needs to be removed from the data set in a later stage.

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
UniqueCarrier	Unique Carrier Code. When the same code has been used by multiple carriers, a numeric suffix is used for earlier users, for example, PA, PA(1), PA(2). Use this field for analysis across a range of years.
AirlineID	An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airline (carrier) A unique airline (carrier) is defined as one holding and reporting under the same DOT certificate regardless of its Code, Name, or holding company/corporation.
TailNum	Tail Number
OriginAirportID	Origin Airport, Airport ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport. Use this field for airport analysis across a range of years because an airport can change its airport code and airport codes can be reused.
OriginAirportSeqID	Origin Airport, Airport Sequence ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport at a given point of time. Airport attributes, such as airport name or coordinates, may change over time.
OriginCityMarketID	Origin Airport, City Market ID. City Market ID is an identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a city market. Use this field to consolidate airports serving the same city market.
OriginStateFips	Origin Airport, State Fips
OriginWac	Origin Airport, World Area Code

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes		
DestAirportID	Destination Airport, Airport ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport. Use this field for airport analysis across a range of years		
DestAirportSeqID	because an airport can change its airport code and airport codes can be reused. Destination Airport, Airport Sequence ID. An identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a unique airport at a given point of time. Airport attributes, such as airport name or coordinates, may change over time.		
DestCityMarketID	Destination Airport, City Market ID. City Market ID is an identification number assigned by US DOT to identify a city market. Use this field to consolidate airports serving the same city market.		
DestStateFips	Destination Airport, State Fips		
DestWac	Destination Airport, World Area Code		
CRSDepTime	CRS Departure Time (local time: hhmm)		
DepTime	Actual Departure Time (local time: hhmm)		
DepDelay	Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual departure time. Early		
· F · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	departures show negative numbers.		
DepDelayMinutes	Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual departure time. Early		
· r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	departures set to 0.		
DepDel15	Departure Delay Indicator, 15 Minutes or More (1=Yes)		
DepartureDelayGroups	Departure Delay intervals, every (15 minutes from <-15 to >180)		
TaxiOut	Taxi Out Time, in Minutes		
WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm)		
WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm)		
TaxiIn	Taxi In Time, in Minutes		
ArrTime	Actual Arrival Time (local time: hhmm)		
ArrDelay	Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time. Early arrivals show negative numbers.		
ArrDelayMinutes	Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time. Early arrivals set to 0.		
ArrDel15	Arrival Delay Indicator, 15 Minutes or More (1=Yes)		
ArrivalDelayGroups	Arrival Delay intervals, every (15-minutes from <-15 to >180)		
Cancelled	Cancelled Flight Indicator (1=Yes)		
CancellationCode	Specifies The Reason For Cancellation		
Diverted	Diverted Flight Indicator (1=Yes)		
ActualElapsedTime	Elapsed Time of Flight, in Minutes		
AirTime	Flight Time, in Minutes		
Flights	Number of Flights		
CarrierDelay	Carrier Delay, in Minutes		
WeatherDelay	Weather Delay, in Minutes		
NASDelay	National Air System Delay, in Minutes		
SecurityDelay	Security Delay, in Minutes		
LateAircraftDelay	Late Aircraft Delay, in Minutes		
FirstDepTime	First Gate Departure Time at Origin Airport		
T-4-14 11CT:	Total Community American Code for Code Determine Community Flight		

Total AddGTime Total Ground Time Away from Gate for Gate Return or Cancelled Flight
LongestAddGTime Longest Time Away from Gate for Gate Return or Cancelled Flight

DivAirportLandings Number of Diverted Airport Landings

DivReachedDest Diverted Flight Reaching Scheduled Destination Indicator (1=Yes)

DivActualElapsedTime Elapsed Time of Diverted Flight Reaching Scheduled Destination, in Minutes. The

ActualElapsedTime column remains NULL for all diverted flights.

DivArrDelay Difference in minutes between scheduled and actual arrival time for a diverted

flight reaching scheduled destination. The ArrDelay column remains NULL for all

diverted flights.

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
DivDistance	Distance between scheduled destination and final diverted airport (miles). Value will be 0 for diverted flight reaching scheduled destination.
Div1Airport	Diverted Airport Code1
Div1AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 1. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div1AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 1. Unique Key for Time Specific
Divirinportseque	Information for an Airport
Div1WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code1
Div1TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code1
Div1LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code1
Div1WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code1
Div1TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code1
Div2Airport	Diverted Airport Code2
Div2AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 2. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div2AirportSeqID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 2. Airport ID is a Unique Key for all Airport Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 2. Unique Key for Time Specific
DivZAiiportseqiD	Information for an Airport
Div/WhaalaOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code2
Div2WheelsOn	
Div2TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code2
Div2LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code2
Div2WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code2
Div2TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code2
Div3Airport	Diverted Airport Code3
Div3AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 3. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div3AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 3. Unique Key for Time Specific
	Information for an Airport
Div3WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code3
Div3TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code3
Div3LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code3
Div3WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code3
Div3TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code3
Div4Airport	Diverted Airport Code4
Div4AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 4. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div4AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 4. Unique Key for Time Specific
	Information for an Airport
Div4WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code4
Div4TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code4
Div4LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code4
Div4WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code4
Div4TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code4
Div5Airport	Diverted Airport Code5
Div5AirportID	Airport ID of Diverted Airport 5. Airport ID is a Unique Key for an Airport
Div5AirportSeqID	Airport Sequence ID of Diverted Airport 5. Unique Key for Time Specific
	Information for an Airport
Div5WheelsOn	Wheels On Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code5
Div5TotalGTime	Total Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code5
Div5LongestGTime	Longest Ground Time Away from Gate at Diverted Airport Code5
Div5WheelsOff	Wheels Off Time (local time: hhmm) at Diverted Airport Code5
Div5TailNum	Aircraft Tail Number for Diverted Airport Code5

# 4 Data Preparation

#### 4.1 Data Set

#### 4.1.1 Data Set Description

The resolution of the issues found during the data quality verification includes the reducing of several details originally provided by the Federal Aviation Administration and the United States Department of Transportation agencies. This section describes the resulted data sets.

#### 4.1.1.1 Animal strike data

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
INDEX NR	Individual record number
OPID	Airline operator code
OPERATOR	A three letter International Civil Aviation Organization code for aircraft operators. (BUS = business, PVT = private aircraft other than business, GOV = government aircraft, MIL - military aircraft.)
ATYPE	Aircraft
AC_CLASS	Type of aircraft (see Aircraft Type tab below)
AC_MASS	1 = 2,250 kg or less: 2 = ,2251-5700 kg: 3 = 5,701-27,000 kg: 4 = 27,001-272,000 kg: 5 = above 272,000 kg
TYPE_ENG	Type of power A = reciprocating engine (piston): B = Turbojet: C = Turboprop: D = Turbofan: E = None (glider): F = Turboshaft (helicopter): Y = Other
REG	Aircraft registration
FLT	Flight number
INCIDENT_DATE	Date strike occurred
INCIDENT MONTH	Month strike occurred
INCIDENT_YEAR	Year strike occurred
TIME OF DAY	Light conditions
TIME	Hour and minute in local time
AIRPORT_ID	International Civil Aviation Organization airport identifier for location of strike whether it was on or off airport
AIRPORT	Name of airport
STATE	State
FAAREGION	FAA Region where airport is located
ENROUTE	If strike did not occur on approach, climb, landing roll, taxi or take-off, aircraft was enroute. This shows location.
RUNWAY	Runway
HEIGHT	Feet Above Ground Level
SPEED	Knots (indicated air speed)
DISTANCE	Miles from airport
PHASE OF FLT	Phase of flight during which strike occurred
SKY	Type of cloud cover, if any
PRECIP	Precipitation
WARNED	Pilot warned of birds/wildlife

The number of details (columns) for each strike report has been reduces from 94 to 27.

#### 4.1.1.2 Flight data

Column name	Explanation of Column Name and Codes
Year	Year
Quarter	Quarter (1-4)
Month	Month
DayofMonth	Day of Month
DayOfWeek	Day of Week
FlightDate	Flight Date (yyyymmdd)
Carrier	Code assigned by IATA and commonly used to identify a carrier. As the same code may have been assigned to different carriers over time, the code is not always unique. For analysis, use the Unique Carrier Code.
FlightNum	Flight Number
Origin	Origin Airport
OriginCityName	Origin Airport, City Name
OriginState	Origin Airport, State Code
OriginStateName	Origin Airport, State Name
Dest	Destination Airport
DestCityName	Destination Airport, City Name
DestState	Destination Airport, State Code
DestStateName	Destination Airport, State Name
CRSDepTime	CRS Departure Time (local time: hhmm)
DepTimeBlk	CRS Departure Time Block, Hourly Intervals
CRSArrTime	CRS Arrival Time (local time: hhmm)
CRSElapsedTime	CRS Elapsed Time of Flight, in Minutes
Distance	Distance between airports (miles)
DistanceGroup	Distance Intervals, every 250 Miles, for Flight Segment

The number of details (columns) for each flight performance record has been reduces from 110 to 23.

#### 4.2 Select Data

#### 4.2.1 Rationale for Inclusion / Exclusion

The resolution of the issues found during the data quality verification includes the exclusion of certain records from the data sets originally provided by the Federal Aviation Administration and the United States Department of Transportation agencies. This section provides the summary of the changes on the data sets.

#### 4.2.1.1 Animal strike data

The following columns are impacted by the selection criteria described in the data quality verification section:

- OPID
- AC\_CLASS
- TYPE\_ENG

#### 4.2.1.2 Flight data

The data in the Federal Aviation Administration Animal Strike Database is available only until 30-4-2016, so the flight data needs to be adjusted accordingly.

#### 4.3 Clean Data

#### 4.3.1 Data Cleaning Report

TODO

#### 4.4 Construct Data

#### 4.4.1 Derived Attributes

TODO

#### 4.4.2 Generated Records

TODO

## 4.5 Integrate Data

#### 4.5.1 Merged Data

TODO

#### 4.6 Format Data

#### 4.6.1 Reformatted Data

TODO

# 5 Modeling

TODO		

5.1	<b>Select Modeling</b>	<b>Technique</b>	for M	odel 1
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5.1.1 Modeling Technique

TODO

5.1.2 Modeling Assumptions

**TODO** 

## 5.2 Generate Test Design for Model 1

5.2.1 Test Design

**TODO** 

#### 5.3 Build Model for Model 1

5.3.1 Parameter Settings

TODO

**5.3.2** Models

TODO

5.3.3 Model Description

TODO

#### 5.4 Assess Model for Model 1

5.4.1 Model Assessment

TODO

**5.4.2** Revised Parameter Settings

TODO

5.5.1	Modeling Technique				
TODO					
5.5.2	Modeling Assumptions				
TODO	TODO				
5.6	Generate Test Design for Model 2				
5.6.1	Test Design				
TODO					
5.7	Build Model for Model 2				
5.7.1	Parameter Settings				
TODO					
5.7.2	Models				
TODO	TODO				
5.7.3	Model Description				
TODO					
5.8	Assess Model for Model 2				
5.8.1	Model Assessment				
TODO					
5.8.2	Revised Parameter Settings				
TODO					

5.5 Select Modeling Technique for Model 2

# 6 Evaluation

#### **6.1** Evaluate Results

6.1.1 Assessment of Data Mining Result with Business Success Criteria

TODO

6.1.2 Approved Models

TODO

- **6.2** Review Process
- 6.2.1 Review of Process

TODO

- 6.3 Determine Next Steps
- 6.3.1 List of Possible Actions

TODO

6.3.2 Decision

TODO

# 7 Contributors

Student: Gábor Horváth Mentor: Gergely Daróczi

#### 8 Environment

The following language, tool and library versions have been used to create the project:

R Studio version 1.0.143

R version 3.4.0 (2017-04-21) 72570

#### Package versions:

- RODBC version 1.3.15
- knitr version 1.16
- data.table version 1.10.4
- dplyr version 0.5.0
- dtplyr version 0.0.2
- ReporteRs version 0.8.8
- ReporteRsjars version 0.0.2
- installr version 0.19.0
- stringr version 1.2.0
- ggplot2 version 2.2.1
- yaml version 2.1.14
- png version 0.1.7
- grid version 3.4.0
- pander version 0.6.0

#### Base package versions:

- stats version 3.4.0
- graphics version 3.4.0
- grDevices version 3.4.0
- utils version 3.4.0
- datasets version 3.4.0
- methods version 3.4.0
- base version 3.4.0

MiKTeX Package Manager 2.9.6200 (MiKTeX 2.9.6210 64-bit)

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