

位运算实现四则运算

$5 + 17 = ?$ 怎么算?

思路:

1. 每位相加不进位, 此时结果为12
2. 计算进位, 只有一次进位, 进位值为 10^1
3. 把之前两步结果相加, $5 + 17 = 12 + 10 = 22$

5: 101 17: 10001

. 相加不进位结果: 10100B

1+0 = 1, 0+1=1, 1+1=0, 0+0=0 => 异或运算

. 进位: $2^1 = 10B$

0+0、0+1、1+0, 不进位; 1+1, 进位值 $1 \ll 1$ => 与运算, 再左移一位

. 结果相加: $10100 + 10 = 10110 = 22$

递归调用前两步, 直到进位为0

推广到二进制

5: 101 17: 10001

1. 相加不进位结果: 10100B

$1+0=1$, $0+1=1$, $1+1=0$, $0+0=0 \Rightarrow$ 异或运算

2. 进位: $2^1 = 10B$

$0+0$ 、 $0+1$ 、 $1+0$, 不进位; $1+1$, 进位值 $1 \ll 1$

与运算, 再左移一位

3. 结果相加: $10100 + 10 = 10110 = 22$

递归调用前两步, 直到进位为0

Add

- . 异或运算
- . 相与，再左移一位
- . 递归调用前两步，直到进位为0

```
def add(self, num1, num2):  
    # 32bits integer max  
    MAX = 0x7FFFFFFF  
    MASK = 0xFFFFFFFF  
  
    ans = num1  
    while num2 != 0:  
        ans = (num1 ^ num2) & MASK  
        num2 = ((num1 & num2) << 1) & MASK  
        num1 = ans  
    return ans if ans <= MAX else ~(ans ^ MASK)
```

Subtract

正数：补码 = 原码

负数：补码 = 反码 + 1 = \sim 原码 + 1

so => $a - b = a + (-b) = a + (\sim b + 1)$

```
def subtract(self, num1, num2):  
    return self.add(num1, self.add(~num2, 1))
```

Multiply

乘法运算:

$$5 * 7 = 101B * 111B = ?$$

1 1 1	a
1 0 1	b
<hr/>	
1 1 1	b >> 0, a << 0
0 0 0 0	b >> 1, a << 1
1 1 1 0 0	b >> 2, a << 2
<hr/>	
1 0 0 0 1 1	add


```
def is_negative(self, num1, num2):  
    return (num1 ^ num2) < 0
```

```
def abs(self, num):  
    if num >= 0:  
        return num  
    else:  
        return self.add(~num, 1)
```

```
def multiply(self, num1, num2):  
    abs1 = self.abs(num1)  
    abs2 = self.abs(num2)  
    ans = 0  
    while abs2 != 0:  
        if abs2 & 1:  
            ans = self.add(ans, abs1)  
        abs2 = abs2 >> 1  
        abs1 = abs1 << 1  
    if self.is_negative(num1, num2):  
        return self.add(~ans, 1)  
    return ans
```

Divide

除法运算：

$$37 / 5 = 100101\text{B} / 101\text{B} = ?$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 101 \overline{) 100101} \\ \underline{101} \\ 1000 \\ \underline{101} \\ 111 \\ \underline{101} \\ 10 \end{array}$$

a

$$i = 2, (a \gg i) > b, a = a - b \ll i$$

$$i = 1$$

$$i = 0$$

$$i < 0$$

```
def divide(self, num1, num2):
    # exception
    if num2 == 0:
        raise Exception("Divisor is zero.", num2)
    abs1 = self.abs(num1)
    abs2 = self.abs(num2)

    ans = 0
    i = 31
    while i >= 0:
        if (abs1 >> i) >= abs2:
            ans = self.add(ans, 1 << i)
            abs1 = self.subtract(abs1, abs2 << i)
        i = self.subtract(i, 1)
    if self.is_negative(num1, num2):
        return self.add(~ans, 1)
    return ans
```