

Overview

- following¹ consider MLTT with
 - Σ-types (dependent sums)
 - □-types (dependent products)
 - Id-types (identity types), and
 - a base type N of natural numbers (no universes and (higher) inductive types)
- use a very verbose syntax with lots of type annotations
 - good for theoretical reasoning, but not practical
 - omitting type decorations can be justified a posteriori since in most cases they can be uniquely reconstructed
- basic syntactic entities are types A, B, C,..., terms s, t, u,...,
 contexts

$$\Gamma, \Delta, \ldots = (x_1:A_1, x_2:A_2, \ldots, x_n:A_n)$$

and judgments

¹M. Hofmann. "Syntax and semantics of dependent types". In: *Extensional Constructs in Intensional Type Theory*. Springer, 1997, pp. 13–54.

6 forms of judgments

 $\Gamma \vdash cxt$ '\(\Gamma\) is a context'

 $\Gamma \equiv \Delta \vdash cxt$ ' Γ and Δ are equal contexts'

 $\Gamma \vdash A \equiv B$ type A and B are equal types in context Γ

 $\Gamma \vdash t : A$ t is a term of type A in context Γ

 $\Gamma \vdash t \equiv u : A$ t and u are equal terms of type A in context Γ

Types of rules

For each type former – i.e. Σ , Π , Id , N – there are

- formation
- introduction
- elimination
- computation
- congruence

rules.

Furthermore, there are the following basic rules.

- empty context and context extension
- variable, weakening, substitution
- reflexivity, transitivity, symmetry for definitional equality
- conversion

Context rules

⇒ ⊢ cxt
$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma, x : A \vdash \text{ cxt}}$
$ \Gamma \equiv \Delta \vdash \operatorname{cxt} \\ \Gamma \vdash A \equiv B \text{ type} $
$\frac{\Gamma + \gamma \Gamma = B \text{ type}}{(\Gamma, x:A) \equiv (\Delta, x:B) \vdash \text{ cxt}}$

empty context

context extension

congruence for context extension

Variable, weakening and substitution

$\frac{\Gamma, x: A, \Delta \vdash \operatorname{cxt}}{\Gamma, x: A, \Delta \vdash x: A}$	variable
$ \begin{array}{c} \Gamma, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J} \\ \Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \\ \hline \Gamma, x:A, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J} \end{array} $	weakening
$ \Gamma, x : A, \Delta \vdash \mathcal{J} \underline{\Gamma \vdash t : A} \underline{\Gamma, \Delta[t/x] \vdash \mathcal{J}[t/x]} $	substitution

Equivalence rules for definitional equality

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
\Gamma \vdash & \operatorname{cxt} & & \Gamma \vdash A & \operatorname{type} & & \Gamma \vdash t : A \\
\hline
\Gamma \equiv \Gamma \vdash & \operatorname{cxt} & & \Gamma \vdash A \equiv A & \operatorname{type} & & \Gamma \vdash t \equiv t : A
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
\Gamma \equiv \Delta \vdash & \operatorname{cxt} & & \Gamma \vdash A \equiv B & \operatorname{type} & & \Gamma \vdash t \equiv u : A \\
\hline
\Delta \equiv \Gamma \vdash & \operatorname{cxt} & & \Gamma \vdash B \equiv A & \operatorname{type} & & \Gamma \vdash u \equiv t : A
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
\Gamma \equiv \Delta \vdash & \operatorname{cxt} & & \Gamma \vdash A \equiv B & \operatorname{type} & & \Gamma \vdash t \equiv u : A \\
\hline
\Delta \equiv \Theta \vdash & \operatorname{cxt} & & \Gamma \vdash B \equiv C & \operatorname{type} & & \Gamma \vdash u \equiv v : A \\
\hline
\Gamma \equiv \Theta \vdash & \operatorname{cxt} & & \Gamma \vdash A \equiv C & \operatorname{type} & & \Gamma \vdash t \equiv v : A
\end{array}$$

Conversion rules

$$\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}
\Gamma \equiv \Delta \vdash \text{ cxt}
\Delta \vdash A \text{ type}
\Gamma \vdash t : A
\Gamma \equiv \Delta \vdash \text{ cxt}
\Gamma \vdash A \equiv B \text{ type}
\Delta \vdash t : B$$

type conversion

term conversion

Π types

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma, x : A \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi x : A \cdot B \text{ type}} \qquad \text{formation}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : A \cdot t^B) : \Pi x : A \cdot B} \qquad \text{introduction}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \Pi x : A \cdot B \qquad \Gamma \vdash u : A}{\Gamma \vdash \text{app}_{[x : A]B}(t, u) : B[u/x]} \qquad \text{elimination}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{app}_{[x : A]B}(\lambda x \cdot t^B, u) \equiv t[u/x] : B[u/x] \qquad \text{computation } (\beta \text{-rule})$$

$$\Gamma \vdash t \equiv (\lambda x : A \cdot \text{app}_{[x : A]B}(t, x)^B) : \Pi x : A \cdot B \qquad \text{computation } (\eta \text{-rule})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma, x : A \vdash B \equiv B' \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi x : A \cdot B \equiv \Pi x : A' \cdot B'} \qquad \text{formation congruence}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash t \equiv u : B}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : A \cdot t^B) \equiv (\lambda x : A \cdot u^B) : \Pi x : A \cdot B} \qquad \text{introduction congruence}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t \equiv t' : \Pi x : A \cdot B \qquad \Gamma \vdash u \equiv u' : A}{\Gamma \vdash \text{app}_{[x : A|B}(t, u) \equiv \text{app}_{[x : A|B}(t', u') : B[u/x]} \qquad \text{elimination congruence}$$

\Sum types

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma, x : A \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma x : A \cdot B \text{ type}} \qquad \text{formation}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \qquad \Gamma \vdash u : B[t/x]}{\text{pair}_{[x:A]B}(t, u) : \Sigma x : A \cdot B} \qquad \text{introduction}$$

$$\Gamma, z : \Sigma x : A \cdot B \vdash C \text{ type}$$

$$\Gamma, x : A, y : B \vdash t : C[\text{pair}_{[x:A]B}(x, y)/z]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash u : \Sigma x : A \cdot B}{\Gamma \vdash \text{rec}_{[z]C}^{\Sigma x : A \cdot B}([x, y]t, u) : C[u/z]} \qquad \text{elimination}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{rec}_{[z]C}^{\Sigma x : A \cdot B}([x, y]t, u) : C[u/z]$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{rec}_{[z]C}^{\Sigma x : A \cdot B}([x, y]u, \text{pair}_{[x:A]B}(s, t))$$

$$\equiv u[s/x, t/y] \qquad : C[\text{pair}_{[x:A]B}(s, t)/z] \qquad \text{computation}$$

congruence rules

The type \mathbb{N} of natural numbers

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{cxt}}{\Gamma \vdash N \text{ type}} \qquad \qquad \text{formation}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{cxt}}{\Gamma \vdash 0 : N} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : N}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{succ}(t) : N} \qquad \qquad \text{introduction}$$

$$\Gamma, x : N \vdash A \text{ type}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash s : A[0/x]$$

$$\Gamma, x : N, y : A \vdash t : A[\operatorname{succ}(x)/x] \qquad \qquad \text{elimination}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash u \in N}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{rec}_{[x]A}^{N}(s, [x, y]t, u) : A[u/x]} \qquad \qquad \text{computation}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{rec}_{[x]A}^{N}(s, [x, y]t, \operatorname{succ}(u))$$

$$\equiv t[u/x, \operatorname{rec}_{[x]A}^{N}(s, [x, y]t, u)/y] : A[u/x] \qquad \qquad \text{computation}$$

2 congruence rules

Identity types