Question 1: (2 marks)

Do not pay attention to real meaning of objects, variables and their values in the questions below. Write a class **Trapezium** (in the default package of the NetBean) with the following information:

١	Write a class Trapezium (in the default package of the I		
Trapezium			
	-firstEdge:float		
	-secondEdge:float		
	-height:float		
	+Trapezium()		
	+Trapezium(firstEdge:float, secondEdge:float,		
	height:float)		
	+getAcreage():float		
	+getInfo():String		
	+setFirstEdge(fe:float):void		
	+setSecondEdge(se:float):void		

Where:

- **Trapezium()** default constructor.
- ❖ Trapezium(firstEdge:float, secondEdge:float, height:float) - constructor, which sets values to first edge, second edge and height of the trapezium.
- ❖ getAcreage():float Returns the area of the trapezium with 2 decimal places.
- ❖ getInfo(): String Returns information about whether the trapezium is a "Regular trapezium" (firstEdge is different secondEdge) or "Isosceles trapezium" (first edge equals to second edge)
- ❖ setFirstEdge(fe:float): void update value to firstEdge. Valid values are greater than 0. Other else, print out "Invalid value"
- ❖ setSecondEdge(se:float):void update value to secondEdge. Valid values are greater than 0. Other else, print out "Invalid value"

Do not format the result.

The program output might look something like:

Invalid value	
OUTPUT:	Isosceles trapezium
0	OUTPUT:
Enter TC (1, 2, 3 or 4): 3	Enter TC (1, 2, 3 or 4): 2
4. Test setSecondEdge()	4. Test setSecondEdge()
3. Test setFirstEdge()	3. Test setFirstEdge()
2. Test getInfo()	2. Test getInfo()
1. Test getAcreage ()	1. Test getAcreage ()
Enter height: 8.3	Enter height: 7
Enter second edge: 17	Enter second edge: 18
Enter first edge: 12.5	Enter first edge: 18
122.43	Regular trapezium
OUTPUT:	OUTPUT:
Enter TC (1, 2, 3 or 4): 1	Enter TC (1, 2, 3 or 4): 2
4. Test setSecondEdge()	4. Test setSecondEdge()
3. Test setFirstEdge()	3. Test setFirstEdge()
2. Test getInfo()	2. Test getInfo()
1. Test getAcreage ()	1. Test getAcreage ()
Enter height: 8.3	Enter height: 8.3
Enter second edge: 17	Enter second edge: 17
Enter first edge: 12.5	Enter first edge: 12.5

Define a **Student** class and a **StudentInIT** class extending from **Student** (i.e. **Student** is an abstract class and it is **superclass**, StudentInIT is a **subclass**) with the following information:

Student

- -rollNumber:String
- -name:String
- -phone:String
- +Student()
- +Student(rollNumber:String, name:String, phone:String)
- +getRollNumber():String
- +setRollNumber(color:String):void
- +getName():String
- +setName(name:String):void
- +getPhone():String
- +setPhone(name:String):void
- +mediumScore():double
- +classification():double

Where:

- **Shape**(): Default constructor to set color is black
- **Shape**(color:String): Constructor, which set value to color
- getRollNumber() getName() getPhone() are the getters of the student class.
- setRollNumber() setName() setPhone() - are the setters of the student class.
- mediumScore():double an abstract method.
- classification():double an abstract method.

StudentInIT

-basic, specialized, internship :double

- + StudentInIT()
- + **StudentInIT**(basic:double, specialized:double, internship:double)
- +getBasic():double
- +setBasic(b:double):void
- +getSpecialized():double
- +setSpecialized(s:double):void
- +getInternship():double
- +setInternship(i:double):void
- +mediumScore():double
- +classification():String

Where:

- **StudentInIT**() default constructor to set all of the edges to 0
- **StudentInIT**(*basic*:double, *specialized*:double, *internship*:double) constructor, which sets values to basic, specialized and internship subjects of the StudentInIT.
- **Setters** for subjects are needed to set values in range 0...10. In case the value is out of range, print out "**Incorrect**"
- **mediumScore**():double Returns the calculated average of 3 subjects.
- **classification**():String Returns a string value, evaluated against the following conventionally calculated average

-0...<5: Weak student

- 5...<7: Average academic

- 7...<8.5: Good academic

- 8.5...10: Excellent Student

The program output might look something like:

Enter basic subject: 7	Enter basic subject: 7	Enter basic subject: 7
Enter specialized subject: 9	Enter specialized subject: 9	Enter specialized subject: 9
Enter internship subject: 9	Enter internship subject: 9	Enter internship subject: 9
1. Test mediumScore()	1. Test mediumScore()	1. Test mediumScore()
2. Test classification()	2. Test classification()	2. Test classification()
3. Test setBasic()	3. Test setBasic()	3. Test setBasic()
4. Test setSpecialized()	4. Test setSpecialized()	4. Test setSpecialized()
5. Test setInternship()	5. Test setInternship()	5. Test setInternship()
Enter TC: 1	Enter TC: 2	Enter TC: 3

OUTPUT:	OUTPUT:	17
8.33	Good academic	OUTPUT:
		Incorrect

Question 3 (3 marks)

Define a **Electronic** class with the following information:

Electronic			
-code:String			
-name:String			
-brand:String			
-price:long			
+Electronic()			
+Electronic(code:String, name:String,			
brand:String, price:long)			
+getCode():String			
+getName():String			
+getBrand():String			
+getPrice():long			
+setCode(code:String):void			
+setName (name:String):void			
+setBrand(brand:String):void			
+setPrice(price:long):void			

Where:

- getCode():String return code.
- getName():String return name.
- getBrand():String return brand.
- getPrice():long return price.
- setCode(code:String): void update code.
- setName(name:String): void update name.
- setBrand(brand:String): void update brand.
- setPrice(price:long): void update price.

Create a **ListOfElectronic** class extending from **HashMap**<Key, Value> class in java collection. (*in which: Key: will be used to store code of electronic and Values store Electronic objects*).

ListOfElectronic
+toList():List< Electronic>
+addElement(Electronic e):void
+filterByPrice(long min, long max):List <electronic></electronic>
+countByBrand(String prefix):int

Where:

- toList():List<Motorbike> return a list of Motorbike objects.
- addElement(Electronic e):void add one Electronic object in the values list.
- *filterByPrice*(long min, long mx): List<Electronic> – prints all of electronic objects which has price in range min and max value depend on arguments of this method
- *countByBrand*(String prefix):int count all electronic products of the brand with the filter condition based on the first characters of the brand's electronic.

When running, the program will add some data to the list. Sample output might look something like:

Added some Electronic info	Added some Electronic info	Added some Electronic info
1- Filter by Price	1- Filter by Price	1- Filter by Price
2- Count by Brand	2- Count by Brand	2- Count by Brand
1	2	2
Enter min range: 5000000	Enter Brand name: Sony	Enter Brand name: pana

Enter max range: 10000000	OUTPUT:	OUTPUT:
OUTPUT:	3	6
Loa Bluetooth-Sony-8500000		
Loa Bluetooth-Samsung-9200000		

Question 4: (2 marks)

In this case, you are given a **Electronic** class and a **BusLogic** interface thus **you can use it without** creating these files.

Electronic	< <interface>></interface>	
	BusLogic	
-code:String	sortByCode():void	
-name:String -brand:String	filterByName(String prefix): List	
-price:long	countByPriceRange(long min, long max): int	
+Electronic()		
+Electronic(code:String, name:String, brand:String, price:long)		
+Getters / Setters		

Define a class named BusElectronic, which implements the BusLogic interface:

BusElectronic			
-items: List <electronic></electronic>			
+BusElectronic()			
+getItems():List <electronic></electronic>			
+add(Electronic x):void			
+sortByCode():void			
+filterByName(String prefix): List <electronic></electronic>			
+countByPriceRange(long min, long max):int			

Where:

- items:List<Electronic> to store list of Electronic objects.
- **getItems**():List<Electronic> returns the items
- **BusElectronic**() Initialize the items by ArrayList object.
- add(Electronic x):void add one Electronic object to items
- *sortByCode*():void Sort the list of items in ascending order for the code attribute of the Electronic object
- *filterByName*(String prefix): List<Electronic> Returns a list of Electronic objects with the filter condition based on the first characters of the electronic name
- *countByPriceRange*(long min, long max): int Returns the value of the number of products in the requested price range.

You can change (Add methods or some things) into Electronic class, if it is needed

The program output might look something like:

Added some Electronic info	Added some Electronic	Added some Electronic info
1- Filter by Name	info	1- Filter by Name
2- Count by price range	1- Filter by Name	2- Count by price range
3- Sort by code	2- Count by price range	3- Sort by code
Enter TC (1,2 or 3): 1	3- Sort by code	Enter TC (1,2 or 3): 3

Enter prefix name: tivi	Enter TC (1,2 or 3): 2	OUTPUT:
OUTPUT:	Enter min: 10000000	PRD001-25000000
PRD001-Tivi 65 inches-Sony-25000000	Enter max: 20000000	PRD002-17000000
PRD005-Tivi 75 inches-Panasonic-37000000	OUTPUT:	PRD003-17000000
PRD010-Tivi 55 inches-Sharp-12000000	7	PRD004-12000000
PRD015-Tivi 85 inches-Samsung-52000000		PRD005-3700000
PRD019-Tivi 75 inches-LG-32500000		PRD006-8500000
		PRD007-16000000
		PRD008-38000000
		PRD009-4500000
		PRD010-12000000
		PRD011-26000000
		PRD012-3200000
		PRD013-68000000
		PRD014-4250000
		PRD015-52000000
		PRD016-11000000
		PRD017-9200000
		PRD018-27500000
		PRD019-32500000
		PRD020-18000000

PRO192 PE INSTRUCTIONS

Read the instructions below carefully before start coding.

Students are ONLY allowed to use:

- Materials on his/her computer (including JDK, NetBeans, Window explorer, Winrar, Winzip).
- For distance learning: Google Meet, Hangout (for Exam Monitoring Purpose).

Follow the steps below to complete PE:

- 1. Create a folder to save given projects, e.g. PRO given (1). Down load given materials to (1).
- 2. Steps to do question 1 (do the same for other questions): Open NetBeans, open the given Q1 project, then complete it according to the requirements in the exam. (Do not: delete given files, or create java file with the same name as given files).
- 3. Before submission: Run the function "Clean and Build Project" (Shift+F11), then rename the folder dist to RUN (or run). (If the folder RUN already exists, delete it before renaming).
- 4. **Submission:** to submit the project Q1, at first you must select Question No = 1, browse and select the project folder (e.g. 1, Q1 or Q1X,...) then click the **Submit** button. Do the same for other questions. **Do not submit** the un-edited given project.
- 5. **Do not use accented Vietnamese** when writing comments in programs.
- 6. Software tools must be used: NetBeans IDE and Java JDK 1.8.

If at least one of the above requirements is not followed, the exam will get ZERO.

Trouble shooting:

If the given project (e.g. Q1) runs with error, you need to run "Clean and Build Project" (Shift+F11). If still error, try to rename the project, e.g. from Q1 to Q1X or Q1Y,...

If the size of the project is too large for submission, try to delete the folder "build".