## Group project - Nonlinear model

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Consider the following mechanical system

We assume now that the wheel doesn't have a mass and that mass  $m_1$  has a moment of inertia of  $J_1 = c_1 m_1$  and mass  $m_2$  has  $J_2 = c_2 m_2$  with respect to the wheel's hub. Furthermore we are assuming that the force of the damper is given by  $F_b = b \cdot \Delta z$ . Using Newton's laws we obtain the equations

$$m_3 \ddot{z} = m_3 g + k(\varphi R - z) + b(\dot{\varphi} R - \dot{z})$$
  
$$(J_1 + J_2) \ddot{\varphi} = \tau + g d \cos(\varphi)(m_2 - m_1) + k(z - \varphi R) + b(\dot{z} - \dot{\varphi} R)$$

By defining the states  $x_1 = z$ ,  $x_2 = \dot{z}$ ,  $x_3 = \varphi$  and  $x_4 = \dot{\varphi}$ , the input  $u = \tau$  and the output  $y = \dot{\varphi}$  we find the following differential equations

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = g + \frac{k}{m_3}(x_3R - x_1) + \frac{b}{m_3}(x_4R - x_2)$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = x_4$$

$$\dot{x}_4 = \frac{1}{c_1m_1 + c_2m_2}(u + gd\cos(x_3)(m_2 - m_1) + k(x_1 - x_3R) + b(x_2 - x_4R))$$

$$y = x_4$$

In a next step we transform our continuous time system into a discrete time system. We use a simple Euler step for this task

$$\dot{x} \approx \frac{x_{k+1} - x_k}{T}$$

where T is the sampling period. The discrete system's equations now look as follows

$$x_{1,k+1} = x_{1,k} + T \cdot x_{2,k}$$

$$x_{2,k+1} = x_{2,k} + T \cdot \left( g + \frac{k}{m_3} (x_{3,k} R - x_{1,k}) + \frac{b}{m_3} (x_{4,k} R - x_{2,k}) \right)$$

$$x_{3,k+1} = x_{3,k} + T \cdot x_{4,k}$$

$$x_{4,k+1} = x_{4,k} + T \cdot \left( \frac{1}{c_1 m_1 + c_2 m_2} \left( \tau + gd \cos(x_{3,k}) (m_2 - m_1) + k(x_{1,k} - x_{3,k} R) + b(x_{2,k} - x_{4,k} R) \right) \right)$$

$$y_k = x_{4,k}$$