## Information for Authors

The Lancet Neurology considers any original research contribution that advocates change in, or illuminates, neurological clinical practice, and publishes interesting and informative reviews on any topic connected with neurology. Manuscripts must be solely the work of the author(s) stated, must not have been previously published elsewhere, and must not be under consideration by another journal.

All original research judged eligible for fast-track publication by the journal's editors will be peer-reviewed within 3–5 days and, if accepted, published within 10 weeks from submission. A majority of accepted fast-track Articles are published online first before appearing in a print journal.

The Lancet journals are signatories of the Recommendations for the Conduct, Reporting, Editing, and Publication of Scholarly Work in Medical Journals, issued by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE Recommendations), and to the Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE) code of conduct for editors. We follow COPE's guidelines.

If your question is not addressed on these pages then please email the editor at neurology@lancet.com.

## How to submit your paper Manuscript submission

Manuscript submission to all *Lancet* journals is free. Manuscripts should be submitted online via the *The Lancet Neurology*'s online submission and peer review website (known as EM) at www. editorialmanager.com/thelancetneurology

- Simply log on to EM and follow the onscreen instructions for all submissions
- If you have not used EM before, you will need to register first. In EM, the corresponding author is the person who enters the manuscript details and uploads the submission files
- Inclusion of illustrations (eg, photographs, graphs, diagrams) is a prerequisite for many publication types. Submission of original and editable artwork files is encouraged. Digital photography files should have a resolution of at least 300 dpi and be at least 107 mm wide. Before and after images should be taken with the same intensity, direction, and colour of light
- In almost all cases, if you have a finished manuscript, you should submit it, rather than contacting The Lancet Neurology to enquire whether an unseen manuscript is likely to be accepted
- Unless you have been asked by the Editor to submit by email, you should use the online system for all types of submission, including Correspondence
- If you have any technical problems or questions, please contact our dedicated customer support:

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- You should upload your covering letter at the "Enter Comments" stage of the online submission process
- Use the covering letter to explain why your paper should be

### Submissions to The Lancet Neurology should include:

- 1 Covering letter (see next section)
- 2 Manuscript including tables and panels
- 3 Figures
- 4 Author statement form (see next section)
- 5 Declaration of interests and source of funding statements (see next section)
- 6 In-press papers—one copy of each with acceptance letters
- 7 Protocols and CONSORT details for randomised controlled trials (see Articles)
- 8 We encourage disclosure of correspondence from other journals and reviewers, if previously submitted, and we might contact relevant editors of such journals
- 9 Research in context panel, for all primary research Articles

published in *The Lancet Neurology*—a leading international neurology journal—rather than elsewhere (eg, a subspecialty journal and state if you wish for it to be considered for fast-track publication)

## Statements, permissions, and signatures Authors and contributors

- Designated authors should meet all four criteria for authorship in the ICMJE Recommendations
- All authors, and all contributors (including medical writers and editors), should specify their individual contributions at the end of the text
- We require that more than one author has directly accessed and verified the underlying data reported in the manuscript. For research articles that are the result of an academic and commercial partnership, at least one of the authors named as having accessed and verified data must be from the academic team. The contributors statement should state who those authors are.
- All authors should confirm that they had full access to all the data in the study and accept responsibility to submit for publication
- We encourage collaboration and coauthorship with colleagues in the locations where the research is conducted
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- When choosing coauthors, we ask lead authors to be mindful of the benefits of diversity in authorship and to consider inviting coauthors who reflect diversity in every sense, including (but not

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- limited to) background, career-stage, gender, geography, and race
- The Lancet Neurology will not publish any paper unless we have the signatures of all authors
- You should use the author statement form and upload the signed copy with your submission
- Please include written consent of any cited individual(s) noted in acknowledgments or personal communications
- For author groups of more than 30 members, we encourage use
  of a collaborator or study group for any additional authors. For
  this collaborator or study group, if they wish to be indexed to the
  paper, please provide a separate document with a table of first
  names and surnames of all members of the group (this is to ensure
  that PubMed and similar databases encode the names correctly).

## Forms and signatures

For Reviews, Personal Views, Comments, and Correspondence, we require you to upload your forms at submission. For original research (Articles), we will request these forms after peer review. The following signed statements are required:

- Authors' contributions
- Conflicts of interest statements (ICMJE forms)
- · Statements of role, if any, of medical writer or editor
- · Acknowledgments—written consent of cited individual
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These statements can be scanned and submitted electronically with your submission. Please note that *The Lancet* journals will accept hand-signed and electronic (typewritten) signatures.

#### **Declaration of interests**

A conflict of interest exists when professional judgement concerning a primary interest (such as patients' welfare or validity of research) may be influenced by a secondary interest (such as financial gain). Financial relationships are easily identifiable, but conflicts can also occur because of personal relationships or rivalries, academic competition, or intellectual beliefs. A conflict can be actual or potential, and full disclosure to the Editor of all relationships is a requisite. Purposeful failure to disclose conflicts is a form of misconduct and might lead to publication of a correction or even to retraction. All submissions to The Lancet Neurology must include disclosure of all relationships in which there is a potential or actual conflict of interest, even if it not directly relevant to the submitted work. The Editor may use such information as a basis for editorial decisions and will publish all disclosures that authors declare on their conflict of interests form. It is the corresponding author's responsibility to check that all declarations made by authors on their conflicts of interest form are included at the end of the manuscript. Agreements between authors and study sponsors that interfere with authors' access to all of a study's data, or that interfere with their ability to analyse and interpret the data and to prepare and publish manuscripts independently, may represent conflicts of interest, and should be avoided. Authors may be required to provide the journal with any such agreements in confidence.

 At the end of the text, under a subheading "Declaration of interests", all authors must disclose any financial and personal relationships with other people or organisations, even if it does not directly relate to the submitted work. Examples of financial conflicts

- include employment, consultancies, stock ownership, honoraria, paid expert testimony, patents or patent applications, and travel grants, all within 3 years of beginning the work submitted. If there are no conflicts of interest, authors should state that none exist
- All authors are required to provide a Conflict of Interest Statement
  and should complete a standard form, which is available at https://
  www.thelancet.com/for-authors/forms?section=icmje-coi. The
  form has been modified by the ICMJE following consultation with
  authors and editors. Further information is available in a joint
  ICMJE statement published on July 1, 2010. For more information
  see Lancet 2009; 374: 1395–96.
- For any Review or Rapid Review, The Lancet Neurology will not publish
  if an author, within the past 3 years, and with a relevant company or
  competitor, has any stocks or shares, equity, a contract of
  employment, or a named position on a company board; or has been
  asked by any organisation other than The Lancet Neurology to write,
  be named on, or to submit a similar paper (see Lancet 2004; 363: 2–3)

#### Role of the funding source

- All sources of funding should be declared at the end of the text
- At the end of the Methods section, under a subheading "Role of the funding source", authors must describe the role of the study sponsor(s), if any, in study design; in the collection, analysis, and interpretation of data; in the writing of the report; and in the decision to submit the paper for publication
- If there is no Methods section, the role of the funding source should be stated as an acknowledgment. If the funding source had no such involvement, the authors should so state

#### Role of medical writer or editor

- If a medical writer or editor was involved in the creation of your manuscript, we need a signed statement from the corresponding author that includes their name and information about funding of this person
- This information should be added to the Acknowledgments or the Contributors section
- We require signed statements from any medical writers or editors declaring that they have given permission to be named as an author, as a contributor, or in the Acknowledgments section

## Patient and other consents

- Appropriate written consents, permissions, and releases must be obtained where you wish to include any case details, personal information, and/or images of patients or other individuals in *The Lancet* journals in order to comply with all applicable laws and regulations concerning privacy and/or security of personal information. Studies on patients or volunteers need approval from an ethics committee and informed consent from participants. These should be documented in your paper.
- Since the consent form needs to comply with the relevant legal requirements of your particular jurisdiction, we do not provide sample forms; this is your responsibility. Your affiliated institution should be able to provide an appropriate form.
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## Types of article and manuscript requirements

Please ensure that anything you submit to *The Lancet Neurology* follows the guidelines provided for each article type. For instruction on how to format the text of your paper, including tables, figures, panels, and references, please see our **Formatting guidelines** 

## Red section (Articles) Articles

- The Lancet Neurology prioritises reports of original research that are likely to change clinical practice or thinking about neurology
- All original research Articles judged eligible for consideration by the journal's editors will undergo fast-track peer review and, if accepted, published within 8 weeks of submission. All accepted papers will be published online (Online First) before appearing in the print journal
- We invite submission of all clinical trials, whether phase 1, 2, 3, or 4 (see Lancet 2006; 368: 827–28). For phase 1 trials, we especially encourage those of a novel substance for a novel indication, if there is a strong or unexpected beneficial or adverse response, or a novel mechanism of action
- Systematic reviews of randomised trials about neurological diseases that have a major effect on human health also might warrant rapid peer review and publication
- We require the registration of all interventional trials, whether early or late phase, in a primary register that participates in WHO's International Clinical Trial Registry Platform (see Lancet 2007; 369: 1909–11) or in ClinicalTrials.gov, in accord with ICMJE recommendations. We also encourage full public disclosure of the minimum 21-item trial registration dataset at the time of registration and before recruitment of the first participant (see Lancet 2006; 367: 1631–35). The registry must be independent of for-profit interest
- Reports of trials must conform to CONSORT 2010 guidelines, and should be submitted with their protocols
- All reports of randomised trials should include a section entitled Randomisation and masking, within the Methods section. Please refer to The Lancet's formatting guidelines for randomised trials
- Cluster-randomised trials must be reported according to CONSORT extended guidelines
- · Randomised trials that report harms must be described

- according to extended CONSORT guidelines
- Studies of diagnostic accuracy must be reported according to STARD guidelines
- Observational studies (cohort, case-control, or cross-sectional designs) must be reported according to the STROBE statement, and should be submitted with their protocols
- We encourage the registration of all observational studies on a WHO-compliant registry (see Lancet 2010; 375: 348)
- Genetic association studies must be reported according to STREGA quidelines
- Systematic reviews and meta-analyses must be reported according to PRISMA guidelines. Please refer to The Lancet's formatting guidelines for systematic reviews and metaanalyses.
- Reports of studies of global health estimates should be reported according to the GATHER statement (see Lancet 2016; 388: e19-23)
- Clinical trials that report interventions using artificial intelligence must be described according to the CONSORT-AI Extension guidelines and their protocols must be described according to the SPIRIT-AI Extension guidelines
- To find reporting guidelines see http://www.equator-network.org
- When using a study group, collaborator group, or Consortia
  instead of authors' names, please be aware that individuals'
  names will not explicitly appear when your published Article
  is uploaded to MEDLINE/PubMed. Your Article will still be
  discoverable via a search for a specific named author, but only
  the collective name given to the study will appear on that
  platform. If you need more information, please contact us.

#### All Articles should, as relevant:

- Be up to 3500 words (4500 for randomised controlled trials) with 30 references (the word count is for the manuscript text only)
- Include an abstract (semistructured summary), with five paragraphs (Background, Methods, Findings, Interpretation, and Funding), not exceeding 300 words. Our electronic submission system will ask you to copy and paste this section at the "Submit Abstract" stage
- For randomised trials, the abstract should adhere to CONSORT extensions: abstracts (see Lancet 2008; 371: 281–83)
- When reporting Kaplan-Meier survival data, at each timepoint, authors must include numbers at risk, and are encouraged to include the number of censored patients.
- For intervention studies, the abstract should include the primary
  outcome expressed as the difference between groups with a
  confidence interval on that difference (absolute differences are
  more useful than relative ones). Secondary outcomes can be
  included as long as they are clearly marked as secondary and all
  such outcomes are reported
- Use the recommended international non-proprietary name (rINN) for drug names. Ensure that the dose, route, and frequency of administration of any drug you mention are correct
- Use gene names approved by the Human Gene Organisation.
  Novel gene sequences should be deposited in a public database
  (GenBank, EMBL, or DDBJ), and the accession number provided.
  Authors of microarray papers should include in their
  submission the information recommended by the

Patient Consent form http://www.thelancet.com/ pb/assets/raw/Lancet/authors/ lancet-consent-form.pdf

WHO's International Clinical Trial Registry Platform

http://www.who.int/ictrp/ network/trds/en/index.html

Clinical trials http://clinicaltrials.gov

ICMJE recommendations http://icmje.org/ recommendations/browse/ publishing-and-editorial-issues/ clinical-trial-registration.html

CONSORT 2010 guidelines

http://www.consort-statement. org/consort-2010

CONSORT extended guidelines http://www.consort-statement. org/extensions/extensions/

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To find reporting guidelines, see http://www.equator-network. MIAME guidelines http://fged.org/projects/ miame/

Array and GEO http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ microarray-as/ae/ http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih. gov/geo MIAME guidelines. Authors should also submit their experimental details to one of the publicly available databases: ArrayExpress or GEO

- Include any necessary additional data as part of your EM submission
- All accepted Articles should include a link to the full study protocol published on the authors' institutional website (see Lancet 2009; 373: 992 and Lancet 2010; 375: 348)
- We encourage researchers to enrol women and ethnic groups into clinical trials of all phases, and to plan to analyse data by sex and by race
- For all study types, we encourage correct use of the terms sex (when reporting biological factors) and gender (when reporting identity, psychosocial, or cultural factors). Where possible, report the sex and/or gender of study participants, and describe the methods used to determine sex and gender. Separate reporting of data by demographic variables, such as age and sex, facilitates pooling of data for subgroups across studies and should be routine, unless inappropriate. Discuss the influence or association of variables, such as sex and/or gender, on your findings, where appropriate, and the limitations of the data.

#### Putting research into context

- All research papers (including systematic reviews/metaanalyses) submitted to any journal in *The Lancet* family must include a panel putting their research into context with previous work in the format outlined below (see *Lancet* 2014; **384**: 2176– 77, for the original rationale). This panel should not contain references. Editors will use this information at the first assessment stage and peer reviewers will be specifically asked to check the content and accuracy
- The Discussion section should contain a description of the context. Authors should either report their own, up-to-date systematic review or cite a recent systematic review and put their study into context of the review

## Research in context

### Evidence before this study

This section should include a description of all the evidence that the authors considered before undertaking this study. Authors should briefly state: the sources (databases, journal or book reference lists, etc) searched; the criteria used to include or exclude studies (including the exact start and end dates of the search), which should not be limited to English language publications; the search terms used; the quality (risk of bias) of that evidence; and the pooled estimate derived from meta-analysis of the evidence, if appropriate.

## Added value of this study

Authors should describe here how their findings add value to the existing evidence.

#### Implications of all the available evidence

Authors should state the implications for practice or policy and future research of their study combined with existing evidence.

Research in context panels should not contain references; key studies mentioned here should be referenced in the main text.

#### Data sharing

From September 21, 2020, all submitted research Articles must contain a data sharing statement, to be included at the end of the manuscript. Data sharing statements must include:

- Whether data collected for the study, including individual participant data and a data dictionary defining each field in the set, will be made available to others ("undecided" is not an acceptable answer);
- What data will be made available (deidentified participant data, participant data with identifiers, data dictionary, or other specified data set);
- Whether additional, related documents will be available (eg, study protocol, statistical analysis plan, informed consent form);
- When these data will be available (beginning and end date, or "with publication", as applicable);
- Where the data will be made available (including complete URLs or email addresses if relevant);
- By what access criteria data will be shared (including with whom, for what types of analyses, by what mechanism – eg, with or without investigator support, after approval of a proposal, with a signed data access agreement - or any additional restrictions).

See table for examples. Clinical trials that begin enrolling participants on or after Jan 1, 2019, must include a data sharing plan in the trial's registration. If the data sharing plan changes after registration, this should be reflected in the statement submitted and published, and updated in the registry record. Mendeley Data is a secure online repository for research data, permitting archiving of any file type and assigning a permanent and unique digital object identifier (DOI) so that the files can be easily referenced. If authors wish to share their supporting data, and have not already made alternative arrangements, a Mendeley DOI can be referred to in the data sharing statement.

# Blue section (Comment, In Context, Correspondence, etc)

#### **Editorial**

 Editorials are the voice of The Lancet Neurology, and are written in-house by the journal's editorial-writing team and signed "The Lancet Neurology"

## Comment

- Commentaries may discuss Articles in The Lancet Neurology or in other journals. Most commentaries are commissioned, but spontaneous commentaries are also welcome on a paper or other report or event within the past month or so, or in the near future. Unsolicited commentaries may be peer reviewed
- Comments should be about 750 words and ten references
- The place to respond to something we have published is in our Correspondence section

#### In Context

- Features, profiles, reviews of books and other media, and lifelines are often commissioned, but suggestions for contributions are welcome via neurology@lancet.com
- Most of the writers of feature articles are professional journalists, but an important event in your country that might be of wider

MENDELEY data https://data.mendeley.com interest can be brought to the attention of the editors via neurology@lancet.com

## Correspondence

- We welcome correspondence on content published in The Lancet Neurology or on other topics of interest to our readers
- Letters for publication in the print journal must reach us within 8 weeks of publication of the original item and should be no longer than 400 words
- Letters of general interest, unlinked to items published in the journal, can be up to 400 words long
- Correspondence letters are not usually peer reviewed, but we might invite replies from the authors of the original publication, or pass on letters to these authors
- There should be no more than five references and five authors
- All accepted letters are edited, and proofs will be sent out to authors before publication

#### Corrections

- Any substantial error in any article published in The Lancet Neurology should be corrected as soon as possible. Blame is not apportioned; the important thing is to set the record straight
- The Lancet journals have a policy for types of errors that we do and do not correct. We will always correct any error affecting a non-proprietary drug name, dose, or unit, any numerical error in the results, or any factual error in interpretation of results. Authorship format changes after publication to facilitate a different visualisation in MEDLINE/PubMed will not be done.

## Green section (Reviews, Rapid Reviews, Personal **Views, Commissions)**

## Reviews

- Reviews should be either definitive overviews of a major topic in neurology or an update of knowledge in a narrower field of current interest
- Most Reviews are commissioned, but unsolicited one-page outlines, consisting of a synopsis and a list of recent references, can be directed to the Editor at neurology@lancet.com. If you have already written the paper, please submit it for consideration via our online system
- Complete transparency about the choice of material included is important. Therefore, all Reviews should include a brief section entitled "Search strategy and selection criteria" stating the sources (including databases, MeSH and free text search terms and filters, and reference lists from journals or books) of the material covered, and the criteria used to include or exclude studies. As these papers should be comprehensive, we encourage citation of publications in non-English languages. An example is shown below:

#### Search strategy and selection criteria

References for this Review were identified by searches of PubMed between 1969 and May, 2019, and references from relevant articles. The search terms "leukoencephalopathy", "MLC", "MLC1", "HEPACAM", "GlialCAM", "ClC-2", and "CLCN2" were used. There were no language restrictions. The final reference list was generated on the basis of relevance to the topics covered in this Review.

The word count should be no more than 4500 words, with a maximum of 100 references. Citations to papers published in supplements that are not peer reviewed are discouraged. A 150 word unstructured summary should be included. These papers should include about five illustrations to aid the reader

## **Rapid Review**

- These short reviews aim to put research findings published in the preceding 6-12 months into context
- An abstract of up to 400 words should include text under the headings Background, Recent developments, and Where next?
- The word count should be no more than 3000 words (not including the summary panel), with a maximum of 75 references and two tables or figures

#### **Personal View**

- The aim of a Personal View is to present a new way of thinking about research findings, a new interpretation of data, or a new scientific model. Although an opinion piece, the arguments should be presented in the context of a balanced review and discussion of the literature. Papers in this category should be forward looking and provide a platform for debate and an opportunity to challenge current thinking
- Personal Views should include a Search strategy and selection criteria panel, as for Reviews. Please note that we do not consider Hypothesis papers
- The word count should be 2000-3500 in length, with a maximum of 75 references and 2-3 illustrations. A 150 word unstructured summary should also be included

#### Commissions

Topics for The Lancet Neurology Commissions are selected by our editors, who work with academic partners to identify the most pressing issues in science, medicine, and global health with the aim of producing recommendations to change public policy or improve practice. Projects usually last 2-3 years, and author groups will represent a broad range of international expertise. All The Lancet Neurology Commissions are academic publications and are subject to the same rigorous peer review process as all other research papers published in our journals. The Lancet Neurology does not provide direct financial support to Commissioners for the research or writing of the reports. Funding is sought directly by authors, with oversight from our editors.

For The Lancet journals' policy on correction of errors see https://www.thelancet. com/for-authors/

For our online system www.editorialmanager.com/

## Formatting guidelines

#### Language

Manuscripts should be submitted in English. Authors writing in Chinese, Portuguese, or Spanish may wish to use the Webshop (http://webshop.elsevier.com/languageservices) to provide an English translation of their manuscript for submission.

#### Title page

· A brief title, author name(s), preferred degree (one only), affiliation(s), and full address(es) of the authors must be included. The name and address of the corresponding author should be separately and clearly indicated with email and telephone details.

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tables, and figures Guidelines on formatting of text, tables, and figures can be found at https://www.thelancet.com/ pb/assets/raw/Lancet//authors/

artwork-guidelines.pdf

Formatting guidelines for text,

### Formatting of text

- Type a single space at the end of each sentence
- Do not use bold face for emphasis within text
- We use a comma before the final "and" or "or" in a list of items
- Type decimal points midline (ie, 23·4, not 23.4). To create a midline decimal on a PC: hold down ALT key and type 0183 on the number pad, or on a Mac: ALT shift 9
- Numbers one to ten are written out in words unless they are used as a unit of measurement, except in figures and tables
- Use single hard-returns to separate paragraphs. Do not use tabs or indents to start a paragraph
- Do not use the automated features of your software, such as hyphenation, endnotes, headers, or footers (especially for references). Pages should be numbered
- Guidelines on formatting tables are available in the artwork quidelines

#### Formatting of figures

 Submission of original and editable artwork files is encouraged.
 Digital photography files should have a resolution of at least 300 dpi and be at least 107 mm wide

#### References

- If preprints are central to your work or cover crucial developments in
  the topic(s) covered in your paper, but are not yet formally published,
  these may be referenced. Preprints should be clearly marked as such,
  for example by including [preprint] before the reference, and
  specifically referred to as a preprint in the main text. Where a preprint
  has subsequently become available as a peer-reviewed article, the
  formal publication should be used as the reference.
- Cite references in the text sequentially in the Vancouver numbering style, as a superscripted number after any punctuation mark. For example:
  - "...as reported by Saito and colleagues.15"
- Two references are cited separated by a comma, with no space.
   Three or more consecutive references are given as a range with an en rule. To create an en rule on a PC: hold down CTRL key and minus sign on the number pad, or on a Mac: ALT hyphen
- References in tables, figures, and panels should be in numerical order according to where the item is cited in the text
- Here is an example for a journal reference (note the use of tab, bold, italic, and the en rule or "long" hyphen):
  - "...15[tab]Saito N, Ebara S, Ohotsuka K, Kumeta J, Takaoka K. Natural history of scoliosis in spastic cerebral palsy. *Lancet* 1998; **351:** 1687–[en rule]92."
- Give any subpart to the title of the article. Journal names are abbreviated in their standard form as in Index Medicus
- If there are six authors or fewer, give all six in the form: surname space initials comma
- If there are seven or more give the first three in the same way, followed by et al
- For a book, give the title of the book, any editors and the publisher, the city of publication, and year of publication
- For a chapter or section of a book, also give the authors and title
  of the section, and the page numbers
- For online material, please cite the URL, together with the date you accessed the website

- Online journal articles can be cited using the DOI number
- Do not put references in the Summary

### **Figures**

Our in-house illustrators redraw most figures into *Lancet* style. The quality of the files we receive from authors has a direct effect on the accuracy and time taken to prepare figures that are suitable for publication.

We have different criteria for photographic and illustrative files, the following notes are a summary of our ideal requirements, but a detailed description is in the artwork guidelines

- For images (photographs or photographic images) that are used as part of illustration or image composite figures we require a file that is no less than 300 dpi when set at its final printed size. Ideal file formats are TIF or JPG
- For trial profiles, study profiles, and CONSORT diagrams, please supply as an editable flow diagram in Word (.doc) or PowerPoint (.ppt) file
- For illustrations (all non-photographic line-work and general drawing) we require editable vector files that contain selectable geometry and fonts (editable text). The editability of files depends on the package they were created in, but as a rule we would prefer to receive any of the following: Adobe Illustrator (.ai) file; Adobe Illustrator or generic .eps files exported from a graphics program; vector-based PDF, PowerPoint, or Word file; or SVG file. If authors are unable to supply files in any these formats, our in-house illustrators can offer guidance on whether it is more economical to export or convert the file into another format, or to redraw from scratch. When files are exported to eps files, we would prefer text to be exported "as text" rather than "as objects", which is especially crucial for files such as forest plots in which there is a lot of text
- If your figures are annotated, please supply two copies of each
  of these figures as separate files (one annotated copy and one
  non-annotated and editable copy). Our in-house illustrators
  will annotate according to journal style using the annotated
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## References

- · Vancouver style-eg,
  - —Smith A, Jones B, Clements S. Clinical transplantation of tissue-engineered airway. *Lancet* 2008; **372**: 1201–09.
  - —Hourigan P. Ankle injuries. In: Chan D, ed. Sports medicine. London: *Elsevier*, 2008: 230–47.
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