Dynamic Programming: Placing Parentheses

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Data Structures and Algorithms Algorithmic Toolbox

Outline

- 1 Problem Overview
- 2 Subproblems
- 3 Algorithm
- 4 Reconstructing a Solution

How to place parentheses in an expression

$$1 + 2 - 3 \times 4 - 5$$

to maximize its value?

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Example

$$((((1+2)-3)\times 4)-5)=-5$$

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Example

- $((((1+2)-3)\times 4)-5)=-5$
 - $((1+2)-((3\times 4)-5))=-4$

Answer

 $((1+2)-(3\times(4-5)))=6$

Another example

What about

 $5 - 8 + 7 \times 4 - 8 + 9$?

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Soon

We'll design an efficient dynamic programming algorithm to find the answer.

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Placing parentheses

Input: A sequence of digits d_1, \ldots, d_n and a sequence of operations $op_1, \ldots, op_{n-1} \in \{+, -, \times\}.$

Output: An order of applying these operations that maximizes the value of the expression

$$d_1 op_1 d_2 op_2 \cdots op_{n-1} d_n$$
.

Intuition

Assume that the last operation in an optimal parenthesizing of $5-8+7\times4-8+9$ is \times :

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It would help to know optimal values for subexpressions 5 - 8 + 7 and 4 - 8 + 9.

However

We need to keep track for both the minimal and the maximal values of subexpressions!

Example: $(5-8+7) \times (4-8+9)$

$$min(5 - 8 + 7) = (5 - (8 + 7)) = -10$$

$$max(5 - 8 + 7) = ((5 - 8) + 7) = 4$$

$$\max(5-8+7) = ((5-8)+7) = 4$$

$$\min(4-8+9) = (4-(8+9)) = -13$$

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 $\max((5-8+7)\times(4-8+9))=130$

min(5-8+7) = (5-(8+7)) = -10

Subproblems

■ Let $E_{i,j}$ be the subexpression

 $d_i op_i \cdots op_{j-1} d_j$

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Subproblems:

$$M(i,j) = \text{maximum value of } E_{i,j}$$

 $m(i,j) = \text{minimum value of } E_{i,j}$

Recurrence Relation

$$M(i,j) = \max_{i \le k \le j-1} \begin{cases} M(i,k) & op_k & M(k+1,j) \\ M(i,k) & op_k & m(k+1,j) \\ m(i,k) & op_k & M(k+1,j) \\ m(i,k) & op_k & m(k+1,j) \end{cases}$$

$$m(i,j) = \min_{i \le k \le j-1} \begin{cases} M(i,k) & op_k & M(k+1,j) \\ M(i,k) & op_k & m(k+1,j) \\ m(i,k) & op_k & M(k+1,j) \\ m(i,k) & op_k & m(k+1,j) \end{cases}$$

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MinAndMax(i,j)

$$min \leftarrow +\infty$$
 $max \leftarrow -\infty$

for
$$k$$
 from i to $j-1$:

return (min, max)

$$a \leftarrow M(i, k)$$
 op_k $M(k+1, j)$

$$b \leftarrow M(i,k)$$
 op_k $m(k+1,j)$
 $c \leftarrow m(i,k)$ op_k $M(k+1,j)$

 $min \leftarrow min(min, a, b, c, d)$

 $max \leftarrow max(max, a, b, c, d)$

$$k$$
) op_k

$$p_k$$

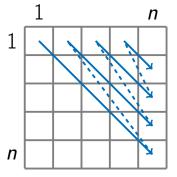
$$c \leftarrow m(i, k)$$
 op_k $M(k+1, j)$

$$c \leftarrow m(i, k)$$
 op_k $M(k+1, j)$
 $d \leftarrow m(i, k)$ op_k $m(k+1, j)$

Order of Subproblems

- When computing M(i, j), the values of M(i, k) and M(k + 1, j) should be already computed.
- Solve all subproblems in order of increasing (j i).

Possible Order



Parentheses $(d_1 op_1 d_2 op_2 \dots d_n)$

for
$$i$$
 from 1 to n :
$$m(i,i) \leftarrow d_i, \ M(i,i) \leftarrow d_i$$

for s from 1 to n-1: for i from 1 to n-s:

 $i \leftarrow i + s$

return M(1, n)

 $m(i,j), M(i,j) \leftarrow \text{MinAndMax}(i,j)$

Example: $5 - 8 + 7 \times 4 - 8 + 9$

5	-3	-10	-55	-63	-94
	8	15	36	-60	-195
		7	28	-28	-91
			4	-4	-13
				8	17
					9

5	-3	4	25	65	200
	8	15	60	52	75
		7	28	20	35
			4	-4	5
				8	17
					9

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