



全球之外上方

会议时间: 9月23日-9月24日

会议地点: 上海・雅悦新天地大酒店

主办单位:

介 开放运维联盟 OOPSA Open OPS Alliance 高效运维社区 GreatOPS Community

指导单位: 🗘 数据中心联盟 Data Center Alliance





Production & Development like Google Using Open Source Technology

Minghua Ye (Google)



Scalability is vital for Cloud

- Royal wedding: 15M Pageview and 42k QPS
- 2. Workiva: SEC reporting for Fortune 500
- 3. Spotify: 700,000 events per second



The cornerstone of a scalable system

- 1. Distributed lock and storage (<u>mutex and register</u>)
 - Chubby
 - Zookeeper
- 2. Service discovery (pthread)
 - Etcd
 - SkyDNS
- 3. Load Balancing (scheduler)
 - Google network/HTTP(S) balancer
 - AWS Elastic loadbalancer
 - HAproxy / NGINX
- 4. Protobuf (<u>ipc</u>)



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Distributed Lock and Storage

- 1. Synchronization
- Master Election
- 3. Global sequence number
- 4. Naming service
- 5. Distributed, persistent file system with strong consistency.



Automated Service discovery

- 1. Autoscale
- 2. Auto failover
- 3. Zero config



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Load Balancer on Google Compute Engine

- 1. Google network load balancer
 - Support TCP / UDP
 - Session affinity
 - Websocket
- 2. Google SSL proxy
 - SSL termination
 - Websocket
 - TCP / SSL
- 3. Google HTTP(S) load balancer
 - SSL termination
 - Support HTTP2
 - Support cloud CDN



Customize load balancing

- 1. Proprietary hardware or software.
- 2. Open source
 - HAproxy
 - NGINX



Protobuf

Protocol buffers are a mechanism for describing extensible <u>communication</u> <u>protocols</u>, <u>service definition</u> and <u>on-disk structures</u>.

- Backward compatibility
 - E.g. logs written in 2008 can still be read and used today.
- 2. New fields can be added without breaking backwards-compatibility.
 - Frontend server and backend server can be release at different schedule.
 - Development and testing can happen in parallel.
- 3. Works universally across binaries / languages / platforms
- Monolithic code base, loose coupled services.



The core libraries used by Google service (C++)

- 1. Gflags
- 2. Glog
- 3. Googletest



Command line flags

https://gflags.github.io/gflags/

- 1. Command line flags are the most common way to control a binary behavior
 - Hide / unhide features (--enable-new-feature=true)
 - Fine tune the binary behavior (--max-request-timeout=10)
 - Store program settings (--language="english" --font-file=/srv/fancy.font)
- 2. Flags are global, definition can be localized
 - No more endless if-then-else parsing of args in the main
 - DEFINE_int32(port, 0, "What port to listen on");
 - DECLARE_int32(port) and refer it as FLAGS_port.



Logging

https://github.com/google/glog

- 1. Logging levels: INFO, WARNING, ERROR
 - LOG(INFO) << "Found " << num_cookies << " cookies";
- 2. CHECK Macros
 - CHECK(fp->Write(x) == 4) << "Write failed!";
- 3. Verbose Logging
 - VLOG(1) << "I'm printed when you run the program with --v=1 or higher";
 - --vmodule=mapreduce=2,file=1,gfs*=3 --v=0
- 4. Failure Signal Handler: get stack trace on fatal signal.
- 5. Work together with fluentd.



Googletest

https://github.com/google/googletest

1. Unit test

- Tests should be independent and repeatable.
- Tests sit together with the code organized in test cases.
- Tests should be portable and reusable.
- Tests should be fast and focused.

Mocking

- lets you create mock classes trivially using simple macros.
- supports a rich set of matchers and actions.
- handles unordered, partially ordered, or completely ordered expectations.
- is extensible by users.





Hanks

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