



COMP4442 Service and Cloud Computing

Lab 4

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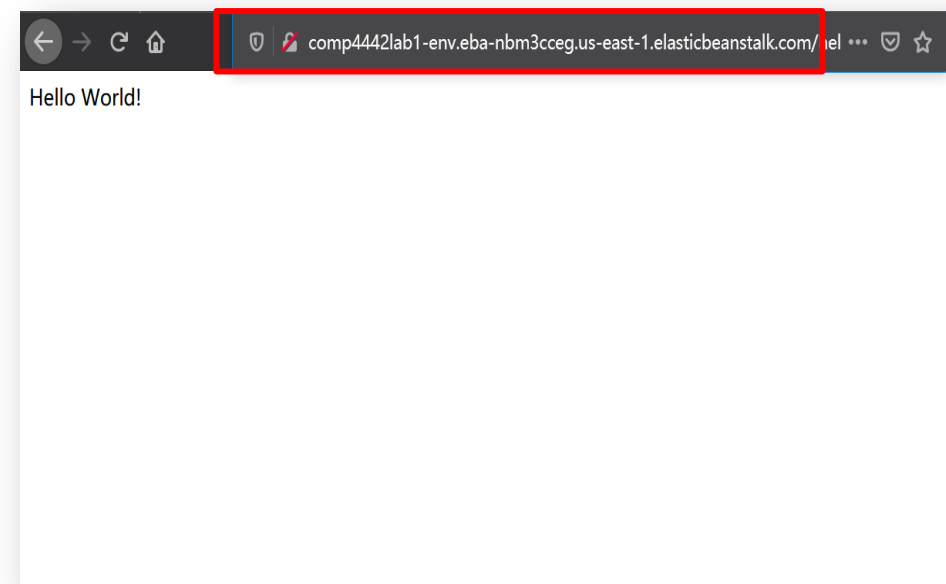
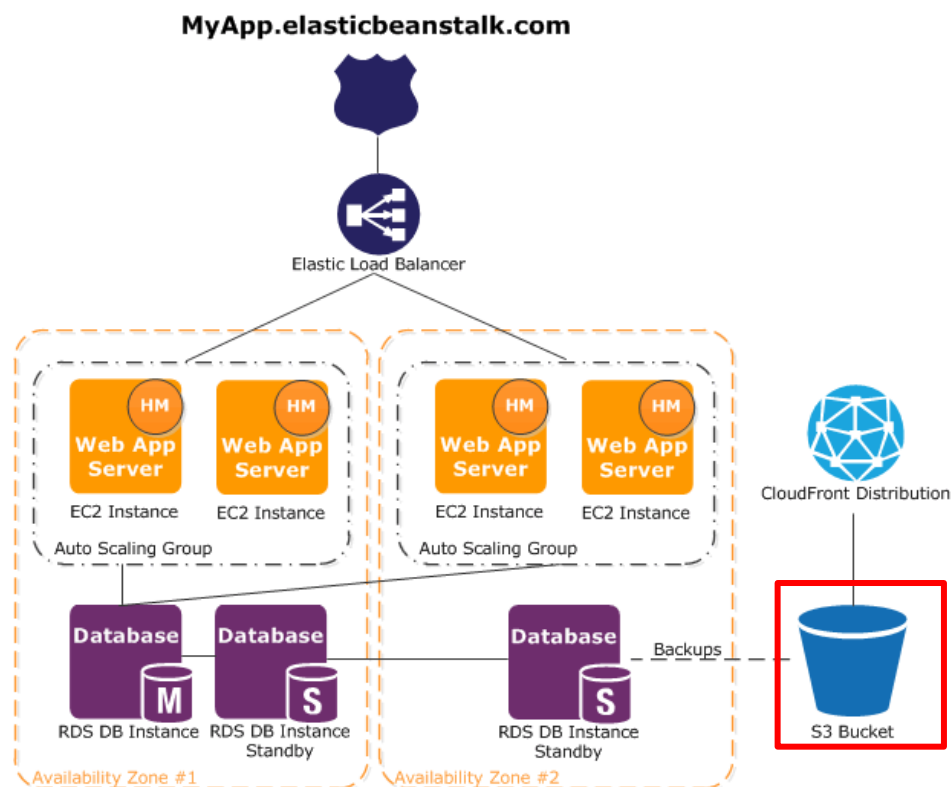
Outline

- Review of Labs
- How to develop dynamic web app with AWS Beanstalk
 - Structure of flask project
 - Create static webpage with flask
 - Create dynamic web app with flask
 - Deploy code in AWS Beanstalk



Review of Labs

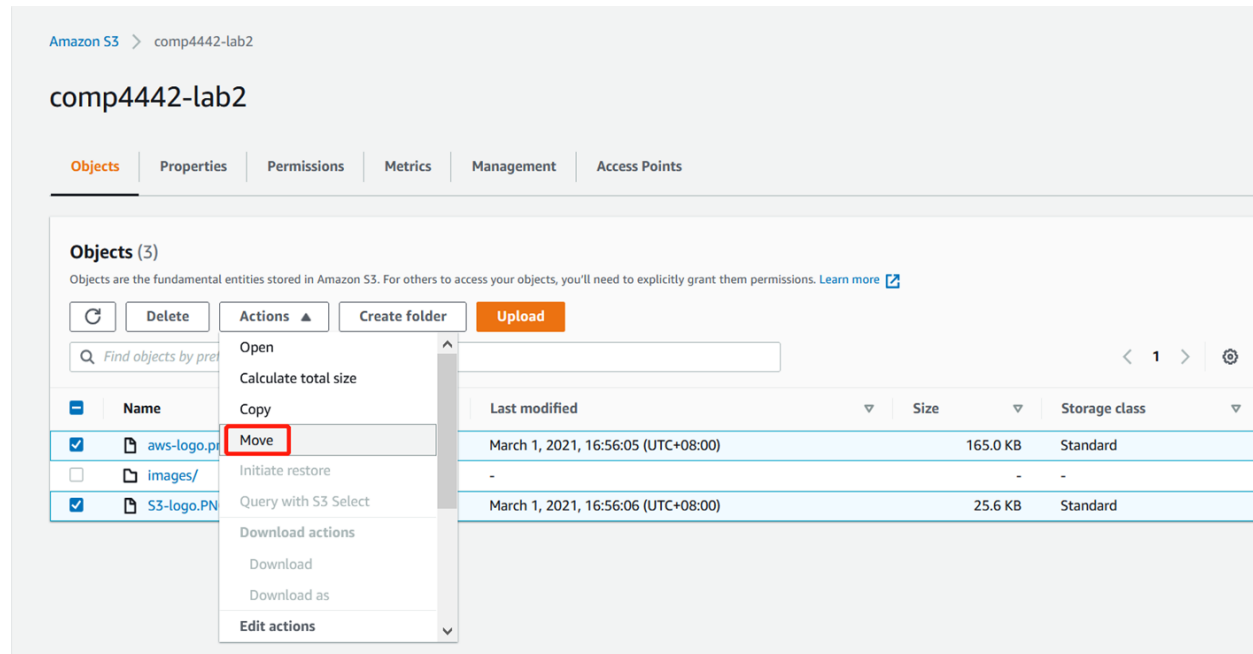
- We learned how to use AWS services to develop a simple web application.
 - Use **Elastic Beanstalk** with simple configuration





Review of Labs

- We learned how to use AWS S3 to manage files (upload, delete, move, etc.)
 - Via AWS console
 - Via AWS CLI



```
C:\Users\ZHANG>aws configure
AWS Access Key ID [*****V7SM]:
AWS Secret Access Key [*****pjkZ]:
Default region name [us-east-1]:
Default output format [json]:

C:\Users\ZHANG>aws s3 mb s3://comp4442-lab2
make_bucket: comp4442-lab2

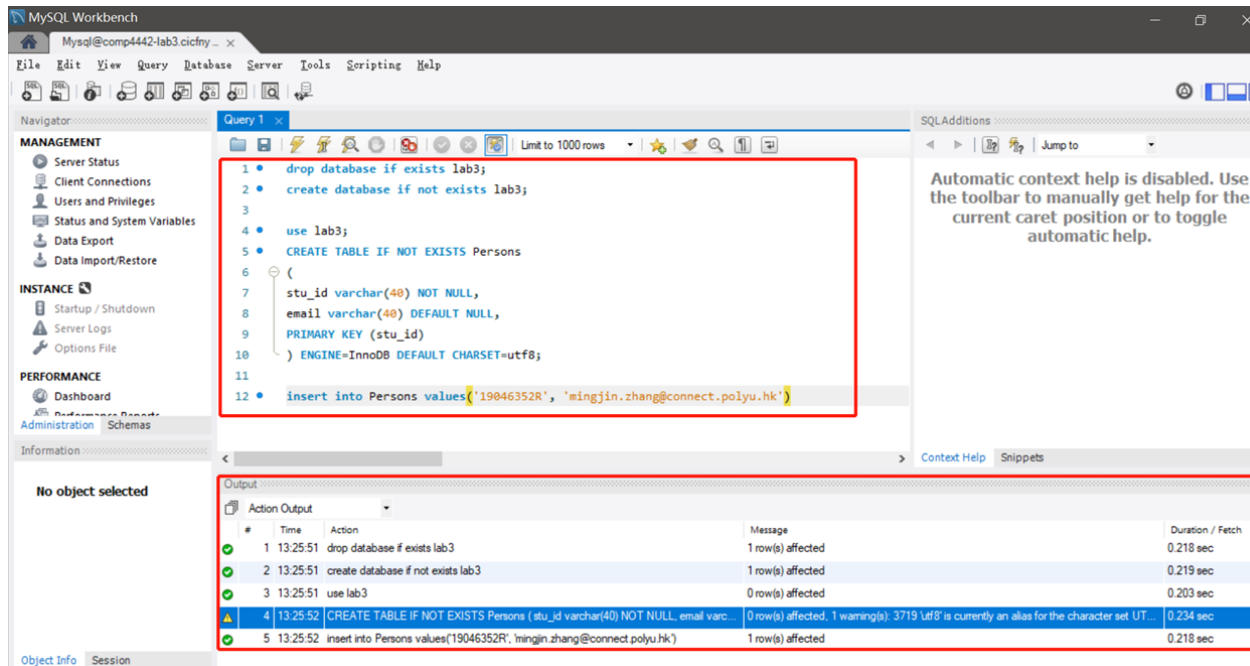
C:\Users\ZHANG>aws --version
aws-cli/2.1.27 Python/3.7.9 Windows/10 exe/AMD64 prompt/off

C:\Users\ZHANG>
```



Review of Labs

- We learned how to use AWS RDS to manage structural data
 - Via MySQL Workbench
 - Via python



```
import mysql.connector

mydb = mysql.connector.connect(
    host = '<hostname>',
    user = '<master username>',
    port = '3306',
    database = 'lab3',
    passwd = '<master password>'
)

mycursor = mydb.cursor()
mycursor.execute("select * from Persons")
myresult = mycursor.fetchall()

for x in myresult:
    print(x)
```



Python Flask

- Flask is a popular lightweight web application framework. It is designed to make getting started quick and easy.
- Lab Preparation
 - Create an empty directory *lab4* and go to the directory `cd lab4`
 - Install the virtual environment `pip install virtualenv`
 - Create a virtual environment `virtualenv lab4`
 - Activate the virtual environment
 - `lab4\Scripts\activate` (windows)
 - `Source lab4/bin/activate` (macOS)
 - Install flask `pip install flask`
 - Install mysql-connector `pip install mysql-connector`



Python Flask

- Structure of a flask project

C:\Users\ZHANG\Desktop\flask_project

| application.py | → Programming logic control

|—static → Folder consists static files, e.g., images, css, js files (optional)

| style.css

|—templates → *html files in templates are for front-end view (optional)

| home.html

| list.html

| result.html

| student.html



Create Static Webpage with Flask

- Create the *application.py* file with the following code

```
from flask import Flask ➡ From flask package import Flask class
```

```
application = Flask(__name__) ➡ Instantiate the class to create the application object
```

```
@application.route("/") ➡ Server will call the index() to response to http://127.0.0.1/5000
```

```
def index():  
    return "Your Flask App Works!"
```

```
@application.route("/hello") ➡ Server will call the hello() to response to http://127.0.0.1/hello
```

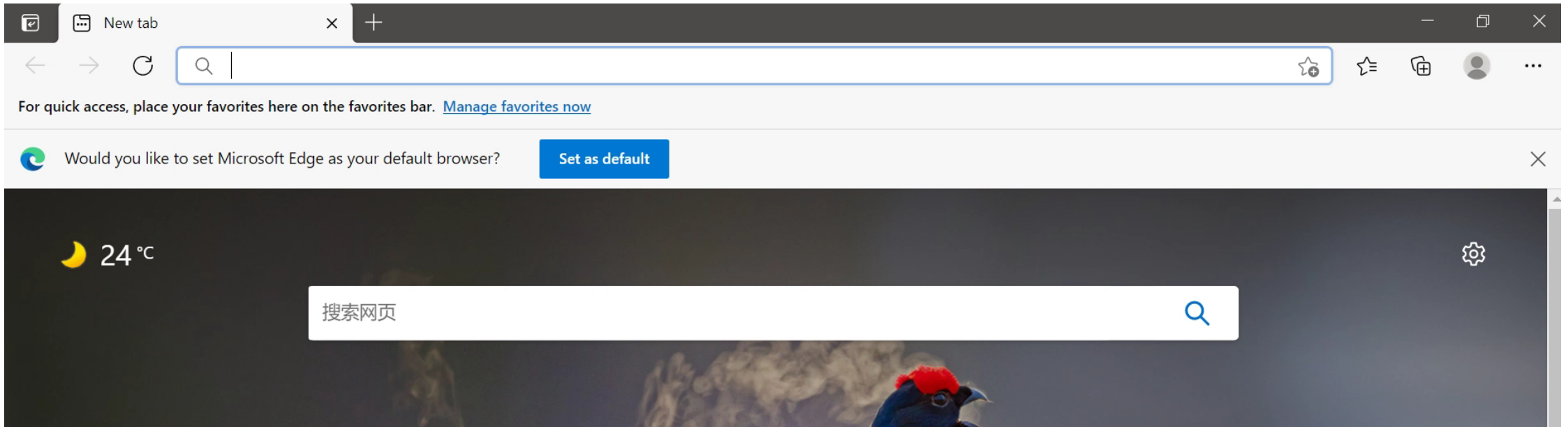
```
def hello():  
    return "Hello World!"
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__": ➡ Program entry  
    application.run(port=5000, debug=True)
```




Create Dynamic Web App with Flask

- We will develop a student information collection web application
 - A HTML form to enable students input information
 - A database to store the input information
 - A HTML table to query and display the input information





Create Dynamic Web App with Flask

- First, we create the student information form

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
<title>Student Information Collection</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="../static/style.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Montserrat">
</head>
<body>

  <form action = "{{ url_for('addrec') }}" method = "POST">
    <h2>Student Information</h2>
    <p style="text-align:right; margin:0 35% 0 0">Name <input type = "text" name = "Name" /></p>
    <p style="text-align:right; margin:0 35% 0 0">ID: <input type = "text" name = "ID" /></p>
    <p style="text-align:right; margin:0 35% 0 0">Department: <input type = "text" name = "Department" /></p>
    <p style="text-align:right; margin:0 35% 0 0">Email: <input type = "text" name = "Email" /></p>
    <p><input type = "submit" value = "Submit" /></p>
  </form>

</body>
</html>
```

/addrec to handle the post request

Student Information

Name

ID:

Department:

Email:

[Back Home](#)



Prepare the database

- Check the database connection setting

RDS > Databases > database-1

database-1

Modify Actions ▼

Summary

DB identifier database-1	CPU <div><div></div></div> 6.00%	Status ✔ Available	Class db.t2.micro
Role Instance	Current activity <div><div></div></div> 2 Connections	Engine MySQL Community	Region & AZ us-east-1c

Connectivity & security Monitoring Logs & events Configuration Maintenance & backups Tags

Connectivity & security

Endpoint & port Endpoint database-1.cj9g5ifncfcp.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com Port 3306	Networking Availability Zone us-east-1c VPC vpc-0e088db7bcd5eb58d Subnet group	Security VPC security groups 0.0.0.0/0 (sg-073bcfd1ce1a8e3ef) ✔ ✔ Active Public accessibility Yes
---	--	---



Prepare the database

- Check the database connection setting

Security Groups (1/1) [Info](#) [Refresh](#) [Actions](#) [Export security groups to CSV](#) [Create security group](#)

[Clear filters](#)

search: sg-073bcfd1ce1a8e5ef [X](#)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name	Security group ID	Security group name	VPC ID	Description	Owner
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	sg-073bcfd1ce1a8e5ef	0.0.0.0/0	vpc-0e088db7bcd5eb58d ↗	Created by RDS manag...	091528314959

sg-073bcfd1ce1a8e5ef - 0.0.0.0/0

[Details](#) [Inbound rules](#) [Outbound rules](#) [Tags](#)

[Run Reachability Analyzer](#) [X](#)

Inbound rules (2) [Refresh](#) [Manage tags](#) [Edit inbound rules](#)

[X](#)



Prepare the database

- Check the database connection setting

MySQL/Aurora TCP 3306 Anywh... 0.0.0.0/0 X

Add rule

Cancel Preview changes Save rules

IP V4

Edit inbound rules Info

Inbound rules control the incoming traffic that's allowed to reach the instance.

Inbound rules Info

Security group rule ID	Type Info	Protocol Info	Port range Info	Source Info	Description - optional Info
sgr-0d7acd856f505cd1a	MySQL/Aurora	TCP	3306	Custom 0.0.0.0/0 X	Delete
sgr-03961f697ebba6ef1	MySQL/Aurora	TCP	3306	Custom 202.125.194.19/32 X	Delete

Add rule

Cancel Preview changes Save rules



Create Dynamic Web App with Flask

- Create a new table in the database we created in lab-03

```
drop database if exists lab4;  
create database if not exists lab4;  
  
use lab4;  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Students  
(  
  Name varchar(40) NOT NULL,  
  ID varchar(40) NOT NULL,  
  Department varchar(40) NOT NULL,  
  Email varchar(40) DEFAULT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY (ID)  
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8;
```



Create Dynamic Web App with Flask

- Implement the response function to insert student information to the AWS RDS database

```
@application.route('/addrec', methods = ['POST', 'GET'])
def addrec():
    if request.method == 'POST':
        Name = request.form['Name']
        ID = request.form['ID']
        Department = request.form['Department']
        Email = request.form['Email']

        mydb = db_connection()
        cur = mydb.cursor()
        info = "insert into Students values('{}','{}','{}','{}')".format(Name, ID, Department, Email)
        cur.execute(info)

        mydb.commit()
        msg = "Record successfully added"

        return render_template("result.html", msg = msg)
    mydb.close()

def db_connection():
    mydb = mysql.connector.connect( host = 'comp4442-lab3.cicfnxyayefu.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com',
    user = 'admin',
    port = '3306',
    database = 'lab4',
    passwd = '12345678')

    #print("successfully connect to the database")

    return mydb
```



Parser the user input



Add information to database



Create Dynamic Web App with Flask

- Query the information on the RDS database

```
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
<title>Show Student Information</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="/static/style.css">
</head>
<body>

  <h2>Student Information List</h2>
  <table border=1 style="margin:5% 0 0 15%">
    <thead>
      <tr>
        <th>Name</th>
        <th>ID</th>
        <th>Department</th>
        <th>Email</th>
      </tr>
    </thead>
    <tbody>
      {% for result in results %}
      <tr>
        <td>{{result[0]}}</td>
        <td>{{result[1]}}</td>
        <td>{{result[2]}}</td>
        <td>{{result[3]}}</td>
      </tr>
      {% endfor %}
    </tbody>
  </table>

  <h2><a href = "/">Back Home</a></h2>

</body>
</html>
```

```
@application.route('/list')
def list():
    mydb = db_connection()

    cur = mydb.cursor()
    cur.execute("select * from Students")

    myresult = cur.fetchall()
    for result in myresult:
        print(result)

    return render_template("list.html", results = myresult)
```




Create Dynamic Web App with Flask

- Check the student information at “*http://127.0.0.1:5000/list*”.

Student Information List


Name	ID	Department	Email
Mingjin	19046352R	CS	mingjin.zhang@connect.polyu.hk
Yinfeng	666666	CS	yinfeng.cao@connect.polyu.hk
Qianyi	777777	CS	qianyi@polyu.hk
zhang	888888	AIoT	zhang@polyu

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Deploy Code in AWS Beanstalk

- To deploy the code, we need to configure the requirements.txt.
 - `pip freeze > requirement.txt`
- Pack the following files and directories into a ZIP file.

 requirements.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
click==7.1.2
Flask==1.1.1
itsdangerous==1.1.0
Jinja2==2.11.3
MarkupSafe==1.1.1
mysql-connector==2.2.9
Werkzeug==1.0.1

<input type="checkbox"/> Name	Date modified	Type	Size
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> static	4/3/2021 8:44 PM	File folder	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> templates	4/3/2021 8:44 PM	File folder	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> application.py	4/3/2021 9:16 PM	Python File	2 KB
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> requirements.txt	4/2/2021 10:05 PM	Text Document	1 KB



Deploy Code in AWS Beanstalk

- **Restore** Beanstalk environment and upload the ZIP file as we do in lab-01.

Elastic Beanstalk X

Environments
Applications
Change history

Recent environments
Comp4442lab4-env-1

Elastic Beanstalk > Applications

All applications

Filter results matching the display values

Application name	Environments	Date created	Last modified	ARN
COMP4442-lab4	Comp4442lab4-env-1	2021-04-02 22:16:51 UTC+0800	2021-04-02 22:16:51 UTC+0800	arn:aws:elasticbeanstalk:us-east-1:762251576369:application:COMP4442-lab4

Actions

- Create environment
- Delete application
- View application versions
- View saved configurations
- Restore terminated environment

Create a new application



Stop Elastic Beanstalk

- Access the beanstalk

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the AWS logo, a 'Services' dropdown, a search bar, and user information. The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column, titled 'AWS services', contains a 'Recently visited services' section where 'Elastic Beanstalk' is highlighted with a red box. Below this is an 'All services' section with a grid of service categories: Compute (EC2, Lightsail, Lambda, Batch, Elastic Beanstalk, Serverless Application Repository, AWS Outposts, EC2 Image Builder), Containers (Elastic Container Registry, Elastic Container Service, Elastic Kubernetes Service), Storage (S3, EFS), Quantum Technologies (Amazon Braket), Management & Governance (AWS Organizations, CloudWatch, AWS Auto Scaling, CloudFormation, CloudTrail, Config, OpsWorks, Service Catalog, Systems Manager, AWS AppConfig, Trusted Advisor, Control Tower, AWS License Manager, AWS Well-Architected Tool), and Security, Identity, & Compliance (IAM, Resource Access Manager, Cognito, Secrets Manager, GuardDuty, Inspector, Amazon Macie, AWS Single Sign-On, Certificate Manager, Key Management Service, CloudHSM, Directory Service, WAF & Shield, AWS Firewall Manager, Artifact, Security Hub, Detective). The right column contains promotional banners for the AWS Console Mobile App, Amazon Redshift, AWS Fargate, and Amazon S3 backup and restore solutions.



Stop Elastic Beanstalk

- Terminate the environment

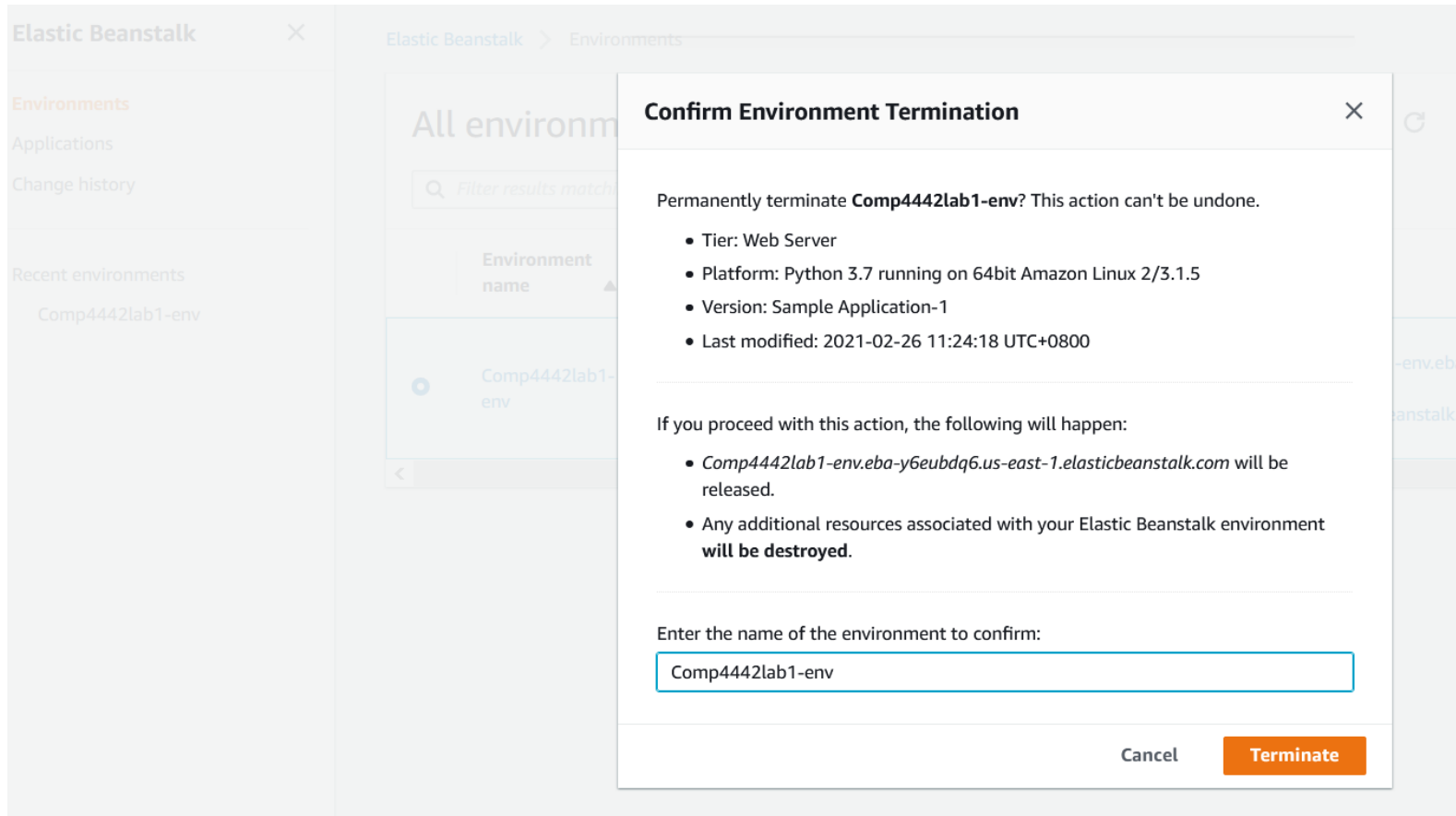
The screenshot shows the AWS Elastic Beanstalk console. The left sidebar contains the 'Elastic Beanstalk' menu with options for 'Environments', 'Applications', and 'Change history'. The main content area is titled 'All environments' and features a table of environments. The table has columns for 'Environment name', 'Health', 'Application name', 'Date created', 'Last modified', and 'URL'. The first row shows an environment named 'Comp4442lab1-env' with a health status of 'OK'. A red box labeled '1' highlights the 'Actions' icon (a blue circle with a white dot) in the first column of this row. A red box labeled '2' highlights the 'Actions' dropdown menu, which is open and shows a list of actions: 'Load configuration', 'Save configuration', 'Swap environment URLs', 'Clone environment', 'Abort current operation', 'Restart app server(s)', 'Rebuild environment', and 'Terminate environment'. A red box labeled '3' highlights the 'Terminate environment' option at the bottom of the dropdown menu. The 'Create a new environment' button is visible in the top right corner of the main content area.

Environment name	Health	Application name	Date created	Last modified	URL
Comp4442lab1-env	OK	COMP4442-lab1	2021-02-26 11:12:43 UTC+0800	2021-02-26 11:24:18 UTC+0800	Comp4442lab1-env-y6eubdq6.us-east-1.elasticbeanstalk.com



Stop Elastic Beanstalk

- Confirm your operation





Q&A