The game terminates as follows:

- If at some stage no (red or blue) pieces at all are left on the board, then the game is drawn.
- If, when it is his/her turn, a player cannot move anywhere, then the game is declared a *stalemate* and is *drawn*.
- If one player has no pieces left on the board, then that player loses and the other player wins.
- If the game lasts for 250 moves without a winner, then it is declared an exhausted draw.

## Part 1 - Getting to know the Game

## Question 1

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	b							r
2		r				b		r
3				b	b		r	b
4	b	b				r		
5			r				b	
6		b				r		
7	b		b		b	r	r	r
8			r				r	

Draw the board state after a turn of Conway's Crank, given the left board.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1							4	
2					6	O		r
3	0		5		b			b
4		6	b	6	6	~		b
5	6		4			r	Ь	
6		6	6	6	r			1
7			6	6	6			7
8		6		6			1	1

Download the Prolog program war of life.pl from CATE.

This provides a set of predicates for playing the game:

## Top Level Predicates in File

start config(-InitialBoardState)

This returns an initial randomised board state with 12 pieces for each player on an 8x8 board.

draw board(+BoardState)

Given a board state in the format described below, this predicate will present it on screen.

next\_generation(+BoardState, -NextGenerationBoardState)
This performs a Conway Crank and produces the next generation board state.

This performs a Conway Crank and produces the next generation board state.

play(+Showboard, +FirstPlayerStrategy, +SecondPlayerStrategy,
-NumberOfMoves, -WinningPlayer)

This will play a game given the strategy of player 1 and the strategy of player 2. The +Showboard variable is either set to verbose, in which case it will print out the board states as the game progresses, or quiet, in which case it just returns an answer, namely the NumberOfMoves in the completed game and the colour of the WinningPlayer.

Board states are represented in the program as pairs of lists, where the first list contains the co-ordinates of all the alive blue pieces and the second list contains the co-ordinates of all the alive red pieces. For example, this is a simple board state with two alive blues and one alive red:

[[[3,4],[5,7]],[[8,8]]]