

2019 年天津市部分区初中毕业生学业考试第一次模拟练习

英语试卷

本试卷分为第 I 卷（选择题）、第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分。第 I 卷为第 1 页至第 9 页，第 II 卷为第 10 页至第 12 页。试卷满分 120 分。考试时间 100 分钟。

第 I 卷

注意事项：

1. 每题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把“答题卡”上对应题目的答案标号的信息点涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号的信息点。

2. 本卷共五大题，共 80 分。

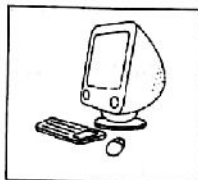
一、听力理解（本大题共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

A) 在下列每小题内，你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图画。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。

1.



A.



B.

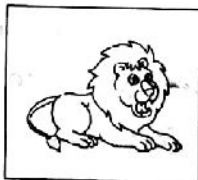


C.

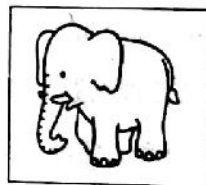
2.



A.

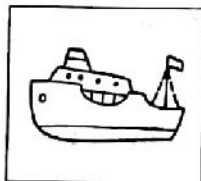


B.



C.

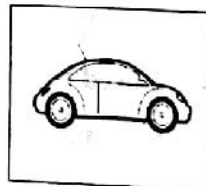
3.



A.



B.



C.

4.



A.



B.



C.

B) 下面你将听到十组对话，每组对话都有一个问题。根据对话内容，从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找出能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

5. How did the man take the photos?

- A. With a camera. B. With a mobile phone. C. With a computer.

6. Where is the man's uncle from?

- A. America. B. Australia. C. Japan.

7. Which sport will Michael take part in?

- A. The 100-metre race. B. The 400-metre race. C. The high jump.

8. How often does the woman clean her room?

- A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Three times a week.

9. What does the woman want to drink?

- A. Tea. B. Water. C. Coffee.

10. How long has the meeting been on?

- A. 20 minutes. B. Half an hour. C. 40 minutes.

11. What does John want to be?

- A. A singer. B. A teacher. C. An engineer.

12. Who asks Jack to go to the teachers' office?

- A. Tom. B. Betty. C. Miss Yang.

13. Why was the man late?

- A. Because it was raining.
B. Because he missed the bus.
C. Because the traffic was too heavy.

14. What are they going to do tonight?

- A. To watch TV. B. To see a film. C. To play football.

C) 听下面长对话或独白。每段长对话或独白后都有几个问题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听下面一段材料，回答第 15 至第 17 题。

15. When does Alex visit his parents?

- A. On Friday. B. On Saturday. C. On Sunday.

16. Who does Alex eat lunch with?

- A. His brother. B. His friends. C. His parents.

17. What does Alex do at night?

- A. He studies. B. He plays sports. C. He watches TV.

听下面一段材料，回答第 18 至第 20 题。

18. Where did Helen and her sister go last Friday?

- A. They went to the beach.
- B. They went to the town.
- C. They went to the countryside.

19. What did Helen and her sister see in the mountains?

- A. Flowers.
- B. Fish.
- C. Birds.

20. What did Helen think of the trip?

- A. It was boring.
- B. It was expensive.
- C. It was wonderful.

二、单项填空 (本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分)

从下列每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

21. — Could you tell me how to write my homework on the computer?

— First, open _____ new document, and then click _____ mouse on “new document”.

- A. the; a
- B. a; the
- C. a; a
- D. the; the

22. — Look at this nice watch. Is it _____, Daming?

— No, it isn't. Ask Betty, I think it's _____.

- A. your; hers
- B. yours; hers
- C. your; her
- D. you; her

23. Shanghai is a huge city with a large _____. That causes many _____, like too much traffic and noise.

- A. population; questions
- B. pollution; problems
- C. problems; population
- D. population; problems

24. We usually have lunch _____ the dining hall _____ half past twelve.

- A. in; at
- B. at; in
- C. on; at
- D. at; on

25. We have an IT lesson at _____ on Monday morning, and I like it very much.

- A. twenty past ten
- B. forty ten
- C. forty past ten
- D. forty to ten

26. This year we are training more _____, so we can do _____ than last year.

- A. careful; better
- B. carefully; good
- C. careful; better
- D. carefully; better

27. Bethune even worked for sixty-nine hours without stopping and managed _____ over a hundred lives.

- A. saved
- B. to save
- C. saving
- D. saves

28. My mother _____ dinner when I got home yesterday.

- A. cooked
- B. was cooked
- C. was cooking
- D. cooks

29. I don't like cheese because it _____ too strong and _____ a bit sour.
A. feels; looks B. smells; tastes C. sounds; looks D. looks; feels
30. —Are you going camping with us this weekend?
— _____! What should I do to get ready?
A. You bet B. Congratulations
C. I don't think so D. No, thanks
31. In most museums, there is no shouting and running, and you _____ not touch anything.
A. must B. might C. need D. have to
32. —What are you going to do after a college?
—I'd like to _____ a company of my own.
A. lift up B. set up C. look up D. pick up
33. — Do you know _____? I'm going to visit him.
— Sorry, I don't know.
A. where does Mr Li live B. where did Mr Li live
C. where Mr Li lives D. where Mr Li lived
34. The Internet _____ by the US government in the 1960s for the army to use.
A. invented B. was invented C. invent D. will invent
35. If you _____ your homework now, you _____ it before dinner.
A. start; finish B. will start; will finish
C. start; will finish D. will start; finish

三、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

If you move to a foreign country, there will be a big change in lifestyle(生活方式). Take the _____(36) for example. In the United States, it may be different _____(37) the kind you are used to.

In the United States, most people take a shower(洗淋浴) once a day in the morning. The shower head is usually fixed(固定) on the wall and cannot be _____(38). The bather simply stands under the water, gets _____(39), scrubs(擦洗) with soap and often a washcloth, and then rinses off(冲洗).

Children often take a bath each night and _____(40) playing with small toys such as boats and rubber ducks. Many adults, _____(41) women, prefer a relaxing bath to clear their minds of stress(压力) at work and get a good night's sleep.

It is _____(42) to remember that when you take a shower or bath in the United States, you should be careful to _____(43) the water inside the bathtub(浴缸) or shower. Unlike bathrooms in many other countries, there is no drain(下水道) in the floor. If water gets on the floor, it cannot go anywhere and must be _____(44) at once. It can also cause problems for the _____(45). So be careful.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 36. A. bathroom | B. garden | C. bedroom | D. kitchen |
| 37. A. for | B. at | C. to | D. from |
| 38. A. bought | B. moved | C. seen | D. covered |
| 39. A. cold | B. clean | C. hurt | D. wet |
| 40. A. finish | B. help | C. enjoy | D. practise |
| 41. A. simply | B. especially | C. clearly | D. certainly |
| 42. A. dangerous | B. strange | C. exciting | D. important |
| 43. A. keep | B. push | C. touch | D. add |
| 44. A. put up | B. given up | C. cleaned up | D. picked up |
| 45. A. toys | B. floor | C. brushes | D. water |

四、阅读理解(本大题共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下面的材料, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Bluebird Music Club

Do you want to play an instrument? Come to our club. We have a lot of music lessons about how to play the guitar, the piano, the violin and the drums.

Opening time: 8:00 am—9:00 pm Saturday and Sunday

Price: \$40 per hour for adults; \$25 per hour for children

Tel: 3202-1789

Art Museum

There are more than 500 pictures in our museum. Please come here. You will fall in love with the excellent artworks.

Opening time: 8:00 am—6:00 pm every day

Price: \$10 for adults ; \$5 for children

Tel: 3708-6409

Amusement Park

Do you want to fly a kite, go boating or have a picnic? Come to our park and you'll have a good time here.

Opening time: 11:00 am—7:00 pm every day

Price: \$15 for adults ; \$8 for children

Tel: 3086-1105

Underwater World

Here you will find different kinds of fishes and even some kinds of sharks. You will feel as if you were in the sea. Come here!

Opening time: 9:00 am—6:00 pm Saturday and Sunday

Price: \$30 for adults; \$15 for children

Tel: 3302-7298

46. If you want to know more information about Bluebird Music Club, you can call _____.

A. 3302-7298

B. 3708-6409

C. 3202-1789

D. 3086-1105

47. You can visit Art Museum _____.

A. from 8:00 am to 6:00 pm every day

B. from 11:00 am to 7:00 pm every day

C. from 8:00 am to 9:00 pm on weekends

D. from 9:00 am to 7:00 pm on weekends

48. How long is Amusement Park open a day?

A. 7 hours.

B. 8 hours.

C. 9 hours.

D. 10 hours.

49. If 10-year-old Tom has \$12, where can he go to enjoy himself on Sunday?

A. Amusement Park or Art Museum.

B. Bluebird Music Club or Art Museum.

C. Underwater World or Amusement Park.

D. Bluebird Music Club or Underwater World.

50. Which of the following is TRUE?

A. You can learn five instruments in Bluebird Music Club.

B. It's not allowed to have a picnic in Amusement Park.

C. You can visit Underwater World any day of the week.

D. There are over 500 pictures in Art Museum.

B

In my math class, Mr. Black drew a man standing in the middle of a circle. To make it more interesting, he drew things like a house, a car and a few friends inside the circle.

He asked us, "Can anyone tell me what this is?" Jack said, "The world?" Mr. Black said, "That's close. This is your Comfort Zone(舒适区域). Inside your circle you have all the things that are important to you—your home, your family, your friends, and your job. People feel that inside this circle they are safe from any danger. Can anyone tell me what happens when you step out of this circle?"

Mr. Black then drew an arrow(箭头) pointing from the man to the outside of the circle. He went on saying, "When you leave your Comfort Zone, you will face the world that you are not comfortable with. The result is that you will learn something that you do not know and gain(获得) more than what you have." He then drew a bigger circle around the first circle, and added a few new things like more friends, etc, into it.

The story tells us that if you stay inside your Comfort Zone, you will never be able to learn more. When you go out of your Comfort Zone, perhaps you will be afraid, challenge(挑战) your mind and grow to be stronger, and so become a better person.

51. What does Mr. Black do?

A. He is an art teacher.

B. He is a math teacher.

C. He is a house seller.

D. He is a car seller.

52. How do you feel when you are inside the Comfort Zone?

A. dangerous.

B. safe.

C. sad.

D. afraid.

53. What does the underlined word "step out of" mean in paragraph 2?

A. 设置

B. 安放

C. 走出

D. 建立

54. What will happen when you leave your Comfort Zone?

A. You will have a big house.

B. You will make more money in your work.

C. You will learn everything that you don't know.

D. You will face the world that you are not comfortable with.

55. Why should you go out of your Comfort Zone?

A. Because it is not very comfortable.

B. Because you can become a better person.

C. Because you can learn nothing in the Comfort Zone.

D. Because you are afraid to go out of the Comfort Zone.

C

Around the world, a lot of people do not have homes, they often live in dangerous situations. Many people and organizations (组织) around the world are working to solve the problem. Mel Young and Harald Schmied are two such people. Young is from Scotland and Schmied is from Austria. In 2001, the two men attended an international conference(会议) about homelessness. At the conference, Young and Schmied began to wonder if football could help the homeless people. They knew that sport could bring people

together and give them hope. So, they asked themselves—what would happen if homeless people could train for and compete in their own World Cup?

In 2001, Young and Schmied started the Homeless World Cup organization. The first Homeless World Cup took place in Graz, Austria in 2003. More than 140 homeless people from 18 countries played. Austria won the competition.

Today the Homeless World Cup organization works with more than 70 other non-profit(非 营 利 的) organizations. Each organization helps choose and train local homeless people for the yearly football competition. Today, 500 people from almost 50 countries play in the Homeless World Cup.

The players say that the event changes their lives. David Duke was homeless and didn't have a job. He heard about the Homeless World Cup in 2003 and decided to join. He played for Scotland. After that, lots of good things happened to him. He went back to school. He found a home. His team won the Homeless World Cup in 2007.

In addition, the organizers of the Homeless World Cup say that the event can change the way we see homeless people. More than 100,000 people watch the Homeless World Cup every year.

56. Where do Mel Young and Harald Schmied come from?

- A. They both come from Scotland.
- B. They both come from Austria.
- C. Schmied is from Scotland and Young is from Austria.
- D. Schmied is from Austria and Young is from Scotland.

57. When did the Homeless World Cup organization start?

- A. In 2001.
- B. In 2003.
- C. In 2007.
- D. In 2009.

58. The writer uses David Duke as an example to show that _____.

- A. team spirit is very important
- B. football is a sport that has no age requirement (要求)
- C. hard work is the key to success
- D. the Homeless World Cup helps change peoples' lives

59. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Few people watch the Homeless World Cup.
- B. Austria won the Homeless World Cup in 2007.
- C. The Homeless World Cup works with many other organizations.
- D. 500 homeless people took part in the first Homeless World Cup.

60. What can we know from the passage?

- A. A homeless man can become the best football player.
- B. Many people and organizations are helping the homeless people.
- C. Mel Young and Harald Schmied set up 70 organizations.
- D. No one likes to watch the Homeless World Cup at first.

五、补全对话（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

根据对话内容，从方框内选择恰当的句子将对话补充完整。（选项中有两项是多余的）

- A. I'm Tony.
- B. Do you have any relatives who live in Australia?
- C. This is Tony.
- D. I'm really happy to hear that.
- E. How long did you stay in Australia?
- F. How do you like the photo?
- G. Will you please show me some?

A: Hello! This is Jack, Who's that speaking?

B: Hello! _____ (61)

A: Oh, Tony, I have good news for you. Our teacher said that your photo of the Sydney Opera House had won the first prize.

B: Really? _____ (62)

A: You went to Australia last summer, didn't you?

B: Yes, I did. I went there with my parents.

A: _____ (63)

B: Yes, my uncle and my cousins live in Sydney.

A: _____ (64)

B: For four weeks. I took a lot of photos while I was there.

A: _____ (65)

B: Sure, I'll bring you some to school tomorrow.

A: Great! Thank you.

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英语试卷

第 II 卷

注意事项:

1. 用黑色字迹的签字笔将答案写在“答题卡”上。
2. 本卷共四大题, 共 40 分。

六、完成句子(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据所给中文意思完成句子, 每空限填一词。

66. 地震发生时, 不要靠近窗户和笨重的家具。

When earthquake happens, _____ from windows and heavy furniture.

67. 他的建议一点也不合情理。

His advice didn't _____ at all.

68. 我买了辆自行车, 从那以后, 它就成了我生活的一部分。

I bought a bike, and _____, it has become part of my life.

69. 他没有注意听老师讲什么, 所以不知道怎么做。

He didn't _____ to what the teacher said and didn't know how to do it.

70. 当镇里开了一家大超市时, 这家小超市就倒闭了。

The small supermarket _____ when a bigger one opened in the town.

七、任务型阅读(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容完成句子。

Some people seem to know how to start a conversation with anyone anywhere. If you're not one of these people, don't be sad. Here are some easy ways to help you make a conversation with someone new.

Say something about the surroundings(周围的事物).

If you're at a party, for example, you could say, "I love this song", or "The food is great. Have you tried the chicken?"

Ask an open-ended question.

The question requires(要求) more than just a yes or no answer. You can ask a question that begins with one of the 5W1H: who, where, when, what, why, or how. For example, "Who do you know here?" "Where do you usually go on Friday?" "How is the food?" Most people enjoy talking about themselves, so asking questions is a good way to start a conversation.

Give praise.

For example, "I really like your bag. Can I ask where you got it?" or "You look like you've done this before. Can you tell me where I have to sign in(签到)?"

Keep the conversations going with small talk.

Don't say something annoying(令人讨厌的) and avoid big subjects like religion(宗教). Try some relaxing subjects. For example, you can talk about the weather or anything you have in common such as schools, movies and sports teams.

Be a good listener.

Listening is not the same as waiting for your turn to talk. You can't focus on(专注于) what someone's saying if you're thinking about what you're going to say next. Focus on the speaker and show interest in what's being said. Nod, smile at the person, and make sure you look friendly.

71. An open-ended question refers to the one beginning with _____.

72. Asking questions is a good way to start a conversation because most people _____.

73. Try some relaxing subjects rather than big subjects like _____.

74. To be a good listener means focusing on the speaker and _____.

75. The passage is mainly about _____.

八、综合填空(本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

根据短文内容及首字母提示, 填写所缺单词, 使短文意思完整。每空限填一词。

My bedroom used to be a mess. There were too many things. I had so many books I never read and CDs I didn't listen to. My drawers(抽屉) were f _____ (76) with clothes I never wore. I was getting upset that I didn't have any s _____ (77) in my bedroom. Then I read about minimalism(简约主义). Minimalism is a style of living where you only keep the most important things and you t _____ (78) away everything else. After a careful reading, I felt encouraged to solve my problem.

Minimalism suggests that you should only keep the essentials(必需品) for living. So I started clearing out a lot of things which I didn't u _____ (79). I collected bags of clothes to give to anyone who needed them. I sold some of my CDs and books online.

Although I knew that I would never need these things again, I still found it very d _____ (80) to throw them away. My brain tried to stop me f _____ (81) letting them go. I said to myself "I might need that in the f _____ (82)!" or "Won't I be sad if I throw that away?" But the thing is, I know I couldn't keep everything.

As clearing out for a month, I found it quite exciting to throw things away and create some space. H_____ (83), it's not easy to be a minimalist. We are often told that it is better to have more things. I still own a lot of things which I don't really n_____ (84). In the future, I will be c_____ (85) about what I buy. And I will continue to make an effort to throw away what I don't need.

九、书面表达 (本大题共 15 分)

86. 假设你是李明, 去年你家里来了一位交换生, 你非常开心。请根据内容要点, 写一封电子邮件给你的笔友 Tony, 和他分享你的快乐, 告诉他你的变化。

内容要点:

1. 你是家里的独生子/女, 一直觉得很孤独;
2. 去年你家里来了一位交换生, 你很开心;
3. 他/她非常活泼可爱, 兴趣广泛;
4. 你们一起生活、学习, 你跟他/她学会了很多东西, 尤其是英语提高了很多;
5. 你对这段经历的感受……

参考词汇: exchange student 交换生, joy (n.) 欢乐, on one's own initiative 主动地

写作要求:

1. 不得使用真实姓名和学校名;
2. 包含以上所有要点, 可适当增加细节, 使内容充实, 行文连贯;
3. 字迹工整, 语言精练, 表达准确, 条理清楚;
4. 词数 80-100。(书信的开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。)

Dear Tony,

As you know, I'm the only child in my family, _____

Yours,
Li Ming

2019 年天津市部分区初中毕业生学业考试第一次模拟练习

英语试卷参考答案

一、听力理解（本大题共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

1—5. ACBCB 6—10. CABBA 11—15. CCCBC 16—20. BCCAC

二、单项填空（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

21. B 22. B 23. D 24. A 25. A 26. D 27. B 28. C

29. B 30. A 31. A 32. B 33. C 34. B 35. C

三、完形填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

36. A 37. D 38. B 39. D 40. C 41. B 42. D 43. A 44. C 45. B

四、阅读理解（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

46. C 47. A 48. B 49. A 50. D

51. B 52. B 53. C 54. D 55. B

56. D 57. A 58. A 59. C 60. B

五、补全对话（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

61. C 62. D 63. B 64. E 65. G

六、完成句子（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

66. stay/keep away 67. make sense 68. since then

69. pay attention 70. closed down

七、任务型阅读（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

71. one of the 5W1H, (who, where, when what why, or how)

72. enjoy talking about themselves

73. religion

74. show interest in what is being said

75. how to make/making a conversation with someone new

八、综合填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

76. filled 77. space 78. throw 79. use 80. difficult

81. from 82. future 83. However 84. need 85. careful

九、书面表达（本大题共 15 分）

86. (略)

听力原文

1—4

1. M: He likes music, so let's give him a CD.

2. W: Elephants are in danger. We need to protect them better.

3. M: The plane to Hangzhou will take off at three o'clock this afternoon.

4. W: Tom usually listens to the radio after finishing his homework.

5—14

5. W: Oh, these photos are wonderful. How did you take them?

M: I took them with my mobile phone.

6. W: Your uncle comes from Australia, doesn't he?

M: No, he comes from Japan.

7. W: Our school sports meet is coming. Michael, which sport will you take part in?

M: I want to take part in the boys' 100-metre race.

8. M: Hi, Miss Lin. How often do you clean your room?

W: I do that every Wednesday and Saturday.

9. M: Would you like some coffee?

W: No, I prefer a cup of water.

10. W: Sorry. I'm late.

M: Oh, it's two o'clock now. The meeting has been on for twenty minutes.

11. W: John, do you want to be a singer in the future?

M: No, I want to be an engineer.

12. W: Jack, Miss Yang asked you to go to the teachers' office.

M: OK, Betty.

13. W: You are late again.

M: Sorry! There was so much traffic on the street.

14. W: What are you going to do tonight?

M: Nothing special.

W: What about going to the cinema?

M: Good idea!

15—17

W: Hello. Alex. Can you tell me about your free-time activities?

M: Sure.

W: Do you visit your parents on Sunday?

M: Yes, I visit my parents every Sunday. My mother likes to make a big dinner for me, and we talk about the week. I love my mother's cooking, so I always visit my parents on Sunday.

W: What do you do at noon?

M: I often go out for lunch. I like to eat lunch with my friends.

W: Do you ever play sports in the afternoon?

M: Me? I usually play sports for two hours during the week. I like playing all kinds of ball games.

W: What do you do at night?

M: At night? Well, I guess I always watch TV. I watch every night. I know I should study, but there're so many programmes I like. So, I have to say I watch TV a lot, more than I should!

18—20

Hi, my name is Helen. My sister and I went to the countryside last Friday morning. We went there by train and arrived at 5:30 in the afternoon. My grandparents cooked a big dinner for us. It was so delicious that we ate a lot. On Saturday morning, we went for a walk in the mountains. The weather was great and the air was clean. We saw different kinds of flowers along the way. We went to my uncle's farm after lunch. We fed the chickens and milked the cows. We were tired but happy. In the evening, my grandfather told us some stories while we were watching the stars. We returned home on Sunday. We really had a wonderful trip.