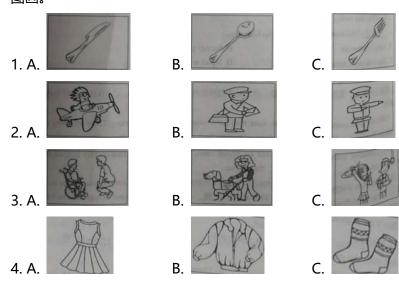


2018-2019 年度南开一模英语试卷

第I卷

- 1. 每题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把 "答题卡"上对应题目的答案标号的信息点涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号的信息点。
- 2. 本卷共五大题, 共80分。
- 一、听力理解 (本大题共20小题,每小题1分,共20分)
- A) 在下列每小题内, 你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图面。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。



- B)下面你将听到十组对话,每组对话都有一个问题。根据对话内容,从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找出能回答所提问题的最佳选项、
- 5. What are the speakers talking about?
- A. Tom's family photo.
- B. Tom's younger brother.
- C. Tom's twin sister.
- 6. What does Tony look like now?
- A. He is short.
- B. He is strong.
- C. He is tall.
- 7. What will the speakers do?
- A. They will watch TV.
- B. They will make a snow man.
- C. They will stay at home.
- 8. Where will the man work?
- A. In the bank.
- B. At the radio station.
- C. He hasn't decided yet.
- 9. Which shirt is the man probably going to take?



A. About an hour.

C. Less than ten minutes.

20. Who caused the fire?

A. The black one.	B. The brown one.	C. The pink one.	
10. What did the woma	n think of the movie	?	
A. It was popular.	B. It was boring.	C. It was interesting.	
11. Who was playing ba	asketball at this time	yesterday?	
C. Mario.	B. Jack.	A. Tony.	
12. What does the man	ı mean?		
A. The weather change	s quickly.		
B. People can easily have	ve a cold.		
C. There are four seaso	ns in a year.		
13. Where is the boy pr	obably from?		
A. America.	B. Britain.	C. China.	
14. What are the speak	ers talking about?		
A. The earthquake in Ja	pan.		
B. How to stay calm.			
C. What to do in an ear	thquake		
C)听下面长对话或独白。	每段长对话或独白后都	有几个问题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。	
听下面一段材料,回答第	15 至第 17 题。		
15. What is the boy's he	omework about?		
A. Population.	B. Traffic.	C. Sports.	
16. What's the populati	on of Tianjin?		
A. 2,460,000.	B. 5,600,000.	C. 15,560,000.	
17. What does the girl	mean at last?		
A. Tianjin has a very big	g population.		
B. There's not much tra	ffic in Tianjin.		
C. The population of Ti	C. The population of Tianjin causes problems.		
听下面一段材料,回答第 18 至第 20 题。			
18. Where was Johnson's house?			
A. Next to the speaker's house.			
B. On the other side of	the street.		
C. In another street.			
19. How long did it take	e the firemen to put o	out the fire?	
B. Half an hour.			



A. Johnson.	B. Johnson's wife.	C. Johnson's dog.	
二、单项填空(本大题共 1	5 小题,每小题 1 分,	共 15 分)	
从下列每小题所给的 A、	B、C、D 四个选项中,	选出可以填入空白处的	最佳选项。
21. The doctor told me	to takemedic	ine three times	_day.
A. the; 不填	B. the; a	C. the; an	D. 不填; the
22. He has a sweet	and often spends	money on chocolates	and candies.
A. mouth	B. tooth	C. stomach	D. neck
23. Some students are s	so They often	make mistakes in the	eir homework.
A. careful	B. serious	C. careless	D. successful
24. Li Ming will be	His parents are go	oing to have a party f	or hisbirthday.
A. sixteen; sixteenth		B. sixteenth; sixteent	th
C. sixteen; sixteen		D. sixteenth; sixteen	
25Is that Mr Black in	the playground?		
-Itbe Mr Black. I	He's teaching English	in the classroom	
A. must	B. can't	C. could	D. needn't
26He studies late eve	ry day andgo	es to bed before twe	ve o'clock.
-That's bad for his	health		
A. always	B. just	C. already	D. hardly
27. Parents must be pat	tienttheir child	dren.	
A. at	B. about	C. with	D. to
28. I don't think I can af	ffordfor the ca	ar.	
A. paying	B. paid	C. to pay	D. pay
29Would you like to	go to Fragrant Hills P	ark this weekend?	
-No, thanks. Ithere twice this year.			
A. have been	B. will go	C. go	D. have gone
30. Our geography tead	cher told us Columbu	s(哥伦布)Am	erica in 1492.
A. created	B. invented	C. discovered	D. beat
31What's Mum cooki	ng in the kitchen?		
-Fish, I guess. How	nice it!		
A. smells	B. feels	C. sounds	D. looks
32Are those crayons	?		
-No,aren't.			
A. you; theirs	B. your; their	C. yours; they	D. yours; them
33. My English teacher	has taught English _	she came to the	school.
A. since	B. as	C. when	D. for



34. Peter knew _____.

A. whether he has finis	hed reading the book	(
3. why the boy had so	many questions		
C. there were 12 month	ns in a year		
D. when will they leave	for Paris		
35Sorry I'm late toda	y.		
-The weather is so	bad today.		
A. Hang on a minute		B. Sounds great	
C. That's the main thing	9	D. Never mind	
三、完形填空 (本大题共	10 小题,每小题 1 分,	,共 10 分)	
阅读下面短文,掌握其大	意,然后从各题所给的	A、B、C、D 四个选项	向中选出最佳选项
China is a great cou	untry with more than	5,000 years of histor	ry. There are many places of interest. They
attract(吸引) millions c	of tourists from all over	er the world every yea	ar.
Many mountains, su	uch as Mount Tai, Mo	ount Emei, Mount Hu	a are very famous. People <u>36</u> the sur
rise.			
There are many rive	rs in China. Tie Yangtz	e Rivers the longest o	one and the second <u>37</u> one is the Yellow
River. They are the 3	8 of Chinese culture	because Chinese and	cestors(祖先) were born in the areas.
39 the rivers in Ch	ina, there are also a g	reat number of lakes	. One of the most famous lakes is the West
Lake. Have you heard o	of the love story abou	t Xu Xian and the Wh	nite Snake? It is said that the story 40
On the west lake. The	west Lake in the be	st place that I have	ever visited. It lies in Hangzhou, Zhejiang
Province. The scenery i	s to attractive that vis	sitors often lose <u>41</u>	in it. The west lake has become famous
42 not only its spec	ial scenery but some	beautiful poems. The	e great poets Bai Juyi and Su Dongpo <u>43</u>
olenty of poems. 44	_the surrounding(周边	<u>カ</u>) area of the West L	ake is the home of the famous Dragon Wel
Tea. The tea is good fo	r people's health.		
Have you ever been to	the West Lake? If not	t, look for a <u>45</u> to	go to the fantastic place!
36. A. bring	B. watch	C. ask	D. help
37. A. shortest	B. highest	C. longest	D. widest
38. A. lights	B. traditions	C. backgrounds	D. birthplaces
39. A. Thanks to	B. Welcome to	C. Compared to	D. Next to
40. A. finished	B. mentioned	C. returned	D. happened
41. A. itself	B. ourselves	C. themselves	D. himself
42. A. for	B. as	C. with	D. in
43. A. gave	B. wrote	C. made	D. expected
14. A. So	B. But	C. And	D. Or
45. A. way	B. project	C. stranger	D. chance



四、阅读理解(本大题共15小题,每小题2分,共30分)

阅读下面的材料,从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Α

There are many different kinds of music in the world. Now let's study some of them

Classical music

Classical music needs high musical skills. If you want to learn this kind of music. You have to go through lots of training.

Heavy metal music

Heavy metal music(重金属音乐) came gut after World War II. It has got another name "information music". It is usually loud and noisy.

•Hip-hop music

This kind of music always includes the use of instruments such as the guitar, violin, piano, bass(低音吉他), drums and so on. In this kind of music, the bass is the main instrument. A group of traveling singers and poets of West Africa first played it.

Opera music

It first appeared in Italy in the 1600s. It has a great mixture of theatrical(剧场的)art and musical invention.

Jazz music

This kind of music has strong and complex melodies(复杂的旋律). The main musical instruments are the cornet, trumpet and violin.

46music needs	high musical skills.		
A. Classical	B. Heavy metal	C. Hip-hop	D. Opera
47. The main instrumer	nt in hip-hop music is	s the	
A. guitar	B. violin	C. piano	D. bass
8. Theis used in	both hip-hop music	and jazz music.	
A. piano	B. violin	C. trumpet	D. comet

- 49. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
- A. Heavy metal music appeared after World War III.
- B. Only after proper training you can learn classical music.
- C. People call jazz music "information music".
- D. Opera music first appeared in Italy.
- 50. What's the best title for the passage?
- A. Different Kinds of Music
- **B.** Our Favorite Musicians
- C. We Love Music Best
- D. Welcome to the Music Club





Once there was a piano player in a bar. People came just to hear him play. But one night, a lady asked him to sing a song.

"I don't sing," said the man

But the lady told the waiter, "I'm tired of listening to the piano. I want the player to sing!"

The waiter shouted across the room," Hey, friend! If you want to get paid, sing a song!"

So he did. He had never sung in the bar before. Now he was singing for the very first time! Nobody had ever heard the song *Mona Lisa* sung so beautifully!

He had talent he was <u>sitting on!</u> He may have lived the rest of his life as a no-name piano player in a no-name bar: But once he found, by accident, that he could sing well, he went on working hard and became one of the best-known singers in the US. His name was Nat King Cole.

You, too, have skills and abilities. You may not feel that your talent is great, but it may be better than you think. With hard work, most skills can be improved. However, you may have no success at all if you just sit on your talent.

51. The lady asked the player to sing a song because

A. she had paid him for this B. she knew him very well

C. she wanted to have a change D. she enjoyed his singing

52. Nat King Cole succeeded because

A. the lady helped him a lot B. he caught the chance

C. he continued to play in the bar D. he stopped playing the piano

53. The words "sit on" in the passage probably mean

A. fail to realise B. forget to use

C. try to develop D. try to show

54. From the story we know if you have some talent, you should

A. hide it and wait B. ask others for help

C. pay no attention to it D. work hard to improve yourself

55. Which could be the best title for the passage?

A. Sing in the Bar B. Get Success in Life

C. Never Lose Heart D. Find Your Hidden Talent

Go "back" in time

Is there a way to quickly recall(回忆)information just before taking an exam? Waking backwards might be a solution. Scientists from the University of Roehampton in the UK said this activity can help people improve their short-term memory.

Researchers asked 114 volunteers to watch a video. After watching the video, the volunteers were split(分成) into three groups .One group was told to walk 10 meters forward. The second group walked 10 meters



backwards. The third group stood in one place. All three groups were then asked 20 questions about what they saw in the video.

The scientists found that the backward-walking group got two more answers correct than the other two groups.

This suggests that the link between the concepts(概念)of time and space is important in terms of how our minds form memories. "Time is really expressed via (通过) space;" Aleksandra, who led the study, told the Daily Mail. When you walk backwards, you see things from a different angle(角度) compared to walking forward. This difference helps people recall that happened in the past.

And walking backwards is not just good for our brains. It is also good for the rest of our body. Compared to walking forward, walking backwards is more challenging. This can help us improve our fitness ,according to New Scientist. Walking backwards uses more energy in a short time and bums more calories(卡路里)

In addition, walking backwards is less stressful for our knees. It could be helpful for people who often have pain in their knees, according to researchers from the University of Oregon in the US. Waking backwards also keeps our spines(脊柱)strong, which can help to ease(缓解) pain in the lower back. This might be why many old people like walking backwards.

- 56. What does "this activity" in Paragraph refer to(指的是)?
- A. Recalling information.
- B. Taking an exam.

C. Walking backwards.

- D. Improving memory.
- 57. The second paragraph is written to
- A. introduce a useful way of walking
- B. show who can answer more questions correctly
- C. explain why walking backwards improves memory
- D. describe how researchers did their experiment
- 58. Which group got two more answers correct in the study?
- A. The forward-walking group.
- B. The backward-walking group.
- C. The standing-in-one-place group.
- D. All groups.
- 59. According to New Scientist, how can walking backwards be helpful?
- A. It helps people remember information.
- B. It allows people to see things in a new angle.
- C. It helps people burn more calories.
- D. It can ease pain in people's knees and backs.
- 60. What do we know from the passage?
- A. walking backwards can help people in many ways.
- B. Scientists suggest waling backwards for lo meters every day.
- C. Memories are formed when we do challenging activities.



D. Old people like waking backwards because it can help them lose weight.
五、补全对话 (本大题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)
根据对话的内容,从方框中选择恰当的句子,将对话补充完整。(选项中有两项是是多余的)
A. Did you buy anything there?
B. I spent the whole day shopping and eating.
C. I also went to the Palace Museum.
D. It was great.
E. Beijing is so big that I almost got lost.
F. Yes, it was much better.
G. What place did you visit?
A: Jane, you're back. Welcome back to school. I missed you.
B: I missed you, too.
A: How was your trip to Beijing?
B: 61 spent four days in Beijing. Every day did something different.
A: <u>62</u>
B: Well, first I went to the Great Wall.
A: <u>63</u>
B: No, I had no time to buy anything. But the next day I went shopping. 64
A: Did you go anywhere else?
B: Yes, I did. 65 I bought a gift from the museum for you.
A: Thank you.
第Ⅱ卷
注意事项:
1. 用黑色墨水的钢笔或签字笔将答案写在"答题卡"上。
2. 本卷共四大题, 共 40 分。
六、完成句子(本大题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)
根据所给中文意思完成句子,每空限填一词。
66. 由于天气恶劣,比赛被取消了。
The match wasbecause of the bad weather.
67.音乐会现场至少有一千人。
There areone thousand people at the concert.
68. 老师为我指出了写作中的错误。
The teacher the mistakes in my writing.



69. 经过长途跋涉,他终于到家了。	
He arrived at homeafter a long journey.	
70. 我相信你的梦想一定会实现。	
I believe your dream wil	
七、任务型阅读(本大题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)	
阅读下面短文,根据短文内容完成句子。	
This morning we had a school trip to the Dashan Collection House, a building of two floors. It is or	oen
from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm. We took the school bus and arrived at 9:00. When we entered the collection hou	ıse,
our eyes were caught by a collection of old photos of the town on the walls of the front hall. Those pho	tos
told us something about the history of the town. And then in the Art Room, we saw many pictures of	the
countryside. The colors of the flowers and trees are rich and bright. We all love the beauty of nature at or	ıce.
Then we went upstairs. On the left, there were over one hundred different clocks. The oldest clock v	was
already more than two hundred years old. To my surprise, the clocks all worked well and they could tell	the
right time. It was then ten o'clock, and some clocks produced different beautiful sounds. It seemed to b	e a
concert. How amazing!	
On the right there was also a stone collection. The stones were from all over the country. They were	e in
different sizes, colors and shapes. Some looked like different kinds of animals. I really liked one stone t	hat
looked like a little monkey. It looked very nice.	
The collections there were wonderful. So we stayed there until 11:00 in the morning. I had a great time a	and
really liked the school trip.	
71. The Dashan Collection House isfrom 9:00 am to 5:00 pm.	
72. We went to the Dashan Collection House byand arrived at 9:00.	
73. We saw many pictures ofin the Art Room of the collection house	
74. All the clocks upstairs in the collection house could tell	
75. There was alsoon the right of the second floor in the house.	
八、综合填空(本大题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分)	
根据短文内容及首字母提示,填写所缺单词,使短文意思完整。每空限填一词。	
SEPT 10 is a day for us to say thank you to teachers. But next year we might do it on a76_day	y. A
draft amendment(修正案草案) on education laws proposes(提议) to m77Teachers' Day to Sept	28,
which is believed to be the birthday of Confucius (551-479 BC).	
The Chinese mainland started to c78Teachers' Day in 1985. There was no special reason why S	ept
10 was chosen.	
But many people think it's not a good choice.	
Teachers are always too busy on Sept 10, because the new t	nth.
If the day is at the end of September, it will be near the National Day and teachers can enjoy the two holid	ays



t 80

Besides, people think Teachers' Day should fall on a day with a special historical and cultural m 81.

That's why Sept 28 is a good choice.

Confucius is an important educationalist and philosopher in Chinese history. His ideas help shape our values. He tells us to love our family and respect(尊敬)the elderly.

More importantly, Confucius started China's private education s <u>82</u>. There were 3,.000 students who ever learned by Confucius. It is said that twenty-two of them had leaned six arts, and Confucius spoke highly of ten of them. Chinese people name him as the "best teacher in ancient times" and a "model teacher for generations"

Currently, the State Council(国务院) is collecting p _____83_opinion on the change.

In an online survey on sina.com, 65 percent of people supported the change as of sept 10. But about 3I percent were a _____84_it. They believed it is nothing but formalism(形式主义) .

Zhang Feiran, 13, from Changsha, Hunan gave his teachers cards as gifts on Sept 10.

"To me, it doesn't mater which day is Teachers' Day. It's just a day to remind (提醒) me o _____85_every year to be grateful to teachers," he said.

九、书面表达 (本大题共 15 分)

86. 假设你是李华,星期五早上在上学的路上目睹了一起交通事故。根据以下提示,用英语写一篇短文。

时间	星期五早上七点
地点	中山路和幸福大街交口
事故过程	1.一辆小汽车和一个骑车上学的女孩发生碰撞。
	2.女孩倒地受伤,司机拨打 120 求助。
	3.经医生检查,女孩并无大碍。
事故原因	女孩骑车时闯红灯,因此她对事故负有责任。
你的建议	如何做到安全出行(补充两点具体做法)

参考词汇: 检查 make an examination 对......负责 be responsible for sth.

要求:

(1)词数:80~100个。

(2)短文的开头已给出,不计入总词数。

(3)要点齐全,行文连贯,可适当发挥。

At seven o'clock on Friday morning there was