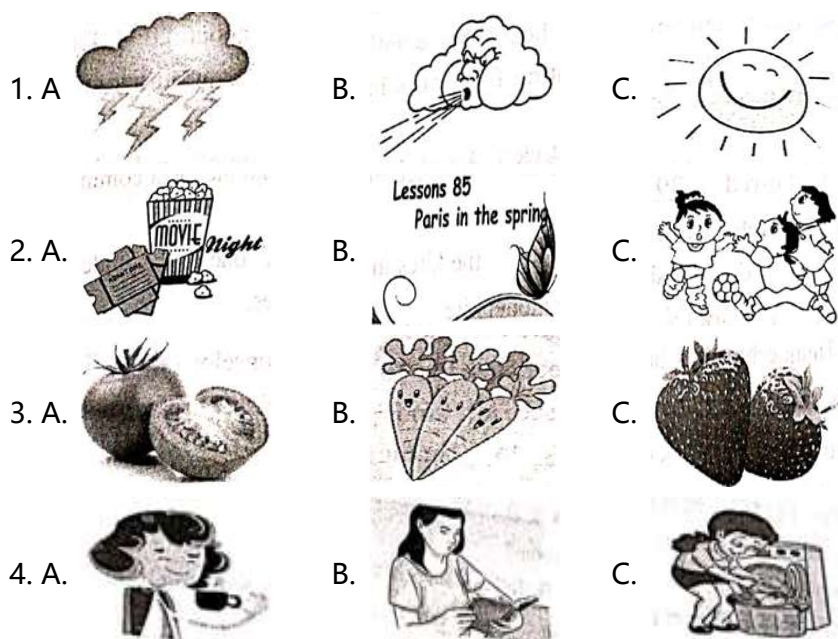


2018-2019 年度河西区结课考英语试卷

一、听力理解 (本大题共 20 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 20 分)

A) 在下列每小题内, 你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图面, 找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。



B) 下面你将听到十组对话, 每组对话都有一个问题。根据对话内容, 从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找出能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

5. When will Helen come back?

A. Before Wednesday. B. After Wednesday. C. On Wednesday.

6. What does the woman want to drink?

A. Coffee. B. Water. C. Tea.

7. Why does the boy stay in the library for a long time?

A. He forgets the time. B. The book is great. C. The weather is bad.

8. What does the girl want to be when she grows up?

A. A writer. B. A dancer. C. A doctor.

9. Who will receive the present?

A. The boy's mother. B. The boy's father. C. The boy's grandmother.

10. Why is Betty going to move?

A. Because her house here is too old.

B. Because she doesn't like her neighbour.

C. Because her house here is too small.

11. What will the girl do this Sunday?

A. Study for the test.

B. Go to play table tennis.

C. Go to visit her friends

12. How many ways can the man know about the weather?

A. One. B. Two. C. Three.

13. Where will the woman go on holiday?

A. To England. B. To America. C. To Japan.

14. When does the man want the woman to clean his room?

A. At 7:15 B. At 7:30. C. At 7:45.

听下面长对话或独白。每段长对话或独白后都有几个问题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听下面一段材料，回答第 15 至第 17 题。

15. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. On a bus. B. In a bank. C. In the street.

16. Which bus should the woman take?

A.No.8. B. No.18. C. No.80.

17. Where can the woman take the bus?

A. From College Road,

B. From Bridge Street.

C. From College Street.

听下面一段材料，回答第 18 至第 20 题。

18. What can Peter see from the room?

A. The West Lake. B. Tall buildings of the city. C. Nothing at all.

19. How much should Peter pay for the two rooms one night?

A. \$150. B. \$300. C. \$450.

20. Which meal is free?

A. Breakfast. B. Lunch. C. Supper.

二、单项填空 (本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分)

从下列每小题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

21. -What should I buy for Tom's birthday?

-How about _____ camera? He loves taking photos.

A. a B. an C. the D. /

22. -Sonia, is this your dictionary?

-Oh, no, it's not _____. Ask Li Lei. He is looking for _____.

A. me; hers B. mine; him C. my; her D. mine; his

23. Each of us has to write a _____ report on how to save water for homework.

A. three-hundred-word B. three-hundreds-word

C. three-hundreds-words D. three-hundred-words

24. Our school held an activity called "Recommend(推荐)Books to Students" .The teachers made a ____ of 100 books!

- A. note B. difference C. list D. wish

25. -Dinner is ready. Help yourself!

-Wow! It ____ delicious. Could you please tell me how to cook it?

- A. becomes B. tastes C. sounds D. feels

26. -May I smoke here, please?

-I am afraid you ____ This is a non-smoking area.

- A. can B. can't C. may D. may not

27. We're happy that our country has developed _____ these years than before.

- A. quickly B. less quickly C. more quickly D. most quickly

28. Mr Lin gave the textbooks to all the students _____ the ones who had already taken them.

- A. about B. except C. among D. with!

29. -Did you give Dick a call?

-I didn't need to ____ I'll see him soon.

- A. when B. though C. until D. because

30. The boy promised _____ late for school again.

- A. not to be B. to not be C. not being D. being not

31. Look! There _____ some milk, two eggs and a few cakes on the table.

- A. is B. are C. has D. have

32. -Excuse me, could you tell me _____

-Sorry, sir. I wasn't there at that time.

- A. how did the accident happen B. how the accident happened
C. how does the accident happen D. how the accident happens

33. He _____ the last page of the book when I called him.

- A. read B. reads C. has read D. was reading

34. I _____ to go to the shop to buy some sandwiches last night.

- A. ask B. asks C. was asked D. was asking

35. -May I do some sports after finishing my homework?

- _____ It is good for your health.

- A. I hope not B. You'd better not C. Of course D. Yes, I'd love to

三、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中选出最佳选项:

What do you want to do in the future? Eighth-graders from Thunderbolt Middle School in the US, asked

themselves this question during their school's career day(职业生涯日)。

36 Oct 23, the students heard presentations(介绍) about 20 different 37 Volunteers gave 38 about fighting fires, cooking, managing a restaurant and working for the city.

Mike Suminski, the lineman(线路工人)of the town, gave one of the displays. To let the students know what electricians do, Suminski made a big model of the power grid(电网) of an area. He showed 39the lines went and walked them through the most common accident: flying a kite into them.

"No wonder we should only 40 the kites in the park," one of the students said after he saw a real spark(火花) when the model kite 41 the lines.

Firefighters and police officers also gave presentations. River Medical, a local hospital even gave some students a 42 in an ambulance(救护车) .The students 43 closely as doctors and nurses did first aid for the first time.

Thunderbolt has hosted the career day for 10 years. In counselor(顾问) Shelie Clark's words, they want the 44 to see all kinds of possibilities of careers and get them considering the classes they want to 45 in high school.

"We try to get them thinking about high school and get them prepared for the future," Clark said,

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 36. A. At | B. From | C. In | D. On |
| 37. A. hospitals | B. restaurants | C. jobs | D. cities |
| 38. A. tests | B. speeches | C. projects | D. competitions |
| 39. A. what | B. why | C. where | D. when |
| 40. A. throw | B. fly | C. make | D. buy |
| 41. A. missed | B. clicked | C. bit | D. hit |
| 42. A. choice | B. tour | C. report | D. decision |
| 43. A. watched | B. noticed | C. discovered | D. searched |
| 44. A. students | B. teachers | C. scientists | D. doctors |
| 45. A. take | B. teach | C. learn | D. apply |

四、阅读理解 (本大题共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下面的材料, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项

A

Many people think heroes need to be handsome, rich, or very smart. But as for me, a hero is a person who always helps others. My hero is Uncle Bill. He is the oldest son of a worker and he grew up in a poor family with four younger brothers and two little sisters.

He was good at neither writing nor maths. In fact, he never did well in school. So he had to give up school at a very young age. He worked and gave all his money to help his parents. When he was getting older, he found that he was very interested in fixing things. He collected broken things which people threw away and fixed them. He could fix almost everything that did not work. He worked hard and never gave up. Finally, he

opened his own repair shop. It took him about 20 years to become a successful shopkeeper.

Now he is very rich and has four shops. But he never forgets the days when he had nothing. He gives money to poor families, helps poor kids buy books and offers them free lunch. He also encourages people to reuse things. He always says, "Make good use of what you have because we just have one earth."

I am proud of Uncle Bill. He is really a hero.

46. What kind of people can be a hero according to the author(作者)?

- A. A hero needs to be rich.
- B. A hero needs to be handsome.
- C. A hero needs to be very smart.
- D. A hero needs to always help others.

47. What does Uncle Bill's father do?

- A. He is a shopkeeper.
- B. He is a worker
- C. He is a maths teacher.
- D. He is a farmer,

48. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. Uncle Bill was interested in fixing things.
- B. With the help of his parents, Uncle Bill became successful.
- C. When Uncle Bill was young, he had to work to help the family.
- D. Uncle Bill has worked hard and finally owns four repair shops.

49. According to the passage, which word can best describe Uncle Bill?

- A. Interesting.
- B. Careful.
- C. Helpful.
- D. Strong.

50. What's the best title for this passage?

- A. Uncle Bill-My Hero
- B. I Want to Have an Uncle
- C. Save Our Earth
- D. Can You Help Me?

B

Sometimes people come into your life and you know at once that they were sure to be there. They serve some certain purpose, teach you a lesson or help find out who you are or who you want to become. You never know who these people may be: your classmate, neighbor, teacher, long-lost friend or even a real stranger. But you know that every moment they will influence your life in some serious ways.

Sometimes things happen to you. At the time they may seem terrible, painful and unfair. But later you realize that without overcoming(克服) those difficulties, you would have never realized your further ability and advantages. Everything happens for a reason and nothing happens by chance or with good or bad luck.

The people you meet influence your life, and the success and failure you experience create who you are. Even the bad experience can be learned from. In fact, they are probably the most **poignant** and important ones.

Enjoy every day even every moment and take from it everything that you possibly can, for you may never be able to experience it again. Talk to people whom you have never talked to before, and really listen. You should set your goals(目标) high, hold your head up, tell yourself you are a great one and believe in yourself.

No matter who you meet and whatever happens to you, most importantly, you can make your life anything you wish. Create your own life and then go out and live it.

51. The people we meet _____

- A. all know where to find us
- B. serve us on no purpose
- C. won't become our neighbor
- D. will change us in some ways

52. From the passage, we know that bad things can make us _____.

- A. realize our further ability
- B. terribly meet bad luck
- C. find no serious success
- D. possibly enjoy every moment

53. The underlined word "poignant" in the passage means" ____ " in Chinese.

- A. 平淡的
- B. 明显的
- C. 深刻的
- D. 艰苦的

54. The writer's advice is that we should _____

- A. never talk to strange people.
- B. learn as much as we can each day
- C. Overcome difficulties painfully
- D. not believe in ourselves but others

55. Which is the best title for the passage?

- A. Create Your Own Life
- B. Hold Your Head Up
- C. People You Meet in Life
- D. Things Happen to You

C

When you are learning English, you find it not clever to put an English sentence, word for word, into your own language. Take the sentence "How do you do?" as an example. If you look up each word in the dictionary, once at a time, what is your translation? It must be a wrong sentence in your own language.

Languages do not just have different sounds; they are different in many ways. It's important to master(掌握) the rules for word order (顺序) in the study of English, too. If the speaker puts words in a wrong order, the listener can't understand his sentence easily. Sometimes when the order of words in an English sentence is changed, the meaning of the sentence changes. But sometimes when the order is changed, the meaning of the sentence doesn't change. Let's see the difference between the two parts of sentences.

"She only likes apples." "Only she likes apples."

"I have seen the film already." "I have already seen the film."

When you are learning English, you must do your best to get the spirit of the language and use it as the English speaker does.

56. What does the underlined word "translation" mean in Chinese?

- A. 翻译
- B. 解释
- C. 意思
- D. 交通

57. Which of the following is the author's opinion about learning English?

- A. It is difficult to understand different sounds in learning English.

- B. It is possible to remember the word order in learning English.
- C. It is important to master the rules in different ways in learning English.
- D. It is easy to master the rules for word order in learning English,
58. Which of the following expressions is TRUE?
- A. The meaning of an English sentence always changes with the order of words.
- B. The order of words can never change the meaning of an English sentence.
- C. Sometimes a different order of word has a different meaning,
- D. If the order of words is different, the meaning of the sentence must be different.
59. "She only likes apples." _____
- A. is the same as "Only she likes apples."
- B. is different from "Only she likes apples."
- C. means "She likes fruit, especially apples."
- D. means "She doesn't like apples."
60. Which is the best title for this passage?
- A. How to Put English into Our Own Language
- B. Different Orders, Different Meanings
- C. How to Speak English
- D. How to Learn English

五、补全对话（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

根据对话内容，从方框内选择恰当的句子将对话补充完整（选项中有两项是多余的）。

- A. You just have a cold.
- B. It'll still be rainy tomorrow.
- C. What's the weather like?
- D. Yes. My temperature is 38°C.
- E. I have a headache.
- F. What's the matter with you?
- G. Any other suggestions?
- A: Good morning. Sit down, please
- B: Morning, doctor.
- A: -61
- B: I was caught in the rain. I've got a bad cough and my head hurts.
- A: Do you have a fever?
- B: 62 I feel terrible.
- A: Let me see...There's nothing serious. 63 Have a good rest, and you'll be fine soon.
- B: Thanks, I will. 64

A: You'd better choose your clothes according to the weather report. The weather often changes in summer.

B: How will the weather be tomorrow?

A: 65 Now we're in the season of rain.

B: What bad weather!

A: When you go out, please wear warm clothes and take an umbrella with you.

B: Thank you, doctor.

六、完成句子 (本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据所给中文意思完成句子, 每空限填一词。

66. 比赛开始前, 运动员们正在做准备活动。

The players are _____ before the race.

67. 老师给我指出了作业中的错误

The teacher _____ the mistakes in my homework.

68. 让我带大家参观我们的学校吧。

Let me _____ you _____ our school.

69. 红灯亮的时候, 表示我们正在播音。

When the red light is on, it means we're _____

70. 医生及时到来挽救了他的生命。

The doctor came _____ to save his life.

七、任务型阅读(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容完成句子。

In the United States people don't like to stay at home during the holidays. They prefer to go camping for their holidays.

When they are camping, they live in the woods or parks and do everything for themselves for a few days to relax. For example, they can have a picnic and make all their food themselves, Barbecues(烧烤) are very popular. They bring meat and vegetables and make a fire by themselves. When the fire is ready, they can cook food over it. Besides meat and vegetables, they can also cook many other foods with the fire.

Children really like this activity at night. All the family sit around the fire, eat delicious food, and drink hot chocolate. Everyone can sing songs and dance together.

Camping is a fun activity for the family to do. Holidays don't have to mean going to visit places faraway. It could be going to the woods or parks near your houses and camping there!

71. The Americans would like to _____ for their holidays but not staying at home.

72. The _____ or _____ are the best places for the camping.

73. People can _____ and make all their food themselves when they are camping.

74. Camping is _____ and many people in the United States enjoy it.

75. According to the passage, we don't need to go to _____ when we have holidays.

八、综合填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容及首字母提示，填写所缺单词，使短文意思完整

Tyler was a troublesome student. He sat in the back row. Every time I called him to answer questions, he'd r76 _____ with a flip(轻率的)answer. If he got it wrong, he would get very angry.

Usually kids could sit q77 _____ in class. However, Tyler was just loud. One day, Tyler was talking while I was teaching. I said to him, "Tyler, why not join in our discussion i78 _____ of having one of your own?" He got up from his chair, pushed it over, and s79 _____ something I can't remember. I sent him to the office and he received a week's out-of-school punishment.

The week was a wonderful time for me, but when it came to an e80 _____, I began to feel worried. So I came up with a plan. On the day of his r81 _____, I told him I wanted to start over with him. If he felt like he was going to lose control(控制) in class, he could step o82 _____ the door for a moment.

From then on, Tyler was a changed s83 _____ in my classroom. In fact he was a smart child and he even stopped a fight between two students one day. And he never used the privilege(特权)to leave the class for a moment. I believe that just letting him decide for h84 _____ made all the difference.

When the year was over, he wrote me a thank-you note about h85 _____ good the year had been for him. I still have it today and find it very moving to reread when I get stressed (有压力的) about teaching.

九、书面表达（本大题共 15 分）

86. 你马上就要初中毕业了，恩师难忘，请你根据下面的提示，向大家介绍你的一位老师（Ms Wang）。

- (1) Ms wang 的基本情况：学科、年龄、外貌；(以上内容自拟)
- (2) 老师的特点：严格，与学生相处融洽，和善，耐心，有创造性；
- (3) 你对老师的评价。

参考词汇：对某人严格的 be strict with sb.

创造性的 be creative

要求：

- (1) 词数：80~100 个
- (2) 开头已给出，不计入总词数。
- (3) 要点齐全，行文连贯，可适当发挥。

I'll graduate from my middle school. I've met many good teachers since I came to this school. Here I'm going to share my teacher, Ms Wang with you.