

# 英语试卷

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	总分
分数										

本试卷分为第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分。第 I 卷为第 1 页至第 8 页，第 II 卷为第 9 页至第 11 页。试卷满分 120 分。考试时间 100 分钟。

答题时，请将答案直接写在试卷上。

## 第 I 卷

注意事项：本卷共五大题，共 80 分。

一、听力理解（本大题共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

A) 在下列每小题内，你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图画。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。

( ) 1.



A



B



C

( ) 2.



A



B



C

( ) 3.



A



B



C

( ) 4.



A



B



C

B) 下面你将听到十组对话，每组对话都有一个问题。根据对话内容，从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找出能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

- ( ) 5. What's the weather like in Yunnan?  
A. Wet. B. Hot. C. Cool.
- ( ) 6. How many students in the girl's class took part in yesterday's sports meeting?  
A. 40. B. 30. C. 20.
- ( ) 7. Where does this dialogue probably take place?  
A. In a bookstore. B. In a library. C. In a post office.
- ( ) 8. What does the man want to drink today?  
A. Milk. B. Tea. C. Nothing.
- ( ) 9. What does the girl think of maths?  
A. Difficult. B. Interesting. C. Useful.
- ( ) 10. Why does the boy say sorry to the girl?  
A. He lost her book.  
B. He lent her book to his grandma.  
C. He can't return her book now.
- ( ) 11. What does Jack need to buy for his trip?  
A. Shorts and T-shirts. B. Jeans and shoes. C. Sweaters and gloves.
- ( ) 12. When will the boy's teacher leave for America?  
A. On July 1. B. On July 2. C. On October 1.
- ( ) 13. Where does the grandpa probably live?  
A. In a tall building. B. In a big city. C. In the countryside.
- ( ) 14. Where are they going?  
A. To the cinema. B. To the art museum. C. To the park.

C) 听下面长对话或独白。每段长对话或独白后都有几个问题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听下面一段材料，回答第 15 至第 17 题。

- ( ) 15. What happened?  
A. A fire. B. A car accident. C. An earthquake.
- ( ) 16. What did Zhao Mei do?  
A. She sent Mrs Lee to the hospital.  
B. She saved Mrs Lee out of fire.  
C. She called the police.
- ( ) 17. How long did Zhao Mei have to stay in hospital?  
A. Two weeks. B. Three days. C. A week.



听下面一段材料，回答第 18 至第 20 题。

- ( ) 18. How old was the writer when he began to go to school?  
A. Six years old. B. Seven years old. C. Nine years old.
- ( ) 19. Why couldn't the writer see anything outside the classroom?  
A. The windows were too high.  
B. The classroom was too big.  
C. The classroom was too dark.
- ( ) 20. Who stopped the little boy crying?  
A. The writer. B. The teacher. C. The boy's mother.

二、单项填空 (本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分)

从下列每小题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

- ( ) 21. My brother goes to the cinema once \_\_\_\_\_ month.  
A. a B. an C. the D. 不填
- ( ) 22. Li Ming was quite sad about the exam. I went to his home to cheer \_\_\_\_\_ up.  
A. me B. he C. him D. her
- ( ) 23. I don't know how to learn English well. Can you give me some \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. excuses B. suggestions C. services D. policies
- ( ) 24. Look at the photo of me, you can see the snow mountains in the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. form B. shape C. background D. size
- ( ) 25. These oranges look ugly, but \_\_\_\_\_ very sweet.  
A. feel B. taste C. sound D. look
- ( ) 26. He told us to visit more people to \_\_\_\_\_ the truth.  
A. find out B. keep away C. turn off D. put up
- ( ) 27. \_\_\_\_\_ carefully you drive, the safer it is.  
A. More B. Most C. The more D. The most
- ( ) 28. —Can I come today or tomorrow?  
—\_\_\_\_\_ is OK. I'm busy today and tomorrow.  
A. Either B. Neither C. Each D. None
- ( ) 29. There are tons \_\_\_\_\_ books in the new library.  
A. with B. for C. from D. of
- ( ) 30. —Need I report this to the police?  
—\_\_\_\_\_ I think it's important to them.  
A. No, you can't. B. No, you needn't.  
C. Yes, you may. D. Yes, you must.
- ( ) 31. Mary loves travelling, she \_\_\_\_\_ many interesting places all over the world so far.  
A. has gone to B. has been to C. went to D. will go to
- ( ) 32. Please allow me \_\_\_\_\_ you a cup of coffee.  
A. buying B. buy C. to buying D. to buy
- ( ) 33. Many people like reading newspapers \_\_\_\_\_ they can learn what's happening in the world.  
A. so that B. ever since C. as soon as D. even though

- ( ) 34. Could you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. what time you get up on Sunday  
 B. what time you got up on Sunday  
 C. what time did you get up yesterday  
 D. what time will you get up tomorrow

- ( ) 35. —May I do some sports after finishing my homework?  
 —\_\_\_\_\_ It is good for your health.

A. I hope not.

B. Sorry, you can't.

C. Of course.

D. Yes, I'd love to.

### 三、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。



Overhead bridges can be seen in many parts of Singapore (新加坡), in the places where traffic is very heavy and crossing the road is not safe.

These bridges can help people cross roads 36. Overhead bridges are used in very much the same way as zebra crossings.

They are more efficient (效率高的), though 37 convenient (方便的) because people have to climb up a lot of steps. This is inconvenient to the old. When people 38 an overhead bridge, they do not hold up (阻挡) traffic. But when they cross a 39 road using a zebra crossing, traffic is kept back. This is 40 the government has built many overhead bridges to help people and keep traffic moving at the same time.

The government of Singapore has spent a lot of money 41 these bridges. For their own safety, people should be advised to use them instead of rushing across the 42. Old people may find it a little 43 to climb up and down the steps, but it is still much safer than walking across the road with all the moving traffic.

Overhead bridges are very 44. People, both old and young, should 45 use them. This will stop accidents from happening.

- |                       |              |             |             |
|-----------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| ( ) 36. A. safely     | B. quietly   | C. loudly   | D. slowly   |
| ( ) 37. A. more       | B. much      | C. little   | D. less     |
| ( ) 38. A. see        | B. use       | C. visit    | D. build    |
| ( ) 39. A. wide       | B. deep      | C. free     | D. busy     |
| ( ) 40. A. how        | B. that      | C. why      | D. which    |
| ( ) 41. A. protecting | B. repairing | C. building | D. buying   |
| ( ) 42. A. bridge     | B. road      | C. step     | D. traffic  |
| ( ) 43. A. difficult  | B. different | C. amazing  | D. excited  |
| ( ) 44. A. magic      | B. beautiful | C. useful   | D. national |
| ( ) 45. A. almost     | B. always    | C. nearly   | D. hardly   |

### 四、阅读理解 (本大题共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下面的材料, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Is there anything more important than health? I don't think so. "Health is the greatest wealth (财富)," wise people say. You can't be good at your studies or work well when you are ill.



If you have a headache, toothache, backache, earache or bad pain in the stomach, if you run a high temperature and have a bad cold, or if you suffer from high or low blood pressure (血压), I think you should go to the doctor.

The doctor will test your blood pressure, feel your pulse, take your temperature, sound your heart and lungs (肺), or have your chest x-rayed (胸片).

After that he will advise some treatment, or some medicine. The only thing you have to do is to follow his advice.

Speaking about doctor's advice, I can't help telling you a funny story.

An old gentleman came to see the doctor. The man was very ill. He told the doctor about his weakness, bad memory and serious problems with his heart and lungs. The doctor checked him and said there was no medicine for his illness. He told his patient (病人) to go to a quiet place for a month and have a good rest. He also advised him to eat a lot of meat, drink two glasses of red wine every day and take long walks. In other words, the doctor advised him to enjoy life as much as possible. The doctor also said that if the man wanted to be well again, he shouldn't smoke more than one cigarette (香烟) a day.

A month later the gentleman came into the doctor's office. He looked cheerful and happy. He thanked the doctor and said that **he had never felt a healthier man**.

"But you know, doctor," he said, "it's not easy to begin smoking at my age."

- ( ) 46. The writer thinks that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. health is more important than wealth  
B. work is as important as studies  
C. medicine is more important than pleasure  
D. nothing is more important than money
- ( ) 47. The doctor usually tells his patient what to do \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. without checking him  
B. after he has checked him  
C. if he doesn't take medicine  
D. before he feels pain
- ( ) 48. The underlined part means \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. he was feeling better than before  
B. he wasn't a healthy man  
C. he was feeling worse than before  
D. he would be well again
- ( ) 49. From the last sentence of the passage, we learn that the man \_\_\_\_\_ before the doctor told him not to smoke more than one cigarette a day.  
A. was a heavy smoker  
B. didn't smoke so much  
C. didn't smoke  
D. began to learn to smoke
- ( ) 50. Which of the following is **not true**?  
A. The doctor usually tests his / her blood pressure when a person is ill.  
B. The man told the doctor he couldn't remember things.  
C. The man thanked the doctor.  
D. The man didn't follow the doctor's advice.

The homestay (寄宿家庭) provides English language students with the good chance to speak English outside the classroom and the experience of being part of an American home.

### What to Expect

The family will provide places to live and meals. Rooms will be cleaned every day. And they can offer help and advice on your physical and mental (身体和精神的) health.

### Living Area

Host families are mainly in Zones 2, 3 and 4. Most hosts don't live in Zone 1 because much of central New York is trading centre. Zones 3 and 4 often offer larger houses in uncrowded areas. But it's very convenient (方便的) to travel to the centre of New York by underground.

### Meal Plans

It's important to know that few American families still provide a traditional cooked breakfast. Your breakfast mainly includes fruit juice, bread and coffee. Cheese, fruit and cold meat are not part of the breakfast. Dinners are usually made up of meat or fish with vegetables followed by dessert (甜点), fruit and coffee.

### Friends

If you wish to invite a friend to visit you, you must ask your host for permission (许可) first, because some families feel uncomfortable when there are strangers in their homes.

- ( ) 51. Which of the following will the host provide?
- A. Free underground. B. Room cleaning.  
C. A swimming pool. D. Travelling guide.
- ( ) 52. Most hosts would like to offer you \_\_\_\_\_ for breakfast.
- A. fruit juice, cheese and coffee B. fruit, fish and cold meat  
C. bread, fruit juice and coffee D. fruit, dessert and vegetables
- ( ) 53. We can infer (推断) that \_\_\_\_\_ is in central New York.
- A. Zone 1 B. Zone 2 C. Zone 3 D. Zone 4
- ( ) 54. Which of the following statements is **not true** according to the passage?
- A. The hosts will care for your physical and mental health.  
B. Most of the rooms in Zone 4 are smaller than those in Zone 2.  
C. You can't invite any friends to the house without asking the host.  
D. Few American families offer the traditional cooked breakfast.
- ( ) 55. The passage is probably written for \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. hosts who want to receive foreign students  
B. foreigners hoping to study American culture  
C. travellers planning to visit families in New York  
D. English learners who want to live in American homes



Anvitha Vijay, nine, has created many educational apps (教育软件). The young girl from Melbourne, Australia, learned to code (编程) at the age of seven. Soon, she was trying her hand at making apps.

"When I first got my iPad, I was interested in all the apps on it," she said. "It wasn't long before I wanted to create my own."

She built her first two apps with her younger sister. *Smartkins Animals* helps children identify (识别) animals. *Smartkins Rainbow Colors* teaches kids colors. Each app has been downloaded thousands of times.

Anvitha's skills gave her a chance to attend a big meeting held by Apple in San Francisco, California. There, she got tips (小建议) from experts. She went to workshops where she learned about the latest software such as *Sketch* for app building.

All that training led to an idea for a third app. This one, called *GoalsHi*, helps kids to practice good habits. Users are rewarded (奖励) for getting to their goals (目标), such as eating their vegetables or practicing the piano. Anvitha says the rewards are like getting a sticker (贴纸) for a job that they do well.

"Kids can set goals with this app and get stars when they get to them," she says. "The idea is to encourage kids to make progress step by step."

Anvitha's goal is to continue creating apps that help kids learn while having fun. But even more important to her is that the world sees the power of technology in kids' hands. "If we get more training in technology at an early age," she said, "we'll have a better chance of becoming a person who will one day change the world."

( ) 56. Which of the following is **true** about Anvitha Vijay?

- A. She started to learn to code when she was nine.
- B. She has created three educational apps.
- C. Her brother helped her create some apps.
- D. She is from San Francisco, California.

( ) 57. Which app can help children identify colors?

- A. *Sketch*.
- B. *GoalsHi*.
- C. *Smartkins Animals*.
- D. *Smartkins Rainbow Colors*.

( ) 58. What did Anvitha do during the meeting?

- ① She got some tips from app experts.
- ② She visited some famous universities.
- ③ She was rewarded by the host of the meeting.
- ④ She learned about the latest software for app building.

- A. ①②
- B. ②③
- C. ①④
- D. ③④

- ( )59. Anvitha hopes to create apps that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. help children learn happily  
B. help parents to teach their children  
C. help teachers to teach their students  
D. help kids to communicate with each other
- ( )60. What is probably the best title for the passage?  
A. Power of technology  
B. Children and Apps  
C. She's an App Maker  
D. A New Educational App

五、补全对话 (本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

根据对话内容, 从方框内选择恰当的句子将对话补充完整 (选项中有两项是多余的)。

- A. what can you do for your daughter  
B. Thank you  
C. She does well at school  
D. Why do you have to stay at home with your daughter  
E. Never mind  
F. when it will begin  
G. I'd love to

A: Hello, Mrs Wang.

B: Hello!

A: Would you like to have supper with me after work?

B: \_\_\_\_\_ 61, but I have to stay at home with my daughter.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 62?

B: Just because she is busy studying for the exam.

A: But \_\_\_\_\_ 63?

B: Nothing much. Just make her feel that I'm around when she needs me.

A: What a good mother! I wonder \_\_\_\_\_ 64.

B: It will begin in June. There are only about two months left.

A: Really? Take it easy, Mrs Wang. Wish your daughter good luck!

B: \_\_\_\_\_ 65.



# 英语试卷

## 第 II 卷

注意事项：本卷共四大题，共 40 分。

### 六、完成句子（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

根据所给中文意思完成句子，每空限填一词。

66. 这个词的意思很多人都要查字典才知道。

Many people have to \_\_\_\_\_ the meaning of this word in the dictionary.

67. 他领着我四处看了看，把我介绍给每个人。

He \_\_\_\_\_ me \_\_\_\_\_ and introduced me to everyone.

68. 记住要远离危险的动物。

Remember to keep \_\_\_\_\_ dangerous animals.

69. 昨天他迫不及待地穿上了新买的鞋子。

He \_\_\_\_\_ to put on his new shoes yesterday.

70. 那位老人不再住这里了。

The old man \_\_\_\_\_ lives here.

### 七、任务型阅读（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容完成句子。

She's my mum. Life was hard for her when she was young. She never had love, happiness, joy or kindness.

Her mother, Goldie, was in poor health and often got angry. I know I should understand her illness. But I guess I can't give anything kind because she never gave my mum. She had nine children, and she only disliked one: my mother.

Her dad, Oather, was a worker. His life was a sad one, except for a little "drink" when he had some money and the joy he found in his children. He had very little joy, but he loved my mother. He brought joy to her life. I never met him. He lost his life one month before I was born. But I heard so many stories about "dad". He let my mother know that there was someone in the world loving her. With his help, mother could grow up.

Mother won't go to bed until we three sisters go to sleep. She is always kind to us. She often says she doesn't want us to live the same life as she lived many years ago.

71. The writer's mother's life was \_\_\_\_\_ when she was young.
72. The mother's mother, Goldie, was not in good \_\_\_\_\_.  
Her illness often troubled her.
73. The father, Oather, felt happy only when he had a little "drink" and \_\_\_\_\_.
74. It's a pity that the writer never met her \_\_\_\_\_.
75. The writer's mother looks after the three sisters very well because \_\_\_\_\_.

#### 八、综合填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

根据短文内容及首字母提示, 填写所缺单词, 使短文意思完整。

Younger people and older people do not always agree. They sometimes have different  
i\_\_\_\_\_ 76 about life, work and play. But in one special program in New York State, adults  
(成年人) and teenagers live together in p\_\_\_\_\_ 77. Each summer 200 teenagers and 50  
adults live together for eight weeks as m\_\_\_\_\_ 78 of a special work group. Everyone  
works several hours each day. The p\_\_\_\_\_ 79 is not just to keep busy but rather to find  
meaning and enjoyment in work. Some teenagers work in the woods or on the farms near the  
village. Some learn to make furniture and to build houses. The adults teach them these skills.

There are several f\_\_\_\_\_ 80 hours each day. Weekends are free, too. During the free  
hours some of the teenagers learn to t\_\_\_\_\_ 81 photos or paint. Others sit around talking  
or singing. Each teenager c\_\_\_\_\_ 82 his own way to spend his free time.

When people live together, rules are always n\_\_\_\_\_ 83. In this program the  
teenagers and the adults make the rules together. If someone breaks a rule, the problem goes  
before the whole group. The group discuss the problem. They ask, "Why did it h\_\_\_\_\_ 84?  
What should we do about it?"

One of the teenagers has this to say about the experience. "You stop t\_\_\_\_\_ 85  
only about yourself. You learn how to think about the group."

#### 九、书面表达 (本大题共 15 分)

86. 假如你生活在一个和睦友善的社区, 邻里都很友爱、热心。请你写一篇短文介绍一  
下你的邻居们。要点提示如下:

- (1) 很多邻居是志愿者, 帮助解决各种问题。
- (2) 周末通常有一个 "helping hands" 会, 有困难的人可以去那里寻求帮助。
- (3) 有电脑工程师帮助人们检查电脑; 有人帮助修理坏了的物品; 有人辅导孩子们的  
功课; 有大学生提供各种帮助。
- (3) 生活在这样的社区, 你的感想如何呢?

要求:

- (1) 词数: 80~100 个。
- (2) 开头已给出, 不计入总词数。
- (3) 要点齐全, 行文连贯, 可适当发挥。



河西区 2017—2018 学年度第二学期九年级结课质量调查

英语试题听力录音稿

A) 在下列每小题内, 你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的 A、B、C 三幅图画。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。

1. M: Swimming is a nice sport in summer.

W: So it is. But we must be very careful.

2. W: Tom, what do you like for lunch?

M: I want to have tomatoes.

3. W: What a nice shirt! Where did you buy it?

M: It was bought in Australia when my mother went on a holiday last month.

4. M: Which one do you think is the most important invention, mobile phone, computer or radio?

W: I think they all change people's lives, but I think the mobile phone is the most important of all.

B) 下面你将听到十组对话, 每组对话都有一个问题。根据对话内容, 从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找出能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

5. M: Where are you going for your summer vacation?

W: Yunnan. I love the cool weather there.

M: Yeah, it's been too hot and wet in Xiamen these days.

6. M: How many students in your class took part in yesterday's sports meeting?

W: Well, there should be 40 students, but in fact only half of them took part.

7. M: How long can I keep these books?

W: You may have them for two weeks.

8. W: Would you like some hot milk or tea?

M: Oh, it's too hot after basketball training today. I prefer tea.

9. M: I like maths best. It's so interesting.

W: Interesting? I don't think so. It's so difficult for me. I like English best. It's interesting and useful.

10. M: Mary, I'm sorry I can't give back your book now. I have left it in my grandma's house.

W: No problem. You can keep it all the time. But do not lose it.

M: OK, I will bring it back next month.

11. W: Hey, Jack, are you ready for your trip?  
 M: No, not really. I still need to buy some sweaters and gloves.  
 W: Well, what's the weather like in the place you are going?  
 M: Well, it is really cold during this season.
12. M: It's July the first. My teacher is leaving for America tomorrow.  
 W: When will he come back?  
 M: He won't come back until October 1.
13. M: Let's go to visit Grandpa this summer holiday, shall we?  
 W: Great! I still remember I picked strawberries and apples in the field.
14. M: I feel bored, Gina. Why don't we do anything different?  
 W: Well, let's go to the art museum. We've never been there before.  
 M: Sounds great!

C) 听下面长对话或独白。每段长对话或独白后都有几个问题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听下面一段材料，回答第 15 至第 17 题。

- W: Jim, Zhao Mei didn't come this morning. What's up?  
 M: Didn't you read the newspaper this morning?  
 W: What happened to her?  
 M: There was a fire in Zhao Mei's building. She heard her neighbour, Mrs Lee, call for help and saw a lot of smoke from the next door. She called 119 at once and helped Mrs Lee out.  
 W: How brave!  
 M: But the fire burned her leg and face. She had to stay in hospital for seven days.  
 W: Oh, what a pity! Is she getting better now?  
 M: Yes, she will come back soon.  
 W: I'm very happy to hear that.

听下面一段材料，回答第 18 至第 20 题。

I can still remember my first day at school. I was only six years old at that time. I sat at the desk near the window, but I couldn't see anything because the windows were too high. There was a big map of the world on the wall and an old blackboard. I don't think I was worried or afraid at that time. There was another little boy next to me. He sat there and kept silent at first. Then he began to cry, because he didn't want to stay there. More and more students came in, but the boy didn't stop crying. "Mom, I want to go home," he cried again and again. Later the teacher came in. She went to the little boy and said something to him. I couldn't hear what she said. Soon the boy stopped crying and began to smile. To this day, I still don't know what the teacher said to the little boy.



## 英语试题参考答案及评分标准

一、1-5 BCAAC 6-10 CBBAC 11-15 CBCBA 16-20 BCAAB

二、21-25 ACBCB 26-30 ACBDD 31-35 BDAAC

三、36-40 ADBDC 41-45 CBACB

四、46-50 ABACD 51-55 BCABD 56-60 BDCAC

五、61-65 GDAFB

六、66. look up 67. showed (took); around 68. clear of / away from 69. couldn't wait

70. no longer

七、71. hard / difficult / not good / unhappy / sad / unpleasant

72. health / condition

73. stayed with his children

74. grandfather

75. she doesn't want them to live the same life as she lived many years ago

八、76. ideas 77. peace 78. members 79. purpose 80. free

81. take 82. chooses 83. necessary / needed 84. happen 85. thinking

九、One possible version

86. My neighbours are very kind and helpful. Some of them are volunteers. They have different skills and often help us with almost all kinds of problems.

Usually there is a "helping hands" meeting at the weekend. People go there when they need help with their problems. Computer engineers are popular. They help people check their computers. You can also find someone to repair things like broken bicycles. Students can get help with their homework. There are some college students among the volunteers, and they are always ready to help.

We are lucky to live in a community like that. People here are like a big family.

一、评分原则:

1. 本题总分 15 分, 按 5 个档次给分。
2. 评分时, 先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次, 然后以该档次的要求来衡量, 确定或调整档次, 最后给分。
3. 评分时, 应注意的主要内容为: 内容要点, 应用词汇、固定搭配短语和语法结构的数量和准确性, 上下文的连贯性和语言的得体性。
4. 拼写与标点符号是语言准确性的一个方面, 评分时, 应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。
5. 如书写较差, 以至影响表达, 将总分扣掉 1 分。
6. 如涵盖所有要点, 文笔流畅, 所有句子表达准确无误, 书写非常工整、美观, 可给予满分, 但要经组内老师讨论通过。