

# 2017-2018 学年度红桥区初三结课考试

## 英语试题

### 二、单项选择（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 01 分，共 15 分）

- ( ) 21. Li Na started playing \_\_\_\_\_ tennis at the age of six. She is one of \_\_\_\_\_ best women tennis players.  
A. the / the                      B. a / 不填                      C. 不填 / the                      D. the / 不填
- ( ) 22. Here's some advice \_\_\_\_\_ how to keep safe when we fall down in a crowd.  
A. on                                  B. to                                  C. with                                  D. for
- ( ) 23. If you work hard, you must make \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. product                                  B. progress                                  C. project                                  D. program
- ( ) 24. --- How do you like \_\_\_\_\_ school?  
--- Well, it's fine. Just a bit smaller than \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. their / ours                                  B. theirs / our  
C. them / our                                  D. their / us
- ( ) 25. --- This skirt is too \_\_\_\_\_. Would you show me another one?  
--- OK. Please try this one. It's cheaper.  
A. personal                                  B. special  
C. famous                                  D. expensive
- ( ) 26. --- Who ran \_\_\_\_\_ in the sports meeting?  
--- Henry did, I think.  
A. fast                                  B. faster  
C. fastest                                  D. more fast
- ( ) 27. --- Is everyone here today?  
--- No, Lucy is at home \_\_\_\_\_ she has got a high fever.  
A. because                                  B. if  
C. until                                  D. unless

- ( ) 28. Lucy \_\_\_\_\_ a piece of waste paper, and put it into the rubbish bin.  
A. handed in B. threw away  
C. looked for D. picked up
- ( ) 29. It is reported that the Underground Line No.12 \_\_\_\_\_ in this city in 2019.  
A. will build B. has built  
C. will be built D. has been built
- ( ) 30. --- Listen! Is Tom singing in the classroom?  
--- No. It \_\_\_\_\_ be Tom. He has gone to Shanghai.  
A. may not B. can't  
C. won't D. mustn't
- ( ) 31. --- Hi, Lin Tao. I didn't see you at the party.  
--- Oh, I \_\_\_\_\_ ready for the math exam.  
A. am getting B. was getting  
C. got D. have got
- ( ) 32. The work is really challenging, so it is difficult \_\_\_\_\_ it well.  
A. done B. doing  
C. do D. to do
- ( ) 33. --- Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ the Capital Museum?  
--- Next Friday.  
A. when will we visit B. when we will visit  
C. how will we visit D. how we will visit
- ( ) 34. I'll let you know as soon as he \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. will come back B. comes back  
C. is coming back D. come back
- ( ) 35. --- Oh, Mary is not here these days. Is she ill?  
--- \_\_\_\_\_. Her mother told me that she was in hospital.  
A. I don't mind B. I hope that  
C. I am afraid so D. I don't think so

### 三、完形填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 01 分，共 10 分）

A mobile phone is very useful. It's one of the greatest \_\_\_\_\_36 in the world. And many students have great fun \_\_\_\_\_37 with it. But it does harm to their health a lot.

If you have a mobile phone, it is necessary to know about the \_\_\_\_\_38 of using it and learn how to enjoy your phone safely. Sending messages can be a wonderful way to connect with your friends. But you \_\_\_\_\_39 receive some cheating (欺骗) messages. \_\_\_\_\_40, you may get a message saying that you have won a big prize. Don't believe it.

Some students like listening to the music on the phone \_\_\_\_\_41 walking. It's very \_\_\_\_\_42 because there are so many cars and buses on the road. Remember not to \_\_\_\_\_43 on the mobile phone too often or too long. Your parents will be angry if you spend too much money. Last, \_\_\_\_\_44 your mobile phone when you sleep. The noise of rubbish messages may \_\_\_\_\_45 you up. What's more, the radiation (辐射) of the mobile phone is harmful to your health.

- |                       |                |               |                |
|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| ( ) 36. A. laws       | B. methods     | C. secrets    | D. inventions  |
| ( ) 37. A. playing    | B. having      | C. creating   | D. reaching    |
| ( ) 38. A. pride      | B. differences | C. advantages | D. discussions |
| ( ) 39. A. seldom     | B. never       | C. hardly     | D. probably    |
| ( ) 40. A. As soon as | B. For example | C. Instead of | D. In fact     |
| ( ) 41. A. while      | B. until       | C. before     | D. after       |
| ( ) 42. A. safe       | B. dangerous   | C. careful    | D. exciting    |
| ( ) 43. A. tell       | B. talk        | C. speak      | D. say         |
| ( ) 44. A. turn up    | B. turn down   | C. turn off   | D. turn on     |
| ( ) 45. A. look       | B. put         | C. pick       | D. wake        |

**四、阅读理解（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 02 分，共 30 分）**

A

**改编自 2006 河北省中考阅读理解原题**

**Wonderful Museum**

**Hours**

Monday - Thursday: 10:00 am - 5:00 pm

Friday: 10:00 am - 8:00 pm

Saturday: 10:00 am - 5:00 pm

Sunday: 11:00 am - 5:00 pm

Closed on Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

The Museum Shop is open during regular museum hours.

**The Museum Library**

Monday - Friday: 10:00 am - 5:00 pm

**The Skyliner Restaurant**

Monday - Saturday: during regular museum hours Sunday: 11:30 am - 5:00pm

**Admission**

Adults: \$7.00

The aged and students with ID: \$6.00

- ( ) 46. Wonderful Museum usually opens \_\_\_\_\_ except on Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.  
A. from Monday to Thursday B. every day  
C. at weekends D. on weekdays
- ( ) 47. If a group of 30 students with ID visit Wonderful Museum, how much should they pay for the admission?  
A. \$ 105. B. \$ 90.  
C. \$ 210. D. \$180.
- ( ) 48. You can borrow books from the Museum Library \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. on weekdays B. at weekends  
C. from Monday to Saturday D. at 9:00 am
- ( ) 49. If you want to invite your friends to dinner on Friday, you have to reach the Skyliner Restaurant \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. after 8:00 pm B. at 6:00 am  
C. after 10:00 pm D. before 8:00 pm
- ( ) 50. Which is the best title for the ad?  
A. Wonderful Museum --- an Exciting Place for Adults  
B. Welcome to Wonderful Museum for a Long Holiday  
C. Wonderful Museum --- the Best Place to Spend Your Day

**B**

There are many kind of cars in this world. My grandfather thinks this is because cars are like their drivers. He says, "Rich people have expensive cars, big people have large cars, and old people drive old cars." But I don't agree with him.

My neighbor, Mrs. Hill, is 82 years old. She drives only on Tuesday, and then she drives only to the bank. She never drives more than 30 kilometers an hour. Do you think Mrs. Hill has a very old and small car? No! Her car is new. It's very large, and it can go 200 kilometers an hour!

My friend Mike is an artist. He paints beautiful pictures with lots of colors. But his car is black. Mrs. Bates has a very, very old car. It often has some trouble. Does she drive that kind of car because she is poor? No, she has four restaurants and two million dollars in the bank. My uncle Joe has a very small car. Every Sunday, he drives to the country with his wife, his three children, his mother and his dog.

Now, you have read about my friends and their cars. Do you agree with my grandfather? Maybe you have a car. Does it say something about you?

- ( ) 51. The writer's grandfather thinks \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a person has the same kind of car as himself (herself)  
B. different people have cars of the same kind  
C. poor people have large cars  
D. artists have black cars
- ( ) 52. \_\_\_\_\_ has a very, very old car.  
A. Mrs. Hill  
B. Mrs. Bates  
C. Mike  
D. Joe
- ( ) 53. Though Uncle Joe has a very small car, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. he has a dog  
B. he has a large family  
C. he has no children  
D. he has few members in his family
- ( ) 54. The writer's friend Mike paints \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. pictures in black  
B. colorful pictures  
C. colorless pictures  
D. pictures with only a few colors
- ( ) 55. The writer thinks \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. his grandfather's idea is right  
B. cars are often the same as their drivers in many ways  
C. artists shouldn't drive black cars  
D. a car doesn't say anything about its owner

**C**

How could we live without the Internet? That's how most of us keep in touch with friends, research a cool place to visit, or find out the latest news. You can use it to do research for school, find out what movie is on near you, check out a college you're thinking about, or find a job or volunteer opportunity. Almost anything you can think of has a website about it.

You've probably heard stories about people who get into trouble in chat rooms. Because users can easily **keep anonymous**, you may be cheated (欺骗) in the chat room. Everyone in the chat room looks like wearing a mask(面具). Chat rooms often attract people who are interested in more than just chatting. They will sometimes ask visitors for information about themselves. The information might be about their families, or where they live. It shouldn't be given away.

Usually, the people who request personal information like home addresses, phone numbers, and email addresses use the information to do some illegal (违法的) things. This might harm a person's or family's well-being (财产).

Of course, the Internet is home to millions of places you can and should visit. However, remember to protect yourself while online.

- ( ) 56. The first paragraph is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_ of the Internet.  
A. the advantage B. the safety  
C. the interest D. the trouble
- ( ) 57. Internet can do many things for you. Which one is not mentioned in the passage?  
A. Finding out the latest news.  
B. Researching a cool place to visit.  
C. Doing homework.  
D. Getting information of your school.
- ( ) 58. The underlined words “keep anonymous” mean “\_\_\_\_\_” in the passage.  
A. keep its name different  
B. keep its name unknown  
C. keep its story interesting  
D. keep its name known
- ( ) 59. The Internet is an unsafe place because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. there are many illegal things  
B. your personal information may be given away  
C. the computers may be harmed  
D. your e-mail address might be changed
- ( ) 60. What can we learn from the passage?  
A. Internet users should wear a mask.  
B. The Internet makes it difficult to use the computer.  
C. We'd better not give away the personal information on the Internet.  
D. It's difficult to get cheated on the Internet.

## 五、补全对话（本大题共 05 小题，每小题 01 分，共 05 分）

根据对话内容，从方框中选择恰当的句子将对话补充完整（选项中有两项是多余的）。

- A. I often go to Tianjin on business.
- B. Would you mind telling me what you come here for?
- C. May I ask you some questions?
- D. Have a great time.
- E. How will you do that?
- F. When did you arrive in Tianjin?
- G. Where do you come from?

- A: Excuse me, I am a reporter from a student magazine. \_\_\_\_\_ 61  
B: Sure, please.  
A: \_\_\_\_\_ 62  
B: I am from France.  
A: \_\_\_\_\_ 63  
B: I got here the day before yesterday.  
A: How do you like Tianjin?  
B: I like your city very much. The people here are very friendly. But I'm still not used to the weather here. I have a sore throat today.  
A: The weather in Tianjin is kind of dry. Drinking more water can make you feel better.  
B: Thanks for your suggestion.  
A: \_\_\_\_\_ 64  
B: Of course not. I come here for visiting my friends. And then I'm planning to go to Tianjin Food Street to taste the delicious food.  
A: Great. Thank you for answering my questions. \_\_\_\_\_ 65  
B: Thank you.

## 第 II 卷

（本卷共四大题，共 40 分）

## 六、完成句子（本大题共 05 小题，每空 02 分，共 10 分）

66. 请大声一点儿，我听不见你说话。  
\_\_\_\_\_, please. I can't hear you.
67. 我通常利用业余时间读书或打篮球。  
I usually do some reading or playing basketball in my \_\_\_\_\_.
68. 我们在河边停了下来，搭好帐篷就睡着了。  
We stopped by a river, put up the tent and \_\_\_\_\_.
69. 他们下周将要出发去罗马。  
They will \_\_\_\_\_ to Rome next week.
70. 在站台上，李林说了句“多保重，再见”。  
On the station platform, Li Lin said, "\_\_\_\_\_, Bye".

## 七、任务型阅读（本大题共 05 小题，每小题 01 分，共 05 分）

Do you ride a bicycle? More and more people enjoy traveling or going to work by bike now, but do you know what the origin (起源) of bicycles is?

The early bicycles were first made in Germany in 1817. At that time, they looked like scooters (滑板车) and didn't have pedals (踏板). Then, around 1870, a new bicycle named the "high-wheeler" appeared. This kind of bicycle had one large wheel at the front and a small one at the back. The front one was as high as 5 feet. That's why it was named the "High-wheeler".

About 15 years later, an English bicycle businessman made the first bicycle that was very safe. The wheels on his safe bicycle were both the same size. Also, the size was smaller than before. That made it easier and safer to ride.

But during the early 1900s, many cars were made. People lost interest in riding bicycles because they wanted something faster.

Today, more and more people are interested in riding bicycles because it's good for their health. Riding bicycles now is more like a sport than a kind of transportation.

71. The passage is about the development of \_\_\_\_\_.
72. Around 1870, a new bicycle named the "\_\_\_\_\_" appeared.
73. About 15 years later, the wheels on the bicycle were both \_\_\_\_\_.
74. During the early 1900, people weren't \_\_\_\_\_ riding bicycles as before.
75. Today people like riding bicycles because they want to \_\_\_\_\_.

## 八、综合填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 01 分，共 10 分）

We were singing, "Happy birthday to you..." My mother was s\_\_\_\_\_76, surrounded by my father, my little sister and me.

It was t\_\_\_\_\_77 to send wishes. My father said, "You've d\_\_\_\_\_78 many things for us. On this special day, let me do all the h\_\_\_\_\_79 for you." After kissing my mother, my sister said, "Mum, you're a g\_\_\_\_\_80 mum in my eyes." I looked at my mother's eyes and said, "Dear mum, I am always waiting for one day w\_\_\_\_\_81 you and Dad get old." My parents s\_\_\_\_\_82 puzzled (困惑), and I explained, "When you're old, I will look after you just I\_\_\_\_\_83 you look after me." There were tears in their eyes.

My parents are just common people, b\_\_\_\_\_84 they're great. Like other parents, they bring us up with love, and give us f\_\_\_\_\_85 and clothes. They teach us how to be real people. I am very thankful to them.



## 九、书面表达（本大题共 15 分）

86. 假设你是大明的同学，请你根据大明在英语课堂上的表现，写一篇短文并加以议论。

要点提示如下：

01. 昨天，大明在英语课上玩手机，小声和同学说话。
02. 老师走到他身边，要求他注意听讲。
03. 过了一会儿，大明开始吃零食，也不做笔记。
04. 老师请他回答问题，大明不能正确回答。
05. 老师很生气，大明感到很羞愧。
06. 你认为，……

要求：

01. 要点齐全，行文连贯，可适当发挥。
02. 词数：80-100 个，开头已给出，不计入总词数。
03. 书写工整占 01 分。

参考词汇：

- |          |                |
|----------|----------------|
| 01. 小声   | in a low voice |
| 02. 零食   | snacks         |
| 03. 做笔记  | take notes     |
| 04. 感到羞愧 | feel ashamed   |

Daming is my classmate. Yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_

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# 红桥区 2017-2018 学年度第二学期九年级英语结课质量调查

## 参考答案

二、单项填空（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 01 分，共 15 分）

CABAD CADCB BDBBC

三、完形填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 01 分，共 10 分）

DACDB ABBCD

四、阅读理解（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 02 分，共 30 分）

BBADC ABBBD ACBBC

五、补全对话（本小题共 05 小题，每小题 01 分，共 05 分）

CGFBD

六、完成句子（本大题共 05 小题，每小题 02 分，共 10 分）

Speak up / spare time / fell asleep / set off / Take care

七、任务型阅读（本大题共 05 小题，每小题 01 分，共 05 分）

bicycles / high-wheeler / the same size / interested in / keep healthy

八、综合填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 01 分，共 10 分）

smiling / time / done / housework / good 或 great / when / seemed / like / but / food