# Quantum Circuit Transformation Based on Subgraph Isomorphism and Tabu Search\*

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Abstract. The goal of quantum circuits transformation is to construct a mapping from logical quantum circuits to physical ones in acceptable time, and in the mean time use auxiliary gates as few as possible. In this paper, we present an effective approach to construct such a mapping. It has two keys steps. One is applying a combined subgraph isomorphism (CSI) to initialize the mapping, the other is dynamically adjusting the mapping using Tabu Search based transformation (TST). The experiments show the improvement of our method in the following aspects. Comparing the VF2 algorithm, for initializing the mapping, CSI save 22.26% auxiliary gates and reduces the depth of output circuits by 11.76%. (TST) is of more scalable than many state-of-the-art algorithm.

**Keywords:** Quantum circuit transformation  $\cdot$  Subgraph isomorphism  $\cdot$  Initial mapping  $\cdot$  Tabu Search

#### 1 Introduction

Quantum technology has been applied in practice, but large quantum computers have not yet been built. Most of the contributions of quantum information to computer science are still in the theoretical stage. In March 2017, IBM developed the first 5-qubit backend called IBM QX2. In June, it launched the 16-qubit backend called IBM QX3. The revised versions of 5-qubit and 16-qubit are called IBM QX4 and IBM QX5, respectively. IBM Q Experience provides the public with free quantum computer resources on the cloud and opens source the quantum computing software framework  $Qiskit^4$ .

The goal of circuit transformation is to execute logical circuits on physical circuits, so logical qubits must be mapped to physical qubits. The biggest problem facing quantum information is the problem of quantum decoherence. Due

<sup>\*</sup> Supported by organization x.

<sup>4</sup> https://www.qiskit.org/.

to the decoherence problem of qubits, the quantum gates need to complete in a coherent period, and the time of qubits in the coherent state is short. The entanglement of the quantum system with the surrounding environment will lead to quantum decoherence. It is unrealistic to use quantum error correction in the circuit mapping process, since there are only dozens of quantum in the NISQ era [16]. It is necessary to transform circuits by adding auxiliary gates to satisfy logical and physical constraints, since quantum algorithms do not consider any hardware connectivity constraints and quantum circuit transformation is an important part of quantum circuit compilation. Thus we require a set of highly efficient and automatic mapping procedures to handle it. We call the circuit mapping adjustment as circuit transformation. The process may introduce many errors, which brings a huge challenge to circuit compilation because noise has a greater impact on the final circuit and may make the result meaningless. The quantum coherence time is short. The longest coherence time of a superconducting quantum chip is still within 10us-100us, the time of a single quantum gate is about 20ns, the time of a 2-qubit gate is about 40ns, and the time of a measurement operation is about 300ns-1us.

Paler proved that the initial mapping has an important influence on quantum circuit transformation [15]. Paler used a heuristic method to find the initial mapping and IBM's compiler to benchmark. Preliminary results show that just by placing qubits in different positions from the default (trivial placement) in the actual circuit instance on the actual NISQ device, the cost can be reduced by up to 10%. In 2018, Li proposed a novel reverse traversal technique, which determines the initial mapping by considering the entire circuit [9]. Zhou proposed an annealing algorithm to find an initial mapping, but it is unstable [23]. In 2020, Li use VF2 subgraph isomorphism algorithm to generate an initial mapping [10].

The goal of circuit transformation algorithm is to find a minimum number of SWAPs. There are currently five main methods for solving the quantum circuit transformation problem.

Unitary matrix factorization algorithm. The first method uses the unitary matrix factorization algorithm to rearrange the quantum circuit from the beginning while retaining the input circuit [8, 14].

Converting into some existing problems. The second method converts the quantum circuit transformation problem into some existing problems, such as AI planning [22, 3], Integer Linear Programming (ILP) [1], Satisfiability Modulo Theory (SMT) [12]. They use tools to find acceptable results, which cannot take advantage of certain properties of quantum mapping. Furthermore, they may run for a long time and apply to small-scale quantum circuits.

Exact methods. The exact method is only suitable for simple quantum architecture and cannot be extended to complex quantum architecture [19].

Graph theory. In [17], Shafaei used the minimum linear permutation problem in graph theory to model the problem of reducing the interaction distance. It divides a given circuit into several subcircuits and applies the minimum linear permutation problem, respectively. Then it turns non-adjacent gates in the subcircuits into adjacent gates by adding auxiliary gates. Finally, it uses the minimum linear permutation problem to find an appropriate permutation and bubble sort to calculate the number of SWAP gates needed. Guerreschi and Matsuo proposed a two-step method to reduce the quantum circuit transformation to the graph problem to minimize the number of auxiliary gates, based on the graph coloring problem and the largest subgraph isomorphism problem [7,11].

Heuristic search. Heuristic search uses an evaluation function to obtain an acceptable solution in exponential time. Zulehner layered the circuits, grouped the circuits that could be executed in parallel into the same layer, and then determined compatible mappings for each of these layers to add as few auxiliary gates as possible. Zhou designed a heuristic search algorithm with a novel selection mechanism [23]. He did not choose the lowest cost operation to apply but looked forward one step and then chose the best continuous operation. In this way, the algorithm can effectively avoid local minimum. Moreover, a pruning mechanism is introduced to reduce the search space's size and ensure that the program terminates in a reasonable amount of time. This algorithm's time complexity is  $O(|V|^4)$ .

Li proposed a SWAP-based search algorithm SABRE [9]. Compared with previous search algorithms based on exhaustive mapping, SABRE achieves exponential search complexity and ensures the scalability of SABRE to adapt to the large quantum equipment in the NISQ era. The routing algorithm implemented in  $t | ket \rangle$  can ensure that any quantum circuit is compiled into any architecture [4]. The algorithm is divided into four stages: decomposing the input circuit into time steps, determining the initial mapping, routing across time steps, and finally cleaning up. The heuristics in  $t|ket\rangle$  give the same or better results than other circuit transformation systems in terms of depth and total number of gates in the compiled circuit, with much shorter running times, and can handle larger circuits. Tannu proposed a variation-aware qubit movement strategy, which takes advantage of the change in error rate and a change-aware quantum circuit transformation strategy by trying to select the route with the lowest probability of failure [21]. This strategy uses the error rate of SWAPto allocate logical qubits to physical qubits, thus avoiding paths with high error rates as much as possible.

We adjust the lifetime of qubits through parallelization, and use Subgraph-Compare to generate partial isomorphic subgraphs of logical circuits and physical circuits as part of the initial mapping. The advantage of the initial mapping result is that we use the appropriate subgraph isomorphism and the two-way connection of the logical circuit and the physical circuit to obtain a dense initial mapping, which avoids certain nodes from being mapped to remote locations. We use Tabu Search to generate circuits that can be executed on physical circuits [6]. Tabu Search can avoid falling into local optimum and swapping the recently swapped qubits, thereby improving the parallelism of quantum gates. We add the SWAPs associated with the gates on the shortest path to the candidate set, which greatly reduces the search space. Therefore, our search speed is so fast. Our heuristic function not only considers the current gates but also the constraints of the behind gates, but needs to control the decisiveness of the

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behind gates in the heuristic function. The main contributions of this paper are as follows.

- 1. We propose a combined subgraph isomorphism algorithm (*CSI*) to generate the initial mapping, which can be reduced to subgraph isomorphism. Thus we use a suitable subgraph isomorphism algorithm to generate part of the initial mapping and then complete the mapping based on the connectivity between qubits.
- 2. We propose a heuristic circuit transformation algorithm based on Tabu Search (*TST*) [6], which can handle large circuits in a short time at a low cost. Compared with the previous precise search and heuristic algorithms, it can complete the circuit transformation in a shorter time.
- 3. We propose a look-ahead heuristic function that considers the factors of the current gates and the behind gates and filters out a swap that is beneficial to the current gates and also brings the behind gates closer.

The rest of this paper is organised as follows. In Section 2 we recall some background of quantum computing and quantum information. We propose the problems of the transformation of quantum circuits in Section 3. Section 4 describes and analyses our algorithm in detail. The experimental results are reported in Section 5. The last section concludes the paper and discusses future research.

## 2 Background

This section introduces some notions and notations of quantum computing and quantum information.

#### 2.1 Qubits

Classical information store in bits, while quantum information store in qubits. Besides two basic states  $|0\rangle$  and  $|1\rangle$ , a qubit can be in any linear superposition state with the  $|\phi\rangle = a\,|0\rangle + b\,|1\rangle$ , where  $a,b\in\mathbb{C}$  satisfy  $|a|^2 + |b|^2 = 1$ . Then  $|\phi\rangle$  is in the state  $|0\rangle$  with the probability  $|a|^2$  or in the state  $|1\rangle$  with the probability  $|b|^2$ .

#### 2.2 Quantum Gate

Commonly used quantum gate symbols and their matrices are shown in Fig. 1. A physical qubit or logical qubit is represented by q, q, respectively.

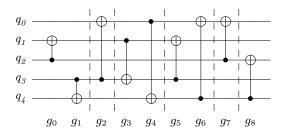
#### 2.3 Quantum Circuit

A quantum logical circuit LC (see Fig. 2) consists of quantum gates interconnected by quantum wires [5]. A quantum wire is a mechanism for moving quantum data from one location to another. Each line represents a qubit, and the

Hadamard gate	——[H]——	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$
Pauli-X gate	X	$\left[\begin{array}{cc} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}\right]$
Pauli-Y gate	Y	$\left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{array}\right]$
Pauli-Z gate	Z	$\left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{array}\right]$
phase gate	S	$\left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & i \end{array}\right]$
$\frac{\pi}{8}$ gate	T	$\left[ \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\pi/4} \end{smallmatrix} \right]$
CNOT gate		$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array}\right]$

Fig. 1. The symbols of common quantum gates and their matrices

gates on the line act on the corresponding qubits. The execution order of a quantum logical circuit graph is from left to right. The width w of a circuit refers to the number of qubits in the circuit. The depth d of a circuit refers to the number of layers executing in parallel. For example, the depth of the circuit (see Fig. 2) is 6, and the width is 5. In this paper, circuits with a depth less than 100 are called small-scale circuits, circuits with a depth greater than 1000 are called large-scale circuits, and the rest are medium-scale circuits. It is unnecessary to consider single quantum gates in circuit transformation, since the single qubit is local [18].



 ${\bf Fig.~2.~Original~circuit}$ 

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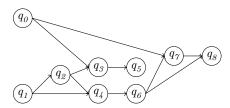


Fig. 3. The directed acyclic graph (DAG) of original circuit in Fig. 2

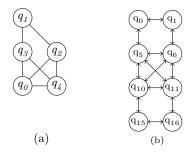


Fig. 4. (a) The architecture graph of original circuit in Fig. 2. (b) The partial architecture graph of IBM Q20.

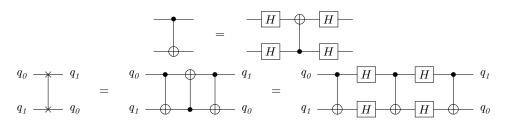


Fig. 5. The above circuit changes the direction of the CNOT gate by adding four H gates, and below is the circuit of the SWAP gate.

### 2.4 Architectures

We mainly discuss the physical circuits of IBM Q series. Let  $\mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{P}} = (V_P, E_P)$  denote the architecture graph of the physical circuit, where  $V_P$  denotes the physical qubit set and  $E_P$  denotes the edge set that the CNOT gates. Fig. 6 (a) and (b) are PAG of the 5-qubit of IBM QX2, (c) and (d) are PAG of 16-qubit of IBM QX3, and (e) is the PAG of IBM Q20. The arrow direction in the figure indicates the control direction of the gate, and the 2-qubit gate can only be performed between qubits with edges connected. IBM physical circuits only support single quantum gates and CNOT gates between two adjacent qubits.

Given a logical circuit LC, a physical structure  $\mathcal{AG}_P$ , an initial mapping  $\tau$ , and a CNOT gate  $g = \langle q_i, q_j \rangle$ , where  $q_i$  is the control qubit,  $q_j$  is the target qubit.  $\langle \tau(q_i), \tau(q_j) \rangle$  is a directed edge on  $\mathcal{AG}_P$ , if gate g is executable.

Example 1. Fig. 4 (a) is the logical structure of Fig. 2, Fig. 4 (b) is the partial architecture graph of IBM Q20, the initial mapping is  $\tau = \{q_0 \to q_{10}, q_1 \to q_0, q_2 \to q_6, q_3 \to q_5, q_4 \to q_{11}\}$ .  $g_0 = \langle q_2, q_1 \rangle$  is not executable, since the edge  $\langle \tau(q_2), \tau(q_1) \rangle = \langle q_6, q_0 \rangle$  does not exist in  $\mathcal{AG}_P$ . But  $g_3 = \langle q_1, q_3 \rangle$  is executable, since the edge  $\langle \tau(q_1), \tau(q_3) \rangle = \langle q_0, q_5 \rangle$  exist in  $\mathcal{AG}_P$ .

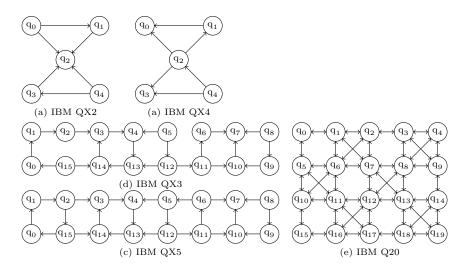


Fig. 6. IBM QX architectures

## 3 Problem Analysis

Single qubit gates and CNOT gates are used as basic gates, since they are commonly used to implement any quantum circuit supported by the IBM QX architecture. Before circuit transformation, the circuit should be simplified to a circuit with only single quantum gates and CNOT gates [13, 2]. We insert auxiliary gates (see Fig. 5) to move two non-adjacent quantum positions to adjacent positions or change the direction of the CNOT gate, but this process may introduce errors. The introduction of auxiliary gates may lead to errors. We hope to find a circuit transformation algorithm to make the output circuit with the minimum number of auxiliary gates and the circuit depth in an acceptable amount of time. A quantum circuit transformation problem mainly includes the following four steps. Isomorphism and transformation are both NPCs [19].

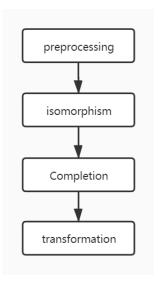


Fig. 7. Circuit transformation process

- 1. Preprocess the logical quantum circuit. It includes extracting the logical architecture graph (LAG) of the circuit, adjusting the life cycle of qubits (the work is done by Zhang [24]), and calculating the shortest paths of the physical circuit.
- 2. Compute isomorphic substructures. It uses the subgraph isomorphism algorithm to find part of the initial mapping, which is done by Sun [20].
- 3. Generate a high-quality initial mapping. We perform mapping completion because the remaining nodes cannot satisfy all isomorphism requirements. According to the connectivity between the unmapped node and the mapped nodes. Unmapped nodes are mapped to the neighborhood of mapped nodes, which satisfies the connectivity of part of the LAG and PAG and reduces the length of the shortest path.
- 4. Transforming logical circuits to meet physical constraints. Circuit transformation need to be solved before quantum circuits compilation, since he design of quantum algorithms does not refer to the connectivity constraints of any hardware. Therefore, It is necessary for any quantum compiler.

#### 4 Solution

The solution proposed in this paper mainly includes preprocessing, initial mapping, and circuit transformation. In this section, we will introduce them in detail.

#### 4.1 Preprocessing

Before circuit transformation, we can preprocess it to get more convenient data to shorten our search time and space. In the preprocessing, we adjust the circuit of the input open QASM program to shorten the life cycle of qubits. Then we use Breadth-First Search (BFS) to calculate the shortest distance between each node on the architecture graph.

Circuit Adjustment We use a layered method to analyze the life cycle of qubits and pack the gates that can be executed in parallel into a bundle, forming a layered bundle format [24]. A conversion method is designed to use the layered bundle format to determine which gates can be moved, which reduces the life cycle of these qubits. The algorithm reduces the error rate of quantum programs by 11%. In most quantum workloads, the longest qubit lifetime and the average qubit lifetime can be reduced by more than 20%, and the execution time of some quantum programs can also be reduced.

Shortest Distance Given PAG and the distance of each edge is 1, we can use Floyd-Warshall algorithm calculate the shortest distance matrix dist[i][j], which represents the shortest distance from  $q_i$  to  $q_i$ .

For IBM QX2, QX3, QX4, QX5, a SWAP needs 7 gates (3 CNOT gates and 4 H gates). Only 4 H gates are needed to change the direction of an adjacent CNOT gate. For a CNOT gate  $g = \langle q_i, q_j \rangle$ , two qubits are mapped to  $\mathbf{q}_m$  and  $\mathbf{q}_n$ , respectively, with  $\tau(q_i) = \mathbf{q}_m$ ,  $\tau(q_j) = \mathbf{q}_n$ . Then the cost of executing g under the shortest distance path is  $cost_{cnot}(q_i, q_j) = 7 \times (dist[m][n] - 1)$ . For IBM Q20, in which all edges are bidirectional, a SWAP requires 3 CNOT gates. Thus the cost between them is  $cost_{cnot}(q_i, q_j) = 3 \times (dist[m][n] - 1)$ . The time complexity is  $O(N^3)$ .

Example 2. Take the QX5 structure as an example. Suppose there is a CNOT gate  $g = \langle q_i, q_j \rangle$ ,  $q_i$  is mapped to  $q_1$ ,  $q_j$  is mapped to  $q_{14}$ , and the shortest distance between them is dist[1][14] = 3. There are 3 shortest paths to move  $q_1$  to the adjacent position of  $q_{14}$ :  $\Pi = \{\pi_0, \pi_1, \pi_2\}$ ,  $\pi_0 = q_1 \rightarrow q_2 \rightarrow q_3 \rightarrow q_{14}$ ,  $\pi_1 = q_1 \rightarrow q_2 \rightarrow q_{15} \rightarrow q_{14}$ ,  $\pi_2 = q_1 \rightarrow q_0 \rightarrow q_{15} \rightarrow q_{14}$ . Their costs are  $cost_{\pi_0} = 18$ ,  $cost_{\pi_1} = 14$ ,  $cost_{\pi_2} = 14$ , respectively.

Circuit Layering Quantum gates acting on different qubits can execute in parallel. Therefore, we classify the gates that can be executed in parallel into one layer, otherwise add a new layer.  $L(LC) = \{\mathcal{L}_0, \mathcal{L}_1, ..., \mathcal{L}_n\}$  represents the layered circuit, where  $\mathcal{L}_i$   $(0 \le i \le n)$  represents a quantum gate set that can be executed in parallel. The quantum gate set separated by the dotted line in Fig. 2 are the following  $\mathcal{L}_0 = \{g_0, g_1\}, \mathcal{L}_1 = \{g_2\}, \mathcal{L}_2 = \{g_3, g_4\}, \mathcal{L}_3 = \{g_5, g_6\}, \mathcal{L}_4 = \{g_7\}, \mathcal{L}_5 = \{g_8\}.$ 

At the same time, we generate logical circuit architecture graph  $\mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{L}} = (V_L, E_L)$ , which is an undirected graph.  $V_L$  contains the vertices and the degree of each vertex, and  $E_L$  represents the set of undirected edges that the CNOT gates can execute.

#### 4.2 Initial Mapping

It has been proved that the initial mapping has an important influence on quantum circuit transformation, and the subgraph isomorphism can be reduced to initial mapping problem. Thus we use the subgraph isomorphism algorithm to find a partial initial mapping that helps to minimize auxiliary gates added by the output circuit.

In PAG, it is almost impossible to find a subgraph that exactly matched nodes LAG. Thus we regard the mapping with the largest number of matching nodes as the partial mapping. SubgraphCompare [20] compares several state-of-the-art subgraph isomorphism algorithm composition. It shows that using the filters and sorting ideas of GraphQL algorithm to process candidate nodes, and the local candidates calculation method LFTJ based on set-intersection to enumerate the results is the best. We artificially connect the isolating qubits to the qubits with the largest degree in the logical architecture graph, since SubgraphCompare cannot handle the not connected graph. We want to minimize the impact of logical dependency graph, so match it with the node with the largest degree.

The input of Algorithm 1 is a target graph  $(\mathcal{AG}_P)$ , a query graph  $(\mathcal{AG}_L)$ , and the partial mappings T. First, we initialize an empty queue Q. Then we traverse  $\tau$  and add the unmapped nodes to the queue Q. For the unmapped nodes, we try to map them to the vicinity of the mapped nodes in  $\mathcal{AG}_P$ . Finally, generate a dense mapping, which can reduce the added auxiliary gates. We would try to match the remaining unmapped nodes randomly, but it may lead to mapping to a node far away from other nodes. If the unmapped node has an edge adjacent to the matched point in the query graph, it will be matched to one of the adjacent nodes first. Finally, we get all initial candidate mappings.

In Algorithm 1, lines 2 selects the partial mapping with the most mapped nodes l as the candidate set. Lines 3-41 completes the logical qubit unmapped nodes in the candidate set. In line 6, we initialized an empty queue Q, which stores unmapped logical qubits. In lines 8-13, we traverse the mapping  $\tau$  and add the unmapped qubits to Q. We loop until Q is empty, and all logical qubits map to physical qubits. We take out the first element in Q to q. Lines 16 and 17 are used to get the adjacency matrices of  $\mathcal{AG}_P$  and  $\mathcal{AG}_L$ , respectively. Line 18 initializes an empty map cans, sort by descending order of whether  $q_m$  is mapped and the number of gate appearances. Lines 20-22 store the nodes  $q_m$  connected to q in the adjacency matrix in cans. Lines 23-38 traverse the cans, select the node  $q_m$  has been mapped to the node (cans.first) on PAG, and it has the largest number of connections to q in the cans. q is the node where  $q_m$  is mapped to PAG in  $\tau$ . Line 26 deletes the node from cans. Lines 27-34 select the node k adjacent to the q in the adjacency matrix, and map the q to the node.

Example 3. Following the previous example, we first use CSI algorithm for LAG (see Fig. 4 (a)) and PAG (see Fig. 6 (e)) to obtain the partial mapping set  $T = \{\tau_0, \tau_1, ..., \tau_n\}$ . Then we use one of the partial mappings as an example  $\tau_0 = \{q_0 \to \mathbf{q}_{10}, q_1 \to -1, q_2 \to \mathbf{q}_6, q_3 \to \mathbf{q}_5, q_4 \to \mathbf{q}_{11}\}, \ 0 \le i < n. \ q_1 \to -1$  means that  $q_1$  is not mapped to the physical node, so we need to perform mapping completion. In the example, the maximum number of mapped nodes is 4.

#### Algorithm 1: initial mapping algorithm CSI

```
Input: \mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{L}}: The architecture of logical circuit
    \mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{P}}: The architecture of physical circuit
    T: A partial mapping set obtained by SubgraphCompare
    Output: result: A collection of mapping relations between \mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{L}} and \mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{P}}
 1 Initialize result = \emptyset;
 2 l \leftarrow max_{\tau \in T} \tau.length;
 3 for \tau \in T do
         if l = \tau.length then
 4
              result.add(\tau);
 5
              Q \leftarrow initialing an empty unmapped node queue
 6
              i \leftarrow 1;
 7
              while i \leq \tau.length do
 8
                   if \tau[i] = -1 then
  9
10
                        Q \leftarrow i;
                   end
11
                   i \leftarrow i + 1;
12
              end
13
              while Q is not empty do
14
                   int q \leftarrow Q.poll();
15
                   targetAdj \leftarrow \mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{P}}.adjacencyMatrix();
16
                   queryAdj \leftarrow \mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{L}}.adjacencyMatrix();
17
                   cans \leftarrow initialing an empty candidate node list;
                                                                                       // sorted by
18
                    the connectivity of nodes
19
                   foreach q_m \leq queryAdj[q].length do
                        cans \leftarrow cans \cup \{q_m\};
20
21
                   end
                   while cans is not empty do
22
                        q \leftarrow \tau[cans.first];
23
                        k \leftarrow 0;
\mathbf{24}
                        cans \leftarrow cans \backslash cans.first;
25
                        while k < targetAdj[q].length do
26
                             if (targetAdj[q][k] \neq -1 \text{ or } targetAdj[k][q] \neq -1)
27
                              and not \tau.contains(k) then
28
                                  \tau[q] \leftarrow k;
29
                                  break;
30
                             end
31
                             k \leftarrow k + 1;
32
                        \mathbf{end}
33
                        if k \neq targetAdj[q].length then
34
                            break;
35
36
                        end
37
                   end
              end
38
39
         \mathbf{end}
40 end
```

Next, we demonstrate how  $\tau_0$  is completed. We add all unmapped nodes to the queue  $Q,\ Q=\{q_1\}$ , and the loop ends until Q is empty. We put the first element of Q into q, and delete it from Q. Then we get the adjacency matrix of the query graph and the target graph, and traversing the adjacency matrix. We put the nodes  $q_m$  adjacent to q into the candidate nodes list cans, which is sorted by the connectivity of  $q_m$  and q. We get  $cans=\{q_3,q_2,q_4,q_0\}$ . Thereafter, we traverse cans and take out of the first element  $value=q_3$  in cans, and calculate the phycical node  $q=q_5,\ \tau_0(q_3)=q_5$ . Finally, we map q to the node connected to q and not yet mapped. If the nodes connected to q have been mapped, the loop continues. In this example, it can be directly mapped to  $q_0$ . In the end, we get  $\tau_0=\{q_0\to q_{10},q_1\to q_0,q_2\to q_6,q_3\to q_5,q_4\to q_{11}\}$ .

#### 4.3 Swap Minimization

Tabu Search Tabu Search algorithm is a type of heuristic algorithm. Tabu Search uses a tabu list to avoid searching for repeat space, thereby avoiding deadlock. The algorithm uses amnesty rules to jump out of the local optimum to ensure the diversity of transformed results. The circuit transformation mainly relies on the Tabu Search algorithm, aiming to deal with the large-scale circuits that the current algorithm is difficult to handle and the output circuit closer to the optimum solution in a short time.

There are mainly the following objects in Tabu Search: neighborhood field, neighborhood action, tabu list, candidate set, tabu object, evaluation function, and amnesty rule. All the edges that can be swapped in the current map are the neighborhood fields. The tabu list avoids local optimum and guarantees the parallelism of auxiliary gates. The tabu object is the object in the tabu list. We try not to use the recently swapped qubits as much as possible, which are added to the tabu list. We perform pruning to save search space, because only swaps adjacent to at least one gate node are meaningful. We select the edge in the shortest path that has an intersection with the qubits contained in the gate as the candidate set. The evaluation function selects a SWAP evaluation formula from the candidate set, generally taking the objective function as the evaluation function. The evaluation function satisfies some gates, and the number of SWAP gates added or the depth of the entire circuit should be small. The amnesty rule use when all objects in the candidate set are banned, or after banning an object, the target value will be greatly reduced.

The calculation of the neighborhood fields is shown in Algorithm 2. The input is the current circuit mapping  $\tau_p$ , qubits represents the mapping of physical qubits to logical qubits, Where j=qubits[i] means that the i-th physical qubit has been mapped to the j-th logical qubit. locations represents the mapping of logical qubits to physical qubits, Where j=locations[i] means that the i-th logical qubit has been mapped to the j-th physical qubit. The current layer list of all gates cl, and the output is a candidate set of the current mapping. E is the edge of all the shortest paths in the physical architecture graph of all gates in the current layer. Lines 17-37 swap all the edges of candidate set, and calculate the cost of them.

Example 4. Under the mapping  $\tau_0 = \{q_0 \to q_{10}, q_1 \to q_0, q_2 \to q_6, q_3 \to q_5, q_4 \to q_{11}\}$ , for  $L_0 = \{g_0, g_1\}$ ,  $dist_{cnot}(g_0) = 3$ ,  $dist_{cnot}(g_1) = 3$ . Gate  $g_1$  can execute directly in the  $\tau_0$  mapping, so we delete it from  $L_0$ , but  $g_0$  cannot execute in the mapping  $\tau_0$ . Thus circuit transformation is required. Nodes that cannot be executable join the set  $swap\_nodes = \{q_0, q_6\}$  The shortest path is  $paths = \{\{q_6 \to q_1 \to q_0\}, \{q_6 \to q_5 \to q_0\}\}$ , and then we traverse the shortest path to calculate candidate set. The two endpoints of the edge passed by the shortest path should intersect the swap set and join the candidate set. so the current candidate set is  $\{SWAP(q_6, q_1), SWAP(q_1, q_0), SWAP(q_6, q_5), SWAP(q_5, q_0)\}$ .

The circuit mapping algorithm based on Tabu Search takes a layered circuit and an initial mapping as input and outputs a circuit that can be executed in the specified architecture graph(see Algorithm 3). The transformed circuit mapping of each layer is used as the initial mapping of the next layer circuit. Lines 2 to 3 regard the initial mapping  $\tau_{ini}$  as the best mapping  $\tau_{best}$  and the current mapping  $\tau_{curr}$ . Lines 4 to 17 cyclically check whether all the current layer gates can execute under the mapping  $\tau_{curr}$ . If it does not satisfy the execution of all gates or the number of iterations has not reached the given maximum number, the search will continue. Otherwise, the search will terminate. Line 5 gets the current mapping candidate, and line 6 finds the best mapping in the candidate set. The mapping will first remove the overlapping elements of the candidate set and the tabu list. Then from the remaining candidates, we choose a mapping with the lowest cost. Lines 7 to 12 are the amnesty rules. When the best candidate is not found, the candidate set elements are all the same as the tabu list elements. The amnesty rule selects the lowest cost mapping in the candidate set as the best candidate mapping. Lines 13-16 update the best mapping  $\tau_{best}$  and the current mapping  $\tau_{curr}$ , and add the SWAP performed by the best mapping to the tabu list tl, indicating that the SWAP has just been performed. The algorithm would try to avoid re-SWAP the just swapped qubits. Then it will judge whether the algorithm stop condition is satisfied. The stopping condition determines whether the number of iterations has reached the maximum number, or the current mapping satisfies the execution of all gates in the current layer. If the stop condition is not satisfied, continue to loop.

Example 5. Continue to the previous example. We start searching from the initial mapping. We need to get the candidate SWAP set and select the one with the lower evaluation scores. For  $L_0 = \{g_0, g_1\}$ , the candidate set is  $\{SWAP(\mathbf{q}_6, \mathbf{q}_1), SWAP(\mathbf{q}_1, \mathbf{q}_0), SWAP(\mathbf{q}_6, \mathbf{q}_5), SWAP(\mathbf{q}_5, \mathbf{q}_0)\}$ , and the costs are  $cost(SWAP(\mathbf{q}_6, \mathbf{q}_1)) = 3.0$ ,  $cost(SWAP(\mathbf{q}_1, \mathbf{q}_0)) = 3.0$ ,  $cost(SWAP(\mathbf{q}_6, \mathbf{q}_5)) = 3.0$ ,  $cost(SWAP(\mathbf{q}_5, \mathbf{q}_0)) = 3.0$ , respectively. The algorithm will choose the first SWAP, the mapping becomes  $\tau_0 = \{q_0 \to \mathbf{q}_{10}, q_1 \to \mathbf{q}_0, q_2 \to \mathbf{q}_1, q_3 \to \mathbf{q}_5, q_4 \to \mathbf{q}_{11}\}$ . The algorithm loops to determine whether it reachs the stop condition. It can be seen that the current mapping has satisfied the execution of  $g_0$ . Continue to search for the next layer.

#### Algorithm 2: Calculate the candidate sets

```
Input: dist: The shortest paths of physical architecture
    qubits: The mapping from physical qubits to logical qubits
    locations: The mapping from logical qubits to physical qubits
    cl: Gates included in the current layer of circuits
    Output: results: The set of candidate solution
 1 Initialize results \leftarrow \emptyset;
 2 E_w \leftarrow \text{Calculate the weight of each edge}
 swap\_nodes \leftarrow An empty set of candidate swap nodes
 4 foreach g \in cl do
         q_1 \leftarrow locations[g.control];
 5
         q_{\textit{2}} \leftarrow locations[g.target];
 6
 7
        if g is executable then
             cl \leftarrow cl \backslash g;
 8
             continue;
 9
10
         end
         swap\_nodes.add(q_t);
11
         swap\_nodes.add(q_2);
12
13 end
14 foreach g \in cl do
15
         q_1 \leftarrow locations[g.control];
16
         q_{2} \leftarrow locations[g.target];
         foreach path \in paths[q_1][q_2] do
17
             foreach e \in path do
18
                  if swap\_nodes.contains(sour\_node) or
19
                   swap\_nodes.contains(tar\_node) then
20
                      new\_qubits \leftarrow qubits;
21
                      new\_locations \leftarrow locations;
\mathbf{22}
                       q_1 \leftarrow new\_qubits[e.source];
                       q_{2} \leftarrow new\_qubits[e.target];
23
                      new\_qubits[e.source] \leftarrow q_2 \; ;
24
                      new\_qubits[e.target] \leftarrow q_{\mathit{1}};
25
                      if q_1 \neq -1 then
26
                        new\_locations[q_1] \leftarrow q_2;
27
                      end
\mathbf{28}
                      if q_2 \neq -1 then
29
                       | new\_locations[q_2] \leftarrow q_1;
30
                      end
31
                      s \leftarrow \emptyset:
32
                      s.value \leftarrow compute\_evaluate\_value(dist, new\_locations, cl);
33
                      results \leftarrow results \cup s;
34
                  end
35
36
             end
        end
37
38 end
39 return results;
```

#### Algorithm 3: Tabu Search

```
Input: \tau_{ini}: The initial mapping
    tl: Tabu list
    Output: \tau_{best}: The final state and SWAPs
  1 Initialize \tau_{best} \leftarrow \tau_{ini};
  \mathbf{2} \ \tau_{curr} \leftarrow \tau_{ini} \ ;
 3 iter \leftarrow 1;
                                                                          // Number of iterations
 4 while not mustStop(iter, \tau_{best}) do
          C \leftarrow \tau_{curr}.candidates();
                                                                                      // candidate set
  5
          C_{best} \leftarrow find\_best\_candidates(C, tl);
          if C_{best} is empty then
               if C = NULL then
  8
                   break;
  9
               end
10
               C_{best} \leftarrow find\_amnesty\_candidates(C, tl);
11
          end
12
          \tau_{best} \leftarrow C_{best};
13
          \tau_{curr} \leftarrow C_{best};
14
          tl \leftarrow tl \cup \{C_{best}.swap\};
15
          iter \leftarrow iter + 1;
17 end
18 return \tau_{best}
```

**Evaluation function design** We can control the search direction by changing the evaluation function. We test two evaluation functions, one uses the depth of the generated circuit as the evaluation criterion (2), and the other uses the number of auxiliary gates in the generated circuit as the evaluation criterion (1).

$$cost(SWAP(q_m, q_n)) = \sum_{g \in L_i} (dist[g.control][g.target])$$
 (1)

$$cost(SWAP(q_i, q_i)) = Depth(L_i)$$
(2)

 $cost(SWAP(q_i, q_j))$  represents the cost of executing all gates of the current layer  $L_i$  after swapping  $q_i$ ,  $q_j$ . We only calculate the distance of the unmapped gates of the after the SWAP as in the equation (2) or the depth between the unmapped gates as in the equation (1).

Look ahead We deserve that the number of gates in each layer after layering is small. The output of the i-th (i < n) layer is used as the input of the (i+1)-th layer. Note that the swap algorithm of the i-th layer will affect the mapping of the (i+1)-th layer. If we only consider the gates of current layer when choosing the swap, the swap only satisfies the requirement of the i-th layer. Thus we take the circuit of the (i+x)-th (i+x < n) layer into consideration. However, it is necessary to give priority to the execution of the gates of the i-th layer, so we introduce an attenuation factor  $\delta$ , which controls the influence of the (i+x)-th

layer gates. Experiments show that for  $x=2,\ \delta=0.9$ , the final effect is the best. Our evaluation function can be rewritten as

$$cost(SWAP(q_m, q_n)) = \sum_{g \in L_i} (dist[g.control][g.target]) + \\ \delta \times \sum_{j=i}^{i+x} \sum_{g \in L_j} (dist[g.control][g.target])$$

$$(3)$$

$$cost(SWAP(\mathbf{q_m}, \mathbf{q_n})) = Depth(L_i) + \delta \times Depth(\sum_{j=i}^{i+x} L_j). \tag{4}$$

Complexity Given logical circuit architecture graph  $\mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{L}} = (V_L, E_L)$ , physical circuit architecture graph  $\mathcal{AG}_{\mathcal{P}} = (V_P, E_P)$ , the initial mapping  $\tau$ , the depth of the circuit d, the number of qubits  $V_L$ , Tabu Search deals with one layer at a time, and searches at most d times. Starting from the initial mapping, we first delete the executable gates of the first layer under the initial mapping. Then, the edges of all the shortest paths of all the gates that are not executed in the current layer are added to the candidate set where at least one node is a node of the gate mapping. In the worst case, the shortest path length is  $(|E_P|-1)$ , and the candidate set size is  $(|E_P|-1)$ . Each SWAP will make the total distance between the gates smaller. In the worst case, the number of SWAPs is  $(|E_P|-1)^{|E_P|-2}$ , but our selection strategy will make the number of SWAPs significantly reduced. Our time complexity is  $d * ((|E_P|-1))^{(|E_P|-2)}$ , and the space complexity is the size of our candidate set  $(E_P-1)$ .

#### 5 Experiment

The experiment in this paper is performed on a 2.3GHz Linux machine with 64G memory. This paper compares CSI algorithm and circuit transformation algorithm based on Tabu Search TST with the wghtgraph in [10] and the heuristic algorithm  $A^*$  in [25].

First, we compare the efficiency of initial mapping on  $\tau_{optm}$  [25],  $\tau_{CSI}$  and  $\tau_{wghtgraph}$  [10]. In order to observe the results of these two initial mapping algorithms intuitively, we used the same circuit transformation  $A^*$  algorithm to compare the initial mapping algorithms [25].

Among 159 circuits, experiments show that within five minutes  $\tau_{optm}$  can deal with 121 circuits,  $\tau_{wghtgraph}$  can deal with 106 circuits,  $\tau_{CSI}$  can deal with 131 circuits. There are 103 circuits that they can handle. Comparing  $\tau_{wghtgraph}$  algorithm and  $\tau_{CSI}$  algorithm, the  $\tau_{wghtgraph}$  algorithm has 21 circuits with fewer auxiliary gates and 19 circuits with a small depth, and the  $\tau_{CSI}$  algorithm has 54 circuits with fewer auxiliary gates and 60 circuits with a small depth, and they have 25 circuits with equal depth and 29 circuits with equal auxiliary gates. The auxiliary gates of the  $\tau_{CSI}$  algorithm is relatively reduced by 22.4418%, and the depth is reduced by 11.2482%.

Comparing  $\tau_{optm}$  algorithm and  $\tau_{CSI}$  algorithm, the  $\tau_{optm}$  algorithm has one circuit with fewer auxiliary gates and two circuits with a small depth, and the  $\tau_{CSI}$  algorithm has 99 circuits with fewer auxiliary gates and 98 circuits with a small depth, and they have 4 circuits with equal depth and 4 circuits with equal auxiliary gates. The auxiliary gates of the  $\tau_{CSI}$  algorithm is relatively reduced by 27.0219%, and the depth is reduced by 14.1242%. As shown in Table 1, there are 104 circuits. Three initial mapping algorithms are compared with the depth of the generated circuits under the  $A^*$  algorithm, and the number of auxiliary gates added.  $\tau_{CSI}/\tau_{optm}$  calculate the efficiency improvement of the former upon the latter, the formula is  $(n_{optm} - n_{CSI})/n_{optm}$ .

					$  au_{CSI}/ au_{wgtgraph} $
depth	168895	163422	145040	14.1241%	11.2482%
added	20439	19232	14916	27.0219%	22.4418%

**Table 1.** Compare  $\tau_{optm}$ ,  $\tau_{wgtgraph}$ , and  $\tau_{CSI}$ 

We compare the use of two indicators  $(TST_{dep} \text{ and } TST_{num})$  that prioritize smaller depth and fewer auxiliary gates. The two indicators were used as objective functions, and 159 circuits were tested. The depth of the final circuit obtained by  $TST_{num}$  is 1.93% smaller than  $TST_{dep}$  on average, and the number of auxiliary gates added is 4.53% smaller on average. Inserting a SWAP gate, the circuit needs to add 3 CNOT gates, and the depth will be increased by 3. While the number of SWAP gates added is small, the circuit depth reduces accordingly. Thus we use SWAP quantity first to give better results.

Finally, we compare TST and wgtgraph. Since the wgtgraph algorithm only uses 2-qubit gates, it is impossible to compare the depth of the generated circuit, So we compared the number of SWAP gates added and compared the time. Since large circuits may not successfully handle for a long time, we consider it meaningless. This paper sets a five-minute timeout period and tested 159 circuits.  $TST_{num}$  only takes 461 seconds,  $TST_{dep}$  takes 485 seconds, and wgtgraph run 159 circuits in 1908 seconds, but only 98 files get results, 64 of them there are 66 circuits for small-scale circuits to get results, 49 medium-scale circuits only have 35 circuits for results, and no circuit output in 44 large circuits. Although Tabu Search can quickly produce results on large circuits, in contrast, more auxiliary gates are added. In 98 small-scale and medium-scale circuits with the results obtained by wgtgraph, the number of SWAP gates added by wgtgraph is 26.87% less than  $TST_{num}$  on average, and the number of SWAP gates added by wgtgraph is 24.89% less than  $TST_{dep}$  on average. Tabu Search can quickly output converted circuits on large circuits, but wqtqraph cannot get results in a short time. SABRE processes 159 circuits with a five-minute limit for each circuit. Only 23 circuits are successful for small-scale circuits, 6 for mediumscale circuits, and 1-scale for large circuits. The detailed results of the circuit comparisons are in the appendix.

benchmarks	#circ	$TST_{num}$		$TST_{dep}$		wgtgraph		SABRE	
benchmarks	#CIIC.	#succ.	time	#succ.	time	#succ.	time	#succ.	time
small	66	66	32	66	29	64	587	23	12996
medium	49	49	45	49	40	35	1183	6	13019
large	44	44	407	44	432	0	-		
total	159	159	484	159	501	98	-		

**Table 2.** Compare  $\tau_{optm}$ ,  $\tau_{wghtgraph}$ , and  $\tau_{TST}$ 

#### 6 Conclusion

We proposes a CSI algorithm to generate high-quality initial mappings and a heuristic SWAP method TST based on Tabu Search to overcome the shortcomings of previous works. Experimental results showed that the initial mappings generated by CSI reduced the number of SWAP gates inserted and results could be obtained in a short time. Most small-scale and medium-scale circuits could be obtained in a few seconds. The result could be obtained within a few minutes, even for a large-scale circuit, but the cost of insertion might be equal to or more than wgtgraph. We introduced the look-ahead method to make each selected SWAP more in line with the constraints of the behind gates. In future, we would study how to reduce the number of auxiliary gates inserted as much as possible based on increasing speed, and apply the proposed method to more NISQ devices to get useful experimental data. We would introduce quantum noise to the circuits, since our simulate circuits ignore the noise generated by the circuit.

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# A Experimental details of the SWAP gates added by the output circuit

Circuit	qubit	CNOT	$TST_{num}$	$TST_{dep}$	optm	wghtgr
name	no.	no.	added	added	added	added
decod24-enable_126	6	149	28	42	60	16
4mod5-v0_19	5	16	0	0	0	0
4mod5-v0_18	5	31	2	5	4	4
mod5d2_64	5	25	5	6	8	3
4gt4-v0_72	6	113	14	10	33	14
alu-v3_35	5	18	2	4	8	2
4gt4-v0_73	6	179	27	34	76	12
alu-v3_34	5	24	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	7	2
3_17_13	3	17	0	0	6	0
4gt4-v0_78	6	109	12	8	48	$\begin{vmatrix} & \cdot & \cdot \\ 4 & \end{vmatrix}$
4gt4-v0_79	6	105	17	17	48	3
4mod7-v1_96	5	72	16	19	27	7
mod10_171	5	108	17	20	39	9
ex2_227	7	275	48	59	121	33
mod10_176	5	78	14	14	38	8
0410184_169	5	9	2	2	49	$\begin{bmatrix} & \circ \\ 3 & \end{bmatrix}$
4mod5-v0_20	5	10	0	0	4	
aj-e11_165	5	69	8	8	33	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
alu-v1_28	5	18	$\overset{\circ}{2}$	4	11	$\begin{array}{ c c } & \cdot \\ & 2 \end{array}$
4gt12-v0_86	6	116	28	33	48	3
4gt12-v0_87	6	112	$\frac{20}{27}$	32	45	$\begin{bmatrix} & 0 \\ 2 & \end{bmatrix}$
4gt12-v0_88	6	86	5	5	25	4
alu-v1_29	5	17	4	4	11	2
ham7_104	7	149	28	34	68	12
C17_204	7	205	26	53	99	22
xor5_254	6	5	0	0	1	0
hwb4_49	5	107	14	15	38	11
rd73_140	10	104	23	26	35	20
decod24-v0_38	4	23	0	0	6	0
rd53_131	7	200	39	39	98	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
rd53_133	7	256	37	47	102	27
rd53_135	7	134	28	29	38	23
decod24-v2_43	4	22	0	0	9	0
rd53_138	8	60	14	16	23	9
rd32-v0_66	4	16	0	0	6	
4gt13-v1_93	5	30	0	0	13	
graycode6_47	6	5	0	0	0	
4mod5-bdd_287	7	31	3	6	8	6
ham3_102	3	11	0	0	3	0
4gt4-v0_80	6	79	5	5	22	5
ex-1_166	3	9	0	0	3	
mod5mils_65	5	16	0	0	6	
0example	5	9	1	$\frac{0}{2}$	3	3
alu-v4_36	5	51	12	8	22	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$
alu-v4_37	5	18	2	4	8	2
ex1_226	6	5	0	0	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
one-two-three-v0_98	5	65	11	13	32	10
one-two-three-v0_98	5	128	23	23	64	16
one-two-three-v3_101	5	32	3	4	14	3
rd32_270	5	36	3	3	6	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$
1434_270	J	- 50	ა		U	U

**Table 3.** Comparison of the number of  $SW\!AP$  gates added by the output circuit on the IBM Q20

Circuit	aubit	CNOT	$TST_{num}$	$TST_{dep}$	optm	wghtgr
name	no.	no.	added	added	added	1
rd53_130	7	448	89	100	190	49
rd53_251	8	564	104	131	230	45
4mod5-v1_24	5	16	0	0	3	0
mod5adder_127	6	239	21	56	111	$\begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 20 \end{vmatrix}$
4_49_16	5	99	20	17	40	10
hwb5_53	6	598	141	168	173	59
ex3_229	6	175	10	9	50	11
4gt10-v1_81	5	66	14	15	28	6
alu-v2_32	5	72	15	17	27	7
alu-v2_31	5	198	42	54	85	13
alu-v2_30	6	223	41	45	96	20
sf_276	6	336	12	52	138	12
decod24-v1_41	5	38	4	4	14	3
sf_274	6	336	34	21	82	12
4gt4-v1_74	6	119	17	24	37	9
alu-v2_33	5	17	4	4	8	2
cnt3-5_179	16	85	6	6	35	4
4mod5-v1_22	5	11	0	0	5	0
4mod5-v1_23	5	32	5	5	4	3
mini_alu_305	10	77	10	20	28	8
alu-v0_26	5	38	7	10	13	3
alu-bdd_288	7	38	4	12	16	6
alu-v0_27	5	17	2	4	11	2
4gt13_91	5	49	7	7	10	2
4gt5_77	5	58	12	12	20	6
4gt13_92	5	30	0	0	14	0
4gt5_76	5	46	7	10	24	5
4gt5_75	5	38	5	12	16	4
4gt12-v1_89	6	100	11	21	38	4
one-two-three-v1_99	5	59	12	10	26	7
4gt13_90	5	53	7	7	13	3
ising_model_10	10	90	0	0	5	0
4gt11_84	5	9	0	0	3	0
4gt11_83	5	14	0	0	0	0
mod5d1_63	5	13	0	0	1	0
4gt11_82	5	18	1	1	1	1
$decod24-v3\_45$	5	64	15	15	32	8
rd32-v1_68	4	16	0	0	6	0
mini-alu_167	5	126	27	27	49	11
one-two-three-v2_100	5	32	3	4	8	3
4mod7-v0_94	5	72	8	13	36	9
$cm82a_{-}208$	8	283	41	69	84	33
mod8-10_178	6	152	5	20	13	7
mod8-10_177	6	196	14	33	58	13
majority_239	7	267	39	43	105	33
miller_11	3	23	0	0	9	0
decod24-bdd_294	6	32	4	4	9	4
total	551	9244	1372	1738	3481	800

**Table 4.** Comparison of the number of  $SW\!AP$  gates added by the output circuit on the IBM Q20

name         no.         no.         added         added         added           max46.240         10         11844         3473         4545         -         -           rd73.252         10         2319         586         761         -         -           cycle10.2.110         12         2648         919         1216         961         -           sqrt2.8260         12         1314         379         492         457         -           sqn.258         10         4459         1199         1420         -         -           f2.232         8         525         87         124         218         -           f2.232         8         525         87         124         218         -           f2.232         8         525         87         124         218         -           f2.232         8         536         489         51         -           sym9.148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           sym9.148         10         980         132         26         38         -           sym60.111         10		1.4	CNOT	mam.	mam.		1.
max46.240         10         11844         3473         4545         -         -           rd73.252         10         2319         586         761         -         -           cycle10.2.110         12         2648         919         1216         961         -           sqrt8.260         12         1314         379         492         457         -           urf4.187         11         224028         54785         60140         -         -           sqn.258         10         4459         1199         1420         -         -           f2.232         8         525         87         124         218         -           radd.250         13         1405         386         489         511         -           ham15.107         15         3858         1326         1689         -         -           symp.148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           urf5.280         9         23764         6989         8730         -         -           syme6-v0.111         10         98         23         26         38         -	Circuit	qubit			$TST_{dep}$	optm	wghtgr
rd73.252         10         2319         586         761         -         -           cycle10.2.110         12         2648         919         1216         961         -           sqrt8.260         12         1314         379         492         457         -           urf4.187         11         224028         54785         60140         -         -           sqn.258         10         4459         1199         1420         -         -           f2.232         8         525         87         124         218         -           radd.250         13         1405         386         489         511         -           sao2.257         14         16864         5346         7178         -         -           sym9.148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           sym9.148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           sym9.146         12         148         38         555         4         -           sym6-v0.111         10         98         23         26         38         -           <						added	added
cycle10_2_110         12         2648         919         1216         961         -           sqrt8_260         12         1314         379         492         457         -           urf4_187         11         224028         54785         60140         -         -           f2_232         8         525         87         124         218         -           f2_232         8         525         87         124         218         -           ham15_107         15         3858         1326         1689         511         -           sao2_257         14         16864         5346         7178         -         -           sym9_148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           urf5_280         9         23764         6989         8730         -         -           sym9_148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           urf5_280         9         23764         6989         8730         -         -           sym6-v0.111         10         98         23         26         38         -		1				-	-
sqrt8.260         12         1314         379         492         457         -           urf4.187         11         224028         54785         60140         -         -           sqn.258         10         4459         1199         1420         -         -           f2.232         8         525         87         124         218         -           radd.250         13         1405         386         489         511         -           ham15.107         15         3858         1326         1689         -         -           sao2.257         14         16864         5346         7178         -         -           sym9.148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           urf5.280         9         23764         6989         8730         -         -           square.root.7         15         3089         812         2150         -         -           sys6-v0.111         10         98         23         26         38         -           wim_266         11         427         93         120         147         -						-	-
urf4.187         11         224028         54785         60140         -         -           sqn.258         10         4459         1199         1420         -         -           f2.232         8         525         87         124         218         -           radd.250         13         1405         386         489         511         -           sao2.257         14         16864         5346         7178         -         -           sym9.148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           urf5.280         9         23764         6989         8730         -         -           square.root.7         15         3089         812         2150         -         -           sys6-v0.111         10         98         23         26         38         -           hwb7.59         8         10681         2687         3551         3722         -           sym9.146         12         148         38         55         54         -           urf2.152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -							-
sqn_258         10         4459         1199         1420         -         -           f2_232         8         525         87         124         218         -           radd_250         13         1405         386         489         511         -           ham15_107         15         3858         1326         1689         -         -           sym9_148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           urf5_280         9         23764         6989         8730         -         -           sym9_146         10         98         23         26         38         -           hwb7.59         8         10681         2687         3551         3722         -           sym9_146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim_266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -	_	1				457	-
f2_232         8         525         87         124         218         -           radd_250         13         1405         386         489         511         -           ham15_107         15         3858         1326         1689         -         -           sao2_257         14         16864         5346         7178         -         -           sym9_148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           urf5_280         9         23764         6989         8730         -         -           square_root_7         15         3089         812         2150         -         -           syse-v0_111         10         98         23         26         38         -           hwb7-59         8         10681         2687         3551         3722         -           sym9_146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim_266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -		1				-	-
radd.250	_	1				-	-
ham15.107         15         3858         1326         1689         -         -           sao2.257         14         16864         5346         7178         -         -           sym9.148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           surf5.280         9         23764         6899         8730         -         -           sym6.146         12         3089         812         2150         -         -           sym9.146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim.266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2.152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2.277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           life 238         11         9800         2762         3576         -         -           root.255         13         7493         2128         3035         -         -           sym10.262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -		l .					-
sao2_257         14         16864         5346         7178         -         -           sym9_148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           urf5_280         9         23764         6989         8730         -         -           square_root.7         15         3089         812         2150         -         -           sys6-v0.111         10         98         23         26         38         -           hwb7.59         8         10681         2687         3551         3722         -           sym9_146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim_266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         110577         -           urf2_277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           life_238         11         9800         2762         3576         -         -           rot_255         13         7493         2128         3035         -         -           sym10_262 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td>511</td> <td>-</td>						511	-
sym9_148         10         9408         1865         2432         -         -           square_root_7         15         3089         812         2150         -         -           sys6-v0_111         10         98         23         26         38         -           hwb7_59         8         10681         2687         3551         3722         -           sym9_146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim_266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2_159         9         71932         20258         25505         -         -           urf2_1519         9         71932         20258         25505         -         -           urf2_1529         9         71932         20258         25505         -         -           urf2_1529         9         71932         20258         25505         -         -           urf2_1277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -						-	-
urf5_280         9         23764         6989         8730         -         -           square_root_7         15         3089         812         2150         -         -           sys6-v0_111         10         98         23         26         38         -           hwb7_59         8         10681         2687         3551         3722         -           sym9_146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim_266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2_177         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           urf2_277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           iff_238         11         1523         4553         5986         -         -						-	-
square_root_7         15         3089         812         2150         -         -           sys6-v0_111         10         98         23         26         38         -           hwb7_59         8         10681         2687         3551         3722         -           sym9_146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim_266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2_159         9         71932         20258         25505         -         -           urf2_277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           life_238         11         9800         2762         3576         -         -           sym10_262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           sym10_262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           cm42a_207         14         771         182         229         294         -	_					-	-
sys6-v0.111         10         98         23         26         38         -           hwb7.59         8         10681         2687         3551         3722         -           sym9.146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim.266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2.152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2.277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           life.238         11         9800         2762         3576         -         -           root.255         13         7493         2128         3035         -         -           sym10.262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           sym10.262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           cm42a.207         14         771         182         229         294         -           rd53.311         13         124         26         48         47         -						-	-
hwb7.59         8         10681         2687         3551         3722         -           sym9.146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim.266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2.152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2.277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           urf2.277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           life_238         11         9800         2762         3576         -         -           root_255         13         7493         2128         3035         -         -           9sym10_262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           cd1_220         11         833         226         207         371         -           cm42a_207         14         771         182         229         294         -           rd53_311         13         124         26         48         47         -	_	1				-	-
sym9_146         12         148         38         55         54         -           wim_266         11         427         93         120         147         -           urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf2_177         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           life_238         11         9800         2762         3576         -         -           root_255         13         7493         2128         3035         -         -           9symml.195         11         15232         4553         5986         -         -           sym10_262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           cm42a_207         14         771         182         229         294         -           rd53_311         13         124         26         48         47         -           dc2_222         15         4131         1383         1773         -         -           rd84.142         15         154         49         58         50         -           <		1					-
wim_266							-
urf2_152         8         35210         9181         11921         10577         -           urf5_159         9         71932         20258         25505         -         -           urf2_277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           life_238         11         9800         2762         3576         -         -           root_255         13         7493         2128         3035         -         -           9symml_195         11         15232         4553         5986         -         -           sym10_262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           dc1_220         11         833         226         207         371         -           cm42a_207         14         771         182         229         294         -           rd53_311         13         124         26         48         47         -           dc2_222         15         4131         1383         1773         -         -           rd84_142         15         154         49         58         50         -	-						-
urf5_159         9         71932         20258         25505         -         -           urf2_277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           life_238         11         9800         2762         3576         -         -           root_255         13         7493         2128         3035         -         -           9symml_195         11         15232         4553         5986         -         -           sym10_262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -         -           dc1_220         11         833         226         207         371         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -		1				1	-
urf2_277         8         10066         2807         3798         3782         -           life_238         11         9800         2762         3576         -         -           root_255         13         7493         2128         3035         -         -           9symml_195         11         15232         4553         5986         -         -           sym10_262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           dc1_220         11         833         226         207         371         -           cm42a_207         14         771         182         229         294         -           rd53_311         13         124         26         48         47         -           dc2_222         15         4131         1383         1773         -         -           rd84_142         15         154         49         58         50         -           sym6_145         7         1701         317         449         750         -           co14_215         15         7840         3078         3819         -         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10577</td><td>-</td></t<>		1				10577	-
life_238		1				<u>-</u>	-
root_255         13         7493         2128         3035         -         -           9symml_195         11         15232         4553         5986         -         -           sym10_262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           dc1_220         11         833         226         207         371         -           cm42a_207         14         771         182         229         294         -           rd53_311         13         124         26         48         47         -           dc2_222         15         4131         1383         1773         -         -           rd84_142         15         154         49         58         50         -           sym6_145         7         1701         317         449         750         -           co14_215         15         7840         3078         3819         -         -           cut3-5_180         16         215         59         74         79         -           cm152a_212         12         532         103         129         168         -           sy		1				3782	-
9symml.195						-	-
sym10_262         12         28084         8534         11033         -         -           dc1_220         11         833         226         207         371         -           cm42a_207         14         771         182         229         294         -           rd53_311         13         124         26         48         47         -           dc2_222         15         4131         1383         1773         -         -           rd84_142         15         154         49         58         50         -           sym6_145         7         1701         317         449         750         -           co14_215         15         7840         3078         3819         -         -           cnt3-5_180         16         215         59         74         79         -           cm152a_212         12         532         103         129         168         -           sym6_316         14         123         30         39         56         -           mlp4_245         16         8232         2780         3490         -         -           hwb8_113<						-	-
dc1_220         11         833         226         207         371         -           cm42a_207         14         771         182         229         294         -           rd53_311         13         124         26         48         47         -           dc2_222         15         4131         1383         1773         -         -           rd84_142         15         154         49         58         50         -           sym6_145         7         1701         317         449         750         -           co14_215         15         7840         3078         3819         -         -           cnt3-5_180         16         215         59         74         79         -           cm152a_212         12         532         103         129         168         -           sym6_316         14         123         30         39         56         -           mlp4_245         16         8232         2780         3490         -         -           hwb8_113         9         30372         10749         16489         -         -           qft_16 <td></td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-  </td>						-	-
cm42a_207         14         771         182         229         294         -           rd53_311         13         124         26         48         47         -           dc2_222         15         4131         1383         1773         -         -           rd84_142         15         154         49         58         50         -           sym6_145         7         1701         317         449         750         -           co14_215         15         7840         3078         3819         -         -           cnt3-5_180         16         215         59         74         79         -           cm152a_212         12         532         103         129         168         -           sym6_316         14         123         30         39         56         -           mlp4_245         16         8232         2780         3490         -         -           hwb8_113         9         30372         10749         16489         -         -           qft_16         16         240         90         147         -         -           plus63mod4096_						-	-
rd53.311       13       124       26       48       47       -         dc2.222       15       4131       1383       1773       -       -         rd84.142       15       154       49       58       50       -         sym6.145       7       1701       317       449       750       -         co14.215       15       7840       3078       3819       -       -         cmt3-5.180       16       215       59       74       79       -         cm152a.212       12       532       103       129       168       -         sym6.316       14       123       30       39       56       -         mlp4.245       16       8232       2780       3490       -       -         hwb8.113       9       30372       10749       16489       -       -         qft.16       16       240       90       147       -       -         plus63mod4096.163       13       56329       19759       24273       -       -         urf3.279       10       60380       17999       23318       -       -         hwb9							-
dc2_222       15       4131       1383       1773       -       -         rd84_142       15       154       49       58       50       -         sym6_145       7       1701       317       449       750       -         co14_215       15       7840       3078       3819       -       -         cmt3-5_180       16       215       59       74       79       -         cm152a_212       12       532       103       129       168       -         sym6_316       14       123       30       39       56       -         mlp4_245       16       8232       2780       3490       -       -         hwb8_113       9       30372       10749       16489       -       -         qft_16       16       240       90       147       -       -         plus63mod4096_163       13       56329       19759       24273       -       -         urf3_155       10       185276       50842       62903       -       -         urf3_279       10       60380       17999       23318       -       -						1	-
rd84_142     15     154     49     58     50     -       sym6_145     7     1701     317     449     750     -       co14_215     15     7840     3078     3819     -     -       cmt3-5_180     16     215     59     74     79     -       cm152a_212     12     532     103     129     168     -       sym6_316     14     123     30     39     56     -       mlp4_245     16     8232     2780     3490     -     -       hwb8_113     9     30372     10749     16489     -     -       qft_16     16     240     90     147     -     -       plus63mod4096_163     13     56329     19759     24273     -     -       urf3_155     10     185276     50842     62903     -     -       urf3_279     10     60380     17999     23318     -     -       hwb9_119     10     90955     22946     30031     -     -       pm1_249     14     81865     28022     36207     -     -       sym9_193     11     15232     4382     5518     -		1				47	-
sym6_145     7     1701     317     449     750     -       co14_215     15     7840     3078     3819     -     -       cnt3-5_180     16     215     59     74     79     -       cm152a_212     12     532     103     129     168     -       sym6_316     14     123     30     39     56     -       mlp4_245     16     8232     2780     3490     -     -       hwb8_113     9     30372     10749     16489     -     -       qft_16     16     240     90     147     -     -       plus63mod4096_163     13     56329     19759     24273     -     -       urf1_149     9     80878     22551     28516     -     -       urf3_155     10     185276     50842     62903     -     -       urf3_279     10     60380     17999     23318     -     -       pm1_249     14     81865     28022     36207     -     -       pm1_249     14     771     182     229     294     -       sym9_193     11     15232     4382     5518     -		1					-
co14.215       15       7840       3078       3819       -       -         cnt3-5_180       16       215       59       74       79       -         cm152a_212       12       532       103       129       168       -         sym6_316       14       123       30       39       56       -         mlp4_245       16       8232       2780       3490       -       -         hwb8_113       9       30372       10749       16489       -       -         qft_16       16       240       90       147       -       -         plus63mod4096_163       13       56329       19759       24273       -       -         urf1_149       9       80878       22551       28516       -       -         urf3_279       10       60380       17999       23318       -       -         hwb9_119       10       90955       22946       30031       -       -         pm1_249       14       771       182       229       294       -         sym9_193       11       15232       4382       5518       -       -		1					-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-					750	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						-	-
sym6_316         14         123         30         39         56         -           mlp4_245         16         8232         2780         3490         -         -           hwb8_113         9         30372         10749         16489         -         -           qft_16         16         240         90         147         -         -           plus63mod4096_163         13         56329         19759         24273         -         -           urf1_149         9         80878         22551         28516         -         -           urf3_155         10         185276         50842         62903         -         -           urf3_279         10         60380         17999         23318         -         -           hwb9_119         10         90955         22946         30031         -         -           plus63mod8192_164         14         81865         28022         36207         -         -           pm1_249         14         771         182         229         294         -           sym9_193         11         15232         4382         5518         -         -		1					-
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1	8232			-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1			16489	-	-
urf1_149     9     80878     22551     28516     -     -       urf3_155     10     185276     50842     62903     -     -       urf3_279     10     60380     17999     23318     -     -       hwb9_119     10     90955     22946     30031     -     -       plus63mod8192_164     14     81865     28022     36207     -     -       pm1_249     14     771     182     229     294     -       sym9_193     11     15232     4382     5518     -     -       misex1_241     15     2100     480     754     600     -       urf1_278     9     26692     8010     10217     -     -       squar5_261     13     869     219     313     290     -       ground_state_estimation_10     13     154209     11671     22886     -     -		1				-	-
urf3.155     10     185276     50842     62903     -     -       urf3.279     10     60380     17999     23318     -     -       hwb9.119     10     90955     22946     30031     -     -       plus63mod8192.164     14     81865     28022     36207     -     -       pm1.249     14     771     182     229     294     -       sym9.193     11     15232     4382     5518     -     -       misex1.241     15     2100     480     754     600     -       urf1.278     9     26692     8010     10217     -     -       squar5.261     13     869     219     313     290     -       ground_state_estimation.10     13     154209     11671     22886     -     -						-	-
urf3_279     10     60380     17999     23318     -     -       hwb9_119     10     90955     22946     30031     -     -       plus63mod8192_164     14     81865     28022     36207     -     -       pm1_249     14     771     182     229     294     -       sym9_193     11     15232     4382     5518     -     -       misex1_241     15     2100     480     754     600     -       urf1_278     9     26692     8010     10217     -     -       squar5_261     13     869     219     313     290     -       ground_state_estimation_10     13     154209     11671     22886     -     -		9				-	-
hwb9_119       10       90955       22946       30031       -       -         plus63mod8192_164       14       81865       28022       36207       -       -         pm1_249       14       771       182       229       294       -         sym9_193       11       15232       4382       5518       -       -         misex1_241       15       2100       480       754       600       -         urf1_278       9       26692       8010       10217       -       -         squar5_261       13       869       219       313       290       -         ground_state_estimation_10       13       154209       11671       22886       -       -	1					-	-
plus63mod8192_164     14     81865     28022     36207     -     -       pm1_249     14     771     182     229     294     -       sym9_193     11     15232     4382     5518     -     -       misex1_241     15     2100     480     754     600     -       urf1_278     9     26692     8010     10217     -     -       squar5_261     13     869     219     313     290     -       ground_state_estimation_10     13     154209     11671     22886     -     -		1	60380	17999	23318	-	-
pm1_249     14     771     182     229     294     -       sym9_193     11     15232     4382     5518     -     -       misex1_241     15     2100     480     754     600     -       urf1_278     9     26692     8010     10217     -     -       squar5_261     13     869     219     313     290     -       ground_state_estimation_10     13     154209     11671     22886     -     -		1	90955	22946		-	-
sym9_193     11     15232     4382     5518     -     -       misex1_241     15     2100     480     754     600     -       urf1_278     9     26692     8010     10217     -     -       squar5_261     13     869     219     313     290     -       ground_state_estimation_10     13     154209     11671     22886     -     -		14	81865	28022	36207	-	-
misex1_241     15     2100     480     754     600     -       urf1_278     9     26692     8010     10217     -     -       squar5_261     13     869     219     313     290     -       ground_state_estimation_10     13     154209     11671     22886     -     -	pm1_249	14	771	182	229	294	-
urf1_278     9     26692     8010     10217     -     -       squar5_261     13     869     219     313     290     -       ground_state_estimation_10     13     154209     11671     22886     -     -	sym9_193	11		4382	5518	-	-
squar5_261         13         869         219         313         290         -           ground_state_estimation_10         13         154209         11671         22886         -         -         -	misex1_241	15		480		600	-
ground_state_estimation_10   13   154209   11671   22886   -   -	urf1_278	9	26692	8010	10217	-	-
	squar5_261	13	869	219	313	290	-
$adr4_{-}197$   13   1498   516   670   -   -	ground_state_estimation_10	13	154209	11671	22886	-	-
	adr4_197	13	1498	516	670		_

**Table 5.** Comparison of the number of  $SW\!AP$  gates added by the output circuit on the IBM Q20

Circuit	qubit	CNOT	$TST_{num}$	$TST_{dep}$	optm	wghtgr
name	no.	no.	added	added	added	added
hwb6_56	7	2952	698	933	909	-
$clip_206$	14	14772	5430	6865	-	-
$cm85a_209$	14	4986	2088	2225	-	-
$rd84_{-}253$	12	5960	1849	2333	-	-
dist_223	13	16624	5623	7431	-	-
$inc_237$	16	4636	1193	1667	-	-
$qft_{-}10$	10	90	23	34	30	-
urf6_160	15	75180	27524	32452	-	-
con1_216	9	415	86	118	177	-

**Table 6.** Comparison of the number of  $SW\!AP$  gates added by the output circuit on the IBM Q20

## B Experimental details of the depth of the output circuit

Circuit	qubit	CNOT	depths	$TST_{num}$	$TST_{dep}$	optm
name	no.	no.	no.	depths	depths	depths
decod24-enable_126	6	149	190	233	275	470
4mod5-v0_19	5	16	21	16	16	21
4mod5-v0_18	5	31	40	37	46	54
mod5d2_64	5	25	32	40	43	67
4gt4-v0_72	6	113	137	155	143	297
alu-v3_35	5	18	22	24	30	60
4gt4-v0_73	6	179	227	260	281	586
alu-v3_34	5	24	30	30	33	63
3_17_13	3	17	22	17	17	52
4gt4-v0_78	6	109	137	145	133	352
4gt4-v0_79	6	105	132	156	156	345
4mod7-v1_96	5	72	94	120	129	218
mod10_171	5	108	139	159	168	335
ex2_227	7	275	355	419	452	899
mod10_176	5	78	101	120	120	274
cycle10_2_110	12	2648	3386	5405	6296	7467
0410184_169	5	9	6	15	15	253
4mod5-v0_20	5	10	12	10	10	$\begin{vmatrix} 265 \\ 32 \end{vmatrix}$
sqrt8_260	12	1314	1661	2451	2790	3561
aj-e11_165	5	69	86	93	93	$\frac{3501}{250}$
alu-v1_28	5	18	22	24	30	$\begin{vmatrix} 250 \\ 70 \end{vmatrix}$
f2_232	8	525	668	786	897	$\begin{vmatrix} 1672 \end{vmatrix}$
radd_250	13	1405	1781	2563	2872	3985
4gt12-v0_86	6	116	135	200	$\frac{2672}{215}$	334
4gt12-v0_87	6	110	131	193	208	324
4gt12-v0_88	6	86	108	101	101	$\begin{vmatrix} 324 \\ 222 \end{vmatrix}$
alu-v1_29	5	17	22	29	29	$\begin{vmatrix} 222 \\ 64 \end{vmatrix}$
	7	149		$\frac{29}{233}$	$\frac{29}{251}$	491
ham7_104 C17_204	7	205	185 253	283	$\frac{251}{364}$	688
xor5_254	6	$\frac{200}{5}$	200 5	200 5	504 5	$\begin{vmatrix} 000 \\ 10 \end{vmatrix}$
hwb4_49	5	107	134	149	$\frac{5}{152}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 10 \\ 308 \end{vmatrix}$
rd73_140		107	92	173		
	10	23	30		182	185
decod24-v0_38 rd53_131	$\begin{array}{ c c c c }\hline 4 \\ 7 \end{array}$	$\frac{25}{200}$		23	$\frac{23}{317}$	61 677
	7		$\frac{261}{327}$	317		
rd53_133		256		367	397	777
rd53_135	7 10	134 98	159 75	218	$\frac{221}{176}$	331
sys6-v0_111 decod24-v2_43	4	98 22		167	22	188
hwb7_59			30	22		75
rd53_138	8	10681	13437	18742	21334	29601
	8	60	56	102	108	114
rd32-v0_66	4	16	20	16	16	51
sym9_146	12	148	127	262	313	309
4gt13-v1_93	5	30	39	30	30	102
graycode6_47	6	5	5	5	5	5
wim_266	11	427	514	706	787	1180
urf2_152	8	35210	44100	62753	70973	90299
urf2_277	8	10066	11390	18487	21460	26548
4mod5-bdd_287	7	31	41	40	49	71
ham3_102	3	11	13	11	11	28
4gt4-v0_80	6	79	101	94	94	206

Table 7. Comparison of the depth of the output circuit on the IBM  $\mathrm{Q}20$ 

Circuit	auhit	CNOT	depths	$TST_{num}$	$TST_{dep}$	optm
name	no.	no.	no.	$\begin{array}{c} ISI_{num} \\ \text{depths} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} I & I & dep \\ depths \end{array}$	depths
ex-1_166	3	9	12	9	9	28
mod5mils_65	5	16	21	16	16	52
0example	5	9	6	12	15	15
alu-v4_36	5	51	66	87	75	170
alu-v4_37	5	18	22	24	30	60
ex1_226	6	5	5	5	5	10
one-two-three-v0_98	5	65	82	98	104	234
one-two-three-v0_97	5	128	163	197	197	443
one-two-three-v3_101	5	32	40	41	44	95
rd32_270	5	36	47	45	45	76
dc1_220	11	833	1041	1511	1454	2711
rd53_130	7	448	569	715	748	1417
rd53_251	8	564	712	876	957	1767
cm42a_207	14	771	940	1317	1458	2279
rd53_311	13	124	130	202	268	300
4mod5-v1_24	5	16	21	16	16	36
mod5adder_127	6	239	$\frac{21}{302}$	302	407	817
4_49_16	5	99	$\frac{302}{125}$	159	150	320
hwb5_53	6	598	758	1021	1102	1560
ex3_229	6	175	226	205	202	462
rd84_142	15	154	110	301	328	253
4gt10-v1_81	5	66	84	108	111	210
alu-v2_32	5	72	92	117	123	215
alu-v2_32 alu-v2_31	5	198	255	324	360	650
alu-v2_31 alu-v2_30	6	$\frac{130}{223}$	285	346	358	734
sym6_145	7	1701	2187	2652	3048	5716
sf_276	6	336	435	372	492	1096
decod24-v1_41	5	38	50	50	50	120
sf_274	6	336	436	438	399	822
4gt4-v1_74	6	119	154	170	191	329
alu-v2_33	5	17	22	29	29	59
cnt3-5_180	16	215	209	392	437	482
cm152a_212	12	532	684	841	919	1423
cnt3-5_179	16	85	61	103	103	166
sym6_316	14	123	135	213	240	378
4mod5-v1_22	5	11	12	11	11	37
4mod5-v1_23	5	32	41	47	47	55
mini_alu_305	10	77	71	107	137	187
alu-v0_26	5	38	49	59	68	108
alu-bdd_288	7	38	48	50	74	112
alu-v0_27	5	17	21	23	29	63
4gt13_91	5	49	61	70	70	108
4gt5_77	5	58	74	94	94	170
4gt13_92	5	30	38	30	30	103
4gt5_76	5	46	56	67	76	171
4gt5_75	5	38	47	53	74	127
4gt12-v1_89	6	100	130	133	163	313
one-two-three-v1_99	5	59	76	95	89	194
4gt13_90	5	53	65	74	74	124
pm1_249	14	771	940	1317	1458	2279
F						

**Table 8.** Comparison of the depth of the output circuit on the IBM  $\mathrm{Q}20$ 

Circuit	qubit	CNOT	depths	$TST_{num}$	$TST_{dep}$	optm
name	no.	no.	no.	depths	depths	depths
ising_model_10	10	90	52	90	90	107
$misex1_241$	15	2100	2676	3540	4362	5326
4gt11_84	5	9	11	9	9	25
4gt11_83	5	14	16	14	14	16
$mod5d1\_63$	5	13	13	13	13	17
4gt11_82	5	18	20	21	21	25
squar5_261	13	869	1051	1526	1808	2309
$decod24-v3\_45$	5	64	84	109	109	244
rd32-v1_68	4	16	21	16	16	52
$hwb6\_56$	7	2952	3736	5046	5751	7773
mini-alu_167	5	126	162	207	207	400
one-two-three-v $2_100$	5	32	40	41	44	80
$4 \text{mod} 7 \text{-v} 0\_94$	5	72	92	96	111	270
$cm82a_208$	8	283	340	406	490	699
$mod 8-10_{-}178$	6	152	193	167	212	243
$mod 8-10_{-}177$	6	196	251	238	295	525
majority_239	7	267	344	384	396	839
$qft_{-}10$	10	90	37	159	192	135
$miller_11$	3	23	29	23	23	75
$decod24-bdd_294$	6	32	40	44	44	86
con1_216	9	415	508	673	769	1197
total	823	83416	103023	145372	164848	224731

Table 9. Comparison of the depth of the output circuit on the IBM  $\mathrm{Q}20$ 

Circuit	qubit	CNOT	depths	$TST_{num}$	$TST_{dep}$	optm
name	no.	no.	no.	depths	depths	
max46_240	10	11844	14257	22263	25479	-
rd73_252	10	2319	2867	4077	4602	_
urf4_187	11	224028	264330	388383	404448	_
sqn_258	10	4459	5458	8056	8719	_
ham15_107	15	3858	4819	7836	8925	_
sao2_257	14	16864	19563	32902	38398	-
sym9_148	10	9408	12087	15003	16704	-
urf5_280	9	23764	27822	44731	49954	-
square_root_7	15	3089	3847	5525	9539	-
urf5_159	9	71932	89148	132706	148447	-
life_238	11	9800	12511	18086	20528	-
$root_255$	13	7493	8839	13877	16598	-
$9 symml_{-}195$	11	15232	19235	28891	33190	-
sym10_262	12	28084	35572	53686	61183	-
$dc2_222$	15	4131	5242	8280	9450	-
co14_215	15	7840	8570	17074	19297	-
mlp4_245	16	8232	10328	16572	18702	-
hwb8_113	9	30372	38717	62619	79839	-
$qft_{-}16$	16	240	61	510	681	-
plus63mod4096_163	13	56329	72246	115606	129148	-
urf1_149	9	80878	99586	148531	166426	-
urf3_155	10	185276	229365	337802	373985	-
urf3_279	10	60380	70702	114377	130334	-
hwb9_119	10	90955	116199	159793	181048	-
plus63mod8192_164	14	81865	105142	165931	190486	-
sym9_193	11	15232	19235	28378	31786	-
ising_model_13	13	120	46	120	120	-
urf1_278	9	26692	30955	50722	57343	-
ising_model_16	16	150	57	150	150	-
ground_state_estimation_10	13	154209	217236	189222	222867	-
adr4_197	13	1498	1839	3046	3508	-
clip_206	14	14772	17879	31062	35367	-
cm85a_209	14	4986	6374	11250	11661	-
rd84_253	12	5960	7261	11507	12959	-
dist_223	13	16624	19694	33493	38917	-
inc_237	16	4636	5864	8215	9637	-
urf6_160	15	75180	93645	157752	172536	-

Table 10. Comparison of the depth of the output circuit on the IBM  $\,\mathrm{Q}20$