Practice Exercises: Array Functions

Instructions:

Download the Arrays.mat file and save it in your current MATLAB directory. At the command prompt, type >> load Arrays. Look in your workspace window. You should see a 1-d array called *vector* (1x12), and a 2-d array called *matrix* (10x5).

Don't change the values in vector or matrix. If you do inadvertently change them, just re-run the command >> load Arrays to recover the original arrays.

Problem 1: Useful Array Functions (max, min, and sum)

This problem refers to the arrays *vector* and *matrix*, loaded from the Arrays.mat file. Again, don't overwrite the values in the arrays *vector* and *matrix*. If you do, re-load Arrays.mat.

Execute the following commands first so you know what *vector* and *matrix* look like.

- >> vector
- >> matrix
- (a) What does the command: Max = max(vector) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (b) What does the command: [Max Loc] = max(vector) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (c) What does the command: Max = max(matrix) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (d) What does the command: [Max Loc] = max(matrix) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (e) What does the command: Max = max(matrix,[],2) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (f) What does the command: Max = max(max(matrix)) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.

- (g) What does the command: Total = sum(vector) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (h) What does the command: Total = sum(vector(4:10)) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (i) What does the command: Total = sum(matrix) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (j) What does the command: Total = sum(matrix, 2) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (k) What does the command: Total = sum(sum(matrix)) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.
- (l) What does the command: Total = sum(matrix(3:6,4)) do? Show the result and explain the result in words.

Problem 2: Arrays, Relational Operators, and Useful functions (sum and find)

This problem refers to the array *vector* loaded from the Arrays.mat file. Again, don't overwrite the values in the array *vector*. If you do, re-load Arrays.mat. For each of these commands, show the result and explain the result in words.

- (a) sum(vector > 0)
- (b) sum (vector > 0 & vector < 2)
- (c) sum(vector(1:6) == 4)
- (d) location = find(vector ==0)
- (e) location = find(vector > 0 & vector < 4)</pre>
- (f) location = find(vector == -4); vector(location) = 173