

**RUHR-UNIVERSITÄT** BOCHUM

# Bridging the Gap: Secure and lossless conversion of XML data structures to the JSON format

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hg i Lehrstuhl für : Netz- und Datensicherheit

- 1 Quick Recap
- 2 Progress report
- 3 The curious case of the > character
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#### Last time we learned that...



- Based on my current conversion critera, *no existing solution* allows lossless XML→JSON→XML roundtrips...
- ...but I found a promising candidate named **JsonML** 
  - Handles most stuff correctly
  - Resulting JSON is not very friendly because it uses Arrays almost for everything
  - Multiple implementations exist



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# Progress made in the last two weeks Complex tests

- Most of my existing tests concentrate on small, isolated conversion problems
- Now I added some "real-world" examples
  - The official sample documents for RSS version 0.91, 0.92 and 2.0
  - The XML 1.0 specification as XML and XHTML
  - Two SVG images from the W3 SVG Web toolkit (one of them has embedded JavaScript)
  - The resulting XML of an API call to the MusicBrainz.org Web Service v2
  - The ODF v1.0 (Second Edition) specification in Flat OpenDocument Text format (\*.fodt)



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### Progress made in the last two weeks

Character support tests

#### Added a bunch of character support tests

```
\$ ls -l code/test-documents/charsupport/
total 1048
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                      258 May 25 16:03 chars-u000009-u00000D.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                       1374 May 25 00:19 chars-u000020-u00007E.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                      304 May 25 00:19 chars-u00007F-u000084.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                      609 May 25 00:19 chars-u000080-u00009F.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 ian ian
                       565 May 25 00:19 chars-u000086-u00009F.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan 982708 May 25 00:19 chars-u0000A0-u00D7FF.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                       802 May 25 00:19 chars-u00FDD0-u00FDEF.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                       267 May 25 00:19 chars-u01FFFE-u01FFFF.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                       267 May 25 00:19 chars-u02FFFE-u02FFFF.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                       267 May 25 00:19 chars-u03FFFE-u03FFFF.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                       267 May 25 00:19 chars-u04FFFE-u04FFFF.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                       267 May 25 00:19 chars-u05FFFE-u05FFFF.xml.testcase
[...]
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan 267 May 25 00:19 chars-u0FFFFE-u0FFFFF.xml.testcase
-rw-r--r-- 1 jan jan
                       271 May 25 00:19 chars-u10FFFE-u10FFFF.xml.testcase
```

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# The curious case of the > character Escaping

- Want a < char in a text node (not CDATA)? Escape it!  $\Rightarrow$  <
- What about >?
  - Escaping it to > is not necessary...
  - ... except "when it appears in the string ']]>' in content, when that string is not marking the end of a CDATA section." (XML 1.0, Section 2.4).



#### The curious case of the > character

Why does this matter?

- Two JavaScript-based converters failed this test:
  - JsonML
  - JXON
- Both are using DOMParser for XML, which part of the Browser-only Web API
  - JXON is using the xmldom Node.js implementation
  - JsonML is browser-only, so I added xmldom support using monkey patch for easier testing on the CLI



#### The curious case of the > character

JsonML-xmldom glue

```
/* Create fake browser context by using methods from xmldom module */
const ctx = {
    "DOMParser": xmldom.DOMParser,
    "document": (new xmldom.DOMParser()).parseFromString("<x/>", "text/xml"),
    "window": {
        "DOMParser": xmldom.DOMParser,
        "XMLSerializer": xmldom.XMLSerializer.
   7.
};
/* Run code in fake browser context */
let filename = require.resolve("jsonml-tools/jsonml-xml.js")
let code = fs.readFileSync(filename, "utf-8");
vm.runInNewContext(code, ctx);
```

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#### The curious case of the > character

Investigating the problem

- Both xmldom-using converters fail. Coincidence?
- Found out that there was a regression in xmldom...
- ... so xmldom was the cause of the problem.
- A commit from 2012 (!) broke this behaviour
- There was a unittest, but the commit broke that too
- ⇒ I wrote a patch to make xmldom great again



#### The curious case of the > character

Patching xmldom

```
diff --git a/dom.js b/dom.js
@@ -1053,7 +1053,7 @@ function serializeToString(node,buf,isHTML,nodeFilter,

→ visibleNamespaces) {
  case TEXT NODE:
     return buf.push(node.data.replace(/[<\&]/g,_xmlEncoder));
     return buf.push(node.data.replace(/[<\&]/g,_xmlEncoder).replace(/\]\]>/g,']]'+

    xmlEncoder('>')));
diff --git a/test/dom/serializer.js b/test/dom/serializer.js
@@ -5,7 +5,7 @@ wows.describe('XML Serializer').addBatch({
   'text node containing "]]>"': function() {
    var doc = new DOMParser().parseFromString('<test/>', 'text/xml');
    doc.documentElement.appendChild(doc.createTextNode('hello ]]> there'));
    console.assert(doc.documentElement.firstChild.toString() == 'hello ]]> there',doc.

    documentElement.firstChild.toString());
    console.assert(doc.documentElement.firstChild.toString() == 'hello ]]\> there',doc
     },
```

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## **Next Steps**



- Continue writing
- **???**
- Profit!

#### Thanks!



# **Questions?**

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