

ASSIGNMENT 9

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1 DMC Problem 22.2

- i) If yes, the statement within the question should be yes, which contradict with the question itself.
- ii) If no, the statement within the question should be no, which also contract with the question itself.

The answer here is neither, as the question itself contains itself.

2 DMC Problem 22.9

- a) Disprove by given example: $f(6, 1) = 3 = f(2, 3)$
- b) Prove by Direct Prove:
 - i) let's set $B = 1$, and $A = 2n, n \in \mathbf{N}$
 - ii) $f(a.b) = 2n \times 1/2 = n$
 - iii) We can map every $f(a, b) \rightarrow n$
 - iv) $f(a, b)$ is not injective, it can only be surjective
- c) From part a we know that function is not injection, it cannot be bijection.

3 DMC Problem 22.25

a) Direct prove

- i) For any number in $0, 1$, we can map it into any number in natural number, and we may have a table of all possible functions (mappings) for set ζ e.g

ii)

$f(0) \ f(1)$	1	2	3	...
1	$(1, 1) \rightarrow$	$(1, 2) \downarrow$	$(1, 3) \rightarrow$...
2	$(2, 1) \downarrow$	$\leftarrow (2, 2)$	$(2, 3) \uparrow$...
3	$(3, 1) \rightarrow$	$(3, 2) \rightarrow$	$(3, 3) \uparrow$...
...

- iii) We may be able to map natural number to every element in the function set by traversing through the table, so we have $|\zeta| \leq |\mathbf{N}|$

- iv) Since N is countable, ζ is countable as well

b) Direct Prove

- (a) For each element in \mathbf{N} we will have a corresponded binary function f , and the set δ contains all these functions.

(b) e.g

1) 1000000...

2) 0100000...

3) ...

- (c) Each of these binary string will have infinite length, so there are infinite number of possible binary strings in the set

- (d) From theorem 22.6, the set of all infinite binary string is not countable

- (e) δ is also not countable

4 DMC Problem 23.33(b)

i) $\overline{(1^*01^*01^*01^*01)^*}$

ii) $(1^*01^*01^*01^*0)^* \cdot (1^*01^*) \cup (1^*01^*01^*01^*0)^* \cdot (1^*01^*1^*01^*) \cup (1^*01^*01^*01^*0)^* \cdot (1^*01^*1^*01^*1^*01^*)$

5 DMC Problem 24.3(d)

- i) Binary String contains at least one "1", and the total number of "1" shouldn't be divided by 3
- ii) $(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^* \cdot (0^*10^*) \cup (0^*10^*10^*10^*)^* \cdot (0^*10^*10^*)$

6 DMC Problem 24.11(z)

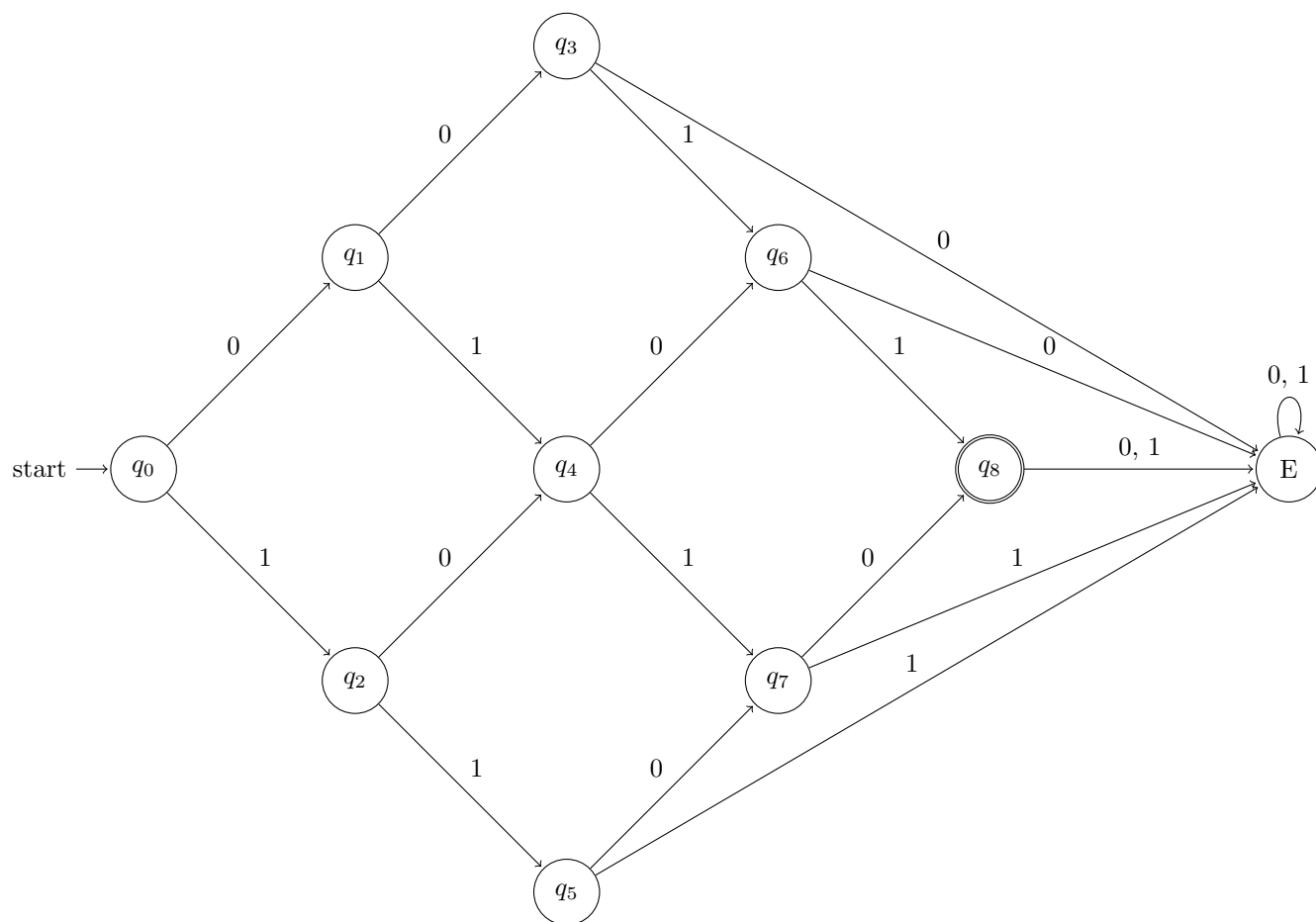


Figure 1: Strings with exactly two 0s and exactly two 1s.

7 DMC Problem 24.51(b)

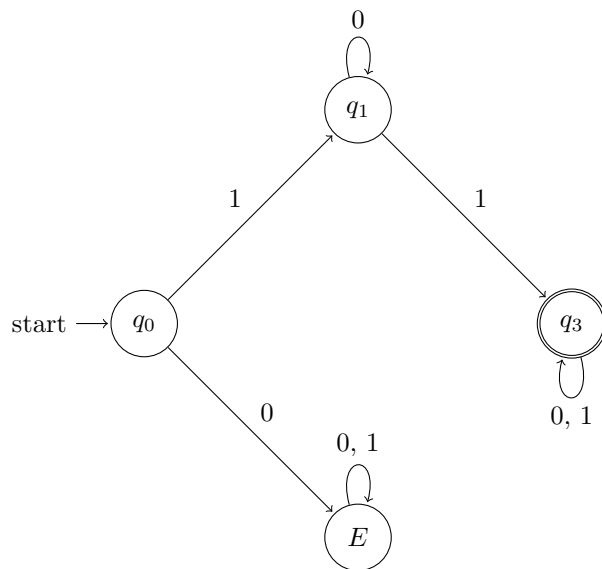


Figure 2: DFA: $1^n w \mid n \geq 1, w \text{ has } n \text{ or more } 1\text{'s}$

- 1.
2. This language cannot be built with DFA, since DFA itself has no memory. It cannot remember how many 1's has passed. We will need to have n states corresponded to each situations (of 1's we have before). While DFA has finite number of states, there will be at least two situations that our DFA will consider as the same situation if we have build the DFA.