# ASSIGNMENT 6

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- a)  $26^{5}$
- b)  $\frac{26!}{21!}$
- c)  $26^2$
- d)  $26^2 * 2$
- e)  $26^2 * 2 1$

- a)  $\frac{10!}{4!6!} = 210$
- b)  $\frac{10!}{(10-4)!} = 5040$
- c)  $\binom{14-1}{10-1} = \frac{13!}{9!4!} = 715$
- d)  $10^4$

- a)  $\binom{10-1}{4-1} = 84$
- b)  $\binom{10+4-1}{4-1} = 286$
- c)  $\binom{12+4-1}{4-1} = 455$

#### 4 Problem 13.51(a)

- 1. The number of all possible combination of 20-bit binary string is  $2^{20}$
- 2. Set Q(n) as the number of 20-bit binary string does not contain "00"
- 3. Base case:
  - (a) Q(0) = 0
  - (b) Q(1) = 2
  - (c) Q(2) = 3
  - (d) Q(3) = 5
- 4. For  $n \geq 4$ , we have two cases:
  - (a) String start from "1" So we have "1" +Q(n-1)
  - (b) String start from "0" The second digit must be "1" So we have "01" +Q(n-2)
- 5. In conclusion,

$$Q(n) = Q(n-1) + Q(n-2)$$
(1)

- 6. The result will then be  $2^{20} Q(20)$ , Q(20) = 17711
- 7.

 $a=2x,\,b=\sqrt{x},\,n=10$ 

$${10 \choose k} (2x)^k (\sqrt{x})^{10-k} = {10 \choose k} 2^k x^k x^{5+\frac{k}{2}}$$

$$= {10 \choose k} 2^k x^{5+\frac{k}{2}}$$
(2)

 $x^3$  5 +  $\frac{k}{2}$  = 3, k = -4, coefficient is 0 (section not exist)

 $x^4$  5 +  $\frac{k}{2}$  = 4, k = -2, coefficient is 0 (section not exist)

 $x^5$   $5+\frac{k}{2}=5,$  k=0,  $\binom{10}{0}2^0x^5=x^5,$  the coefficient is 1

 $x^6$  5 +  $\frac{k}{2}$  = 6, k = 2,  $\binom{10}{2} 2^2 x^6$  = 180 $x^6$ , the coefficient is 180

 $x^7$  5 +  $\frac{k}{2}$  = 7, k = 4,  $\binom{10}{4}2^4x^7$  = 3360 $x^5$ , the coefficient is 3360

- a)  $\binom{10+4-1}{4-1} = \frac{13!}{10!3!} = 286$
- b)  $\frac{15!}{5!5!5!}$
- c)  $\binom{10+10-1}{10-1}$
- d)  $\frac{9!}{3!3!3!}$

- a)  $\binom{10}{6} + \binom{10}{7} + \binom{10}{8} + \binom{10}{9} + \binom{10}{10}$
- b)  $2^5 + 2^4 * 5$
- c)  $2^5 + 2^4 * 5$
- d)  $(2^5 + 2^4 * 5) * 2 2$