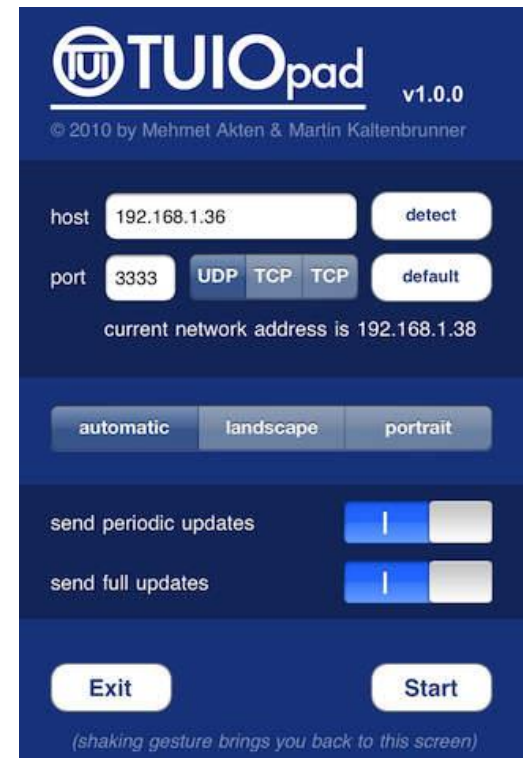


# Sample Project tutorial

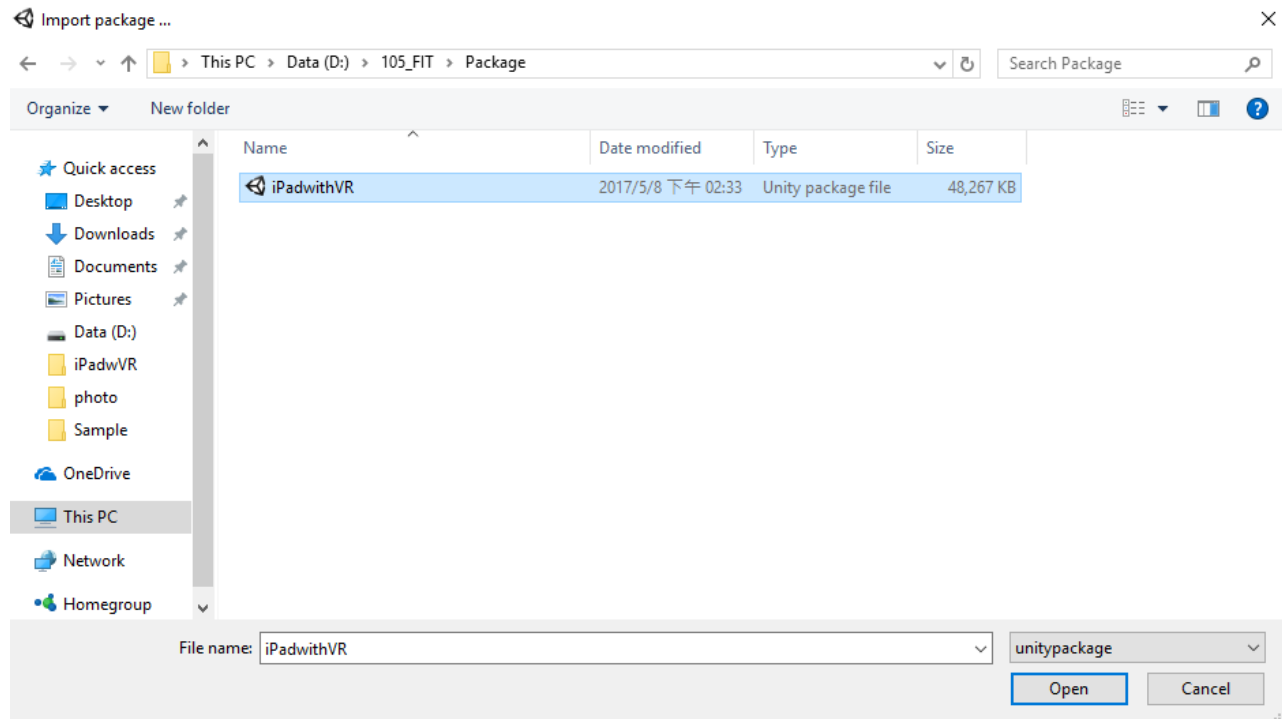
# iPad in VR

1. Attach the controller to the iPad with the magnet mechanism.
2. Open the TUIOpad App and setup the PC's IP and port for OSC Connection.



# iPad in VR

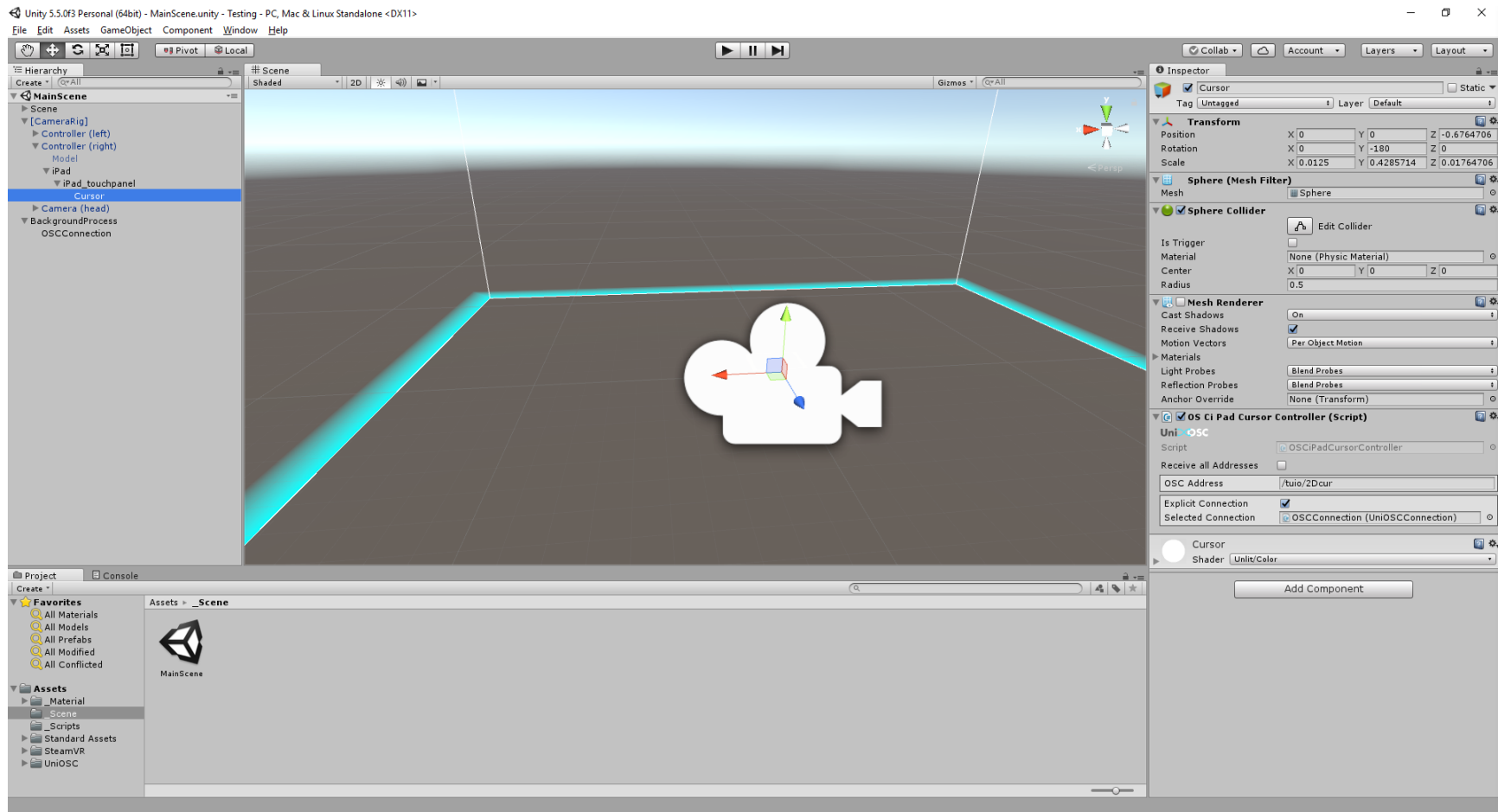
Import the “iPadwithVR” package to Unity



# iPad in VR

Open the MainScene in the “\_Scene” folder.

The iPad is tracked by the Controller, and the touch point is updated by OSC Connection data.

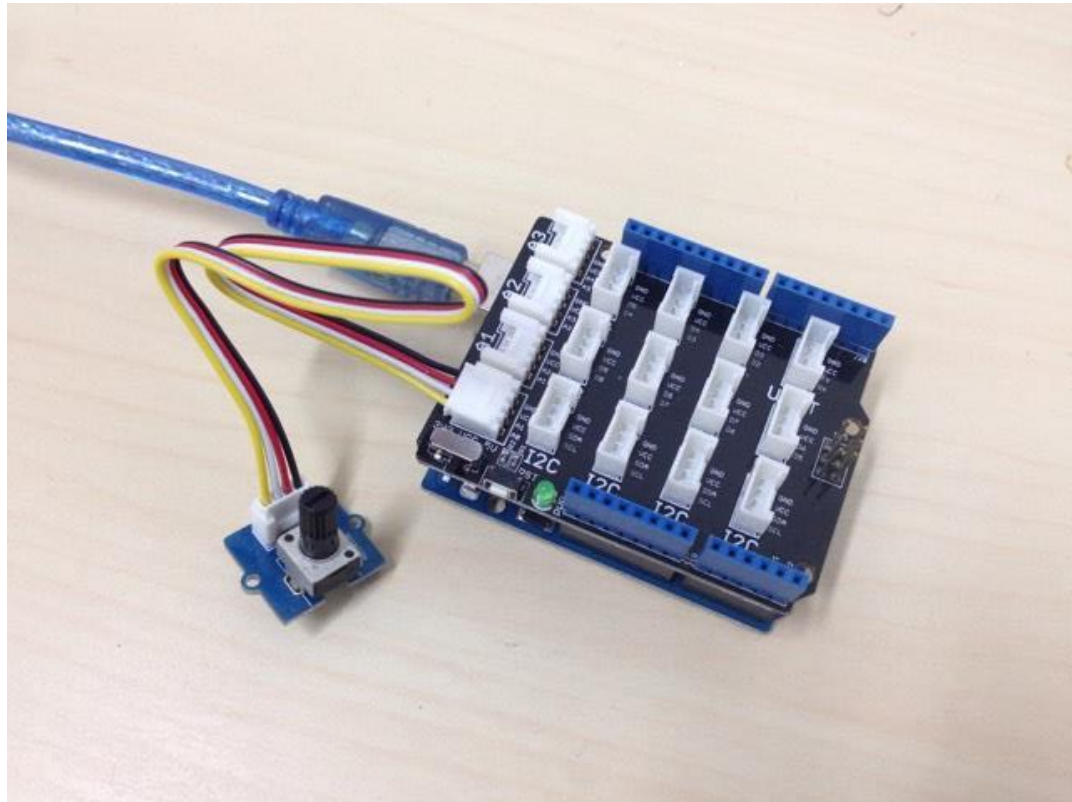


# Unity and Arduino (Serial Port)

Connect the knob to Arduino A0 .

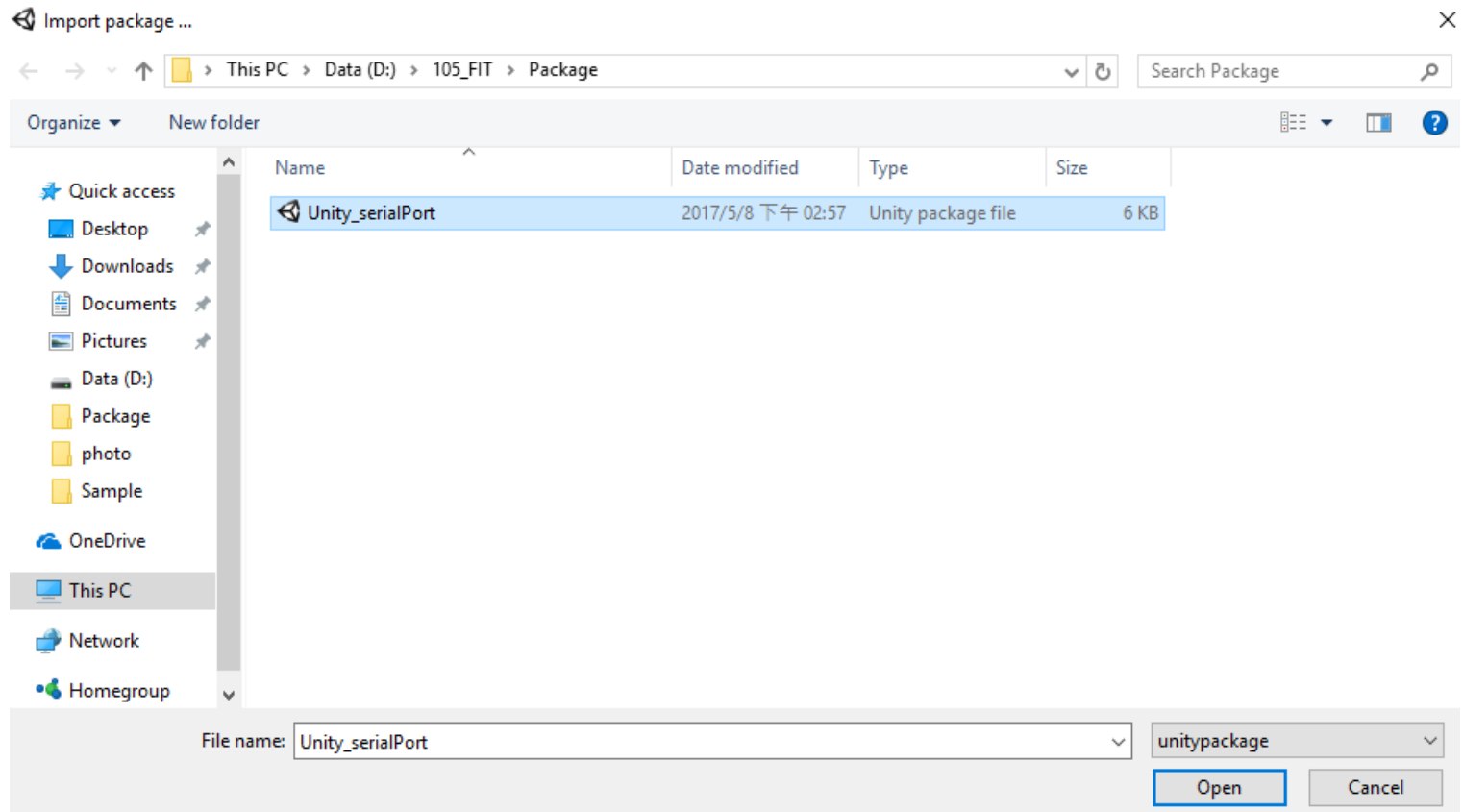
Connect the Arduino via Serial Port to Computer.

Upload the “serialport\_arduino.ino” code to Arduino.



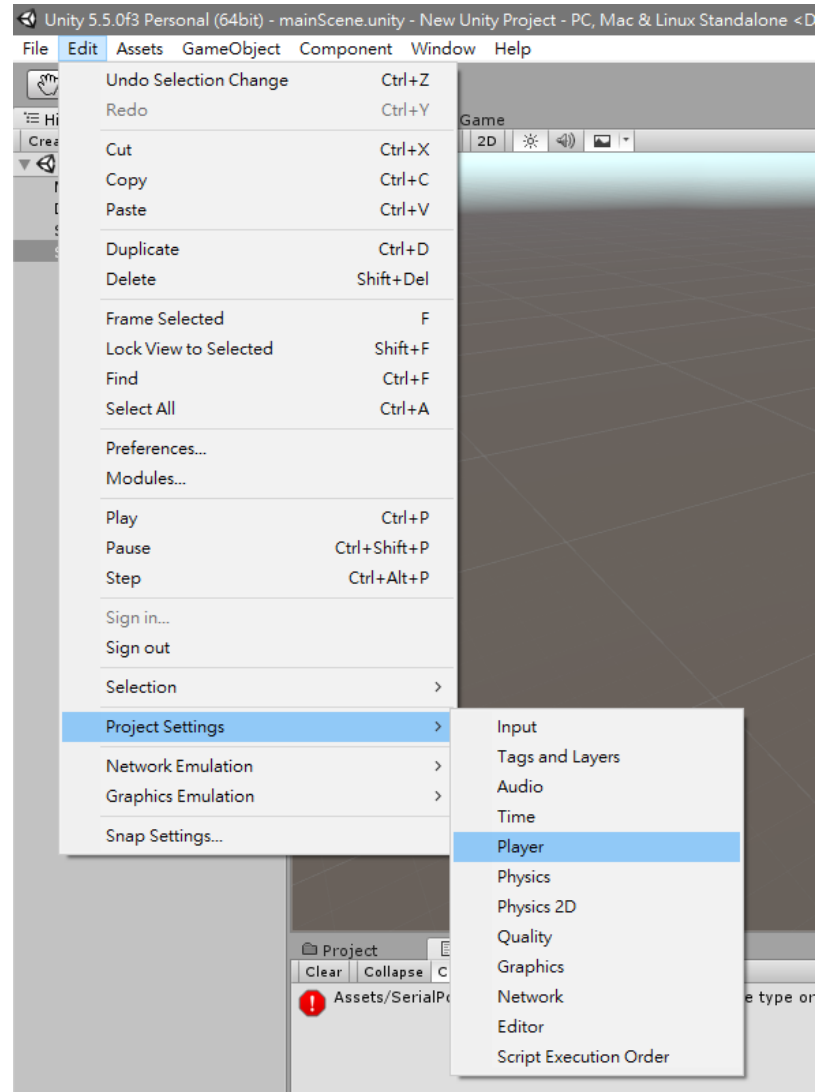
# Unity and Arduino (Serial Port)

Import the “Unity\_serialPort” package to Unity



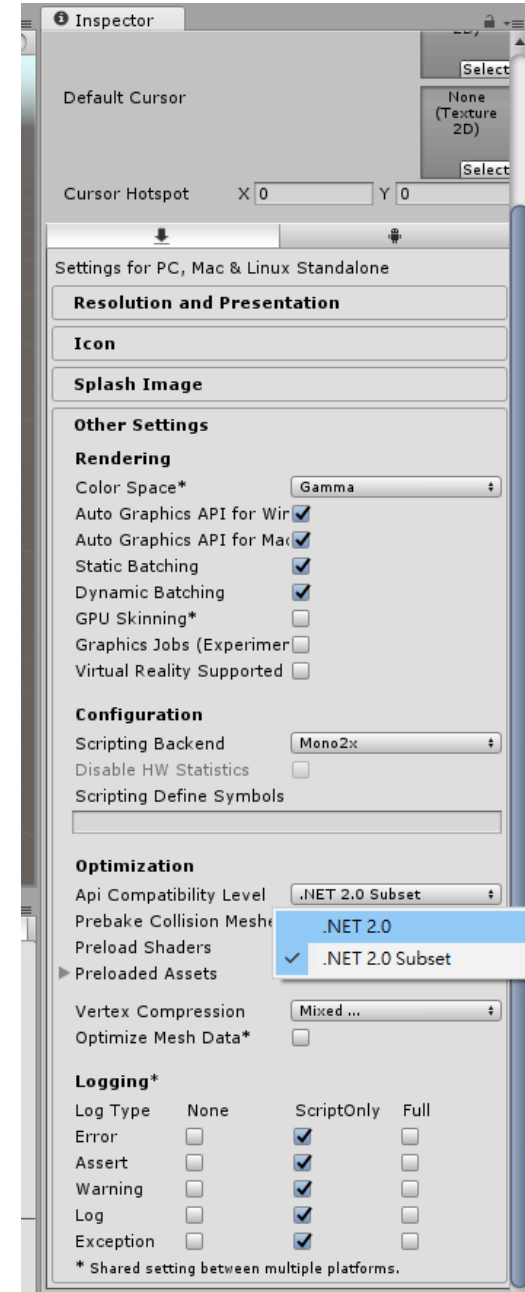
# Unity and Arduino (Serial Port)

Edit -> Project Settings -> Player



# Unity and Arduino (Serial Port)

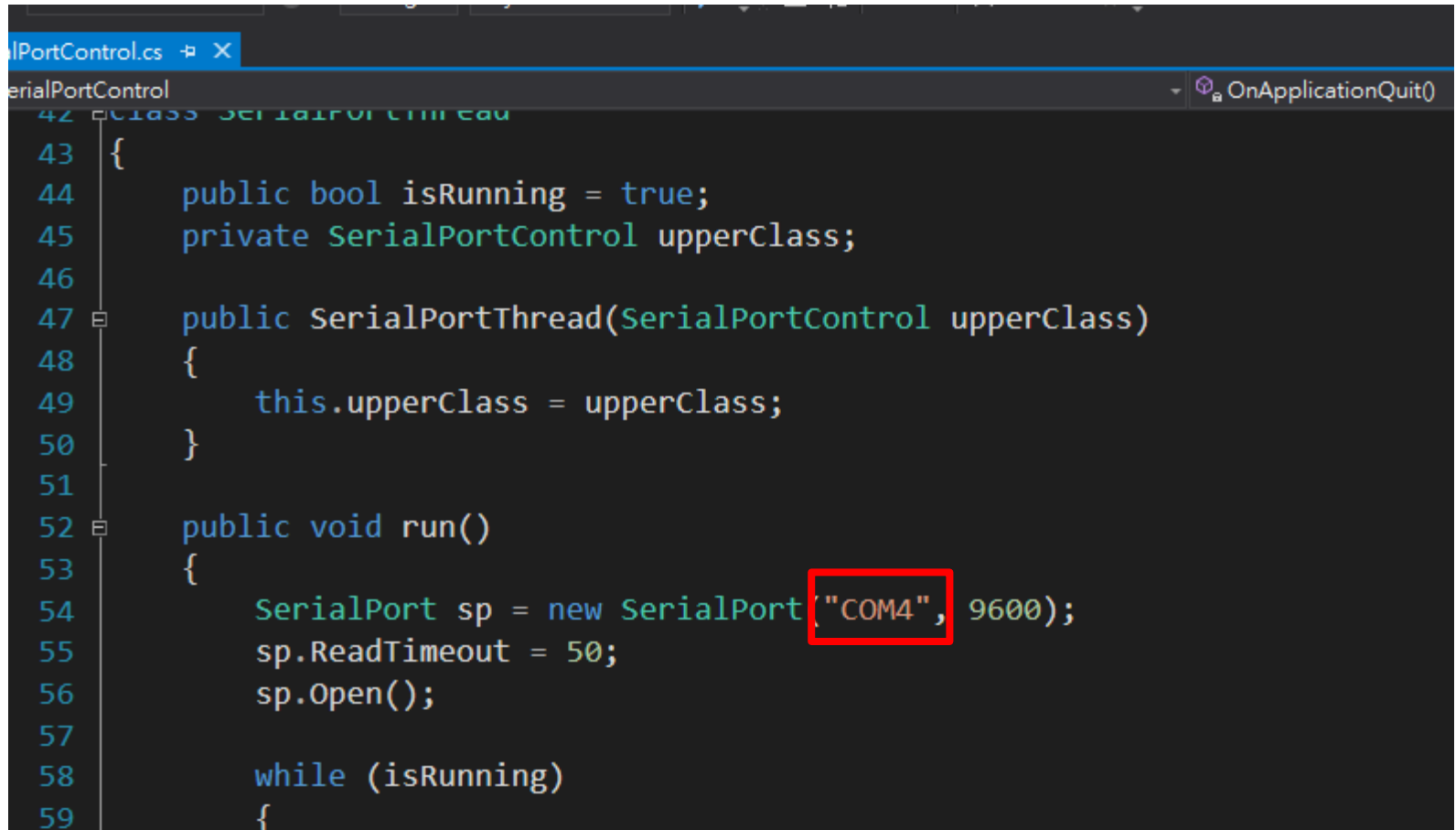
Select “Api Compatibility level” to “.NET 2.0”





# Unity and Arduino (Serial Port)

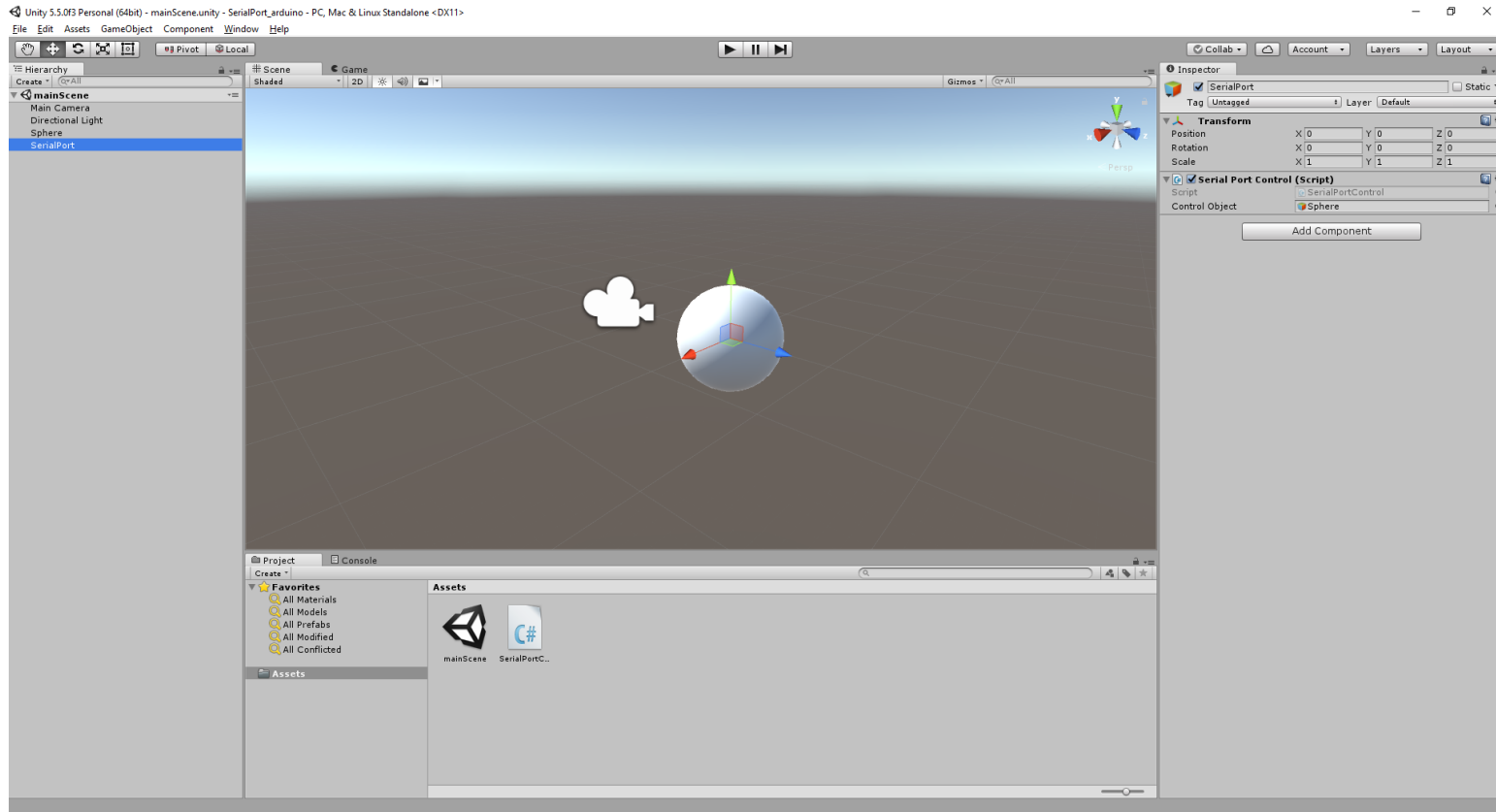
Remember to change the Serial Port name in the “SerialPortControl.cs” script.



```
SerialPortControl.cs
SerialPortControl
42 class SerialPortThread
43 {
44     public bool isRunning = true;
45     private SerialPortControl upperClass;
46
47     public SerialPortThread(SerialPortControl upperClass)
48     {
49         this.upperClass = upperClass;
50     }
51
52     public void run()
53     {
54         SerialPort sp = new SerialPort("COM4", 9600);
55         sp.ReadTimeout = 50;
56         sp.Open();
57
58         while (isRunning)
59         {
```

# Unity and Arduino (Serial Port)

The Sphere can be control by the knob on the Arduino(A0)

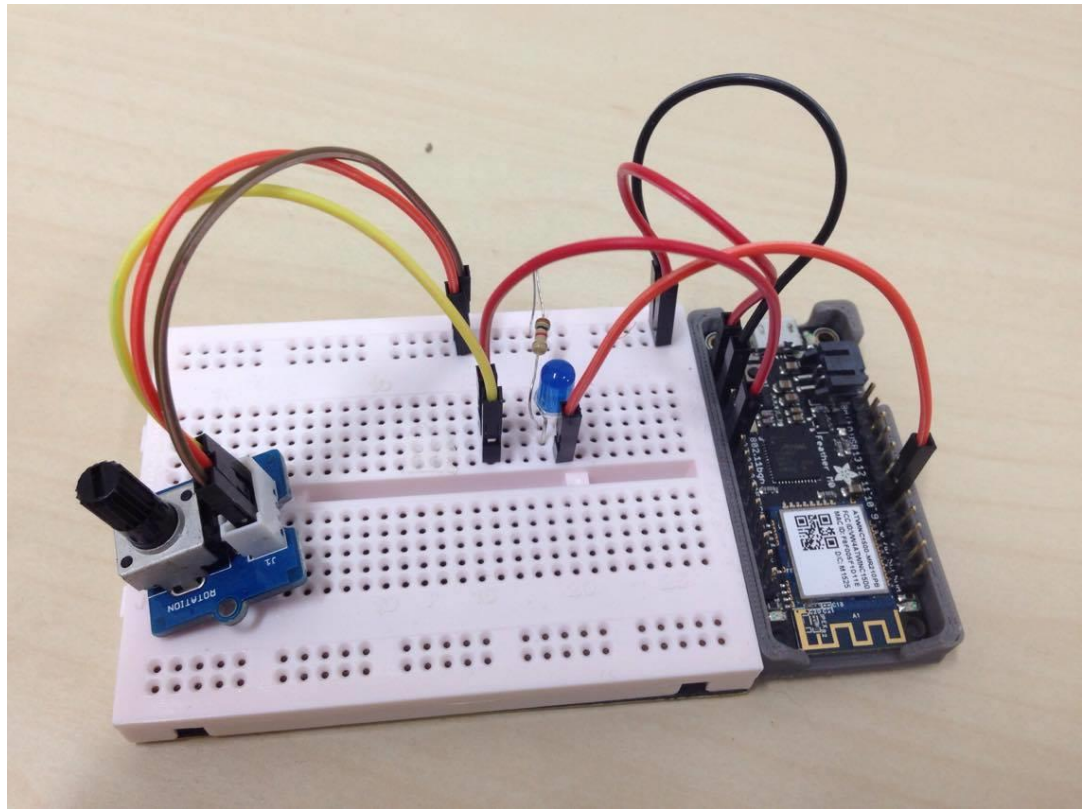


# Unity and wireless Arduino

Connect the knob to Arduino A2, and LED to pin10 .

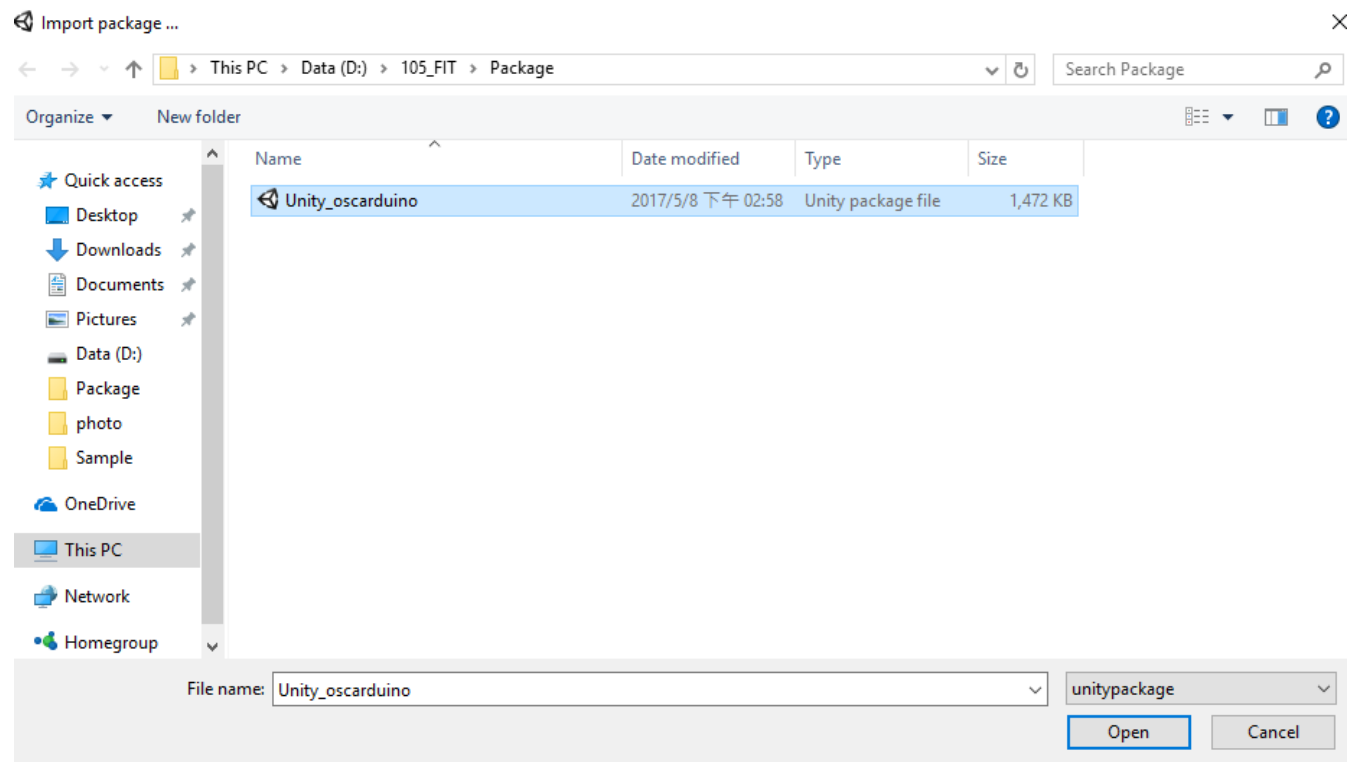
Connect the Arduino via Serial Port to Computer.

Upload the “arduino\_osc.ino” code to Arduino.



# Unity and wireless Arduino

Import the “Unity\_oscarduino” package to Unity



# Unity and wireless Arduino

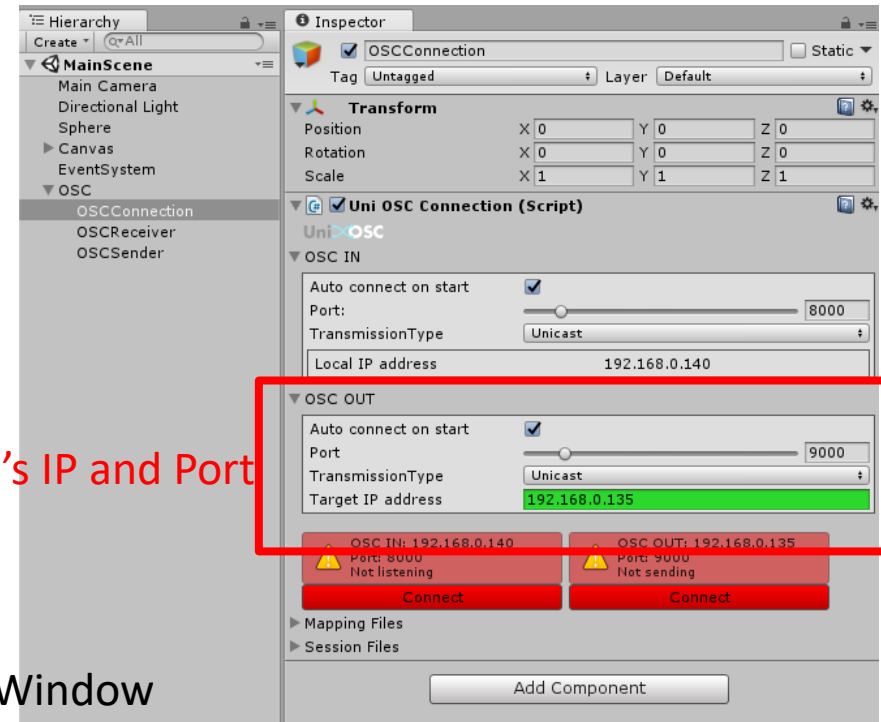
Remember to change the IP Address and Port both in Arduino and Unity.

```
//IP setup
```

```
IPAddress sendToUnityPC_Ip(192, 168, 0, 174); // UnityPC's IP
unsigned int sendToUnityPC_Port = 8000; // UnityPC's listening port
unsigned int listenPort = 9000; // local port to listen on
```

```
char packetBuffer[255]; //buffer to hold incoming packet
char ReplyBuffer[] = "acknowledged"; // a string to send back
WiFiUDP Udp_send;
WiFiUDP Udp_listen;
```

Unity IP and Port  
Local Port to listen on

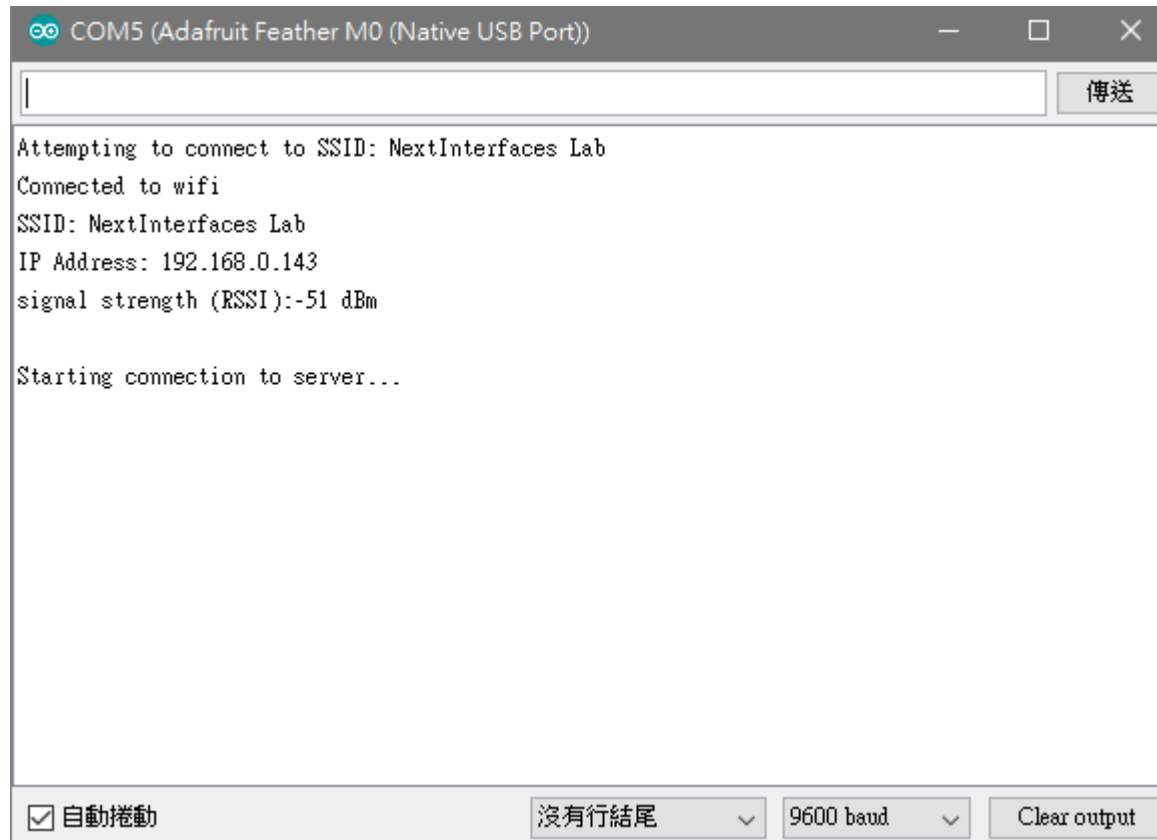


Arduino's IP and Port

You can check up Arduino's IP via the Serial Port Window

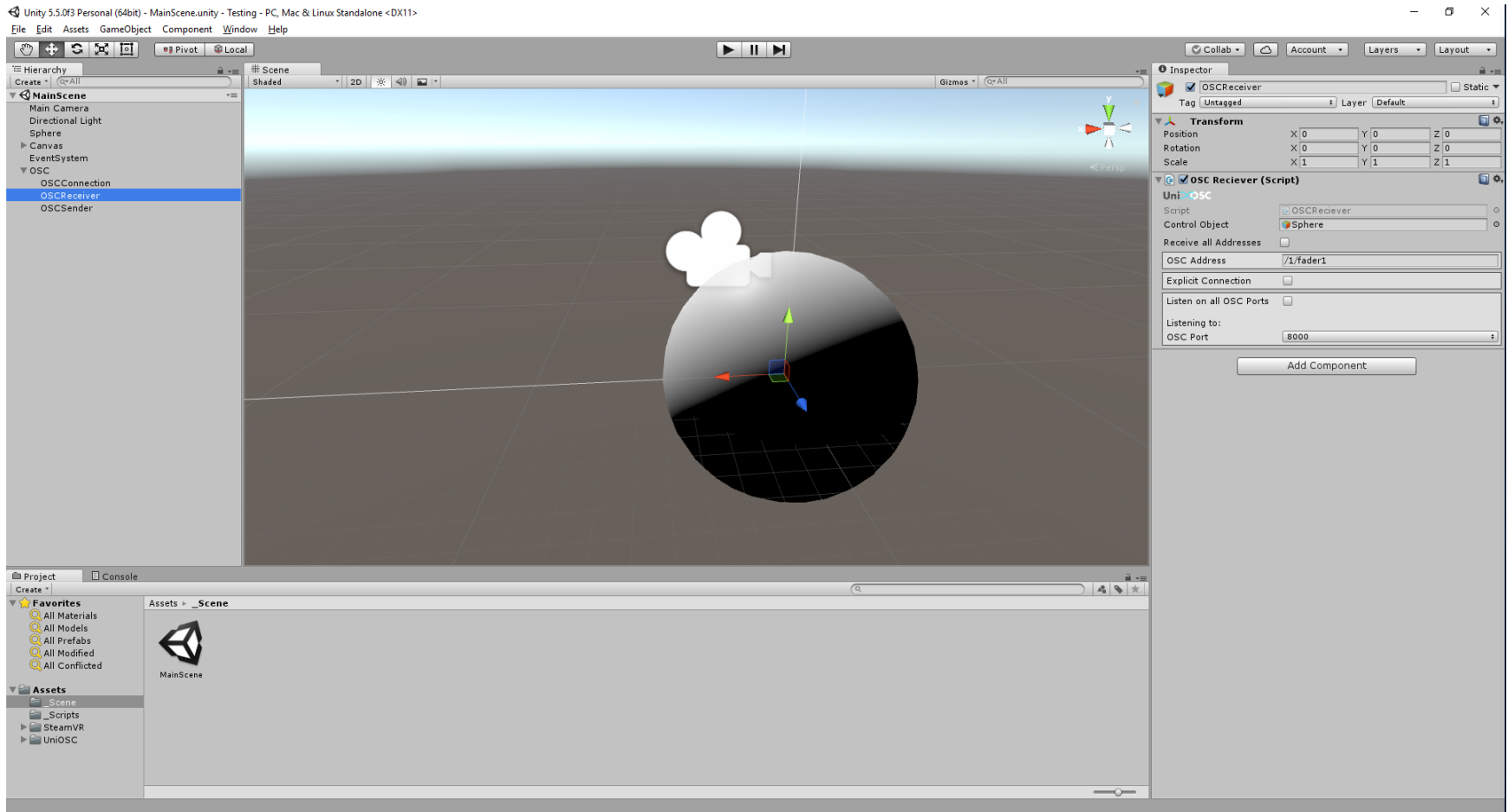
# Unity and wireless Arduino

You can check up Arduino's IP via the Serial Port Window



# Unity and wireless Arduino

The Sphere can be control by the knob on the arduino(A2)  
And the Slider on Unity can control the arduino led's lightness.



# Unity and wireless Arduino

The Arduino can run wireless after you modify the code and connect it to the battery.

```
void setup() {  
  //Configure pins for Adafruit ATWINC1500 Feather  
  WiFi.setPins(8,7,4,2);  
  //Initialize serial and wait for port to open:  
  Serial.begin(9600);  
  while (!Serial) {  
    ; // wait for serial port to connect. Needed for native USB port only  
  }  
  // check for the presence of the shield:  
  if (WiFi.status() == WL_NO_SHIELD) {  
    Serial.println("WiFi shield not present");  
    // don't continue:  
    while (true);  
  }  
  // attempt to connect to Wifi network:  
  while ( status != WL_CONNECTED) {  
    Serial.print("Attempting to connect to SSID: ");  
    Serial.println(ssid);  
    // Connect to WPA/WPA2 network. Change this line if using open or WEP network:  
    status = WiFi.begin(ssid, pass);  
    // wait 10 seconds for connection:  
    delay(10000);  
  }  
  Serial.println("Connected to wifi");
```

Delete it!