

中国国际大数据大会

China International Big Data Summit

资料汇编

(仅供内部交流,请勿外传)





Big Data Big Decision

Ning Wang, PhD
Oxford Internet Institute
University of Oxford
www.oii.ox.ac.uk

"To be or not to be, that is the question." - William Shakespeare



Decision Dilemma

US is preparing for a outbreak of an unusual disease, which is expected to kill 600 people:

Choice1

A: 200 will be saved

B: 1/3 probability 600 saved,

2/3 no one saved.

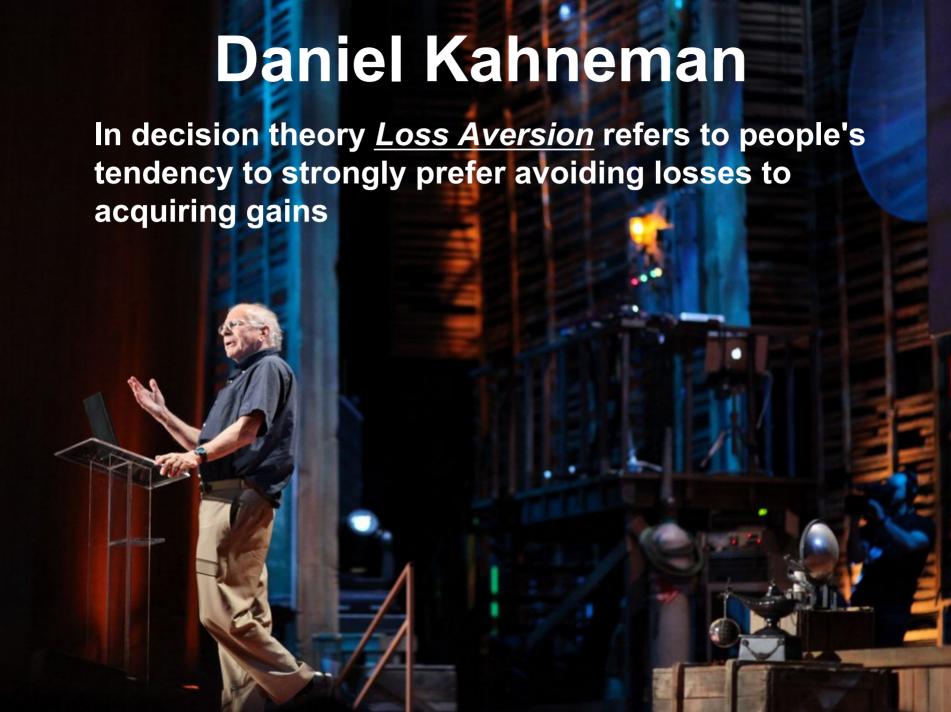
Choise2

C: 400 will die

D: 1/3 probability 600 saved,

2/3 no one saved.





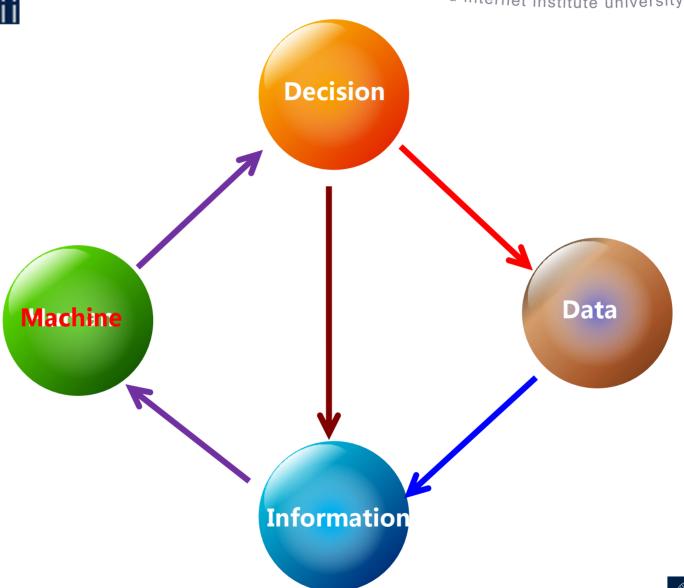
6 ¹684409012249534301465495′ 0 `03137838752886587 **5956286388235378759375 278865936153381827968230** 73192° **829533116861727855889**0 **2162056966024058038**1 **7216412199245**)87202755960**2364806**/

Scarcity vs Limitless







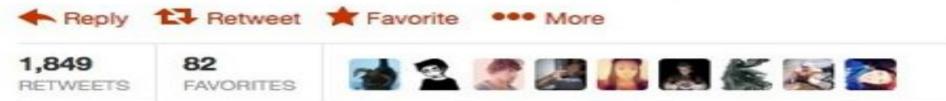








Breaking: Two Explosions in the White House and Barack Obama is injured



1:07 PM - 23 Apr 13

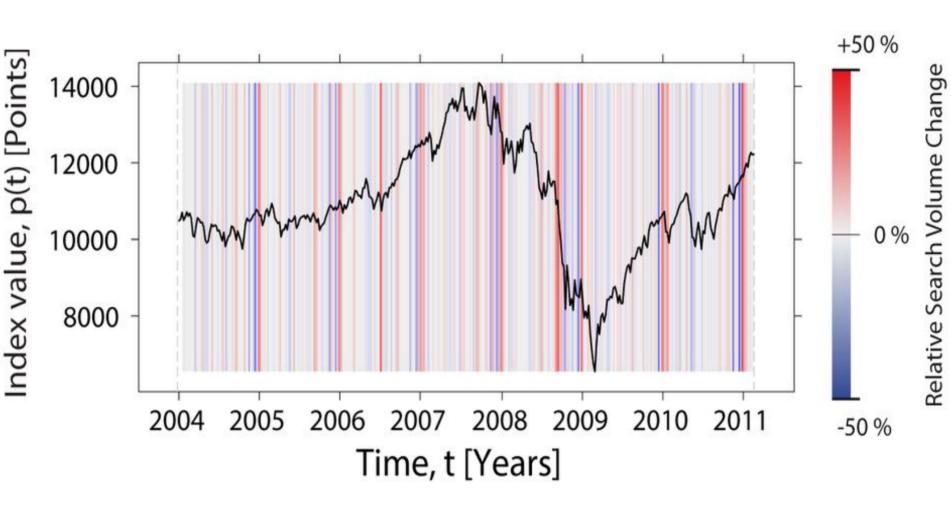


Source: FactSet





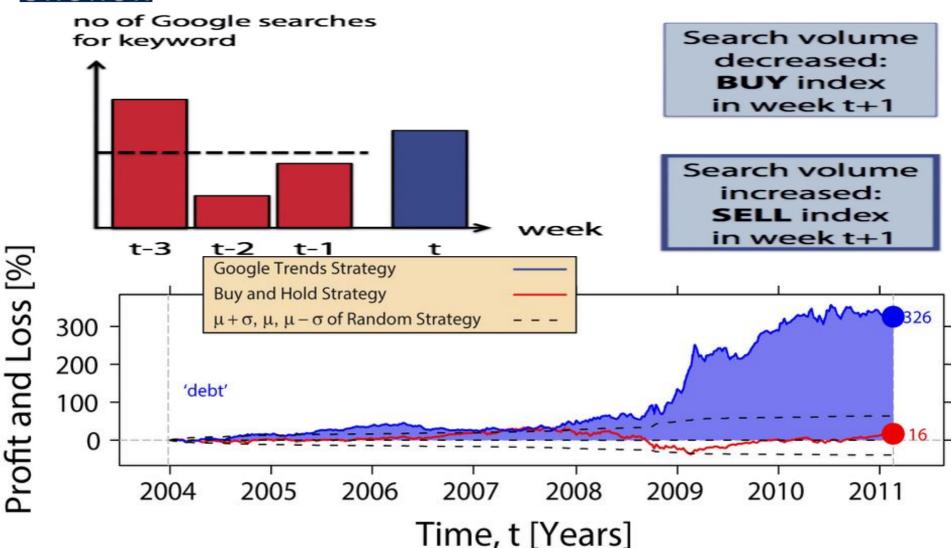
oiioiioii Google Trend Trading Strategy





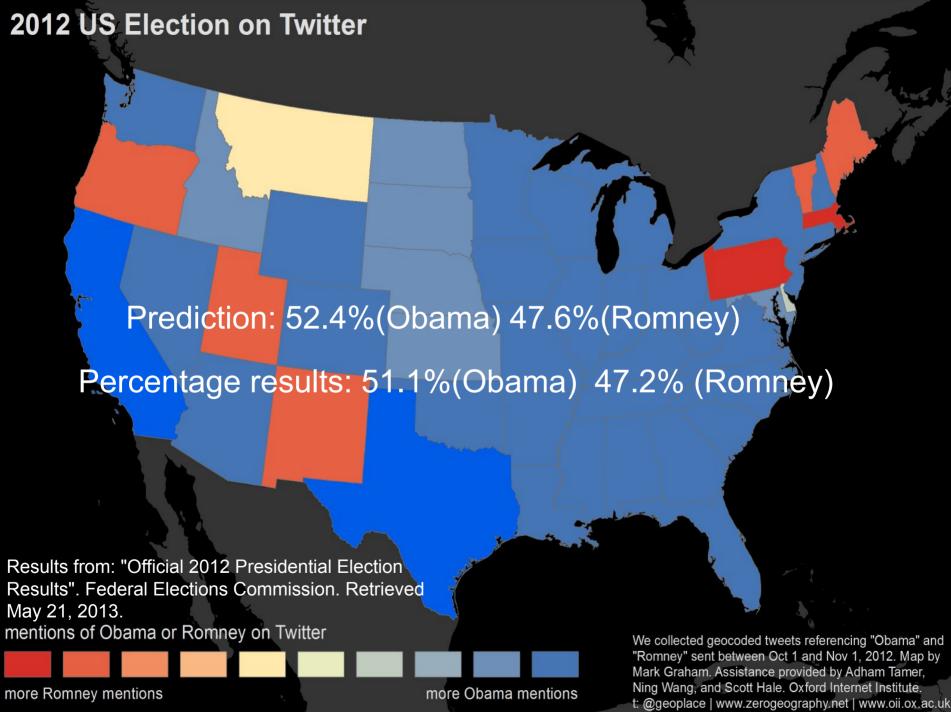


oiioiioii based on Keyworckford Debtitute university of exfordoiioiioii



Source: Preis, T., Moat, H. S., & Stanley, H. E. (2013). Quantifying Trading Behavior in Financial Markets Using Google Trends. Scientific Reports, 3. doi:10.1038/srep01684







2013 Iranian Presidential Election Iranian Presidential Election

Source: Yasseri, T., & Bright, J. (2013, December 10). Can electoral popularity be predicted using socially generated big data?

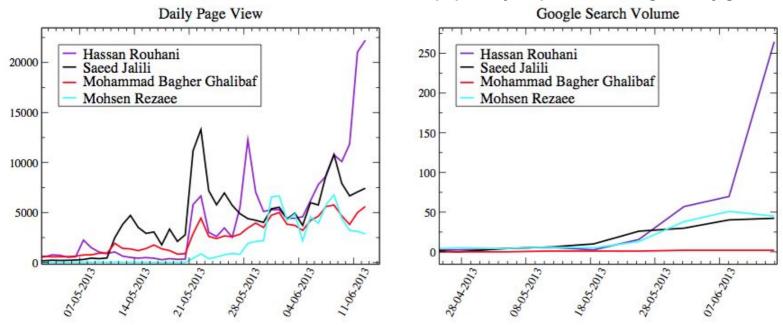


Figure 1: The time evolution of Wikipedia page views and Google search volume for the four leading candiates of Iranian presidential electin of 14 June 2013 are shown in the laft and right diagrams respectively.

Candidate	Popular Vote	Percentage
Hassan Rouhani	18,613,329	50.88
Mohammad Bagher Ghalibaf	6,077,292	16.46
Saeed Jalili	4,168,946	11.31
Mohsen Rezaee	3,884,412	10.55

Table 1: Final results of the Iranian presidential election, 14 June 2013.



oliolioii 2010 UK General Election oliolioxford internet institute university of oxfordoliolioli

Source: Yasseri, T., & Bright, J. (2013, December 10). Can electoral popularity be predicted using socially generated big data?

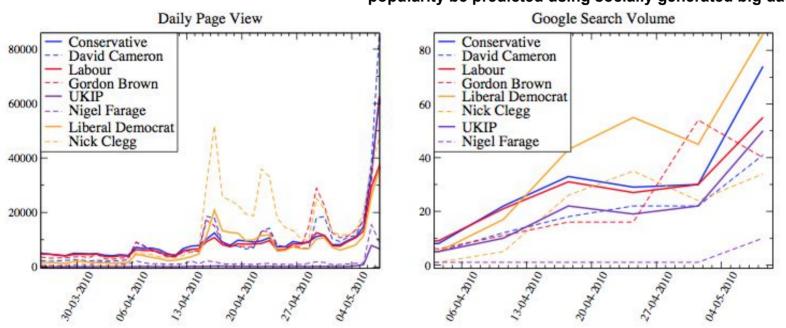


Figure 3: The time evolution of Wikipedia page views and Google search volume for the four leading parties and their leaders during the 6 May 2010 UK general election campagne are shown in the laft and right diagrams respectively.

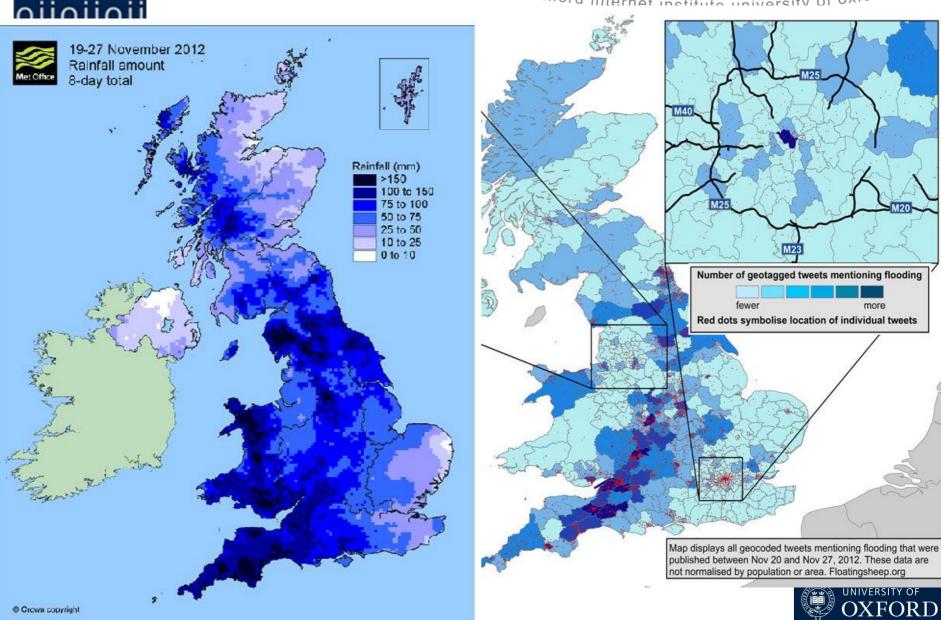
Party	Popular Vote	Percentage
Conservative	10,703,654	36.1
Labour	8,606,517	29.0
Liberal Democrat	6,836,248	23.0
UKIP	919,471	3.1

Table 3: Final results of the United Kingdom general election, 6 May 2010.

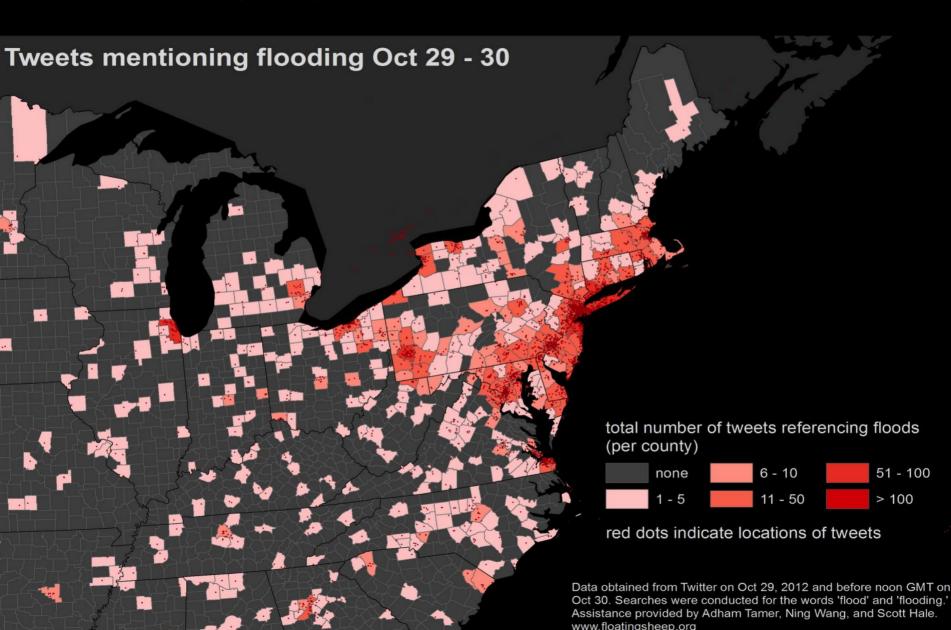


Crown copyright

oiioiioii Rainfallovsoioflood' tweets



And in New York



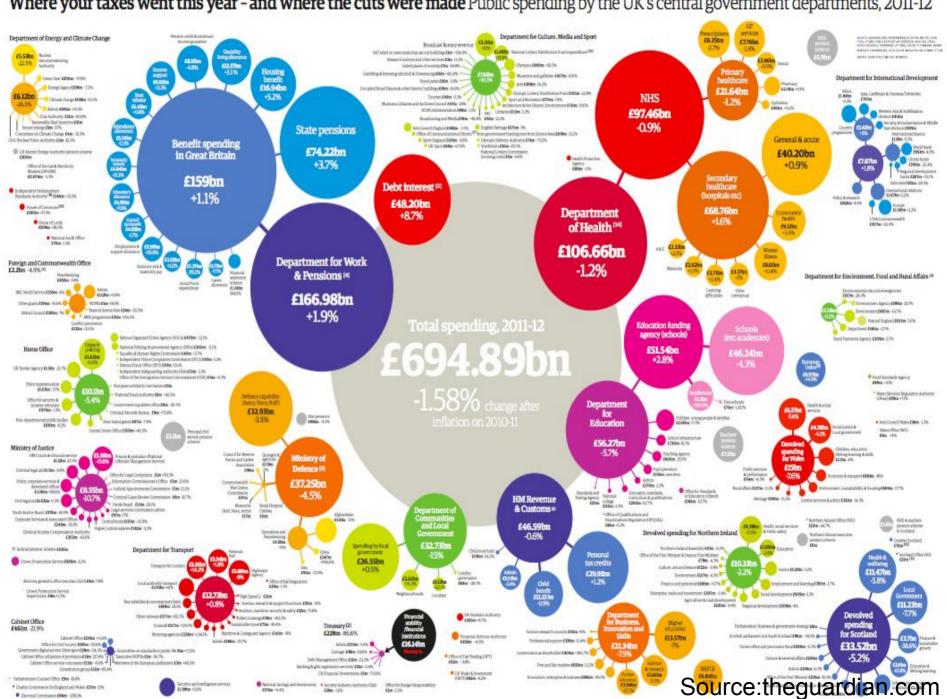
The Spatial Distribution of the Occupy Campaign

Links between cities are based on 'occupy*' hashtags co-used in the same tweets (i.e. #occupywallstreet for New York and #occupylsx for London).

Data aggregated for the period April 30 to May 30 2012.

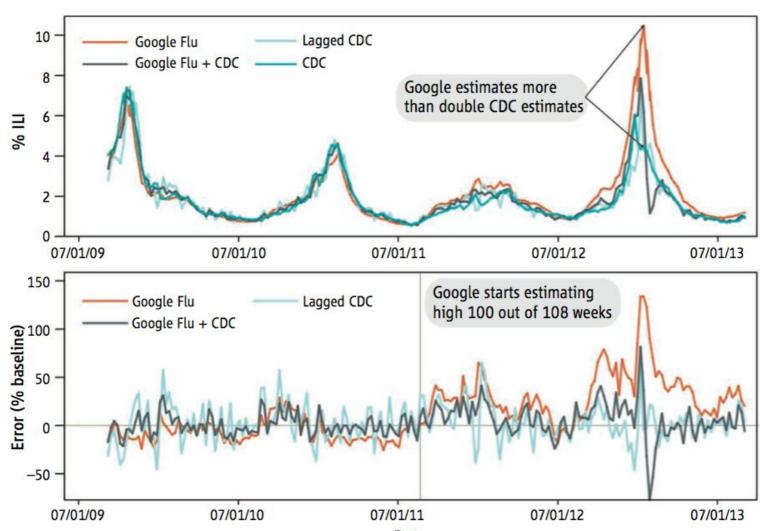


Where your taxes went this year - and where the cuts were made Public spending by the UK's central government departments, 2011-12





Data Misinterpretation



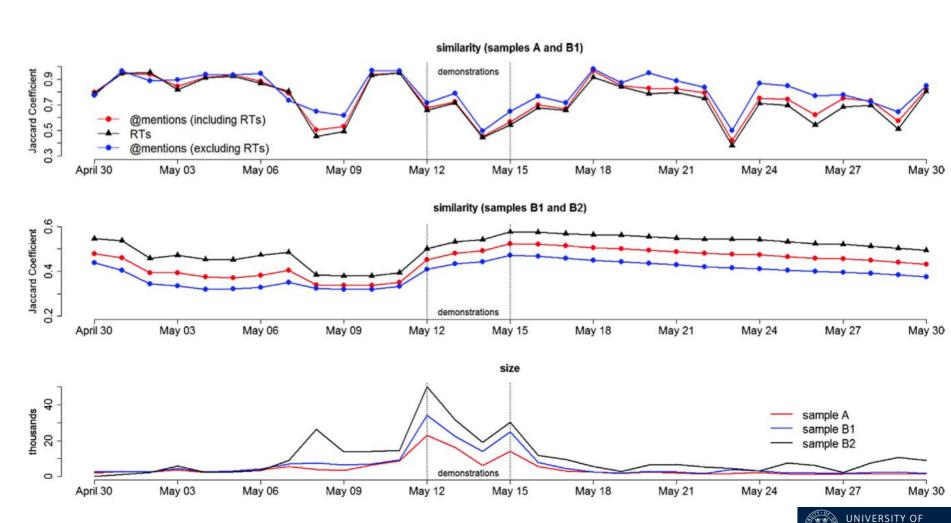
The Parable of Google Flu:Traps in Big Data Analysis, 1–3. Science (2014)





BiasinicLarge Datasets Output Description of contract institute university of exfordation of the contract institute university of exportance of the contract institute university of expo

Source: Ning Wang, et al. (2014). Assessing the bias in samples of large online networks. Social Networks. 38.



'weak human + machine + better process was superior to a strong computer alone' and, more remarkably, 'superior to a strong human + machine + inferior process.'" - Erik Brynjolfsson

