

Duke University

Project Week04

February 12, 2022

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Answer 1

Classical Brownian Motion:

$$\begin{aligned}E(P_t) &= P_0 \\ \text{Var}(P_t) &= t\sigma^2\end{aligned}$$

Arithmetic Return System:

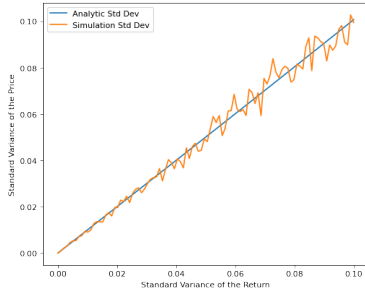
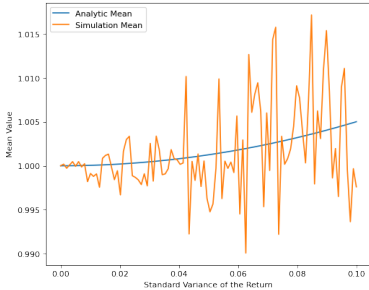
$$\begin{aligned}E(P_{t+1}) &= P_t \\ \text{Var}(P_{t+1}) &= \sigma^2 P_t\end{aligned}$$

Log Return Motion:

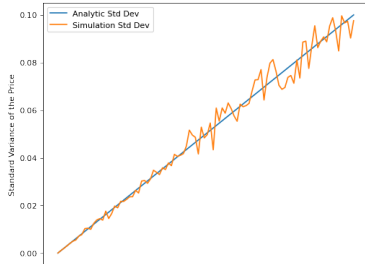
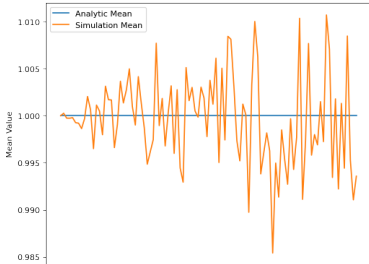
$$\begin{aligned}E(P_{t+1}) &= e^{\ln(P_t) + \sigma^2/2} \\ \text{Var}(P_{t+1}) &= (e^{\sigma^2} - 1)e^{2\ln(P_t) + \sigma^2}\end{aligned}$$

Answer 1

Classical Brownian Motion

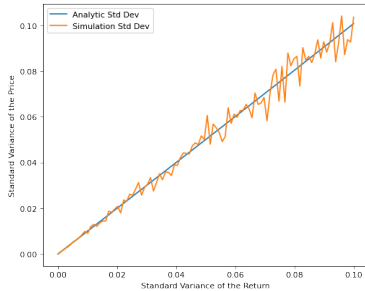
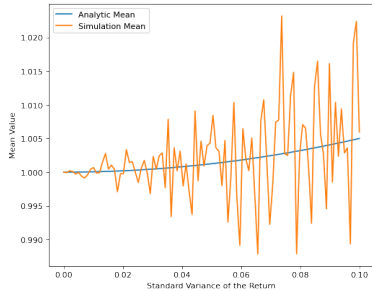


Arithmetic Return System



Answer 1

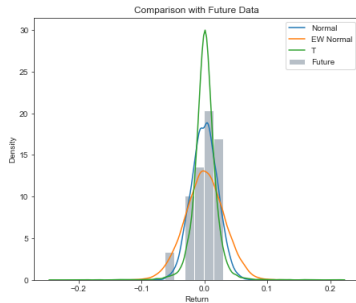
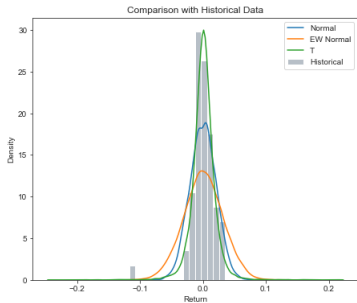
Log Return Motion



Answer 2

Method	VaR
<i>Historical</i>	2.07%
<i>Normal</i>	3.40%
<i>EWNormal</i>	5.04%
<i>T</i>	2.70%

Answer 2



Answer 3

Portfolio	VaR
<i>A</i>	6469.05
<i>B</i>	6073.01
<i>C</i>	3679.06
<i>Total</i>	16221.13