Chapter 2

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Exercise 6

We want to show that $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - \hat{y}_i)(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y}) = 0$. We need to first show that

a)
$$(y_i - \hat{y}_i) = (y_i - \bar{y}) - \hat{\beta}_1(x_i - \bar{x})$$

b)
$$(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y}) = \hat{\beta}_1(x_i - \bar{x})$$

Proof

a) Since $\hat{y_i} = \hat{\beta_0} + \hat{\beta_1} x_i$ we have that

$$(y_i - \hat{y_i}) = y_i - \hat{\beta_0} - \hat{\beta_1} x_i \tag{1}$$

substituting $\hat{\beta}_0 = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}$ into (1) yields

$$(y_i - \hat{y}_i) = y_i - \bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x} - \hat{\beta}_1 x_i = (y_i - \bar{y}) - \hat{\beta}_1 (x_i - \bar{x})$$
(2)

b) We have that

$$(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y}) = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i - \bar{y} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i \right) = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i - \hat{\beta}_0 - \beta_1 \bar{x}$$

$$= \beta_1 (x_i - \bar{x}) \tag{3}$$

Finally using these two result we have that

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - \hat{y}_i)(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left[(y_i - \bar{y}) - \hat{\beta}_1(x_i - \bar{x}) \right] \cdot \hat{\beta}_1(x_i - \bar{x})$$

Using $\hat{\beta_1} = \frac{SXY}{SXX}$ we get

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - \hat{y}_i)(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left[\frac{SXY}{SXX} (y_i - \bar{y})(x_i - \bar{x}) - \frac{SXY^2}{SXX^2} (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{SXY}{SXX} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - \bar{y})(x_i - \bar{x}) - \frac{SXY^2}{SXX^2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$

$$= \frac{SXY}{SXX} SXY - \frac{SXY^2}{SXX^2} SXX = \frac{SXY^2}{SXX} - \frac{SXY^2}{SXX} = 0$$

which is the desired result.