#### Lab Report

Group Members: Armando Hernandez, Michael Zheng, Gabriel Serrano, and Thian Pham. Contributions:

- **Armando**: Foundation code, A\* with euclidean distance, report, and graphs.
- Michael: Work on the Uniform Cost search function and A star with the Misplaced Tile Heuristic.
- **Gabriel**: Work on the entire UI system, debug every function/testing phase, applied fixes and modifications as to the final code.
- Thien: Help Michael with the A star Heuristic distance algorithm. He joined our group late.

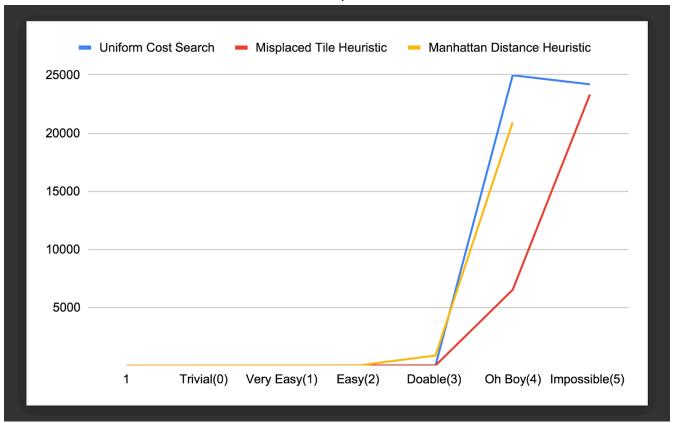
The challenges our group encountered while working on this program were

- Spacing and syntax issues (e.g. Spacing was off);
- Merge conflicts;
- Implementing the programs in Python;
- What data structures to use;
- Language issues (e.g. Different versions of Python);
- Getting the right maximum queue sizes; expanded nodes; etc
- Setting flags for each method so that it uses the correct cost for the comparator function \_lt\_
   (e.g. for misplaced tile: f(n) = g(n) + h(n) and for UCS: f(n) = g(n))

Our design: We used two classes

- 1) In the problem class we defined the initial and goal states with their corresponding operators;
- 2) For the puzzle class, we initialized the parameters that are required for all three algorithms;
- 3) Optimization: We used a set called visited\_costs that
  - a) Had tracking for the visited states: Kept record of all the states that have been visited during the search;
  - b) Had storing minimum costs: visited\_costs stores the minimum cost at which this state has been reached. This is crucial because, in problems where paths can have different costs, a state might be worth revisiting if a cheaper path to it is discovered later in the search.

## Number of Nodes Expanded Per Puzzle

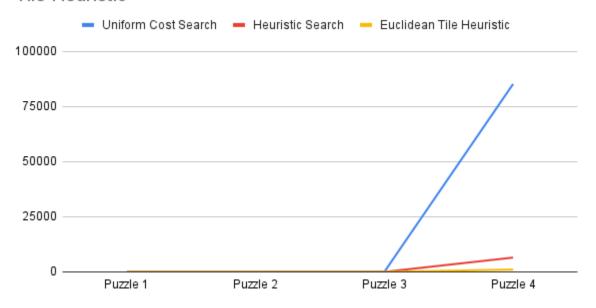


## Maximum Queue Size

	Uniform Cost Search	Misplace Tile Heuristic	Euclidean Distance
Trivial(0)	1	1	1
Very Easy(1)	5	3	3
Easy(2)	4	3	3
Doable(3)	18	4	4
Oh Boy(4)	24969	3737	589
Impossible(5)	24175	22691	18224

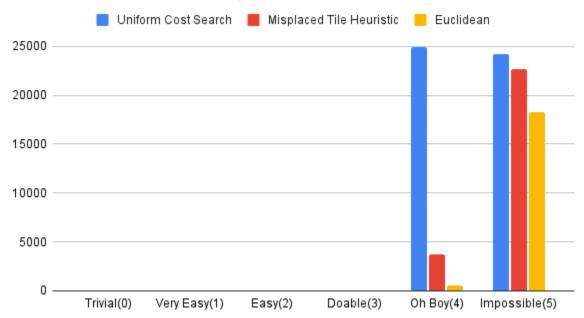
### Maximum Queue Size Per Puzzle

# Uniform Cost Search, Misplaced Tile Heuristic and Euclidean Tile Heuristic



### Number of Nodes Expanded

# Uniform Cost Search, Misplaced Tile Heuristic and Euclidean



### **Number of Nodes Expanded**

	Uniform Cost Search	Misplaced Tile Heuristic	Euclidean Distance
Puzzle 1	3	1	1
Puzzle 2	3	2	2
Puzzle 3	28	4	4
Puzzle 4	85224	6488	1051
Puzzle 5 (Impossible)	181440	22691	182050

### Trace of Euclidean A\* algorithm

```
Welcome to 8 puzzle solver. programmed by: Armando, Michael, Gabriel S, Thien
Type "1" to use a default puzzle, or "2" to enter your own puzzle.
Enter your puzzle, use a zero to represent the blank
Enter the first row, use space or tabs between numbers 1 0 3 Enter the second row, use space or tabs between numbers 4 2 6
Enter the third row, use space or tabs between numbers 7 5 8
Enter your choice of algorithm
Uniform Cost Search
A* with the Misplaced Tile heuristic.
A* with the Euclidean distance heuristic.
Choose your option (1, 2, or 3): 3
Starting Euclidean Distance Search...
Solution path:
1 0 3
4 2 6
7 5 8
1 2 3
4 0 6
7 5 8
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 0 8
4 5 6
7 8 0
To solve this problem the search algorithm expanded a total of 3 nodes.
The maximum number of nodes in the queue at any one time: 6
The depth of the goal node was 3
```