Zhou Yi, Signals and Systems Have Fun!

1 LTI CT DE

 $\sum_{k=0}^{N} a_k \frac{\mathrm{d}^k y(t)}{\mathrm{d}t^k} = \sum_{k=0}^{M} b_k \frac{\mathrm{d}^k x(t)}{\mathrm{d}t^k}$ $\sum_{k=0}^{N} a_k x^k = a_N \prod_{i=1}^{p} (x - x_i)^{n_i}$ $y_h(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{p} (\sum_{j=0}^{n_i - 1} A_{i,j} t^j) e^{x_i t}$ If $x(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{m} C_k t^k e^{x_i t}$ $y_p(t) = (\sum_{k=0}^{m} B_k t^k) t^{n_i} e^{x_i t}, n_i \ge 0$

Determine constants.

DT DE

 $\sum_{k=0}^{N} a_k y[n-k] = \sum_{k=0}^{M} b_k x[n-k]$ $\sum_{k=0}^{N} a_{N-k-1} x^k = \prod_{i=1}^{p} (x-x_i)^{n_i}$ $y_h[n] = \sum_{i=1}^p (\sum_{j=0}^{n_i - 1} A_{i,j} n^j) x_i^n$ if $x[n] = \sum_{i=0}^{m} C_i n^i s^n$ $y_p[n] = \left(\sum_{k=0}^{n} B_k n^k\right) n^{n_i} x_i^n, n_i \ge 0$ Special: $x_i = 1$

Unit Impulse Resp

Matching $\delta^{(k)}(t), \delta^{(k-1)}(t), \delta^{(k-2)}(t)...$ (Only singularity \int_{0-}^{0+} to determine coefficient

$y(t) = \int_{\tau} x(\tau)h(t - \tau)$

2 Fourier Analysis

CT FS $x(t) = x(t+T), \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T}$

 $c_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_T x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$

$$\tilde{x}(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} = \begin{cases} x(t) \\ \frac{x(t+)+x(t-)}{2} \end{cases}$$

Real Signals

When
$$c_k *= c_{-k}$$

$$x(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (a_k \cos(k\omega_0 t) + b_k \sin(k\omega_0 t))$$

$$= A_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} A_k \cos(k\omega_0 t + \phi_k)$$

$$|c_k|^2 = |c_{-k}|^2 = \frac{a_k^2 + b_k^2}{2}$$

Examples

$$x(t) = a\left[u(t + \frac{\tau}{2}) - u(t - \frac{\tau}{2})\right]$$

$$c_0 = a\frac{\tau}{T}$$

$$c_k = \frac{a\tau}{T}Sa(\frac{k\omega_0\tau}{2})$$

$$Sa(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(t)}{t}, t \neq 0\\ 1, t = 0 \end{cases}$$

Parseval Theorem

$$\frac{1}{T} \int_{T} |x(t)|^{2} dt = \sum_{k} |c_{k}|^{2} = A_{0}^{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k \ge 1} A_{k}^{2}$$

Properties

 $\mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} = c_k, \mathcal{F}\{x(t-t_0)\} = c_k e^{-jk\omega_0 t_0}$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} = c_k, \mathcal{F}\{x^*(t)\} = c_{-k}*$ $x(t) = \sum \frac{c_k + c_{-k}}{2} e^{jk\omega_0 t} + j\sum \frac{c_k - c_{-k}}{2i} e^{jk\omega_0 t}$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(t)y(t)\} = \sum_{k} c_k d_{k-l} = c_k * d_k$ $\mathcal{F}\{x'(t)\} = jk\omega_0 c_k$ $y(t) = \int_0^t x(\tau) d\tau, (0 < t < T), y(t) = y(t + T)$ $y(t) = \sum_{k \neq 0} \frac{c_k}{jk\omega_0} (e^{jk\omega_0 t} - 1) + c_0 t$ 2.1 DT FS x[n] = x[n+N] $x[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k e^{\frac{j2\pi kn}{N}}$, $0 \leq n < N$ $c_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} x[l] e^{-\frac{j2\pi kl}{N}} = c_{k+N}$ $X(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)e^{-j\omega t} dt$ $x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(j\omega)e^{j\omega t} d\omega$

Examples

 $\mathcal{F}\{x(t) = a[u(t + \frac{\tau}{2}) - u(t - \frac{\tau}{2})]\} = a\tau Sa(\frac{\omega\tau}{2})$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(t) = e^{-\alpha t} u(t), (\alpha > 0)\} = \frac{1}{\alpha + i\omega}$ $\mathcal{F}\{\delta(t)\}=1, \mathcal{F}\{1\}=2\pi\delta(\omega)$ $\mathcal{F}\{e^{j\omega_0 t}\} = 2\pi\delta(\omega - \omega_0)$ $\mathcal{F}\{\operatorname{sgn}(t)\}=\frac{2}{i\omega}$

Periodic Signals

$$\begin{split} x(t) &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} \\ \mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} e^{-j\omega t} \mathrm{d}t \\ &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi c_k \delta(\omega - k\omega_0) \end{split}$$

Parseval Theorem

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |X(j\omega)|^2 d\omega$$

Properties

 $\mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} = X(j\omega), \mathcal{F}\{X(jt)\} = 2\pi x(j^2\omega)$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(t-\tau)\} = X(j\omega)e^{-j\omega\tau}$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(\alpha t)\} = \frac{1}{|\alpha|} X(\frac{j\omega}{\alpha})$ $\mathcal{F}\{x^*(t)\} = X^*(-j\omega)$ $\mathcal{F}\{x'(t)\} = j\omega X(j\omega), \mathcal{F}\{tx(t)\} = j\frac{\mathrm{d}X(j\omega)}{\mathrm{d}\omega}$ $\mathcal{F}\left\{\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau) d\tau\right\} = \frac{X(j\omega)}{i\omega} + \pi X(0)\delta(\omega)$ $\mathcal{F}\left\{-\frac{x(t)}{it} + \pi x(0)\delta(t)\right\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\omega} X(j\eta) d\eta$ $\mathcal{F}\{x_1(t) * x_2(t)\} = X_1(j\omega)X_2(j\omega),$ $\mathcal{F}\{x_1(t)x_2(t)\} = \frac{1}{2\pi}X_1(j\omega) * X_2(j\omega)$ 2.3 DT FT $X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_n x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = X(e^{j(\omega + 2\pi)})$ (*) $x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$

Examples

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, n \ge 0 \\ -1, n < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{x[n]\} = \frac{2}{1 \cdot e^{-j\omega}}$$

Periodic Signals

$$x[n] = x[n+N], \text{ Fourier Series } x[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k e^{\frac{j2\pi kn}{N}}$$

$$c_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum x[l] e^{-\frac{j2\pi kl}{N}} = c_{k+N}$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k \mathcal{F}\{e^{\frac{j2\pi kn}{N}}\} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi c_k \delta(\omega - \frac{2k\pi}{N})$$

 $\mathcal{F}\{e^{j\omega_0 n}\} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-j(\omega-\omega_0)n} = 2\pi \sum \delta(\omega-\omega_0-2k\pi)$

CT FS and DT FT

$$\begin{split} X(e^{j\omega}) &= \sum_n x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = X(e^{j(\omega+2\pi)}) \\ x[n] &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} \mathrm{d}\omega \\ c_k &= \frac{1}{T} \int_T x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} \mathrm{d}t \\ x(t) &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} \\ x[n] &= c_{-n} \to x(t) = X(e^{j\omega_0 t}) \end{split}$$

 $\mathcal{F}\{u[n]\} = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} + \pi \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega - 2k\pi)$

Properties

$$\begin{split} x_k[n] &= \begin{cases} x[n/k], n/k \in Z \\ 0, otherwise \end{cases} \\ \mathcal{F}\{x_k[n]\} &= X(e^{jk\omega}) \\ \mathcal{F}\{x[n] - x[n-1]\} &= (1 - e^{-j\omega})X(e^{jk\omega}) \\ \mathcal{F}\{nx[n]\} &= j\frac{\mathrm{d}X(e^{j\omega})}{\mathrm{d}\omega} \\ \mathcal{F}\{\sum_{k \leq n} x[k]\} &= \frac{X(e^{j\omega})}{(1 - e^{-j\omega})} + \pi X(e^{j0})\sum \delta(\omega - 2k\pi) \\ \mathcal{F}\{x[n]y[n]\} &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(e^{j\theta})Y(e^{j(\omega - \theta)})\mathrm{d}\theta \end{split}$$

2.4 DFT

$$X[k] = X(e^{\frac{j2\pi k}{N}})$$
 (sampling DT FT)

Distortionless

$$\begin{split} Y(j\omega) &= X(j\omega)H(j\omega) = AX(j\omega)e^{-j\omega\tau} \\ Y(e^{j\omega}) &= X(e^{j\omega})H(e^{j\omega}) = AX(e^{j\omega})e^{-j\omega n_0} \end{split}$$

Group Delay

$$\tau(\omega) = -\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}\omega}\phi(H(j\omega))$$

2.5 Sampling

Impulse

$$\begin{array}{l} p(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t-nT) \\ P(j\omega) = \frac{2\pi}{T} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega-k\omega_s), \omega_s = \frac{2\pi}{T} \\ x_p(t) = x(t)p(t), X_p(j\omega) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_k X(j(\omega-k\omega_s)) \\ X(j\omega) = 0(|\omega| > \omega_M), \text{low pass to restore } x(t) \\ \text{No distortion if } \omega_s > 2\omega_M \end{array}$$