Properties Zhou Yi, Signals and Systems Have Fun! $\mathcal{FS}\{x(t)\} = c_k, \mathcal{FS}\{x(t-t_0)\} = c_k e^{-jk\omega_0 t_0}$ $\mathcal{FS}\{x(t)\} = c_k, \mathcal{FS}\{x^*(t)\} = c_{-k}*$ 1 LTI $x(t) = \sum \frac{c_k + c_{-k}}{2} e^{jk\omega_0 t} + j\sum \frac{c_k - c_{-k}}{2} e^{jk\omega_0 t}$ CT DE $\sum_{k=0}^{N} a_k \frac{\mathrm{d}^k y(t)}{\mathrm{d}t^k} = \sum_{k=0}^{M} b_k \frac{\mathrm{d}^k x(t)}{\mathrm{d}t^k}$ $\mathcal{FS}\{x(t)y(t)\} = \sum c_l d_{k-l} = c_k * d_k$ $\mathcal{FS}\{x'(t)\} = jk\omega_0 c_k$ $\sum_{k=0}^{N} a_k x^k = a_N \prod_{i=1}^{p} (x - x_i)^{n_i}$ $\mathcal{FS}\{y(t)\} = \int_0^t x(\tau) d\tau, (0 < t < T), y(t) = y(t+T)$ $y_h(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{p} (\sum_{j=0}^{n_i - 1} A_{i,j} t^j) e^{x_i t}$ $y(t) = \sum_{k \neq 0} \frac{c_k}{ik\omega_0} (e^{jk\omega_0 t} - 1) + c_0 t$ If $x(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{m} C_k t^k e^{x_i t}$ 2.1 DT FS $y_p(t) = (\sum_{k=0}^{m} B_k t^k) t^{n_i} e^{x_i t}, n_i \ge 0$ x[n] = x[n+N] $x[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k e^{\frac{j2\pi kn}{N}}, 0 \le n < N$ Determine constants. DT DE $c_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} x[l] e^{-\frac{j2\pi k l}{N}} = c_{k+N}$ $\sum_{k=0}^{N} a_k y[n-k] = \sum_{k=0}^{M} b_k x[n-k]$ $\sum_{k=0}^{N} a_{N-k} x^k = a_0 \prod_{i=1}^{p} (x - x_i)^{n_i}$ $y_h[n] = \sum_{i=1}^p (\sum_{j=0}^{n_i-1} A_{i,j} n^j) x_i^n$ **Examples** if $x[n] = \sum_{i=0}^{m} C_i n^i s^n$ $x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, |n| <= N_1 \\ 0, N_1 < |n| <= \frac{N}{2} \end{cases} ,$ $y_p[n] = (\sum_{k=0}^{n-1} B_k n^k) n^{n_i} x_i^n, n_i \ge 0$ Special: $x_i = 1$ $\mathcal{FS}\{x[n]\} = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin[(2\pi k/N)(N_1 + \frac{1}{2})]}{N\sin(2\pi k/2N)}, k \neq tN \\ \frac{2N_1 + 1}{N}, k = tN \end{cases}$ Unit Impulse Resp Matching $\delta^{(k)}(t), \delta^{(k-1)}(t), \delta^{(k-2)}(t)...$ (Only singularity $\mathcal{FS}\{e^{j\omega_0n}\} = \begin{cases} 1, k = m + tN \\ 0, otherwise \end{cases}, \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi m}{N}$ \int_{0-}^{0+} to determine coefficient $X(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)e^{-j\omega t} dt$ $y(t) = \int_{\tau} x(\tau)h(t - \tau)$ $x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(j\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$ 2 Fourier Analysis $x(t) = x(t+T), \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T}$ **Examples** $c_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_T x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(t) = a[u(t + \frac{\tau}{2}) - u(t - \frac{\tau}{2})]\} = a\tau Sa(\frac{\omega\tau}{2})$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(t) = e^{-\alpha t} u(t), (\alpha > 0)\} = \frac{1}{\alpha + i\omega}$ $\tilde{x}(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} = \begin{cases} x(t) \\ \frac{x(t+) + x(t-)}{2} \end{cases}$ $\mathcal{F}\{\delta(t)\}=1, \mathcal{F}\{1\}=2\pi\delta(\omega)$ $\mathcal{F}\{e^{j\omega_0t}\}=2\pi\delta(\omega-\omega_0)$ $\mathcal{F}\{\operatorname{sgn}(t)\}=\frac{2}{i\omega}$ Real Signals When $c_k * = c_{-k}$ **Periodic Signals** $x(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (a_k \cos(k\omega_0 t) + b_k \sin(k\omega_0 t))$ $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$
$$\begin{split} \mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} e^{-j\omega t} \, \mathrm{d}t \\ &= 2\pi \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_k \delta(\omega - k\omega_0) \end{split}$$
 $= A_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} A_k \cos(k\omega_0 t + \phi_k)$ $|c_k|^2 = |c_{-k}|^2 = \frac{a_k^2 + b_k^2}{\Delta}$ Parseval Theorem $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |x(t)|^2 \mathrm{d}t = \tfrac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |X(j\omega)|^2 \mathrm{d}\omega$ Examples **Properties** $x(t) = a\left[u(t + \frac{\tau}{2}) - u(t - \frac{\tau}{2})\right]$ $c_0 = a \frac{\tau}{T}$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} = X(j\omega), \mathcal{F}\{X(jt)\} = 2\pi x(j^2\omega)$ $c_k = \frac{a\tau}{T} Sa(\frac{k\omega_0\tau}{2})$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(t-\tau)\} = X(j\omega)e^{-j\omega\tau}$ $Sa(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(t)}{t}, t \neq 0\\ 1, t = 0 \end{cases}$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(\alpha t)\} = \frac{1}{|\alpha|}X(\frac{j\omega}{\alpha})$ $\mathcal{F}\{x^*(t)\} = X^*(-j\omega)$ $\mathcal{F}\{x'(t)\} = j\omega X(j\omega), \mathcal{F}\{tx(t)\} = j\frac{\mathrm{d}X(j\omega)}{\mathrm{d}\omega}$ $\mathcal{F}\left\{\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau) d\tau\right\} = \frac{X(j\omega)}{i\omega} + \pi X(0)\delta(\omega)$ Parseval Theorem $\mathcal{F}\left\{-\frac{x(t)}{it} + \pi x(0)\delta(t)\right\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\omega} X(j\eta) d\eta$ $\frac{1}{T} \int_{T} |x(t)|^2 dt = \sum_{k} |c_k|^2 = A_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k>1} A_k^2$

 $X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_n x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = X(e^{j(\omega + 2\pi)})$ (*) **Impulse** $x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$ Examples
$$\begin{split} p(t) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t-nT) \\ P(j\omega) &= \frac{2\pi}{T} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega-k\omega_s), \omega_s = \frac{2\pi}{T} \end{split}$$
 $\mathcal{F}\{[|n| \le N_1]\} = \frac{\sin \omega (N_1 + \frac{1}{2})}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})}$ $x_p(t) = x(t)p(t), X_p(j\omega) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_k X(j(\omega - k\omega_s))$ (copy and pas- $\mathcal{F}\left\{\frac{\sin(Wn)}{\pi n}\right\} = \left[u(\omega + W) - u(\omega - W)\right] (\text{Periodic, } T = 2\pi)$ $x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, n \ge 0 \\ -1, n < 0 \end{cases}$ If $X(j\omega) = 0(|\omega| > \omega_M)$, No overlap in freq domain if $\mathcal{F}\{x[n]\} = \frac{2}{1-e^{-j\omega}}$ lowpass filter $\omega_c \in (\omega_M, \omega_s - \omega_M)$ to restore signal $\mathcal{F}\{u[n]\} = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} + \pi \sum_{k = -\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega - 2k\pi)$ $\mathcal{F}\{e^{j\omega_0 n}\} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-j(\omega-\omega_0)n} = 2\pi \sum \delta(\omega-\omega_0-2k\pi)$ $\mathcal{F}\{\binom{n+r-1}{n}a^nu[n]\}=(1-ae^{-j\omega})^{-r},|a|<1$ **Periodic Signals** x[n] = x[n+N], Fourier Series $x[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k e^{\frac{j2\pi kn}{N}}$ $c_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum x[l] e^{\frac{-j2\pi k l}{N}} = c_{k+N}$ $\mathcal{F}\{x(t)\} = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} c_k \mathcal{F}\{e^{\frac{j2\pi kn}{N}}\} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi c_k \delta(\omega - \frac{2k\pi}{N})$ **Zero-Order Holding** CT FS and DT FT $X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n} x[n]e^{-j\omega n} = X(e^{j(\omega+2\pi)})$ $x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$ $x_0(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} x(kT)p_0(t-kT) = x(t)p(t) * p_0(t)$ $X_0(t) - \sum_{k = -\infty} X(kT) p_0(t - kT) = X(t) p(t) * p_0(t)$ $p_0(t) = u(t) - u(t - T)$ $P(j\omega) = T e^{-\frac{j\omega T}{2}} Sa(\frac{\omega T}{2})$ $X_0(j\omega) = \sum_{k = -\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\frac{j\omega T}{2}} Sa(\frac{\omega T}{2}) X(j(\omega - k\omega_s))$ $H_r(j\omega) = \frac{e^{-\frac{j\omega T}{2}}}{Sa(\frac{\omega T}{2})}, |\omega| < |\omega_c|$ $c_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_T x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$ $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$ $x[n] = c_{-n} \rightarrow x(t) = X(e^{j\omega_0 t})$ **Properties** $x_k[n] = \begin{cases} x[n/k], n/k \in \mathbb{Z} \\ 0, otherwise \end{cases}$ $\mathcal{F}\{x_k[n]\} = X(e^{jk\omega})$ $\mathcal{F}\{x[n]-x[n-1]\}=(1-e^{-j\omega})X(e^{jk\omega})$ $\mathcal{F}\{nx[n]\} = j\frac{\mathrm{d}X(e^{j\omega})}{\mathrm{d}\omega}$

2.5 Sampling

 $\mathcal{F}\{x_1(t)*x_2(t)\} = X_1(j\omega)X_2(j\omega),$

Group Delay

 $\tau(\omega) = -\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}\omega}\phi(H(j\omega))$

 $\mathcal{F}\{x_1(t)x_2(t)\} = \frac{1}{2\pi}X_1(j\omega) * X_2(j\omega)$

$\mathcal{F}\{\sum_{k\leq n} x[k]\} = \frac{X(e^{j\omega})}{(1-e^{-j\omega})} + \pi X(e^{j0}) \sum \delta(\omega - 2k\pi)$ $\mathcal{F}\{x[n]y[n]\} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(e^{j\theta}) Y(e^{j(\omega-\theta)}) \mathrm{d}\theta$ $X[k] = X(e^{\frac{j2\pi k}{N}})$ (sampling DT FT) **Linear Interpolation Distortionless** $Y(j\omega) = X(j\omega)H(j\omega) = AX(j\omega)e^{-j\omega\tau}$ $Y(e^{j\omega}) = X(e^{j\omega})H(e^{j\omega}) = AX(e^{j\omega})e^{-j\omega n_0}$

 $x_r(t) = x_p(t) * h(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x_p(nT)h(t-nT)$

 $=\sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x(nT)$