## ← Programming Assignment 2: Learning Word Representations. 10/31 points (32%)

Quiz, 13 questions

### **X** Try again once you are ready.

Required to pass: 80% or higher

You can retake this quiz up to 3 times every 8 hours.

Back to Week 5

Retake

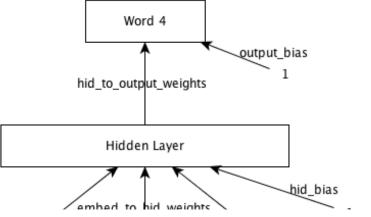


1/1 points

1.

We are now ready to start using neural nets for solving real problems!

In this assignment we will design a neural net language model. The model will learn to predict the next word given the previous three words. The network looks like this:



To get started, download any one of the following archives.

assignment2.tar.gz

Or

assignment2.zip

Or each file individually:

- README.txt
- train.m
- raw\_sentences.txt
- fprop.m
- word\_distance.m
- display\_nearest\_words.m
- predict\_next\_word.m
- load\_data.m
- · data.mat

The starter code implements a basic framework for training neural nets with mini-batch gradient descent. Your job is to **ProgrammingtAssignment** of deamning Words Representations file for 10/256 points (25%) the dataset, starter code and how to run it. Quiz, 13 questions

This sample\_output shows you what output to expect once everything is implemented correctly.

Once you have implemented the required code and have the model running, answer the following questions.

Ready to start? (Please select a response. This is a reflective question and choosing one answer over the other will not count against this quizzes' grade.)

O No	0	Yes			
		No			



0/4 points

2

Train a model with 50 dimensional embedding space, 200 dimensional hidden layer and default setting of all other hyperparameters. What is average training set cross entropy as reported by the training program after 10 epochs? Please provide a numeric answer (three decimal places). [4 points]



**Incorrect Response** 



0/3 points

## Programming Assignment 2: Learning Word Representations. 10/31 points (32%)

Quiz. 13 questions frain a model for 10 epochs with a 50 dimensional embedding space, 200 dimensional hidden layer, a learning rate of 100.0 and default setting of all other hyperparameters. What do you observe ? [3 points]

Cross Entropy on the validation set fluctuates wildly and eventually diverges.

#### This should not be selected

Cross Entropy on the training set fluctuates wildly and eventually diverges.

#### This should not be selected

Cross Entropy on the training set fluctuates around a large value.

#### This should be selected

Cross Entropy on the validation set fluctuates around a large value.

#### This should be selected



0/3

points

4.

If all weights and biases in this network were set to zero and no training was performed, what will be the average cross Programming Assignmentovid Carning World Representation 10/31 points (32%)

Quiz, 13 questions		
3		

#### **Incorrect Response**

If all weights and biases are zero, the output distribution will be uniform for all inputs. The entropy will then be  $\log_e(n)$  where n is the number of words in the vocabulary. In this case it will  $\log_e(250)$ 



0/1

points

5.

Train three models each with 50 dimensional embedding space, 200 dimensional hidden layer.

- Model A: Learning rate = 0.001,
- Model B: Learning rate = 0.1
- Model C: Learning rate = 10.0.

Use a momentum of 0.5 and default settings for all other hyperparameters. Which model gives the lowest training set cross entropy after 1 epoch ? [3 points]



Model B



Model A

This should not be selected

		Coursera   Online Courses From top Onliversities, John for Free	
	Model C		
Progr	rammir	ng Assignment 2: Learning Word Representations.	10/31 points (32%)
Quiz, 13 c	questions		
<b>~</b>	2 / 2 points		
6. In the m	nodels traii	ined in Question 5, which one gives the lowest training set cross entropy after 10 epo	ochs ? [2 points]
	Model C		
	Model A		
0	Model B		
Corre	ct		

3/3 points

7.

Train each of following models:

### Programming: Assignmento 2 in Leanning Word Representations.

10/31 points (32%)

QuiModel Bit 600 dimensional embedding, 10 dimensional hidden layer

- Model C: 50 dimensional embedding, 200 dimensional hidden layer
- Model D: 100 dimensional embedding, 5 dimensional hidden layer

Use default values for all other hyperparameters.

Which model gives the best training set cross entropy after 10 epochs of training? [3 points]

Model C

Correct









0/2 points

8

In the models trained in Question 7, which one gives the best validation set cross entropy after 10 epochs of training? [2 points]

Model B

	Model C
Drag	rammi

## Programming Assignment 2: Learning Word Representations.

10/31 points (32%)

Quiz, 13 questions



Model A

This should not be selected



0/3

points

9.

Train three models each with 50 dimensional embedding space, 200 dimensional hidden layer.

- Model A: Momentum = 0.0
- Model B: Momentum = 0.5
- Model C: Momentum = 0.9

Use the default settings for all other hyperparameters. Which model gives the lowest training set cross entropy after 5 epochs ? [3 points]



Model C



Model A

This should not be selected



Model B

Programming Assignment 2: Learning Word Representations.	10/31 points (32%
Quiz, 13 questions points	
10. Train a model with 50 dimensional embedding layer and 200 dimensional hidden layer for 10 epoc for all other hyperparameters.	chs. Use default values
Which words are among the 10 closest words to the word 'day'. [2 points]	
'week'	
This should be selected	
'during'	
This should not be selected	
'night'	
Correct	
'today'	

**Un-selected is correct** 

2/2

# points.

Prog	ramming Assignment 2: Learning Word Representations.	10/31 points (32%	
In the i	questions model trained in Question 10, why is the word 'percent' close to 'dr.' even though they have ve ts and are not expected to be close in word embedding space? [2 points]	ery different	
	The model is not capable of separating them in embedding space, even if it got a much large	r training set.	
O	Both words occur very rarely, so their embedding weights get updated very few times and retheir initialization.	emain close to	
Correct			
	We trained the model with too large a learning rate.		
	Both words occur too frequently.		



2/2 points

12.

In the model trained in Question 10, why is 'he' close to 'she' even though they refer to completely different genders? [2 points]

- They differ by only one letter.
- The model does not care about gender. It puts them close because if 'he' occurs in a 4-gram, it is very likely that substituting it by 'she' will also make a sensible 4-gram.

#### Correct

Programming Assignment 2: Learning Word Representations.	· 10/31 points (32%
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Quiz, 13	uiz, 13 questions They often occur close by in sentences.			
	Both words occur very rarely, so their embedding weights get updated very few times and remain close to their initialization.			
×	0/3 points			
	clusion, what kind of words does the model put close to each other in embedding space. Choose the <b>most</b> oriate answer. [3 points]			
	Words that can be substituted for one another and still make up a sensible 4-gram.			
	Words that occur close to each other (within three words to the left or right) in many sentences.			
0	Words that belong to similar topics. A topic is a semantic categorization (like 'sports', 'art', 'business', 'computers' etc).			
This should not be selected				
	Words that occur close in an alphabetical sort.			