

Input File Formats for Knowledge Discovery Toolbox (KDT) and Combinatorial BLAS (CombBLAS)

1. Standard binary header

Each input file used in KDT/CombBLAS typically has to have a binary header that has the following fields and lengths. It is

'HKDT': four 8-bit characters describing the beginning of header
Followed by six unsigned 64-bit integers:

- version number
- object size (including the row and column ids)
- format (0: binary, 1: ascii)
- number of rows
- number of columns
- number of nonzeros (nnz)

If format is 'binary', this is followed by nnz entries, each of which are of size "object size" and parsed by the `HANDLER.binaryfill()` function supplied by the user. The general signature of the function is:

```
void binaryfill(FILE * rFile, IT & row, IT & col, NT & val)
```

IT is the index template parameter, and NT is the object template parameter. Below is an example:

```
template <class IT>
class TwitterReadSaveHandler
{
    void binaryfill(FILE * rFile, IT & row, IT & col, TwitterEdge & val)
    {
        TwitterInteraction twi;
        fread (&twi, sizeof(TwitterInteraction), 1, rFile);
        row = twi.from;
        col = twi.to;
        val = TwitterEdge(twi.retweets, twi.follow, twi.twtime);
    }
}
```

As seen, `binaryfill` reads indices as well. In general, the number of bits used in the indices by the file should match the number of bits used by the program. If the program's bits should be larger/smaller; then a cast after the original object creation can be employed. Here is an example to read a file with 64-bit integer indices into 32-bit local -per processor- indices (given that they fit):

```
typedef SpParMat < int64_t, bool, SpDCCols<int64_t, bool> > PSpMat;
typedef SpParMat < int64_t, bool, SpDCCols<int32_t, bool> > PSpMat_s32;
PSpMat A;
A.ReadDistribute(string(argv[2]), 0);
PSpMat_s32 Aeff = PSpMat_s32(A);
```

Important: Ascii format with the binary header is currently not supported.

2. Ascii text file (without header information):

For backwards compatibility, KDT/CombBLAS allows ascii-only files without headers. In this case, the file doesn't start with 'H', instead it has (optional) comments lines that start with '%', followed by the first uncommented line that is:
#rows #cols #nonzeros

This is followed by #nonzeros lines, each of which are of the form:
rowid colid parsable_object

An example follows:

```
% Edges with retweets: 7
% Edges with follows: 10
9      9      13
1      2      1      0
1      3      1      2      2009-06-09 00:42:46
1      4      0      3      2009-06-03 20:13:40
2      4      1      0
2      8      0      1      2009-06-01 13:45:23
3      4      1      0
3      5      1      1      2009-08-21 00:45:10
4      6      1      0
4      8      0      2      2009-06-02 15:00:03
6      7      1      0
7      9      1      0
8      7      1      4      2009-08-31 23:32:11
8      9      1      1      2009-08-10 14:56:19
```