

## **Scenario-Based Questions Solutions**

### **1. Scenario: Identifying Transaction Type**

#### **Logic:**

- Read the input number.
- If the number is greater than 0, print "Positive (Deposit)".
- Else if the number is less than 0, print "Negative (Withdrawal)".
- Else, print "Zero (No Transaction)".

### **2. Scenario: Summing the Digits of a Number**

#### **Logic:**

- Read the input number.
- Convert the number into individual digits.
- Initialize a sum variable to 0.
- For each digit in the number, add it to the sum variable.
- Print the sum of the digits.

### **3. Scenario: Reversing a Transaction ID**

#### **Logic:**

- Read the input number.
- Convert the number into a string.
- Reverse the string.
- Convert it back to a number.
- Print the reversed number.

### **4. Scenario: Checking if a Number is Prime**

#### **Logic:**

- Read the input number.
- If the number is less than 2, print "Not Prime".
- Loop from 2 to the square root of the number:
  - If the number is divisible by any of these values, print "Not Prime" and exit.
- If no divisors are found, print "Prime".

### **5. Scenario: Finding the Factorial Using Recursion**

#### **Logic:**

- Read the input number.
- If the number is 0 or 1, return 1.
- Else, return the number multiplied by the factorial of (number - 1).
- Print the result.

### **6. Scenario: Checking if a Number is an Armstrong Number**

**Logic:**

- Read the input number.
- Count the number of digits.
- Initialize a sum variable to 0.
- For each digit in the number:
  - Raise the digit to the power of the total number of digits.
  - Add the result to the sum variable.
- If the sum is equal to the original number, print "Armstrong Number".
- Else, print "Not an Armstrong Number".

**7. Scenario: Swapping First and Last Characters of a String****Logic:**

- Read the input string.
- If the string length is less than 2, print the string as is.
- Swap the first and last characters while keeping the middle part unchanged.
- Print the modified string.

**8. Scenario: Converting Decimal to Binary****Logic:**

- Read the input decimal number.
- Initialize an empty string for binary representation.
- While the number is greater than 0:
  - Divide the number by 2 and store the remainder.
  - Add the remainder to the binary string.
  - Update the number by dividing it by 2.
- Reverse the binary string.
- Print the binary representation.

**9. Scenario: Finding the Longest Word in a Sentence****Logic:**

- Read the input sentence.
- Split the sentence into individual words.
- Initialize a variable to store the longest word.
- Loop through each word:
- if the current word is longer than the stored longest word, update the longest word.
- Print the longest word.

**10. Scenario: Checking if Two Strings are Anagrams****Logic:**

- Read the two input strings.
- Remove spaces and convert both strings to lowercase.
- Sort the characters of both strings.
- If the sorted versions of both strings are identical, print "Anagram".
- Else, print "Not an Anagram".