Query 1: Retrieve All Students in a Specific Course

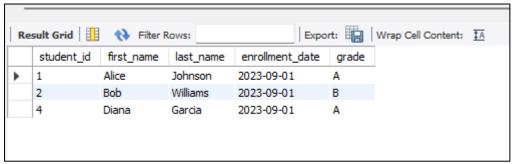
Purpose:

Find all students enrolled in "Introduction to Programming" (CS101)

```
SELECT s.student_id, s.first_name, s.last_name, e.enrollment_date, e.grade
FROM students s
JOIN enrollments e ON s.student_id = e.student_id
WHERE e.course_id = 1;
```

Explanation:

- 1. Joins students and enrollments tables using student_id
- 2. Filters for course_id = 1 (CS101)
- 3. Returns:
 - Student identification details
 - o Enrollment date
 - o Current grade (if assigned)



Query 2: Find Faculty in a Department

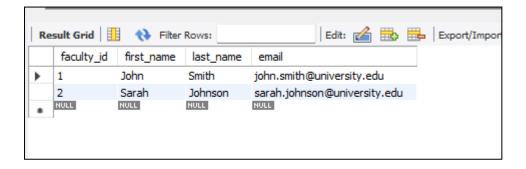
Purpose:

List all Computer Science department faculty

```
SELECT f.faculty_id, f.first_name, f.last_name, f.email
FROM faculty f
WHERE f.department_id = 1;
```

Explanation:

- 1. Scans the faculty table
- 2. Filters for department_id = 1
- 3. Returns faculty contact information



Query 3: List Courses for a Student

Purpose:

Show all courses taken by Alice Johnson (student_id=1)

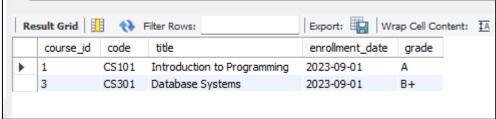
```
SELECT c.course_id, c.code, c.title, e.enrollment_date, e.grade
FROM courses c

JOIN enrollments e ON c.course_id = e.course_id

WHERE e.student_id = 1;
```

Explanation:

- 1. Joins courses and enrollments tables
- 2. Filters for student_id = 1
- 3. Returns course details with grades



Query 4: Find Unenrolled Students

Purpose:

Identify students not registered for any courses

```
SELECT s.student_id, s.first_name, s.last_name
FROM students s
LEFT JOIN enrollments e ON s.student_id = e.student_id
WHERE e.enrollment_id IS NULL;
```

Explanation:

- 1. Left join preserves all students
- 2. IS NULL finds records with no enrollment

3. Returns basic student info



Query 5: Calculate Course Average Grade

Purpose:

Compute grade average for CS101

```
SELECT c.code, c.title,
       AVG(CASE
           WHEN e.grade = 'A' THEN 4.0
           WHEN e.grade = 'A-' THEN 3.7
           WHEN e.grade = 'B+' THEN 3.3
           WHEN e.grade = 'B' THEN 3.0
           WHEN e.grade = 'B-' THEN 2.7
           WHEN e.grade = 'C+' THEN 2.3
           WHEN e.grade = 'C' THEN 2.0
           WHEN e.grade = 'C-' THEN 1.7
           WHEN e.grade = 'D+' THEN 1.3
           WHEN e.grade = 'D' THEN 1.0
           ELSE 0.0
       END) as average_grade_points
FROM courses c
JOIN enrollments e ON c.course id = e.course id
WHERE c.course_id = 1
GROUP BY c.course id;
```

Explanation:

- 1. Converts letter grades to numeric values
- 2. Calculates weighted average
- 3. Returns single-row summary

