

Instructions:

- The input for books is the bucket at `gs://jack_book_base`.
- The output is located in the bucket at `gs://jack-result-base` as a single txt file.
- All 100 books for the coursework are already in the book input bucket.
- All functions for the program itself are stored on the cloud.
- All functions coded in python.
- The program is ran via google workflow.
- The manual trigger for the google workflow, `jack-execute-workflow.py`, can be activated by visiting <https://jack-execute-workflow-iyvmy7hfa-nw.a.run.app>. This allows you to bypass the need for my credentials to run the workflow. Upon visiting the page, it will appear to be endlessly buffering, however that is simply the website waiting for a response from the workflow, eventually it will display "Anagrams file generated to result bucket", signalling that it has finished, which should take just over a minute usually. Part of this code is taken from https://cloud.google.com/workflows/docs/samples/workflows-api-quickstart#workflows_api_quickstart-python.

The mapper part of the program is represented in `jack-map-anagrams.py`.

The shuffler and reducer part of the program are both implemented in `jack-merge-dictionaries.py`.

`Jack-clear-data` clears out processing data and result data from the buckets before attempting another process.

`Jack-get-blobs` is used to get the names of the books in the input bucket.

The mapping part of the program is done in parallel. It was decided through trial and error that a suitable system involved 100 max instances, each with a cpu limit of 4 and a memory of 4gib.

For the shuffling and reducing part, we will likely only ever need 1 instance, as it is not done in parallel. We found a cpu limit of 1 with 2 gib of memory to be more than capable.

Due to the small presence of accented characters in the books, utf-8 was found to be an unsuitable encoder. Therefore, we opted to use latin-1, which seems successful in handling all the texts without error.

We have four used buckets:

- `Jack-anagram-base` for storing the anagrams in individual books after the mapping phase.
- `Jack-result-base` for storing the result txt file.
- `Jack-stop-words` for storing stop words.
- `Jack_book_base` for storing input.

These are all publicly accessible read only.

I have attempted to explain how each function works in their code, as comments. This full commenting is not present in the code in the google cloud, only python files submitted on learn. The actual code is identical in both however.

It was decided that “-” will be interpreted as separating two separate words, rather than joining a single word.

We remove all grammar before scanning for anagrams. With the exception of “'”, all grammar is replaced with a space as this seemed to give the most sensible results. Some strange non sensical words still appear however due to the nature of some of the texts, as well as multiple languages.

Workflow:

```
main:
  steps:
  - clearOldData:
    call: http.post
    args:
      url: https://jack-clear-data-iyvmy7hfa-nw.a.run.app

  - getBooksToRead:
    call: http.get
    args:
      url: https://jack-get-blobs-iyvmy7hfa-nw.a.run.app
    result: books_to_read

  - read_books:
    parallel:
      for:
        value: blob
        in: ${books_to_read.body}
        steps:
          - find_anagrams:
            call: http.post
            args:
              url: https://jack-map-anagrams-iyvmy7hfa-nw.a.run.app
              body:
                toRead: ${blob}

  - merge_dictionaries:
    call: http.post
    args:
      url: https://jack-merge-dictionaries-iyvmy7hfa-nw.a.run.app
```

This is our workflow.

We first clear old data.

Then get the names of books in the input.

Then get the anagrams of each book in parallel in order to save huge amounts of time, as there is no need to do them sequentially.

Then we merge the dictionaries sequentially, as we cannot do it in parallel.