# **RF62X-SDK Documentation**

Выпуск 1.3.3

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## Руководство программиста

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Введение

**RF627X-SDK** - набор средств разработки, который позволяет специалистам создавать собственное программное обеспечение для работы с лазерными сканерами серии RF62X (RF627Old, RF627Smart) производства компании РИФТЭК.

## 1.1 Обзор

Данное руководство создано в помощь разработчикам и содержит детальное описание библиотеки RF62X-SDK.

## 1.1.1 Общее описание

**RF62X-SDK** - набор средств разработки, который позволяет быстро создавать собственное программное обеспечение для работы с лазерными сканерами серии RF62X (RF627Old, RF627Smart) производства компании РИФТЭК.

## 1.1.2 Архитектура библиотеки

RF62X-SDK состоит из двух частей:

- RF62X-CORE основная библиотека («Ядро») с базовым набором функций и типов для работы с лазерными сканерами серии RF62X. Библиотека написана на языке программирования СИ в соответствии со стандартом С99 (ISO / IEC 9899: 1999) и является кросс-платформенной. Для использования данной библиотеки необходима реализация платформозависимых функций (работа с памятью, работа с сетью, функции ввода/вывода).
- RF62X-WRAPPERS библиотеки-«обёртки», в которых уже реализованы платформозависимые функции «Ядра» для конкретной платформы. Использование библиотек-«обёрток» упрощает процесс разработки приложений на следующих языках программирования: C++, C#, PYTHON, LabVew, MatLab.

## 1.1.3 Способы работы

**Разработчики**, которые хотят использовать **готовые библиотеки RF62X-SDK** при создании собственных приложений для работы с лазерными сканерами серии RF62X, могут **скачать** последнии версии библиотек (скачать библиотеки RF62X-SDK для C++, C++), а также посмотреть **примеры их использования** (см. примеры для <how\_to\_use\_rf62x\_sdk\_cpp>, <how\_to\_use\_rf62x\_sdk\_csharp>).

**Разработчики**, которые предпочитают **собирать библиотеки RF62X-SDK** из исходников, в руководстве имеются инструкции по скачиванию исходников (см. *Загрузка проекта*) и установке необходимого программного обеспечения (см. *Установка программного обеспечения*).

## 1.1.4 Основной функционал

- Поиск сканеров серии RF62X-old.
- Поиск сканеров серии RF62X-smart.
- Получение профилей.
- Получение/установка параметров сканера.
- Поддерживаемые протоколы информационного обмена со сканерами:
  - RF627-Protocol
  - RF62X-SmartProtocol
  - Ethernet/IP
  - ModbusTCP

## 1.1.5 Что нового

• Добавлена возможность одновременной работы с несколькими сканерами в сети.

## 1.2 Подготовка к работе

RF62X-SDK предоставляет пользователю простой интерфейс при разработке программного обеспечения для сканеров серии RF62X.

**Разработчики**, которые хотят использовать **готовые библиотеки RF62X-SDK** при создании собственных приложений для работы с лазерными сканерами серии RF62X, могут **скачать** последнии версии библиотек (скачать библиотеки RF62X-SDK для *C++*, *C#*), а также посмотреть **примеры их использования** (см. примеры для <how\_to\_use\_rf62x\_sdk\_cpp>, <how\_to\_use\_rf62x\_sdk\_csharp>).

**Разработчики**, которые предпочитают **собирать библиотеки RF62X-SDK** из исходников, в руководстве имеются инструкции по скачиванию исходников (см. *Загрузка проекта*) и установке необходимого программного обеспечения (см. *Установка программного обеспечения*).

## 1.2.1 Целевые платформы и совместимость

## Языки программирования

Основная программная библиотека RF62X-CORE (ядро) написана на языке СИ стандарта C99 (ISO / IEC 9899: 1999) без использования сторонних программных модулей и зависимых от операционной системы или процессора функций.

## Целевые платформы

Достигнута совместимость с любыми операционными системами семейства Windows, Linux и FreeBSD, поддерживающими компиляторы языка СИ стандарта С99 (ISO / IEC 9899: 1999). Библиотека компилируется из исходных кодов и может быть использована с любыми типами процессоров (x86, ARM, RISC-V и др.).

## Поддерживаемые компиляторы

- GCC 5.х или новее в Linux
- XCode 8.0 или новее в OS X
- Visual Studio 2017 или новее в Windows

#### Ссылки

Этот проект использует git для управления исходным кодом и GitLab для размещения исходного кода.

- Исходники кода: www.gitlab.com/riftek llc/software/sdk/scanners/RF62X-SDK
- Документация: www.riftek.com
- Веб-сайт: www.riftek.com

## 1.2.2 Установка и настройка

## Установка программного обеспечения

Есть несколько вариантов построения библиотеки RF62X-SDK. Все варианты поддерживаются и должны работать одинаково корректно для:

- IDE Visual Studio 2019
- IDE Qt Creator
- CMake

**Примечание:** Если вы знакомы с CMake, то вы также можете самостоятельно создавать проекты для CodeBlocks, Eclipse, KDevelop3 и Xcode.

Если возникли сложности с установкой или настройкой сред разработки, ниже приведены более подробные инструкции:

- IDE Visual Studio 2019 (дополнительная информация доступна на оффициальном сайте docs.microsoft.com )
- IDE Qt Creator ( дополнительная информация доступна на оффициальном сайте qt.io )
- CMake ( дополнительная информация доступна на оффициальном сайте cmake.org)

## 1.2.3 Загрузка проекта

#### Git-клиент

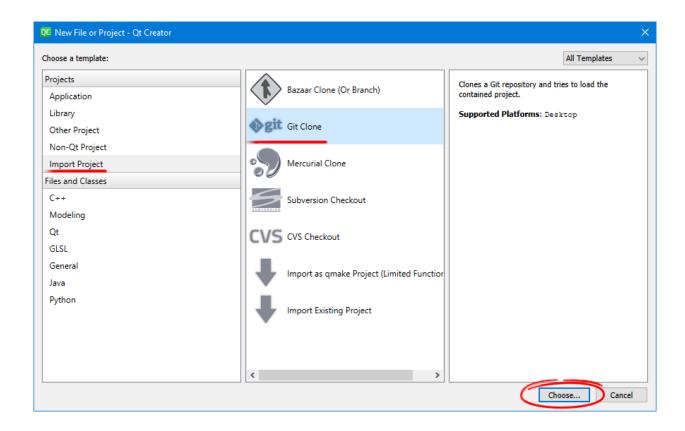
Для разработчиков, которые хотят загрузить библиотеку из исходников с помощью Gitклиента, следует выполнить следующие инструкции:

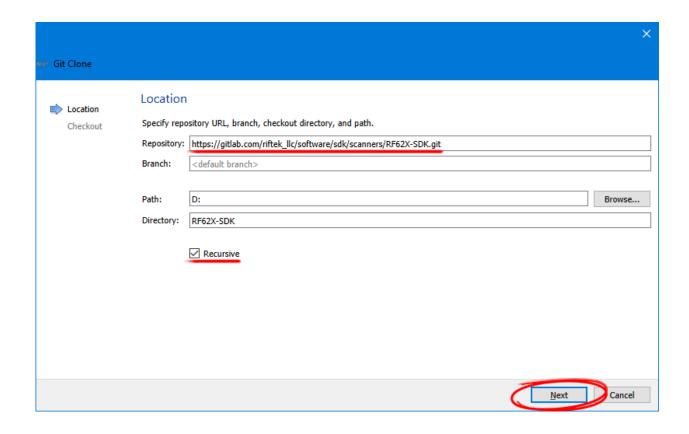
- Установите git-клиент на свой локальный компьютер (если ещё не установлен)
  - B Linux используйте команду терминала: sudo apt install git
  - Ha MacOS используйте команду терминала: brew install git
  - Для других платформ смотрите документация по установке git.
- Откройте командную строку/терминал на вашем компьютере
  - В Linux щелкните панель запуска и найдите «терминал» terminal
  - B OS X нажмите command-space и найдите «терминал» terminal
  - B Windows нажмите меню «Пуск» и найдите «командную строку» cmd.
- Клонируйте репозиторий с помощью следующих команд:

## Git B Qt Creator

Для разработчиков, которые хотят загрузить и собрать библиотеку из исходников с помощью Git, встроенного в IDE Qt Creator, следует выполнить следующие инструкции:

- 1. Нажмите File->New File or Project
- 2. Выберите опцию Import Project->Git Clone, как показано ниже.
- 3. Введите url-адрес SDK https://gitlab.com/riftek\_llc/software/sdk/scanners/RF62X-SDK.git, выберите опцию «Recursive», а затем нажмите Next.
- 4. После загрузки откройте файл CMakeLists.txt необходимого вам проекта через File > Open File or Project, выберите компилятор (MinGW, MSVC2017, Clang) и нажмите Configure Project
- 5. Запустите сборку проекта

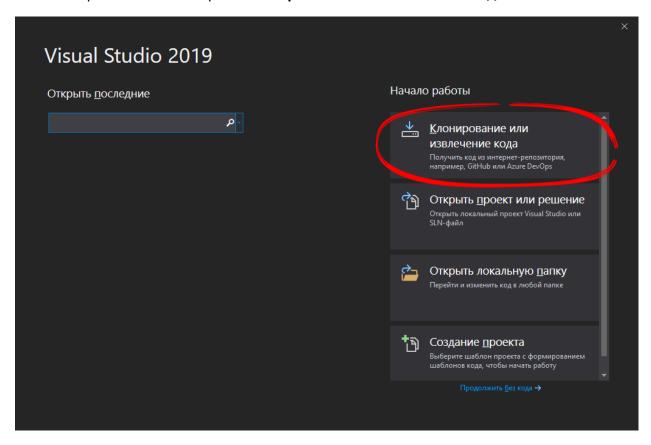




#### Git B Visual Studio

Для разработчиков, которые хотят загрузить и собрать библиотеку из исходников с помощью Git, встроенного в IDE Visual Studio, следует выполнить следующие инструкции:

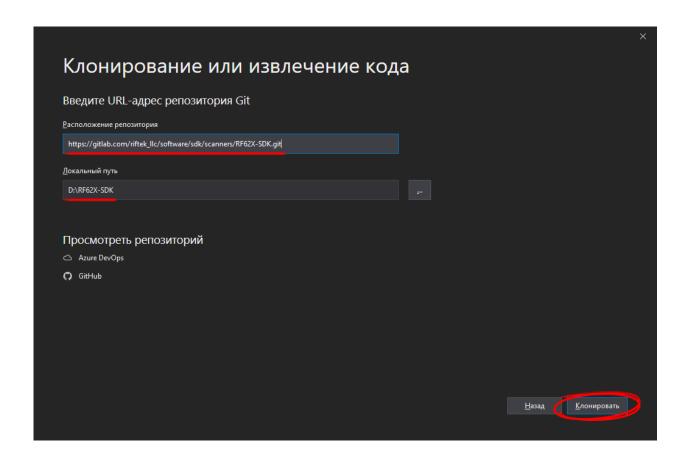
- 1. Откройте Visual Studio 2019.
- 2. В стартовом окне выберите Клонирование или извлечение кода.



- 3. Введите url-адрес SDK https://gitlab.com/riftek\_llc/software/sdk/scanners/RF62X-SDK.git, выберите или введите местоположение хранилища, а затем нажмите Клонировать.
- 4. После чего Visual Studio загрузит проект из удаленного репозитория и откроет его.
- 5. Выберите один из необходимых вам проектов и запустите его сборку.

**Примечание:** Для сборки библиотек **на языке C++**, а также компиляции приложений с примерами их использования в Visual Studio должен быть установлен C++ CMake tools для Windows.

8 Глава 1. Введение



```
🙀 Файл Правка Вид Проект Сборка Отладка Тест Анализ Средства Расширения Окно Справка Поиск (Ctrl+Q)
  🕒 - 🗇 🏥 - 造 💾 🛂 📁 - 🧠 - 🎜 🚳 🔝 x64-Debug
                                                                                   → PRF627_search.csproj → Debug|x64 → 🚅 🔤 → 💽 → 🛫 🛂 → 🕨 → 🛫 🔄
   Обозреватель решений — представление... ▼ Program.cs → 🗴 rf627_search.cpp
                                                                                                                               → 🔩 RF627_search.Program
    ○ ○ 🖒 🛱 - 💲 🖒 🗗 📵 💻 🗆 🕮 RF627_search
                                                        Dusing System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SDK.SCANNERS;
   Обозреватель решений — представлен 🔑 🔻

▲ RF62X-SDK (D:\RF62X-SDK)

      class Program
            RF627_old
RF627_params
RF627_profile
                                                                   static void Main(string[] args)
                ▲ RF627_search
                                                                       RF62X.SdkInit():
                  ▶ ■ Properties
                                                                       // Print return rf62X sdk version
Console.WriteLine("Current rf62X sdk version: {0}", RF62X.SdkVersion());
                   តγា App.config
Обозреватель объектов SQL Server
                   a C# Program.cs
                     ac# RF627_search.csproj
                 RF627_TESTS.sIn
                                                                       Console.WriteLine("- Start searching device");
List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();
            ▶ ■ RF62X_WinForms
      Console.WriteLine("{0}Press any key to end \"Search-test\"", Environment.NewLine);
         a gitattributes
a gitignore
a gitmodules
a CHANGELOG.md
                                                                       Console.ReadKey();
         am+ README.md
```

## 1.3 Компиляция из исходников

Как упоминалось ранее, RF62X-SDK состоит из двух частей:

- RF62X-CORE основная библиотека («Ядро») с базовым набором функций и типов для работы с лазерными сканерами серии RF62X. Библиотека написана на языке программирования СИ в соответствии со стандартом С99 (ISO / IEC 9899: 1999) и является кросс-платформенной. Для использования данной библиотеки необходима реализация платформозависимых функций (работа с памятью, работа с сетью, функции ввода/вывода).
- RF62X-WRAPPERS библиотеки-«обёртки», в которых уже реализованы платформозависимые функции «Ядра» для конкретной платформы. Использование библиотек-«обёрток» упрощает процесс разработки приложений на следующих языках программирования: C++, C#, PYTHON, LabVew, MatLab.

## 1.3.1 Компиляция «ядра» на С

**RF62X-CORE** - основная библиотека («Ядро») с базовым набором функций и типов для работы с лазерными сканерами серии RF62X. Библиотека написана на языке программирования СИ в соответствии со стандартом С99 (ISO / IEC 9899: 1999) и является кроссплатформенной. Для использования данной библиотеки необходима реализация платформозависимых функций (работа с памятью, работа с сетью, функции ввода/вывода).

Compiler 64bit Includes

MinGW 7.3.0 rf62Xcore.dll rf62Xcore.a include.zip

MSVC2017 rf62Xcore.dll rf62Xcore.lib include.zip

Clang 9.1.0 rf62Xcore.dll rf62Xcore.lib include.zip

Таблица 1: Последние выпуски:

## Как скомпилировать

RF62X-CORE может быть скомпилирован при помощи консоли или среды разработки (Visual Studio, Qt Creator)

Во-первых, вы должны загрузить проект (если не сделали этого ранее)

**Примечание:** для получения дополнительной информации о шагах загрузки проекта см. *Загрузка проекта* 

10 Глава 1. Введение

#### **CMake**

Находясь в папке с проектом, для построения RF62X-CORE введите следующую команду в консоль (терминал):

```
cd rf62Xcore
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ..
cmake --build .
```

## **Qt Creator**

Для построения RF62X-CORE с использованием IDE Qt Creator:

- Загрузите файл CMakeLists.txt из папки **rf62Xcore** через **File > Open File or Project** (выберите файл CMakeLists.txt)
- Выберите компилятор (MinGW, MSVC2017, Clang) и нажмите Configure Project
- Откройте Build Settings и отметьте пункт install для Build Steps
- Скомпилируйте проект

#### **Visual Studio**

Находясь в папке с проектом, для построения RF62X-CORE введите следующую команду в консоль (терминал):

```
cd rf62Xcore
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ..
```

- Откройте полученное решение rf62Xcore.sln в Visual Studio
- Скомпилируйте проект

#### Как использовать

При желании использовать библиотеку RF62X-CORE вместо предоставляемых библиотек-«обёрток» разработчику необходимо самостоятельно реализовать платформозависимую часть «ядра».

## Обзор платформозависимых функций

В «Ядре» RF62X-CORE платформозависимые функции (работа с памятью, работа с сетью, функции ввода/вывода) представлены в виде указателей на функции.

Указатели на платформозависимые функции объявлены в файлах, memory\_platform.h, network\_platform.h и iostream\_platform.h:

## memory\_platform.h

typedef void \*(\*calloc\_t) (rfSize num, rfSize size)

Allocates an array in memory with elements initialized to 0.

#### Return

- On success: returns a pointer to the allocated space.
- · On error: NULL

#### **Parameters**

- num: number of elements to allocate.
- size: size of each element.

## typedef void \*(\*malloc\_t)(rfSize size)

malloc\_t - ptr to function whish allocates memory block Allocates a block of size bytes of memory, returning a pointer to the beginning of the block.

**Return** On success, a pointer to the memory block allocated by the function. If the function failed to allocate the requested block of memory, a null pointer is returned.

#### **Parameters**

• size: - Size of the memory block, in bytes.

## typedef void \*(\*realloc\_t) (void \*ptr, rfSize newsize)

realloc\_t - ptr to function whish reallocates memory block Changes the size of the memory block pointed to by ptr. The function may move the memory block to a new location (whose address is returned by the function).

**Return** A pointer to the reallocated memory block, which may be either the same as ptr or a new location.

## **Parameters**

- ptr: Pointer to a memory block previously allocated.
- newsize: New size for the memory block, in bytes.

## typedef void (\*free\_t) (void \*data)

Deallocates or frees a memory block.

## **Parameters**

data: - Previously allocated memory block to be freed.

## typedef void \*(\*memset\_t) (void \*memptr, rfInt val, rfSize num)

memset\_t - ptr to function whish fills block of memory Sets the first num bytes of the block of memory pointed by ptr to the specified value (interpreted as an unsigned rfChar).

**Return** ptr is returned.

#### **Parameters**

- memptr: Pointer to the block of memory to fill.
- val: Value to be set.
- num: Number of bytes to be set to the value. rfSize is an unsigned rfIntegral type.

## typedef void \*(\*memcpy\_t) (void \*destination, const void \*source, rfSize num)

memcpy\_t - ptr to function whish copies block of memory Copies the values of num bytes from the location pointed to by source directly to the memory block pointed to by destination.

Return destination is returned.

## **Parameters**

- destination: Pointer to the destination array where the content is to be copied, type-casted to a pointer of type void\*.
- source: Pointer to the source of data to be copied, type-casted to a pointer of type const void\*.
- num: Number of bytes to copy. rfSize is an unsigned rfIntegral type.

## typedef rflnt (\*memcmp\_t) (const void \*ptr1, const void \*ptr2, rfSize num)

memcmp\_t - ptr to function whish compare two blocks of memory Compares the first num bytes of the block of memory pointed by ptr1 to the first num bytes pointed by ptr2, returning zero if they all match or a value different from zero representing which is greater if they do not.

**Return** 0 - if the contents of both memory blocks are equal, <0 - if the first byte that does not match in both memory blocks has a lower value in ptr1 than in ptr2. >0 - if the first byte that does not match in both memory blocks has a greater value in ptr1 than in ptr2.

#### **Parameters**

- ptr1: Pointer to block of memory.
- ptr2: Pointer to block of memory.
- num: Number of bytes to compare.

## network platform.h

## typedef rfUint32 (\*hton\_long\_t) (rfUint32 hostlong)

The modbusHtoN\_long\_t function converts a u\_long from host to TCP/IP network byte order (which is big-endian).

**Return**: The modbusHtoN\_long\_t function returns the value in TCP/IP's network byte order.

## **Parameters**

• hostlong: - A 32-bit number in host byte order.

## typedef rfUint32 (\*ntoh\_long\_t) (rfUint32 netlong)

The modbusHtoN\_long\_t function converts a u\_long from TCP/IP network order to host byte order (which is little-endian on rfIntel processors).

**Return**: The modbusNtoH\_long\_t function returns the value supplied in the netlong parameter with the byte order reversed.

#### **Parameters**

• netlong: - A 32-bit number in TCP/IP network byte order.

## typedef rfUint16 (\*hton\_short\_t) (rfUint16 hostshort)

The modbusHtoN\_short\_t function converts a u\_short from host to TCP/IP network byte order (which is big-endian).

**Return**: The modbusHtoN short t function returns the value in TCP/IP's network byte order.

## **Parameters**

• hostlong: - A 16-bit number in host byte order.

## typedef rfUint16 (\*ntoh\_short\_t) (rfUint16 netshort)

The modbusHtoN\_short\_t function converts a u\_short from TCP/IP network byte order to host byte order.

**Return**: The modbusNtoH\_short\_t function returns the value in host byte order.

#### **Parameters**

• netshort: - A 16-bit number in TCP/IP network byte order.

## typedef Void \*(\*create\_udp\_socket\_t)()

Pointer to TCP socket creation function.

## Return

- On success: If no error occurs, modbusCreateTcpSocket\_t returns a descriptor referencing the new socket
- · On error: NULL

#### **Parameters**

- af: The address family specification.
- type: The type specification for the new socket.
- protocol: The protocol to be used.

## typedef rfInt8 (\*set\_broadcast\_socket\_option\_t) (void \*socket)

Pointer to the function that sets a socket option.

## Return

- On success: If no error occurs, modbusSetSocketOption t returns zero
- On error: -1

#### **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor that identifies a socket.
- level: The level at which the option is defined.
- optname: The socket option for which the value is to be set.
- optval: A pointer to the buffer in which the value for the requested option is specified.
- optlen: The size, in bytes, of the buffer pointed to by the optval parameter.

typedef rflnt8 (\*set\_reuseaddr\_socket\_option\_t) (void \*socket)

Pointer to the function that sets a socket option.

## Return

- On success: If no error occurs, modbusSetSocketOption t returns zero
- On error: -1

#### **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor that identifies a socket.
- level: The level at which the option is defined.
- optname: The socket option for which the value is to be set.
- optval: A pointer to the buffer in which the value for the requested option is specified.
- optlen: The size, in bytes, of the buffer pointed to by the optval parameter.

typedef rflnt8 (\*set\_socket\_option\_t) (void \*socket, rflnt32 level, rflnt32 optname, const rfChar \*optval, rflnt32 optlen)

Pointer to the function that sets a socket option.

#### Return

- On success: If no error occurs, modbusSetSocketOption t returns zero
- On error: -1

## **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor that identifies a socket.
- level: The level at which the option is defined.
- optname: The socket option for which the value is to be set.
- optval: A pointer to the buffer in which the value for the requested option is specified.
- optlen: The size, in bytes, of the buffer pointed to by the optval parameter.

typedef rflnt8 (\*set\_socket\_recv\_timeout\_t) (void \*socket, rflnt32 msec)
Pointer to the function that sets a timeout for socket receive.

#### Return

• On success: If no error occurs, returns zero

• On error: -1

#### **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor that identifies a socket.
- msec: The timeout in millisec.

# typedef rfUint8 (\*socket\_connect\_t) (void \*socket, rfUint32 dst\_ip\_addr, rfUint16 dst\_port)

Pointer to the function that establishes a connection to a specified socket.

#### Return

- On success: If no error occurs, modbusSocketConnect\_t returns zero
- On error: -1

#### **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor identifying an unconnected socket.
- name: A pointer to the SockAddr structure to which the connection should be established.
- namelen: The length, in bytes, of the SockAddr structure pointed to by the name parameter.

typedef rfInt (\*socket\_bind\_t) (void \*socket, rfUint32 ip\_addr, rfUint16 port)

Pointer to the function that associates a local address with a socket.

#### Return

- On success: If no error occurs, modbusSocketBind t returns zero
- On error: -1

## **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor identifying an unconnected socket.
- name: A pointer to the SockAddr structure to which the connection should be established.
- namelen: The length, in bytes, of the SockAddr structure pointed to by the name parameter.

## typedef rfUint8 (\*socket\_listen\_t) (void \*socket, rfInt32 backlog)

Pointer to the function that places a socket in a state in which it is listening for an incoming connection.

#### Return

- On success: If no error occurs, modbusSocketListen\_t returns zero
- On error: -1

## **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor identifying a bound, unconnected socket.
- backlog: The maximum length of the queue of pending connections.

Pointer to the function that permits an incoming connection attempt on a socket.

#### Return

- On success: If no error occurs, modbusSocketAccept\_t returns value is a handle for the socket on which the actual connection is made
- · On error: NULL

#### **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor that identifies a socket that has been placed in a listening state with the modbusSocketListen\_t function. The connection is actually made with the socket that is returned by accept.
- name: An optional pointer to a buffer that receives the address of the connecting entity, as known to the communications layer. The exact format of the addr parameter is determined by the address family that was established when the socket from the SockAddr structure was created.
- addrlen: An optional pointer to an rfInteger that contains the length of structure pointed to by the addr parameter.

typedef rfUint8 (\*close\_socket\_t) (void \*socket)

Pointer to the function that closes an existing socket.

#### Return

- On success: If no error occurs, modbusCloseTcpSocket t returns zero.
- On error: -1

## **Parameters**

• socket: - A descriptor identifying the socket to close.

typedef rflnt (\*send\_tcp\_data\_t) (void \*socket, const void \*buf, rfSize len)

Pointer to the send function that sends data on a TCP connected socket.

#### Return

- On success: If no error occurs, send returns the total number of bytes sent, which can be less than the number requested to be sent in the len parameter
- On error: -1

## **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor identifying a connected socket.
- buf: A pointer to a buffer containing the data to be transmitted.
- len: The length, in bytes, of the data in buffer pointed to by the buf parameter.

typedef rflnt (\*send\_udp\_data\_t) (void \*socket, const void \*data, rfSize len, rfUint32 dest\_ip\_addr, rfUint16 dest\_port)

Pointer to the send function that sends data on a UDP socket.

## Return

- On success: If no error occurs, send returns the total number of bytes sent, which can be less than the number requested to be sent in the len parameter
- On error: -1

#### **Parameters**

- socket: A descriptor identifying a socket.
- buf: A pointer to a buffer containing the message to be sent.
- len: The size of the message in bytes.
- dest\_addr: Points to a sockaddr in structure containing the destination address.
- addrlen: Specifies the length of the sockaddr\_in structure pointed to by the dest\_addr argument.

Pointer to the function that receive message from socket and capture address of sender.

Return If successful - the number of bytes received. On failure, it returns a value of -1

#### **Parameters**

- sockfd: Specifies a socket descriptor from which data should be received.
- buf: Specifies the buffer in which to place the message.
- len: Specifies the length of the buffer area.
- src\_addr: Specifies a socket address structure to record the address of the
  message sender.
- addrlen: Specifies the length of the sender's address.

```
typedef rflnt (*recv_data_t) (void *socket, void *buf, rfSize len)
```

Pointer to the function that receive message from socket and capture address of sender.

Return If successful - the number of bytes received. On failure, it returns a value of -1

#### **Parameters**

- sockfd: Specifies a socket descriptor from which data should be received.
- buf: Specifies the buffer in which to place the message.
- len: Specifies the length of the buffer area.

## iostream platform.h

18 Глава 1. Введение

## Запуск «ядра»

После реализации всех платформозависимых функций разработчику необходимо проинициализировать следующие структуры iostream\_platform\_dependent\_methods\_t, memory\_platform\_dependent\_methods\_t и network\_platform\_dependent\_methods\_t

struct memory\_platform\_dependent\_methods\_t

#### **Public Members**

```
calloc_t rf_calloc

malloc_t rf_malloc

realloc_t rf_realloc

free_t rf_free

memset_t rf_memset

memcpy_t rf_memcpy

memcmp_t rf_memcmp

struct network_platform_dependent_methods_t
```

#### **Public Members**

```
hton long t hton long
ntoh long t ntoh long
hton_short_t hton_short
ntoh_short_t ntoh_short
create_udp_socket_t create_udp_socket
set_broadcast_socket_option_t set_broadcast_socket_option
set_reuseaddr_socket_option_t set_reuseaddr_socket_option
set_socket_option_t set_socket_option
set socket recv timeout t set socket recv timeout
socket connect t socket connect
socket_bind_t socket_bind
socket_listen_t socket_listen
socket_accept_t socket_accept
close_socket_t close_socket
send_tcp_data_t send_tcp_data
send udp data t send udp data
recv data from t recv data from
recv data t recv_data
```

struct iostream\_platform\_dependent\_methods\_t

#### **Public Members**

```
trace_info_t trace_info

trace_warning_t trace_warning

trace_error_t trace_error

struct network_platform_dependent_settings_t
```

#### **Public Members**

```
rfUint32 host_ip_addr
rfUint32 host_mask
```

Инициализация данных структур производится путем присваивания указателей на реализованные платформозависимые функции, а адреса проинициализированных экземпляров структур передаются в метод init\_platform\_dependent\_methods для инициализации кроссплатформенной части «ядра».

#### **Parameters**

- memory\_methods: Structure with platform-specific methods for work with memory
- iostream\_methods: Structure with platform-specific methods for work with iostream
- network\_methods: Structure with platform-specific methods for work with network
- adapter\_settings: Structure with platform-specific settings

## 1.3.2 Компиляция «обёртки» на C++

Эта библиотека позволяет упростить разработку приложений на языке С++

Для её использования в проектах C++ разработчик должен включить необходимые h-файлы библиотеки в свой проект и собрать статическую или динамическую программную библиотеку.

20 Глава 1. Введение

Таблица 2: Последние выпуски:

Compiler	64bit	Includes
MinGW 7.3.0	rf62Xsdk.dll rf62Xsdk.a	include.zip
MSVC2017	rf62Xsdk.dll rf62Xsdk.lib	include.zip
Clang 9.1.0	rf62Xsdk.dll rf62Xsdk.lib	include.zip

## Как скомпилировать

Библиотека-«обёртка» rf62Xsdk может быть скомпилирован при помощи консоли или среды разработки (Visual Studio, Qt Creator)

Во-первых, вы должны загрузить проект (если не сделали этого ранее)

**Примечание:** для получения дополнительной информации о шагах загрузки проекта см. Загрузка проекта

#### **CMake**

Находясь в папке с проектом, для построения библиотеки-«обёртки» (rf62Xsdk библиотеки) введите следующую команду в консоль (терминал):

```
cd rf62Xwrappers/Cpp/rf62Xsdk
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ..
cmake --build .
```

#### **Qt Creator**

Для построения библиотеки-«обёртки» (rf62Xsdk библиотеки) с использованием IDE Qt Creator:

- Загрузите файл CMakeLists.txt из папки rf62Xwrappers/Cpp/rf62Xsdk через File > Open
   File or Project (выберите файл CMakeLists.txt)
- Выберите компилятор (MinGW, MSVC2017, Clang) и нажмите Configure Project
- Откройте Build Settings и отметьте пункт install для Build Steps
- Скомпилируйте проект

#### **Visual Studio**

Находясь в папке с проектом, для построения RF62X CORE (rf62Xcore библиотеки) введите следующую команду в консоль (терминал):

```
cd rf62Xwrappers/Cpp/rf62Xsdk
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ..
```

- Откройте полученное решение rf62Xsdk.sln в Visual Studio
- Скомпилируйте проект

#### Как использовать

Вы можете **создать свой проект**, включив в него статическую или динамическую библиотеку и необходимые заголовочные файлы, или вы можете **открыть и скомпилировать** один из приведенных ниже примеров использования из папки **examples/Cpp/RF627\_old/**.

**Примечание:** Помимо приведенных ниже примеров, где каждый может быть скомпилирован и выполнен, вы также можете прочитать документацию для «обёртки» на C++ (см. rf62x\_wrappers\_description\_cpp), где каждая функция содержит отдельный пример кода.

## Поиск устройств RF62X

Ниже приведен пример поиска сканеров серии RF627Old в сети

```
#include <rf62Xsdk.h>
#include <rf62Xtypes.h>
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using namespace SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X;
int main()
  // Initialize sdk library
  sdk_init();
  // Print return rf627 sdk version
  std::cout << "SDK version: " << sdk_version()</pre>
                                                              << std::endl;
  std::cout << "-----"
                                                              << std::endl;
  // Create value for scanners vector's type
  std::vector<rf627old*> list;
  // Search for RF627old devices over network
  list = rf627old::search(PROTOCOLS::SERVICE);
  // Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
  std::cout << "Discovered: " << list.size() << " RF62701d"</pre>
                                                           << std::endl;
```

```
for (size_t i = 0; i < list.size(); i++)</pre>
   rf627old::hello_info info = list[i]->get_info();
   std::cout << "\n\n\nID scanner's list: " << i</pre>
                                                                << std::endl;
   std::cout << "----" << std::endl;
   std::cout << "Device information: "</pre>
   std::cout << "* Name\t: " << info.device_name() << std::endl;
   std::cout << "* Serial\t: " << info.serial_number() << std::endl;
std::cout << "* IP Addr\t: " << info.ip_address() << std::endl;
std::cout << "* MAC Addr\t: " << info.mac address() << std::endl;</pre>
   std::cout << "* MAC Addr\t: " << info.mac_address()</pre>
                                                                 << std::endl;
   std::cout << "\nWorking ranges: "</pre>
                                                                 << std::endl;
                                                               << std::endl;
   std::cout << "* Zsmr, mm\t: " << info.z_smr()
   std::cout << "* Zmr , mm\t: " << info.z mr()
                                                               << std::endl;
   std::cout << "* Xsmr, mm\t: " << info.x_smr()
                                                               << std::endl;
   std::cout << "* Xemr, mm\t: " << info.x_emr()</pre>
                                                                << std::endl;
   std::cout << "\nVersions: "</pre>
                                                                 << std::endl;
   std::cout << "* Firmware\t: " << info.firmware_version() << std::endl;</pre>
   std::cout << "* Hardware\t: " << info.hardware_version() << std::endl;</pre>
   std::cout << "-----" << std::endl;
system("pause");
```

Ниже приведён результат вывода приложения при успешном обнаружении сканера в сети:

```
SDK version: 1.3.0
_____
Discovered: 1 RF6270ld
ID scanner's list: 0
_____
Device information:
* Name : RF627
        : 190068
* Serial
* IP Addr : 192.168.1.32
* MAC Addr : 00:0a:35:6e:07:f5
Working ranges:
* Zsmr, mm : 70
* Zmr , mm : 50
* Xsmr, mm : 30
* Xemr, mm : 42
Versions:
* Firmware : 19.11.12
* Hardware : 18.6.20
______
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Вы можете открыть и скомпилировать этот пример с помощью **Qt Creator**:

Загрузите файл CMakeLists.txt из папки examples/Cpp/RF627\_old/RF627\_search через
 File > Open File or Project (выберите файл CMakeLists.txt)

- Выберите компилятор (MinGW, MSVC2017, Clang) и нажмите Configure Project
- Запустите проект

## Получение профиля сканера

Ниже приведен пример получения профилей от сканеров серии RF627Old

```
#include <rf62Xsdk.h>
#include <rf62Xtypes.h>
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using namespace SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X;
int main()
{
   // Initialize sdk library
  sdk_init();
  // Print return rf627 sdk version
  std::cout << "SDK version: " << sdk_version()</pre>
                                                       << std::endl;
  std::cout << "----"
                                                      << std::endl;
   // Create value for scanners vector's type
  std::vector<rf627old*> list;
  // Search for RF627old devices over network
  list = rf627old::search(PROTOCOLS::SERVICE);
  // Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
  // Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network, connect to each of
  // them and get a profile.
  for(size_t i = 0; i < scanners.size(); i++)</pre>
     rf627old::hello_info info = list[i]->get_info();
     // Print information about the scanner to which the profile belongs.
     std::cout << "\n\n\nID scanner's list: " << i</pre>
                                                      << std::endl;
                                      -----" << std::endl;
     std::cout << "----
     std::cout << "Device information: "</pre>
                                                      << std::endl;
     std::cout << "* IP Addr\t: " << info.ip_address() << std::endl;</pre>
     // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
     list[i]->connect();
     // Get profile from scanner's data stream by Service Protocol.
     profile2D_t* profile = list[i]->get_profile2D();
     if (profile != nullptr)
```

```
std::cout << "Profile information: "</pre>
                                             << std::endl;
    switch (profile->header.data_type) {
    case (uint8_t)PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PIXELS:
       std::cout << "* Count\t: " << profile->pixels.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break;
    case (uint8_t)PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PROFILE:
       std::cout << "* Size\t: " << profile->points.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break;
    case (uint8_t)PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PIXELS_INTRP:
       std::cout << "* Count\t: " << profile->pixels.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break:
    case (uint8_t)PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PROFILE_INTRP:
       std::cout << "* Size\t: " << profile->points.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break:
    }
    std::cout << "Profile was successfully received!"</pre>
                                             << std::endl;
                        -----"<< std::endl;
    std::cout << "----
  }else
    std::cout << "Profile was not received!"</pre>
                                              << std::endl;
    std::cout << "----"<< std::endl;
}
system("pause");
```

Ниже приведён результат вывода приложения при успешном получении профиля от сканера:

Вы можете открыть и скомпилировать этот пример с помощью Qt Creator:

 Загрузите файл CMakeLists.txt из папки examples/Cpp/RF627\_old/RF627\_profile через File > Open File or Project (выберите файл CMakeLists.txt)

- Выберите компилятор (MinGW, MSVC2017, Clang) и нажмите Configure Project
- Запустите проект

## Получение и установка параметров

Ниже приведен пример получения и изменения имени сканера, установки IP адреса, смены состояния лазера (включение или отключение):

```
#include <rf62Xsdk.h>
#include <rf62Xtypes.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X;
int main()
  // Initialize sdk library
  sdk_init();
  // Print return rf62X SDK version
  std::cout << "SDK version: " << sdk_version()</pre>
                                                                    <<...
⇒std::endl:
  std::cout << "============================
                                                                    <<__
→std::endl;
  // Create value for scanners vector's type
  std::vector<rf627old*> scanners;
  // Search for RF627old devices over network
  scanners = rf627old::search(PROTOCOLS::SERVICE);
  // Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
  std::cout << "Discovered: " << scanners.size() << " RF62701d" <<__</pre>
→std::endl;
  // Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network, connect to each of
   // them and read/set parameters.
  for(size_t i = 0; i < scanners.size(); i++)</pre>
      rf627old::hello_info info = scanners[i]->get_info();
      std::cout << "\n\n\nID scanner's list: " << i</pre>
                                                                   <<__
→std::endl;
      std::cout << "-----
→std::endl;
      // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
      scanners[i]->connect();
      // read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
      scanners[i]->read_params();
```

```
// Get parameter of Device Name
     param_t* name = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_GENERAL_
→DEVICENAME);
     if (name->type == param_value_types[(int)PARAM_VALUE_TYPE::STRING_PARAM_
\hookrightarrowTYPE])
        std::string str_name = name->get_value<value_str>();
        std::cout << "Current Device Name \t: " << str name</pre>
                                                                << std::endl;
        // Add "_TEST" to the ending of the current name
        str_name += "_TEST";
        name->set_value<value_str>(str_name);
        std::cout << "New Device Name \t: " << str_name</pre>
                                                                 << std::endl;
                                          -----"<< std::endl;
        std::cout << "-----
        scanners[i]->set_param(name);
     // Get parameter of Device IP Addr
     param_t* ip_addr = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_NETWORK_
\hookrightarrow IP);
     if (ip_addr->type == param_value_types[(int))PARAM_VALUE_TYPE::UINT32_
→ARRAY_PARAM_TYPE])
        std::vector <uint32_t> ip = ip_addr->get_value<array_uint32>();
        std::cout << "Current Device IP\t: ";</pre>
        for(auto i: ip) std::cout<<std::to_string(i)<<".";std::cout<</pre>

<std::endl;</pre>
        // Change last digit of IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.30 -> 192.168.1.
\hookrightarrow 31)
        ip[3]++;
        ip_addr->set_value<array_uint32>(ip);
        std::cout << "New Device IP\t: ";</pre>
        for(auto i: ip) std::cout<<std::to_string(i)<<".";std::cout<</pre>

<std::endl;</pre>
        std::cout << "-----"<< std::endl;
        scanners[i]->set_param(ip_addr);
     }
     // Get parameter of Laser Enabled
     param_t* laser_enabled = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_
→LASER_ENABLED);
     if (laser_enabled->type == param_value_types[(int)PARAM_VALUE_
→TYPE::UINT PARAM TYPE])
        bool isEnabled = laser_enabled->get_value<value_uint32>();
        std::cout<<"Current Laser State\t: "<<(isEnabled?"ON":"OFF")</pre>

<std::endl;</pre>
        isEnabled = !isEnabled;
        // Change the current state to the opposite
        laser_enabled->set_value<value_uint32>(!isEnabled);
        std::cout<<"New Laser State\t: "<<(isEnabled?"ON":"OFF")<<std::endl;</pre>
        std::cout << "-----
                                                         -----"<< std::endl;
```

```
scanners[i]->set_param(laser_enabled);
}

// Write changes parameters to the device's memory
scanners[i]->write_params();
}

system("pause");
}
```

Ниже приведён результат вывода приложения при успешной установке новых параметров:

Вы можете открыть и скомпилировать этот пример с помощью **Qt Creator**:

- Загрузите файл CMakeLists.txt из папки examples/Cpp/RF627\_old/RF627\_params через File > Open File or Project (выберите файл CMakeLists.txt)
- Выберите компилятор (MinGW, MSVC2017, Clang) и нажмите Configure Project
- Запустите проект

## 1.3.3 Компиляция «обёртки» на С#

Эта «обёртка» представляет собой библиотеку .NET, написанную на языке С#, которая может быть использована в приложениях на С#, Visual Basic .NET, C++/CLI и JScript .NET.

Для её использования в проектах .NET разработчик должен собрать или скачать динамическую программную библиотеку **rf62Xsdk.dll**, после чего добавить библиотеку к ссылкам (references) проекта, а также собрать или скачать **rf62Xcore.dll**, добавив её в папку к исполняемому файлу проекта.

Таблица 3: Последние выпуски:

Platform	64bit	Dependencies (x64)
.NET Framework 4.5 (or above)	rf62Xsdk.dll	rf62Xcore.dll

## Как скомпилировать

Библиотека-«обёртка» rf62Xsdk может быть скомпилирован при помощи среды разработки Visual Studio.

Во-первых, вы должны загрузить проект (если не сделали этого ранее)

```
git clone https://gitlab.com/riftek_llc/software/sdk/scanners/RF62X-SDK.git cd RF62X-SDK
git submodule update --init --recursive
```

**Примечание:** для получения дополнительной информации о шагах загрузки проекта см. *Скачивание проекта* 

#### **Visual Studio**

- Откройте решение rf62Xsdk.sln по пути rf62Xwrappers/CSharp/rf62Xsdk в Visual Studio
- Скомпилируйте проект

## Как использовать

Вы можете открыть примеры использования с помощью Visual Studio, для этого:

- Откройте решение RF627\_TESTS.sln из папки rf62Xwrappers/CSharp/RF627\_old
- Выберите **x64 Debug** или **x64 Release** в качестве целевой платформы
- Добвавьте rf62Xsdk.dll библиотеку к ссылкам (references) проекта
- Скопируйте rf62Xcore.dll в путь к исполняемому файлу проекта (../bin/x64/Debug/ или ../bin/x64/Release/)
- Скомпилируйте проект

Помимо приведённых ниже примеров использования библиотеки из решении **RF627\_TESTS.sIn**, где каждый пример может быть скомпилирован и выполнен отдельно, вы также дополнительно можете прочитать документацию на библиотеку-«обёртку» на С#, где каждая функция содержит отдельный пример кода.

## Поиск устройств RF62X

Ниже приведен пример поиска сканеров серии RF627Old в сети

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SDK.SCANNERS;

namespace RF627_search
{
    class Program
    {
       static void Main(string[] args)
```

```
{
          // Start initialization of the library core
          RF62X.SdkInit();
          // Print return rf62X sdk version
          Console.WriteLine("SDK version: {0}", RF62X.SdkVersion());
          Console.WriteLine("========");
          // Search for RF627old devices over network
          Console.WriteLine("- Start searching device");
          List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();
          Console.WriteLine("+ {0} scanners detected", Scanners.Count);
          for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)</pre>
             RF62X.HelloInfo info = Scanners[i].GetInfo();
             Console.WriteLine("\n\nID scanner's list: {0}", i);
             Console.WriteLine("-----
             Console.WriteLine("Device information: ");
             Console.WriteLine("* Name\t: {0}", info.device_name);
             Console.WriteLine("* Serial\t: {0}", info.serial_number);
             Console.WriteLine("* IP Addr\t: {0}", info.ip_address);
             Console.WriteLine("* MAC Addr\t: {0}", info.mac_address);
             Console.WriteLine("Working ranges: ");
             Console.WriteLine("* Zsmr, mm\t: \{0\}", info.z_smr);
             Console.WriteLine("* Zmr , mm\t: {0}", info.z_mr);
             Console.WriteLine("* Xsmr, mm\t: {0}", info.x_smr);
             Console.WriteLine("* Xemr, mm\t: {0}", info.x_emr);
             Console.WriteLine("\nVersions: ");
             Console.WriteLine("* Firmware\t: {0}", info.firmware_version);
             Console.WriteLine("* Hardware\t: {0}", info.hardware_version);
             Console.WriteLine("-----
          }
          Console.WriteLine("{0}Press any key to end \"Search-test\"",_
\rightarrowEnvironment.NewLine);
          Console.ReadKey();
       }
  }
```

## Получение профиля сканера

Ниже приведен пример получения профилей от сканеров серии RF627Old

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SDK.SCANNERS;
namespace RF627_profile
   class Program
      static void Main(string[] args)
         // Start initialization of the library core
         RF62X.SdkInit();
         // Search for RF627old devices over network
         Console.WriteLine("- Start searching device");
         List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();
         Console.WriteLine("+ {0} scanners detected", Scanners.Count);
         // foreach over an scanners list
         for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)</pre>
            RF62X.HelloInfo info = Scanners[i].GetInfo();
            Console.WriteLine("\n\nID scanner's list: {0}", i);
            Console.WriteLine("-----
            Console.WriteLine("Device information: ");
            Console.WriteLine("* Name\t: {0}", info.device_name);
            Console.WriteLine("* Serial\t: {0}", info.serial_number);
            Console.WriteLine("* IP Addr\t: {0}", info.ip_address);
            // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
            Scanners[i].Connect();
            // Get profile from scanner's data stream by Service Protocol.
            RF62X.Profile profile = Scanners[i].GetProfile();
            if (profile.header != null)
               Console.WriteLine("Profile information: ");
               switch (profile.header.data type)
                  case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PIXELS_NORMAL:
                     Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PIXELS");
                     Console.WriteLine("* Count\t: {0}", profile.pixels.
→Count);
                     break;
                  case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PROFILE_NORMAL:
                     Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PROFILE");
                     Console.WriteLine("* Size\t: {0}", profile.points.Count);
                     break;
                  case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PIXELS_INTERPOLATED:
                     Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PIXELS");
```

```
Console.WriteLine("* Count\t: {0}", profile.pixels.
→Count);
                   break;
                case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PROFILE_INTERPOLATED:
                   Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PROFILE");
                   Console.WriteLine("* Size\t: {0}", profile.points.Count);
                   break;
                default:
                   break;
             }
             Console.WriteLine("Profile was successfully received!");
             Console.WriteLine("-----
          }else
             Console.WriteLine("Profile was not received!");
             Console.WriteLine("-----
           }
        }
        Console.WriteLine("{0}Press any key to end \"Search-test\"",_
→Environment.NewLine);
        Console.ReadKey();
     }
  }
```

## Получение и установка параметров

Ниже приведен пример получения и изменения имени сканера, установки IP адреса, смены состояния лазера (включение или отключение):

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SDK.SCANNERS;
namespace RF627_params
  class Program
      static void Main(string[] args)
         // Start initialization of the library core
         RF62X.SdkInit();
         // Search for RF627old devices over network
         Console.WriteLine("- Start searching device");
         List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();
         Console.WriteLine("+ {0} scanners detected", Scanners.Count);
         // foreach over an scanners list
         for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)</pre>
            // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
            Scanners[i].Connect();
```

(продолжение с предыдущей страницы)

```
// read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
           Scanners[i].ReadParams();
           // Get parameter of Device Name
           RF62X.Param<string> name = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.Params.User.
→General.deviceName);
           if (name != null)
              string strName = name.GetValue();
              Console.WriteLine("\n\nCurrent Device Name \t: {0}", strName);
              // Add "_TEST" to the ending of the current name
              strName += "_TEST";
              name.SetValue(strName);
              Console.WriteLine("New Device Name \t: {0}", strName);
              Console.WriteLine("-----
              Scanners[i].SetParam(name);
           // Get parameter of Device IP Addr
           RF62X.Param<List<uint>> ipAddr = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.
→Params.User.NetWork.ip);
           if (ipAddr != null)
              List<uint> ip = ipAddr.GetValue();
              Console.WriteLine("Current Device IP Addr\t: {0}.{1}.{2}.{3}",
\rightarrow ip[0], ip[1], ip[2], ip[3]);
              // Change last digit of IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.30 -> 192.
\rightarrow 168.1.31)
              ip[3]++;
              ipAddr.SetValue(ip);
              Console.WriteLine("New Device IP Addr\t: {0}.{1}.{2}.{3}",_
\rightarrow ip[0], ip[1], ip[2], ip[3]);
              Console.WriteLine("----");
              Scanners[i].SetParam(ipAddr);
           }
           // Get parameter of Laser Enabled
           RF62X.Param<uint> laserEnabled = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.
→Params.User.Laser.enabled);
           if (laserEnabled != null)
              bool isLaserEnabled = Convert.ToBoolean(laserEnabled.
→GetValue());
              Console.WriteLine("Current Laser State\t: {0}", isLaserEnabled_
→? "ON" : "OFF");
              // Change the current state to the opposite
              isLaserEnabled = !isLaserEnabled;
              laserEnabled.SetValue((uint)(Convert.
→ToUInt32(isLaserEnabled)));
              Console.WriteLine("New Laser State\t\t: {0}", isLaserEnabled ?
→ "ON" : "OFF");
```

(continues on next page)

(продолжение с предыдущей страницы)

# 1.4 Дополнительная информация

#### 1.4.1 PARAMETERS

Description of device parameters. All device parameters are readable. Those parameters that cannot be written without authorization as manufacturer have «awrite» access type. If no minimum value is specified for a parameter, the minimum value corresponds to the minimum value of the parameter type. If no maximum value is specified, it corresponds to the maximum value of the parameter type.

The main elements of the parameter description:

- Access describes the availability of the parameter for reading and writing.
  - read parameter is readable,
  - write parameter is writable by user,
  - awrite parameter is writable after authorization as a manufacturer
- **Type** the data type of the parameter. uint32\_t unsigned integer, 32 bits,
  - uint64 t unsigned integer, 64 bits,
  - int32 t signed integer, 32 bits,
  - int64\_t signed integer, 64 bits,
  - float t floating point, 32 bits,
  - double t floating point, 64 bits,
  - u32 arr t array of unsigned integer, 32 bits,
  - u64\_arr\_t array of unsigned integer, 64 bits,
  - i32 arr t array of signed integer, 32 bits,
  - i64 arr t array of signed integer, 64 bits,
  - flt array t array of floating point, 32 bits,
  - dbl\_array\_t array of floating point, 64 bits,
  - string\_t string, ending with «0», the maximum length of the string is specified in the parameter description

- **Min value** - minimum parameter value, writing a value less than this is not allowed. If no minimum

value is specified, it is defined by the type of parameter.

- Max value maximum parameter value, writing a value greater than this is not allowed. If no maximum value is specified, it is defined by the type of parameter.
- Step step with which it is allowed to change the
  parameter value. Values that do not match the step will not be set. If
  no step is specified, any parameter change is allowed.
- **Enum** enumeration of valid parameter values. Values that do not match the enumeration will not be set.
- **Default value** default value of the parameter, set by the manufacturer or after switching on the device (depending on the parameter).

#### User

- user\_general\_deviceState Current device state combination
   of enum values. The device changes the value of this parameter when
   initializing the equipment, transferring important data over the
   network (e.g. firmware), updating the firmware and in other cases. In
   all modes except DEV\_STATE\_NORMAL, the device can pause the
   transfer of profiles and other data not related to the current
   operating mode.
  - Access: read
  - Type: uint32 t
  - Min value: DEV STATE NORMAL
  - Max value: DEV STATE HARDWARE INIT
  - Enum:
    - DEV STATE NORMAL the device operates in normal mode,
    - DEV\_STATE\_CALIB\_FILE\_RCV the device receives a calibration file,
    - DEV\_STATE\_CALIB\_FILE\_SND the device is transfer calibration file,
    - DEV\_STATE\_CALIB\_FILE\_SAVE the device saves the calibration file to the internal flash drive,
    - DEV STATE FIRMWARE RCV device receives firmware,
    - DEV STATE FIRMWARE SND the device is transfer firmware,
    - DEV\_STATE\_FIRMWARE\_SAVE the device saves the firmware file to the internal flash drive,

- DEV\_STATE\_ETH\_INIT the device initializes hardware and software for ethernet connection,
- DEV STATE DUMP DOWNLOAD the device transfers dump data,
- DEV\_STATE\_ETH\_EXCESS required connection speed exceeds current value for ethernet connection,
- DEV\_STATE\_HARDWARE\_INIT device initializes hardware
- Default value: DEV STATE NORMAL
- user\_general\_deviceName User-defined scanner name. It is displayed on the web page of the scanner and can be used to quickly identify scanners.

Access: read/writeType: string\_tMax len: 128

- Default value: «2D laser scanner»

 user\_general\_logSaveEnabled - Allow automatic log saving after device boot and after critical events. When this option is enabled, it slightly (~ 100ms) increases the time until the device is ready for operation.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMin value: FALSEMax value: TRUE

- Default value: FALSE

 user\_general\_logSize - The current size (number of records) of the device's internal log file.

Access: readType: uint32\_tDefault value: 0

 - user\_sysMon\_fpgaTemp - The current temperature of the FPGA (internal computing module) of the device.

Access: readType: float\_tMin value: -100Max value: +100Default value: 0

- Units: °C

 user\_sysMon\_paramsChanged - Device settings have been changed but not saved.

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Access: read
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: FALSE
Max value: TRUE
Default value: FALSE

- user\_sysMon\_tempSens00 - Current temperature inside the device

case, measured by the sensor with address 00.

Access: read
Type: float\_t
Min value: -100
Max value: +100
Default value: 0
Units: °C

- user\_sysMon\_tempSens00Max - Maximum temperature fixed by sensor

with address 00.

Access: read
Type: float\_t
Min value: -100
Max value: +100
Default value: 0
Units: °C

- user\_sysMon\_tempSens00Min - Minimum temperature fixed by sensor

with address 00.

- Access: read
- Type: float\_t
- Min value: -100
- Max value: +100
- Default value: 0

- Units: °C

-  ${\bf user\_sysMon\_tempSens01}$  - Current temperature inside the device

case, measured by the sensor with address 01.

Access: read
Type: float\_t
Min value: -100
Max value: +100
Default value: 0
Units: °C

- user\_sysMon\_tempSens01Max - Maximum temperature fixed by sensor

with address 01.

- Access: read

- Type: float\_t

- *Min value*: -100

- Max value: +100

- Default value: 0

- Units: °C

- user\_sysMon\_tempSens01Min - Minimum temperature fixed by sensor

with address 01.

- Access: read

- Type: float t

- Min value: -100

- Max value: +100

- Default value: 0

- Units: °C

- user\_sysMon\_tempSens10 - Current temperature inside the device

case, measured by the sensor with address 10.

- Access: read

Type: float\_t

- Min value: -100

- Max value: +100

- Default value: 0

- Units: °C

- user\_sysMon\_tempSens10Max - Maximum temperature fixed by sensor

with address 10.

- Access: read

- Type: float t

- Min value: -100

- Max value: +100

- Default value: 0

- Units: °C

- user\_sysMon\_tempSens10Min - Minimum temperature fixed by sensor

with address 10.

- Access: read

- Type: float\_t

- Min value: -100

- Max value: +100

- Default value: 0

- Units: °C

- user\_sysMon\_tempSens11 - Current temperature inside the device

case, measured by the sensor with address 11.

Access: readType: float\_tMin value: -100Max value: +100

- Default value: 0

- Units: °C
- user\_sysMon\_tempSens11Max Maximum temperature fixed by sensor

with address 11.

- Access: read
  Type: float\_t
  Min value: -100
  Max value: +100
  Default value: 0
  Units: °C
- $user\_sysMon\_tempSens11Min$  Minimum temperature fixed by sensor

with address 11.

- Access: read
  Type: float\_t
  Min value: -100
  Max value: +100
  Default value: 0
- Units: °C
- user\_sensor\_syncSource Measurement synchronization source.
  - Access: read/write
  - Type: uint32 t
  - Min value: SYNC\_INTERNAL- Max value: SYNC\_SOFTWARE
  - Enum:
    - SYNC\_INTERNAL start of measurements from the device's internal generator,
    - SYNC EXTERNAL start of measurements from an external source,
    - SYNC SOFTWARE start of measurements by software request
  - Default value: SYNC\_INTERNAL
- user\_sensor\_framerate Frame rate of the CMOS-sensor, sets the measurement frequency. The value to be written should not exceed the value of the parameter user\_sensor\_maxFramerate.
  - Access: read/write

Type: uint32\_tMin value: 1

- Max value: 20000- Default value: 490

- Units: Hz

- user\_sensor\_maxFramerate - Maximum frame rate (measurement

frequency) for the current operation mode.

Access: readType: uint32\_tMin value: 1

- Max value: 20000- Default value: 490

- Units: Hz

 user\_sensor\_exposureControl - CMOS-sensor exposure control method.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: EXPOSE\_AUTO
- Max value: EXPOSE\_MULTI\_3

- Enum:

- EXPOSE\_AUTO automatic exposure control based on profile analysis,
- EXPOSE FIXED exposure time is user-defined,
- EXPOSE\_MULTI\_2 mode with 2 exposures, used to obtain a profile on surfaces with different levels of reflection,
- EXPOSE\_MULTI\_3 mode with 3 exposures, used to obtain a profile on surfaces with different levels of reflection
- Default value: EXPOSE FIXED
- user\_sensor\_exposure1 Frame exposure time in EXPOSE\_AUTO and EXPOSE FIXED modes.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32\_t - Min value: 3000

- Max value: 300000000

- Step: 100

- Default value: 300000

- Units: ns

- user\_sensor\_exposure2 - Frame #2 exposure time in

EXPOSE\_MULTI\_2 mode.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32\_t
- Min value: 3000

- Max value: 300000000

- Step: 100

- Default value: 300000

- Units: ns

## - user\_sensor\_exposure3 - Frame #3 exposure time in

EXPOSE MULTI 2 mode.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMin value: 3000

- Max value: 300000000

- Step: 100

- Default value: 300000

- Units: ns

# - user\_sensor\_maxExposure - Maximum frame exposure time in the

current device mode.

- Access: read/write

Type: uint32\_tMin value: 3000

- Max value: 300000000

- Step: 100

- Default value: 300000

- Units: ns

### - user\_sensor\_defectivePixels - Array of coordinates [X1, Y1, X2,

Y2, ... X15, Y15] of the sensor's defective pixels.

Access: read/writeType: u32\_arr\_tMax value: 4096Max elements: 32,

# user\_sensor\_doubleSpeedEnabled - Turns on and off the sensor's double frame rate mode. Enabling this mode allows almost double the frequency of measurements (profiles per second) by reducing accuracy in the Z-axis.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: FALSE- Max value: TRUE- Default value: FALSE

 user\_sensor\_edrType - Enable CMOS-sensor operation in the extended dynamic range. Allows get a quality profile on light and dark surfaces.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32\_t

- Min value: EDR\_DISABLE- Max value: EDR\_COLUMN

- Enum:

- EDR DISABLE - extended dynamic range mode disabled,

- EDR\_COLUMN - different exposure mode for even and odd columns

- Default value: EDR\_DISABLE

 - user\_sensor\_edrColumnDivider - Exposure time divider for odd columns. This parameter controls the sensitivity to very bright areas of the profile.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMin value: 2Max value: 32Default value: 2

 user\_roi\_enabled - Turns on and off the mode of obtaining measurements in the region of interest.

- Access: read/write
- Type: uint32\_t
- Min value: FALSE
- Max value: TRUE
- Default value: FALSE

user\_roi\_active - Indicates the status of the ROI in automatic
 positioning mode. In the automatic position control mode, if the
 profile is not detected, the activity switches to the FALSE state,
 when the profile is detected, the parameter switches to the TRUE
 state. In manual positioning mode, the parameter is always TRUE.

Access: read
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: FALSE
Max value: TRUE
Default value: FALSE

- user\_roi\_posMode ROI position control mode.
  - Access: read/write
  - Type: uint32\_t
  - Min value: ROI\_POSITION\_MANUAL
  - Max value: ROI POSITION AUTO
  - Enum:
    - ROI POSITION MANUAL ROI position is set by the user,
    - ROI\_POSITION\_AUTO ROI automatic position control with

profile holding in the center

- Default value: ROI\_POSITION\_MANUAL
- user\_roi\_pos Current position of the upper edge of the ROI in

the sensor lines.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32\_t

- Max value: 1280 - Default value: 100

- Units: lines

- user\_roi\_maxPos - Maximum position of the upper limit of the

ROI in the current operating mode of the device.

- Access: read

- Type: uint32 t

- Max value: 1280

- Default value: 1180

- Units: lines

- user\_roi\_size - Sets the size of the area in the lines where

the profile is searched and processed.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: 8

- Max value: 488

- Step: 8

- Default value: 64

- Units: lines

- user\_roi\_reqProfSize - Minimum required number of profile

points for activating an ROI in ROI\_POSITION\_AUTO mode.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32 t

- Max value: 1280

- Step: 64

- Default value: 320

- Units: points

- user\_roi\_zsmr - ROI start position in mm.

Access: readType: float\_tMax value: 10000Default value: 0

- Units: mm

- user\_roi\_zemr - ROI end position in mm.

Access: readType: float\_tMax value: 10000Default value: 0Units: mm

 user\_network\_speed - Current Ethernet connection speed. The connection speed is changed by writing to this parameter. In case of auto-negotiation, writing is ignored.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: LINK\_SPEED\_10MBIT- Max value: LINK\_SPEED\_1GBIT

- Enum:
  - LINK\_SPEED\_10MBIT the connection speed is 10 Mbs, currently almost unused,
  - LINK\_SPEED\_100MBIT the connection speed is 100 Mbs,
  - LINK SPEED 1GBIT the connection speed is 1000 Mbs
- Default value: LINK SPEED 1GBIT
- Units: Mbps
- user\_network\_requiredSpeed The required Ethernet connection speed in the current device operation mode. Depends on the number of profiles per second, the number of points in the profile, etc.

Access: readType: uint32\_tMin value: 1Max value: 10000

Default value: 1Units: Mbps

- user\_network\_autoNeg - Turns on and off the automatic

negotiation of the Ethernet connection speed.

Access: read/write
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: FALSE
Max value: TRUE
Default value: TRUE

- user\_network\_ip The network address of the device.
  - Access: read/writeType: u32\_arr\_tMax value: 255Max elements: 4,
  - Default value: [192, 168, 1, 30]
- user\_network\_mask Subnet mask for the device.
  - Access: read/writeType: u32\_arr\_tMax value: 255Max elements: 4,
  - Default value: [255, 255, 255, 0]
- user\_network\_gateway Gateway address.
  - Access: read/writeType: u32\_arr\_tMax value: 255Max elements: 4,
  - Default value: [192, 168, 1, 1]
- user\_network\_hostIP The network address of the device to which profiles and calculation results are sent using the UDP protocol.
  - Access: read/writeType: u32\_arr\_tMax value: 255Max elements: 4,
  - Default value: [192, 168, 1, 2]
- user\_network\_hostPort The port number on the device to which profiles and calculation results are sent over the UDP protocol.
  - Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 50001

- user\_network\_webPort Port number to access the Web page.
  - Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 80
- user\_network\_servicePort Port number for service protocol.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 50011

 user\_streams\_udpEnabled - Enabling and disabling the profile stream, transmitted via the UDP protocol (sending to the network address, set by the user\_network\_hostIP parameter and the port, set by the user\_network\_hostPort parameter).

Access: read/write
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: FALSE
Max value: TRUE
Default value: FALSE

- user\_streams\_format - The format of the transmitted profiles.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: DATA\_FORMAT\_RAW\_PROFILE
- Max value: DATA FORMAT PROFILE
- Enum:
  - DATA\_FORMAT\_RAW\_PROFILE the position of the points in the profile is transferred without applying calibration data, in subpixel values. Used for debugging and setting up the device, allows to compare the image, generated by the CMOS-sensor and the calculated profile position,
  - DATA\_FORMAT\_PROFILE the position of the points in the profile is transmitted in discretes, the main format for the operation of the device
- Default value: DATA FORMAT PROFILE
- user\_streams\_pointsCount The number of points in the profile

that the device calculates and transmits.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMin value: 648

- Max value: 1296

- Step: 648

- Default value: 648

- Units: points

user\_streams\_includeIntensity - Enable or disable the transfer
 of brightness points in the profile. The brightness values are
 transferred after the profile data in the format of 1 byte per point,

0 - black ... 255 - white.

- Access: read/write
- Type: uint32\_t
- Min value: FALSE
- Max value: TRUE
- Default value: FALSE

- user\_streams\_udpPacketsCounter - Internal counter of

transmitted UDP packets with profiles. It can be used to control the loss of packets with profiles.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tDefault value: 0

- user\_processing\_threshold - Threshold of profile points

detection. Smaller values of the parameter allow detect the profile at a lower brightness of the signal, which may cause false detections on flare and reflections. Higher parameter values require higher signal brightness, but provide confident detection of the profile position.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMax value: 100Default value: 2

- Units: %

- user\_processing\_profPerSec - The number of processed profiles

per second.

Access: readType: uint32\_tMax value: 20000Default value: 490

- Units: pps

- user\_processing\_medianMode - Enable and width of median profile

filtering. The median filter allows remove random outliers and fill the gaps in the profile with a width of up to half the size of the filter.

- Access: read/write

Type: uint32\_t

- Max value: 15

- Enum:
  - 0 the filter is disabled,
  - 3 the filter is enabled, filter size is 3 points,
  - 5 the filter is enabled, filter size is 5 points,
  - 7 the filter is enabled, filter size is 7 points,
  - 9 the filter is enabled, filter size is 9 points,
  - 11 the filter is enabled, filter size is 11 points,
  - 13 the filter is enabled, filter size is 13 points,
  - 14 the filter is enabled, filter size is 15 points,
- Default value: 0
- user\_processing\_bilateralMode Bilateral filter allows smooth the values of the points of the profile, while maintaining its

sharp changes.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32\_t

- Max value: 15

- Enum:
  - 0 the filter is disabled.
  - 3 the filter is enabled, filter size is 3 points,
  - 5 the filter is enabled, filter size is 5 points,
  - 7 the filter is enabled, filter size is 7 points,
  - 9 the filter is enabled, filter size is 9 points,
  - 11 the filter is enabled, filter size is 11 points,
  - 13 the filter is enabled, filter size is 13 points,
  - 14 the filter is enabled, filter size is 15 points,
- Default value: 0
- **user\_processing\_peakMode** Profile peak detection mode for

position calculation. Used to ignore reflections and highlights.

- Access: read/write
- Type: uint32 t
- Min value: PEAK MODE INTENSITY
- Max value: PEAK\_MODE\_NUMBER\_4
- Enum:
  - PEAK\_MODE\_INTENSITY the position of the profile points is calculated at maximum intensity,
  - PEAK MODE FIRST the position of the profile points is

calculated from the first overstepping of the detection threshold,

- PEAK\_MODE\_LAST the position of the profile points is calculated from the last overstepping of the detection threshold,
- PEAK\_MODE\_NUMBER\_2 when calculating the position of profile points, the advantage is given to peak #2,
- PEAK\_MODE\_NUMBER\_3 when calculating the position of profile points, the advantage is given to peak #3,
- PEAK\_MODE\_NUMBER\_4 when calculating the position of profile points, the advantage is given to peak #4
- Default value: PEAK MODE INTENSITY
- user\_processing\_flip Profile reflection mode. Reflection applies only if user\_streams\_format is set to DATA FORMAT PROFILE.
  - Access: read/write
  - Type: uint32\_t
  - Min value: FLIP MODE OFF
  - Max value: FLIP MODE XZ
  - Enum:
    - FLIP MODE OFF no reflections,
    - FLIP MODE X reflection along the X axis,
    - FLIP MODE Z reflection along the Z axis,
    - FLIP MODE XZ reflection along the X and Z axis
  - Default value: FLIP\_MODE\_OFF
- user\_laser\_enabled Switching the laser radiation on and off.
  - Access: read/write
  - Type: uint32 t
  - Min value: FALSE
  - Max value: TRUE
  - Default value: FALSE
- user\_laser\_value Sets the brightness of the laser radiation.
  - Access: read/write
  - Type: uint32 t
  - Max value: 100
  - Step: 5
  - Default value: 0
  - Units: %
- user\_trigger\_sync\_source Selection of inputs and their

combinations for synchronization of measurements.

- Access: read/write
- Type: uint32 t
- Min value: TRIG\_SOURCE\_IN1
- Max value: TRIG SOURCE IN1 AND IN2
- Enum:
  - TRIG\_SOURCE\_IN1 trigger measurements on an event at input 1.
  - TRIG\_SOURCE\_IN2 trigger measurements on an event at input 2.
  - TRIG\_SOURCE\_IN1\_OR\_IN2 trigger measurements on an event at input 1 **or** input 2,
  - TRIG\_SOURCE\_IN1\_AND\_IN2 trigger measurements on an event at input 1 **and** input 2
- Default value: TRIG SOURCE IN1
- user\_trigger\_sync\_strictEnabled Enable or disable strict

synchronization mode. When this mode is enabled, synchronization events that occurred during a frame exposure will be ignored and the next measurement will only be triggered by the synchronization event, when the sensor has finished exposing the previous frame. In this case, if the synchronization event rate is slightly higher than the maximum frame rate of the sensor, the number of profiles per second will be lower than the maximum frame rate due to the stroboscopic effect. If the mode is off and there were synchronization events during the exposure, the next measurement will start as soon as the sensor finishes exposing the previous frame. In any situation, the encoder value in the profile will be recorded at the middle of the frame exposure.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: FALSE

- Max value: TRUE

- Default value: FALSE

- user\_trigger\_sync\_divider - The synchronization event divider.

Does not affect the encoder counter.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32\_t

- Min value: 1

- Max value: 8192

- Default value: 1

- user\_trigger\_sync\_delay - The value of the delay in the start

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of measurement (start of frame exposure) relative to the synchronization event.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMin value: 700

- Max value: 100000000

- Step: 100

- Default value: 700

- Units: ns

### - user\_trigger\_sync\_value - The value of the internal

measurement start counter. Shows the number of measurements taken.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tDefault value: 0

# - **user\_trigger\_counter\_type** - Type of encoder counter (internal

pulse counter) at synchronization inputs.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: TRIG\_COUNTER\_UNIDIR- Max value: TRIG\_COUNTER\_BIDIR

- Enum:

- TRIG\_COUNTER\_UNIDIR unidirectional counter, that does not take into account the phase of the signals at inputs 1 and 2,
- TRIG\_COUNTER\_BIDIR bidirectional counter, that takes into account the phase of the signals at inputs 1 and 2, and can both increase and decrease
- Default value: TRIG COUNTER UNIDIR

# - user\_trigger\_counter\_maxValue - The maximum value of the

encoder counter, upon reaching which it is reset to the 0.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMin value: 1

- Max value: 4294967295- Default value: 4294967295

## - user\_trigger\_counteraser\_resetTimerEnabled - Enabling and

disabling the timer for automatically resetting the encoder counter to 0. If the timer is enabled, then if no synchronization events during the time, specified by the

user\_trigger\_counter\_resetTimerValue parameter, the encoder

counter will be reset to 0.

- Access: read/write

Type: uint32\_tMin value: FALSEMax value: TRUE

- Default value: FALSE

- user\_trigger\_counter\_resetTimerValue - Timeout value until the

encoder counter value is automatically reset to 0.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMin value: 100

- Max value: 4294967295

- Step: 1000

- Default value: 4294967295

- Units: ns

- user\_trigger\_counter\_value - Encoder counter value. This is an internal event counter at inputs 1 and 2.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tDefault value: 0

 user\_trigger\_counter\_dir - The ratio of the phases of the signals at inputs 1 and 2. Determines the direction of movement if using a movement system.

Access: readType: uint32\_tDefault value: 0

- user\_input1\_enabled - Turning the input 1 on and off. If the

input is turned off, then all signals will be ignored.

- Access: read/write
- Type: uint32\_t
- Min value: FALSE
- Max value: TRUE
- Default value: FALSE

- **user\_input1\_mode** - Input 1 operation mode. Defines which signal change is a synchronization event for a given input.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: IN1\_MODE\_RISE\_OR\_FALL

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- Max value: IN1 MODE LVL0
- Enum:
  - IN1\_MODE\_RISE\_OR\_FALL the synchronization event is both the transition from low to high state (edge of the pulse) and from high to low state (fall of the pulse),
  - IN1\_MODE\_RISE the synchronization event is only the transition from low to high state (edge of the pulse),
  - IN1\_MODE\_FALL the synchronization event is only the transition from high to low (fall of the pulse),
  - IN1\_MODE\_LVL1 the synchronization event is a high level at the input, measures starts from the internal generator,
  - IN1\_MODE\_LVL0 the synchronization event is a low level at the input, measures starts from the internal generator
- Default value: IN1\_MODE\_RISE\_OR\_FALL
- user\_input2\_enabled Turning the input 2 on and off. If the input is turned off, then all signals will be ignored.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMin value: FALSEDefault value: FALSE

- **user\_input2\_mode** - Input 2 operation mode. Defines which signal change is a synchronization event for a given input.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: IN2 MODE RISE OR FALL

- Max value: IN2\_MODE\_LVL0

- Enum:
  - IN2\_MODE\_RISE\_OR\_FALL the synchronization event is both the transition from low to high state (edge of the pulse) and from high to low state (fall of the pulse),
  - IN2\_MODE\_RISE the synchronization event is only the transition from low to high state (edge of the pulse),
  - IN2\_MODE\_FALL the synchronization event is only the transition from high to low (fall of the pulse),
  - IN2\_MODE\_LVL1 the synchronization event is a high level at the input, measures starts from the internal generator,
  - IN2\_MODE\_LVL0 the synchronization event is a low level at the input, measures starts from the internal generator
- Default value: IN2 MODE RISE OR FALL
- **user\_input3\_enabled** Turning the input 3 on and off. If the input is turned off, then all signals will be ignored.

Access: read/write
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: FALSE
Max value: TRUE
Default value: FALSE

- **user\_input3\_mode** - Input 3 operation mode. This input is mainly used to reset the encoder counter value.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: IN3\_MODE\_RISE- Max value: IN3\_MODE\_FALL

- Enum:

- IN3\_MODE\_RISE reset the encoder counter value at the rising edge of the pulse at the input,
- IN3\_MODE\_FALL reset the encoder counter value at the falling edge of the pulse at the input
- Default value: IN3\_MODE\_RISE
- user\_input1\_samples An array of signal values at input 1.

The parameter is a time scan of the signals at input 1. Every 2 bits indicate the state of the signal at a certain point in time. Value 0b00 - low signal level, 0b01 - state changed (pulses), 0b10 - reserved, 0b11 - high level.

- Access: read/write- Type: u32 arr t

- Max elements: 6,

- Default value: [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]

- user\_input2\_samples - An array of signal values at input 2.

The parameter is a time scan of the signals at input 2. Every 2 bits indicate the state of the signal at a certain point in time. Value 0b00 - low signal level, 0b01 - state changed (pulses), 0b10 - reserved, 0b11 - high level.

- Access: read/write

Type: u32\_arr\_t

- Max elements: 6,

- Default value: [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]

- user\_input3\_samples - An array of signal values at input 3.

The parameter is a time scan of the signals at input 3. Every 2 bits indicate the state of the signal at a certain point in time. Value 0b00 - low signal level, 0b01 - state changed (pulses), 0b10 -

reserved, 0b11 - high level.

Access: read/write

- *Type*: u32\_arr\_t

- Max elements: 6,

- Default value: [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]

- user\_output1\_enabled - Turning output 1 on and off. When turned
 off, the output is low. In the on state, the signal is set by the
 parameters user\_output1\_mode and user\_output1\_pulseWidth.

Access: read/write
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: FALSE
Max value: TRUE
Default value: FALSE

 user\_output1\_mode - Output 1 mode. Sets which signal will be output.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32\_t

- Min value: OUT\_MODE\_EXPOSE\_START- Max value: OUT\_MODE\_IN3\_REPEATER

- Enum:

- OUT\_MODE\_EXPOSE\_START impulse at the moment the frame starts to be exposed for the next measurement,
- OUT\_MODE\_EXPOSE\_TIME pulse during the exposure of the frame for the next measurement,
- OUT\_MODE\_IN1\_REPEATER input 1 repeater, regardless of whether the input is on or off,
- OUT\_MODE\_IN2\_REPEATER input 2 repeater, regardless of whether the input is on or off,
- OUT\_MODE\_IN3\_REPEATER input 3 repeater, regardless of whether the input is on or off
- Default value: OUT MODE EXPOSE START
- user\_output1\_pulseWidth Pulse width when
   user\_output1\_mode parameter has value OUT MODE EXPOSE START.

Access: readType: uint32\_tMin value: 10

- Max value: 1000000

- Step: 10

- Default value: 1000

- Units: ns

user\_output2\_enabled - Turning output 2 on and off. When turned
 off, the output is low. In the on state, the signal is set by the
 parameters user\_output2\_mode and user\_output2\_pulseWidth.

- Access: read/write
- Type: uint32\_t
- Min value: FALSE
- Max value: TRUE
- Default value: FALSE

- user\_output2\_mode Output 2 mode. Sets which signal will be output.
  - Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t
  - Min value: OUT\_MODE\_EXPOSE\_START- Max value: OUT\_MODE\_IN3\_REPEATER
  - Enum:
    - OUT\_MODE\_EXPOSE\_START impulse at the moment the frame starts to be exposed for the next measurement,
    - OUT\_MODE\_EXPOSE\_TIME pulse during the exposure of the frame for the next measurement,
    - OUT\_MODE\_IN1\_REPEATER input 1 repeater, regardless of whether the input is on or off,
    - OUT\_MODE\_IN2\_REPEATER input 2 repeater, regardless of whether the input is on or off,
    - OUT\_MODE\_IN3\_REPEATER input 3 repeater, regardless of whether the input is on or off
  - Default value: OUT\_MODE\_EXPOSE\_START
- user\_output2\_pulseWidth Pulse width when
   user\_output2\_mode parameter has value OUT\_MODE\_EXPOSE\_START.

Access: readType: uint32\_tMin value: 10

- Max value: 1000000

- Step: 10

- Default value: 1000

- *Units*: ns

user\_dump\_enabled - Enabling profile recording in the internal
memory of the device - forming a dump. The recording will be stopped
when the maximum dump capacity is reached, either when
user\_dump\_capacity is reached or when FALSE is written to this
parameter. Before starting the dump recording,
user\_trigger\_sync\_value and user\_trigger\_counter\_value counters

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will be reset to 0.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32\_t

- Min value: FALSE

- Max value: TRUE

- Default value: FALSE

 user\_dump\_capacity - User-defined number of profiles to be dumped. Upon reaching this value, the recording will automatically stop and the value of the user\_dump\_enabled parameter will become FALSE.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMin value: 1Max value: 80000

- Default value: 80000

- Units: profiles

- user\_dump\_size - The current number of profiles in the dump.

Before starting dump recording, this value is reset to 0. During dump recording, this value increases.

Access: read
Type: uint32\_t
Max value: 80000
Default value: 0
Units: profiles

 - user\_dump\_timeStamp - The time stamp of the dump. Setted by the device when the dump recording starts.

Access: readType: uint64\_tDefault value: 0Units: ticks

 - user\_dump\_view3d\_motionType - Type of movement system on which the device is installed. The value of the parameter is used to

correctly draw the dump as a 3D model.

- Access: read/write- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: MOTION\_TYPE\_LINEAR- Max value: MOTION\_TYPE\_RADIAL

- Enum:

- MOTION\_TYPE\_LINEAR - linear motion system,

- MOTION TYPE RADIAL radial motion system
- Default value: MOTION TYPE LINEAR
- user\_dump\_view3d\_ySource Source of the Y-axis coordinates.

The value of the parameter is used to correctly draw the dump as a 3D model.

- Access: read/write
- Type: uint32 t
- Min value: Y\_AXIS\_SYSTEM\_TIME
- Max value: Y AXIS MEASURES COUNTER
- Enum:
  - Y AXIS SYSTEM TIME internal device timer,
  - Y AXIS STEP COUNTER parameter

user\_trigger\_counter\_value,

- Y\_AXIS\_MEASURES\_COUNTER measurements counter
- Default value: Y\_AXIS\_SYSTEM\_TIME
- user\_dump\_view3d\_yStep The value of a single step in the

Y-axis.

Access: read/writeType: double\_tMax value: 10000Default value: 0.0005

- Units: mm

- user\_dump\_view3d\_paintMode - 3D model coloring mode. This

parameter is used when drawing a 3D model in the WEB-interface.

- Access: read/write
- Type: uint32 t
- Min value: PAINT MODE HEIGHTMAP
- Max value: PAINT MODE INTENSITY
- Enum:
  - PAINT\_MODE\_HEIGHTMAP coloring according to the height map,
  - PAINT MODE INTENSITY intensity mapping, parameter

user\_streams\_includeIntensity must be set to TRUE,

- Default value: PAINT MODE HEIGHTMAP
- user\_dump\_view3d\_decimation Profiles decimation when drawing

a 3D model. This parameter is used when drawing a 3D model in the WEB-interface.

- Access: read/write

- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: DUMP\_VIEW3D\_DECIM\_1

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- Max value: DUMP\_VIEW3D\_DECIM\_200
- Enum:
  - DUMP VIEW3D DECIM 1 all dump profiles are displayed,
  - DUMP\_VIEW3D\_DECIM\_2 step to display dump profiles 2,
  - DUMP VIEW3D DECIM 5 step to display dump profiles 5,
  - DUMP VIEW3D DECIM 10 step to display dump profiles 10,
  - DUMP\_VIEW3D\_DECIM\_20 step to display dump profiles 20,
  - DUMP VIEW3D DECIM 50 step to display dump profiles 50,
  - DUMP VIEW3D DECIM 100 step to display dump profiles 100,
  - DUMP\_VIEW3D\_DECIM\_200 step to display dump profiles 200,
- Default value: DUMP VIEW3D DECIM 1
- user\_eip\_tcpPort The port number that the device listens for

incoming TCP connections via EthernetIP.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 44818

- user\_eip\_udpPort - The port number that the device listens for

UDP packets with EthernetIP data.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 2222

- user\_compatibility\_rf625Enabled - Enable or disable

compatibility mode with the obsolete RF625 scanner. When enabling compatibility mode, UDP profile stream will be suspended.

Access: read/write
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: FALSE
Max value: TRUE
Default value: FALSE

user\_compatibility\_rf625TCPPort - Port number for incoming TCP

connections via RF625 protocol.

Access: read/writeType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 620

#### **Factory**

- fact\_general\_firmwareVer - Device firmware version [Major,

Minor, Patch].
- Access: read
- Type: u32\_arr\_t

- Max elements: 3,

- Default value: [1, 0, 0]

- fact\_general\_hardwareVer Device hardware version.
  - Access: read- Type: uint32 t

- Default value: 403051520

- fact\_general\_deviceType - Device type identifier.

- Access: read/awrite

Type: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 627

- fact\_general\_serial - Device serial number.

- Access: read/awrite

Type: uint32\_tDefault value: 0

- fact\_general\_pcbSerial - Device PCB serial number.

- Access: read/awrite

Type: uint32\_tDefault value: 0

- fact\_general\_lifeTime - Total device runtime in UNIX format.

- Access: read/awrite

- Type: uint32 t

- Max value: 1577846300

- Default value: 0

- Units: s

- fact\_general\_workTime - Device uptime in UNIX format.

- Access: read/awrite

- Type: uint32 t

- Max value: 1577846300

- Default value: 0

- Units: s
- fact\_general\_startsCount Total number of device starts.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tMax value: 8760Default value: 0Units: times

- fact\_general\_customerID - Device customer identifier. The

identifier of the company that purchased / ordered the device.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tDefault value: 0

- Units: id

 - fact\_general\_fpgaFreq - FPGA project clock frequency for this device.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tMin value: 10000000

- Max value: 50000000 - Default value: 10000000

- Units: Hz

- fact\_general\_smr - Start of measuring range in Z axis in mm.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tMax value: 10000Default value: 80

- Units: mm

- fact\_general\_mr - Size of the measuring range in Z axis in mm.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tMax value: 10000Default value: 130

- Units: mm

- **fact\_general\_xsmr** The size along the X axis of the measuring range at the beginning of the range.
  - Access: read/awrite

Type: uint32\_tMax value: 10000Default value: 40

- Units: mm

 fact\_general\_xemr - The size along the X axis of the measuring range at the end of the range.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tMax value: 10000Default value: 40

- Units: mm

- fact\_general\_pixDivider - Divider to obtain the subpixel
 position of profile points in the uncalibrated data transfer mode
 (parameter user\_streams\_format is set to
 DATA\_FORMAT\_RAW\_PROFILE).

Access: readType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 32

- fact\_general\_profDivider - Divider to obtain the subpixel
 position of profile points in the calibrated data transfer mode
 (parameter user\_streams\_format is set to
 DATA\_FORMAT\_PROFILE).

Access: readType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 16384

fact\_general\_oemDevName - Device name assigned by the OEM customer.

- Access: read/awrite

- Type: string\_t- Max len: 128

- Default value: «Laser scanner»

 fact\_general\_authStatus - Authorization status for changing the factory settings of the device.

- Access: read- Type: uint32 t

- Min value: AUTH\_STATUS\_USER

- Max value: AUTH\_STATUS\_FACTORY
- Enum:
  - AUTH\_STATUS\_USER authorized as a user, factory settings cannot be changed,
  - AUTH\_STATUS\_FACTORY authorized as a manufacturer, factory settings can be changed
- Default value: AUTH\_STATUS\_USER
- fact\_sensor\_name Name of the sensor used in the device.
  - Access: read/awrite
  - Type: string\_t
  - Max len: 64
  - Default value: «TYPE 1»
- fact\_sensor\_width Number of pixels in the CMOS sensor.
  - Access: read/awrite
  - Type: uint32\_t
  - Min value: 648
  - Max value: 648
  - Default value: 648
  - Units: pixels
- fact\_sensor\_height Number of lines in the CMOS sensor.
  - Access: read/awrite
  - Type: uint32 t
  - Min value: 488
  - Max value: 488
  - Default value: 488
  - Units: lines
- fact\_sensor\_pixFreq Pixel frequency for installed CMOS

sensor.

- Access: read/awrite
- Type: uint32 t
- Min value: 1000000
- Max value: 500000000
- Default value: 40000000
- Units: Hz
- fact\_sensor\_frmConstPart Constant part of the frame cycle.
  - Access: read/awrite
  - Type: uint32 t
  - Min value: 200

- Max value: 200000- Default value: 3500

- Units: ticks

- fact\_sensor\_frmPerLinePart Frame cycle part for each line.
  - Access: read/awrite
  - Type: uint32\_tMin value: 10
  - Max value: 100000- Default value: 160
  - Units: ticks
- fact\_sensor\_minExposure Minimum allowable exposure value.
  - Access: read/awrite
  - Type: uint32\_t
  - Max value: 100000000
  - Step: 10
  - Default value: 3000
  - Units: ns
- fact\_sensor\_maxExposure Maximum allowable exposure value.
  - Access: read/awrite
  - Type: uint32 t
  - Max value: 300000000
  - Step: 10
  - Default value: 300000000
  - Units: ns
- fact\_sensor\_imgFlip Image reflection mode. Applies directly

to the image transmitted, by the CMOS sensor.

- Access: read/awrite
- Type: uint32 t
- Min value: FLIP MODE OFF
- Max value: FLIP MODE XZ
- Enum:
  - FLIP\_MODE\_OFF no reflections,
  - FLIP MODE X reflection along the X axis,
  - FLIP MODE Z reflection along the Z axis,
  - FLIP\_MODE\_XZ reflection along the X and Z axis
- Default value: FLIP\_MODE\_OFF
- fact\_sensor\_analogGain CMOS sensor analog gain value.
  - Access: read/awrite

Type: uint32\_tMax value: 7Default value: 5

- fact sensor digitalGain - CMOS sensor digital gain value.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tMax value: 55Default value: 48

- fact\_sensor\_blackOdd - Black level for odd lines.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 2300

- fact\_sensor\_blackEven - Black level for even lines.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 2400

- fact\_network\_initRegs - CMOS sensor registers values [regAddr,

regValue ...].

- Access: read/awrite- Type: u32 arr t

- Max value: 255

- Max elements: 64,

- Default value: [41, 1, 83, 155, 58, 20, 59, 0, 60, 11, 69, 9, 80, 4, 97, 0, 98, 12, 101, 98, 102, 34, 103, 64, 106, 90, 107, 110, 108, 91, 109, 82, 110, 80, 117, 91]

- fact\_network\_macAddr - Physical address of the device.

Access: read/awriteType: u32\_arr\_tMax value: 255Max elements: 6,

- Default value: [0x00, 0x0A, 0x35, 0x01, 0x02, 0x03]

 fact\_network\_forceAutoNegTime - The time after which the auto-negotiation of the Ethernet connection will be forced if the connection is not established. - Access: read/awrite

Type: uint32\_tMax value: 255Default value: 5

- Units: s

## - fact\_network\_webSockServicePort - Port number for the service

data transmission WEB-socket. Used by the Web-page.

Access: read/awrite
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: 16384
Max value: 65535
Default value: 50002

- fact\_network\_webSockDataPort - Port number for the large data

transmission WEB-socket. Used by the Web-page.

Access: read/awrite
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: 16384
Max value: 65535
Default value: 50003

- fact\_network\_webSockMathPort - Port number for the math data

transmission WEB-socket. Used by the Web-page.

Access: read/awrite
Type: uint32\_t
Min value: 16384
Max value: 65535
Default value: 50004

- fact\_laser\_waveLength - The wavelength of the laser, installed

in the device.

- Access: read/awrite

Type: uint32\_tMax value: 10000Default value: 650

- Units: nm

- fact\_laser\_minValue - Minimum DAC value. At this value, the

laser stops emitting light.

- Access: read/awrite

Type: uint32\_tMax value: 4095

- Default value: 0

# - fact\_laser\_maxValue - Maximum DAC value. At this value, the

laser starts to emit light with maximum power.

- Access: read/awrite

Type: uint32\_tMax value: 4095Default value: 4095

### - fact\_eip\_identity\_vendorID - Identification number for the

manufacturer of an EtherNet/IP device.

Access: readType: uint32\_tDefault value: 1588

### - fact\_eip\_identity\_deviceType - The list of device types is

managed by ODVA and CI. It is used to identify the device profile that a particular product is using.

Access: readType: uint32\_tMax value: 65535Default value: 0x2B

# - fact\_eip\_identity\_productCode - Product identifier according

to developer documentation.

Access: readType: uint32\_tDefault value: 627

## - fact\_eip\_identity\_rev - The Revision attribute, which consists

of major and minor revisions, identifies the revision of the item the Identity Object is representing.

Access: read
Type: u32\_arr\_t
Max value: 255
Max elements: 2,
Default value: [1, 0]

#### - fact\_eip\_identity\_status - Represents the current status of

the entire device. Its value changes as the state of the device changes.

- Access: read

- Type: uint32 t
- Enum:
  - Owned the device (or an object within the device) has an owner.
  - Configured the application of the device has been configured to do something different than the "out–of–box" default,
  - Minor Recoverable Fault the device detected a problem with itself, which is thought to be recoverable. The problem does not cause the device to go into one of the faulted states,
  - Minor Unrecoverable Fault- the device detected a problem with itself, which is thought to be unrecoverable. The problem does not cause the device to go into one of the faulted states,
  - Major Recoverable Fault the device detected a problem with itself, which caused the device to go into the "Major Recoverable Fault" state,
  - Major Unrecoverable Fault the device detected a problem with itself, which caused the device to go into the "Major Unrecoverable Fault" state
- Default value: 0
- fact\_eip\_tcpIntrf\_status is a bitmap that shall indicate the status of the TCP/IP network interface.

- Access: read- Type: uint32 t

- Enum:
  - No configured The Interface Configuration attribute has not been configured,
  - Configured The Interface Configuration attribute contains configuration obtained from BOOTP, DHCP or nonvolatile storage,
  - Hardware Configured The IP address member of the Interface Configuration attribute contains configuration, obtained from hardware settings,
  - Mcast Pending Indicates a pending configuration change in the TTL Value and/or Mcast Config attributes,
  - Interface Configuration Pending Indicates a pending configuration change in the Interface Configuration attribute,
  - Address Conflict Detection Status Indicates when an IP address conflict has been detected by ACD
- Default value: 0
- fact\_eip\_tcpIntrf\_capability is a bitmap that indicates the device's support for optional network configuration capability.

- Access: read- Type: uint32 t

#### - Enum:

- BOOTP Client the device is capable of obtaining its network configuration via BOOTP,
- DNS Client the device is capable of resolving host names by querying a DNS server,
- DHCP Client the device is capable of obtaining its network configuration via DHCP,
- Configuration Settable the Interface Configuration attribute is settable,
- Hardware Configurable the IP Address member of the Interface Configuration attribute can be obtained from hardware settings (e.g., pushwheel, thumbwheel, etc.),
- Interface Configuration Change Requires Reset the device requires a restart in order for a change to the Interface Configuration attribute to take effect,
- Address Conflict Detection Capable the device is capable of ACD
- Default value: 0x14
- fact\_eip\_tcpIntrf\_control is a bitmap used to control

network configuration options.

- Access: read
- Type: uint32 t
- Enum:
  - Static ip mode The device shall use statically-assigned IP configuration values,
  - BOOTP mode The device shall obtain its interface configuration values via BOOTP,
  - DHCP mode The device shall obtain its interface configuration values via DHCP
  - DNS Enable the device shall resolve host names by querying a DNS server
- Default value: 0
- fact\_eip\_tcpIntrf\_phyLink identifies the object associated

with the underlying physical communications interface (e.g., an 802.3 interface).

- Access: read

- Type: u32 arr t

- Max value: 255

- Max elements: 6

- Default value: [0x20, 0xF6, 0x24, 0x01]

- fact\_eip\_tcpIntrf\_inactTimeout - is used to enable TCP socket

cleanup (closing) when the defined number of seconds have elapsed with no Encapsulation activity.

Access: read/awriteType: uint32\_tMax value: 255Default value: 120

 fact\_smart\_enabled - Turn on and off the capabilities of a smart device.

Siliait device.

- Access: read/awrite
- Type: uint32\_t
- Min value: FALSE
- Max value: TRUE
- Default value: FALSE

### 1.4.2 WEB API v1

Using the easy-to-use WEB API, the user can get information about the device, read or write the value of the parameter. Also, through the WEB API, the device can execute some commands. A complete list of commands supported through this access is given in the description of the commands. The WEB API examples use the factory IP address of the device and presented as they should be typed in the address bar of the browser. If it has been changed by the user, the IP address of the device should be used.

## Quick device info

- /hello Getting general information about the device in JSON format.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/hello
- /api/v1/config/commands Getting the list of commands, supported by the device. The formalized description will contain the command name, WEB API access capability, command identifier and access mode.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/config/commands
- /api/v1/config/returnCodes Getting a text description of the codes of operation results and errors, returned by the device.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/config/returnCodes

## **Device parameters**

- /api/v1/config/params Getting general information about all
  device parameters in JSON format. The formalized description of the
  parameter will contain its name, type, access mode, index in the
  parameter array, offset for binary data, parameter data size, current
  value, default value, minimum and maximum values, parameter value
  step, for arrays the maximum number of elements.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/config/params
- /api/v1/config/params/values Reading and writing values of the device parameters. For reading it is possible to request specific parameters by name or index. To write a parameter, it is necessary to form a «PUT» request with the parameters «parameter name:value».
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/config/params/values
  - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/config/params/values?name=fact\_general\_hardwareVer&index=120 *PUT*:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/config/params/values?user\_sensor\_framerate=100&user\_sensor\_exposure1=100
- /api/v1/sensor Reading and writing CMOS-sensor registers.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/sensor?reg=0x5B&val=0x003F
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/sensor?index=0&reg=0x5B&val=0x003F
  - PUT:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/sensor?reg=0x5B&val=0x003F
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/sensor?index=0&reg=0x5B&val=0x003F

### Save, restore and reboot

- /api/v1/config/params/save Saving the current values of the device parameters in non-volatile memory in user area. Saved values will be used when the device is switched on again.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/config/params/save
- /api/v1/config/params/restore/save Saving the current values of the device parameters in the recovery area. These parameters will be applied when parameters from the user area are damaged.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/config/params/restore/save

- /api/v1/config/params/restore/load Loading device parameter values from the recovery area. The loaded values will be written to the user area, the device will be automatically rebooted.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/config/params/restore/load
- /api/v1/reboot Reboot the device. The parameters will be loaded from the user area (if they are not damaged).
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/reboot

## Log

- /api/v1/log Getting a log of the device with full description of records.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/log
- /api/v1/log/content Getting the device log in an abbreviated form is easier to read.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/log/content

### **Authorization**

- /api/v1/authorization Authorization on the device as a manufacturer - allows editing factory parameters of the device. Using the «GET» request, get a token for which generate a key and send to the device in the «PUT» request.
  - GET:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/authorization
  - PUT:
    - 192.168.1.30/api/v1/authorization?key=230d84e16c0dae529098f1f1bb.....

## 1.4.3 COMMANDS

The commands transmitted to the device are intended for searching devices in the network, reading and setting parameters, downloading service data, firmware upgrade, receiving frames generated by CMOS-sensor and other functions. The commands and their answers are given in the service protocol (in the current revision, RF627 protocol). The service protocol uses UDP packets sent to the device's network address (parameter **user\_network\_ip**) and the service port (parameter **user\_network\_servicePort**).

### General device commands

- HELLO\_JSON\_REQUEST Search for devices on the network. In answer to the command, JSON will be sent with a description of the main parameters of the device.
  - *URI*: /hello - *CID*: 0x0010
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: noAnswer payload: JSON
- PARAMS\_DESCRIPTION\_REQUEST Getting general information about all device parameters in JSON format. The formalized description of the parameter will contain its name, type, access mode, index in the parameter array, offset for binary data, parameter data size, current value, default value, minimum and maximum values, parameter value step, for arrays - the maximum number of elements.
  - URI: /api/v1/config/params
  - CID: 0x0110
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no
  - Answer payload: JSON
- COMMANDS\_DESCRIPTION\_REQUEST Getting the list of commands, supported by the device. The formalized description will contain the command name, WEB API access capability, command identifier and access mode.
  - URI: /api/v1/config/commands
  - CID: 0x0210
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no
  - Answer payload: JSON
- PARAMS\_VALUES\_JSON\_REQUEST Reading values of the device parameters. For reading it is possible to request specific parameters by name or index.
  - URI: /api/v1/config/params/values
  - CID: 0x0310
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: JSON [name:XXXX, name:XXXX, index:XXXX...]
  - Answer payload: JSON [name:value, name:value, name:value...]
- PARAMS\_VALUES\_JSON\_WRITE Writing values of the device

parameters, it is necessary to send the parameters in form of pair «parameter name:value».

- CID: 0x1010
- Access: unlocked
- Command payload: JSON [name:value, name:value, index:value...]
- Answer payload: JSON [name:OK, name:OK, name:OK...]
- PARAMS\_VALUES\_BIN\_REQUEST Reading parameter values in binary

form. Each parameter will be stacked according to its index and size.

- CID: 0x0410
- Access: unlocked
- Command payload: no
- Answer payload: BIN
- RETURN\_CODES\_JSON\_REQUEST Getting a text description of the codes of operation results and errors, returned by the device.
  - URI: /api/v1/config/returnCodes
  - CID: 0x2010
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no
  - Answer payload: JSON
- **PARAMS\_SAVE** Saving the current values of the device parameters in non-volatile memory in user area. Saved values will be used when the device is switched on again.
  - URI: /api/v1/config/params/save
  - CID: 0x0510
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no
  - Answer payload: JSON [result:OK]
- PARAMS\_RESTORE\_SAVE Saving the current values of the device parameters in the recovery area. These parameters will be applied when parameters from the user area are damaged.
  - URI: /api/v1/config/params/restore/save
  - CID: 0x0610
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no
  - Answer payload: JSON [result:OK]
- PARAMS\_RESTORE\_LOAD Loading device parameter values from the recovery area. The loaded values will be written to the user area, the device will be automatically rebooted.

- URI: /api/v1/config/params/restore/load
- CID: 0x0710
- Access: unlocked
- Command payload: no
- Answer payload: JSON [result:OK]
- AUTHORIZATION\_REQUEST Authorization on the device as a manufacturer - allows editing factory parameters of the device.
  - URI: /api/v1/authorization
  - CID: 0x2110
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no/key
  - Answer payload: JSON

### **Calibration file**

- **CALIB\_FILE\_DATA\_WRITE** Writing a fragment of a calibration
  - file into a device.
  - CID: 0x1052
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: BIN (uint32\_t: offset; uint8\_t: data[])
  - Answer payload: no
- **CALIB\_FILE\_CRC16\_REQUEST** Getting the checksum of the calibration file, uploaded to the device.
  - CID: 0x1252
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no
  - Answer payload: BIN (uint16\_t: CRC)
- **CALIB\_FILE\_SAVE** Saving the calibration file in a non-volatile memory of the device.
  - CID: 0x2052
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no
  - Answer payload: no

## **Profiles request**

- PROFILE\_CAPTURE Command to start measurement. It is used only
  in the software measurement start mode (parameter
  user\_sensor\_syncSource = SYNC\_SOFTWARE). When the command is
  received, the device starts the cycle of measurement, after that, the
  profile is calculated and a standard package with the profile is
  sent.
  - CID: 0x0459
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: BIN (uint32 t: count (max: 16777215))
  - Answer payload: no
- PROFILE\_REQUEST The command to read the last calculated profile. The profile will be transferred in the payload of the service protocol message.
  - CID: 0x0559
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no
  - Answer payload: BIN

## **Dump request**

- **DUMP\_CONTENT\_REQUEST** Request the contents of the profile dump.
  - CID: 0x2259
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: BIN (uint32\_t: index; uint32\_t: count)
  - Answer payload: BIN

## Frame request

- FRAME\_REQUEST Request one frame of the image, exposed by the CMOS sensor.
  - CID: 0x1083
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: BIN (uint32 t: index; uint32 t: count)
  - Answer payload: BIN (uint32\_t: offset; uint8\_t: data[])

## Log request

- LOG\_PART\_REQUEST Request a part of the device log file with a full description of the entries.
  - URI: /api/v1/log- CID: 0x0357
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: JSON {index: XXX, count: XXX}
  - Answer payload: JSON
- LOG\_CONTENT\_REQUEST Request the device log in an abbreviated

form - is easier to read.

- URI: /api/v1/log/content
- CID: 0x0457
- Access: unlocked
- Command payload: noAnswer payload: JSON

## Internal non-volatile memory

- FLASH\_ERASE Cleaning of the internal non-volatile memory of the device (execution of the command may lead to inoperability of the device). The command arguments are the start address of the erase area and the size of the erase area. The address must be aligned to 65536 bytes and the size is a multiple of 65536 bytes.
  - CID: 0x005A
  - Access: locked
  - Command payload: BIN (uint32\_t: addr; uint32\_t: size)
  - Answer payload: no
- FLASH\_FIRMWARE\_READ Reading the firmware of the device.
  - CID: 0x1A5A
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: no
  - Answer payload: BIN (uint32\_t: offset; uint8\_t: data[])
- FLASH\_FIRMWARE\_WRITE Write device firmware.
  - CID: 0x205A
  - Access: unlocked
  - Command payload: BIN (uint32\_t: offset; uint8\_t: data[])
  - Answer payload: no
- FLASH\_FIRMWARE\_CRC16\_REQUEST Request the checksum of the

firmware that has been uploaded to the device. The request must be made before writing the firmware to the internal non-volatile memory of the device.

- CID: 0x215A

- Access: unlocked

- Command payload: no

- Answer payload: BIN (uint16 t: CRC)

 FLASH\_FIRMWARE\_SAVE - Saving the loaded firmware to the internal non-volatile memory of the device. A checksum (command FLASH\_FIRMWARE\_CRC16\_REQUEST) must be requested before saving.

- CID: 0x225A

- Access: unlocked

- Command payload: no

- Answer payload: no

## **Device to Web-page notification**

 FLASH\_FIRMWARE\_SAVE - With this command, the device notifies the Web-page of various internal events: status changes, warnings, errors.

- CID: 0x1063

- Access: locked

 Command payload: JSON {time: XXX, type: (NTF INFO/NTF WARN/NTF ERR), message: TEXT}

- Answer payload: no

## **Periphery commands**

- **PERIPHERY\_TRANSFER** - Transfer of data to and from connected peripheral devices.

- CID: 0x1080

- Access: unlocked

- Command payload: BIN

- Answer payload: BIN

## 1.5 API «ядра» на С

**RF62X-CORE** - основная библиотека («Ядро») с базовым набором функций и типов для работы с лазерными сканерами серии RF62X. Библиотека написана на языке программирования СИ в соответствии со стандартом С99 (ISO / IEC 9899: 1999) и является кроссплатформенной. Для использования данной библиотеки необходима реализация платформозависимых функций (работа с памятью, работа с сетью, функции ввода/вывода).

Для скачивания библиотеки см. *последние выпуски «ядра» на С.* Для компиляции библиотеки см. *компиляция и запуск «ядра» на С.* 

## 1.5.1 Инициализация «ядра»

При желании использовать библиотеку RF62X-CORE вместо предоставляемых библиотек-«обёрток» разработчику необходимо самостоятельно реализовать платформозависимую часть «ядра» (см. компиляция и запуск «ядра»).

Файл rf62X\_core.h является заголовочным файлом с описанием функций для запуска «ядра». Этот файл содержит определения основных функций, используемых при его инициализации:

## init platform dependent methods()

Функция инициализация платформозависимой части «ядра»

init platform dependent methods - Init platform dependent methods and settings

### **Parameters**

- memory\_methods: Structure with platform-specific methods for work with memory
- iostream\_methods: Structure with platform-specific methods for work with iostream
- network\_methods: Structure with platform-specific methods for work with network
- adapter\_settings: Structure with platform-specific settings

## core\_version()

Функция для получения текущей версии «ядра»:

```
rfChar *core_version()
core version - Return rf627 sdk version.
```

Return ptr to rfChar

## 1.5.2 Обзор программного интерфейса

Файл  $rf62X_sdk.h$  является основным файлом программного интерфейса (API) «ядра» и определяет его функциональность.  $rf62X_sdk.h$  содержит следующий набор базовых функций для разработки:

### set platform adapter settings()

Функция для передачи текущих настроек адаптера в ядро. Данная функция используется в том случае, если произошли какие-либо изменения настроек в используемом ядром сетевом адаптаре.

### **Parameters**

- [in] subnet\_mask: Subnet mask on your local machine. A subnet mask is a number that defines a range of IP addresses that can be used in a network.
- [in] host\_ip\_addr: IP address of your network adapter(card)

### Пример использования:

```
// Create value for scanners vector's type
vector_t* scanners = (vector_t*)calloc(1, sizeof (vector_t));

//Initialization vector
vector_init(&scanners);

// Iterate over all available network adapters in the current operating
// system to send "Hello" requests.
for (int i=0; i<GetAdaptersCount(); i++)
{
    // get another IP Addr and set this changes in network adapter settings.
    uint32_t host_ip_addr = ntohl(inet_addr(GetAdapterAddress(i)));
    uint32_t host_mask = ntohl(inet_addr("255.255.255.0"));
    // call the function to change adapter settings inside the library.
    set_platform_adapter_settings(host_mask, host_ip_addr);

// Search for RF6270ld devices over network by Service Protocol.
    search_scanners(scanners, kRF627_OLD, kSERVICE);
}</pre>
```

## search\_scanners()

Функция для поиска устройств RF62X по сети

```
rfUint8 search_scanners (vector_t *list, scanner_types_t model, protocol_types_t protocol)
```

search - Search for RF62X devices over network

### Return 0 on success

#### **Parameters**

- list: ptr to list of rf627 objects. If not null list will be filled with found devices
- model: scanner's type (RF627-old, RF627-smart)
- protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

## Пример использования:

```
// Create value for scanners vector's type
vector_t* scanners = (vector_t*)calloc(1, sizeof (vector_t));
//Initialization vector
vector_init(&scanners);

// set IP Addr and NetMask for setting in network adapter settings.
uint32_t host_ip_addr = ntohl(inet_addr("192.168.1.2"));
uint32_t host_mask = ntohl(inet_addr("255.255.255.0"));
// call the function to change adapter settings inside the library.
set_platform_adapter_settings(host_mask, host_ip_addr);

// Search for RF6270ld devices over network by Service Protocol.
search_scanners(scanners, kRF627_OLD, kSERVICE);
```

### get\_info\_about\_scanner()

Return 0 on success

#### **Parameters**

- device: prt to scanner
- protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

```
// Create value for scanners vector's type
vector_t* scanners = (vector_t*)calloc(1, sizeof (vector_t));
//Initialization vector
vector_init(&scanners);

// set IP Addr and NetMask for setting in network adapter settings.
```

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## connect\_to\_scanner()

Функция для установки соединения со сканером серии RF62X

rfUint8 connect\_to\_scanner (scanner\_base\_t \*device, protocol\_types\_t protocol) connect - Establish connection to the RF62X device

### Return 0 on success

### **Parameters**

- device: prt to scanner
- protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

## disconnect from scanner()

Функция для закрытия ранее установленного соединения со сканером серии RF62X rfUint8 disconnect\_from\_scanner (scanner\_base\_t \*device, protocol\_types\_t protocol) disconnect\_from\_scanner - Close connection to the device

### Return 0 on success

#### **Parameters**

- device: prt to scanner
- protocol: protocol's type (Service, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

```
// Create value for scanners vector's type
vector_t* scanners = (vector_t*)calloc(1, sizeof (vector_t));
//Initialization vector
vector_init(&scanners);
// set IP Addr and NetMask for setting in network adapter settings.
uint32_t host_ip_addr = ntohl(inet_addr("192.168.1.2"));
uint32_t host_mask = ntohl(inet_addr("255.255.255.0"));
// call the function to change adapter settings inside the library.
set_platform_adapter_settings(host_mask, host_ip_addr);
// Search for RF6270ld devices over network by Service Protocol.
search_scanners(scanners, kRF627_OLD, kSERVICE);
// Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network and Establish connection.
for(size_t i = 0; i < vector_count(scanners); i++)</pre>
   connect_to_scanner((scanner_base_t*)vector_get(scanners,i), kSERVICE);
// Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network for Disabling connection.
for(size_t i = 0; i < vector_count(scanners); i++)</pre>
   disconnect_from_scanner((scanner_base_t*)vector_get(scanners,i), kSERVICE);
```

### get\_profile2D\_from\_scanner()

```
Функция для получения профиля со сканеров серии RF62X
```

```
rf627_profile2D_t *get_profile2D_from_scanner (scanner_base_t *device, rfBool zero_points, protocol_types_t protocol)

get profile - Get measurement from scanner's data stream
```

• <del>-</del>

**Return** ptr to rf627\_profile\_t structure

#### **Parameters**

- device: ptr to scanner
- zero\_points: include zero points in return profile2D
- protocol: protocol's type (Service, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

```
// Create value for scanners vector's type
vector_t* scanners = (vector_t*)calloc(1, sizeof (vector_t));
//Initialization vector
vector_init(&scanners);
// set IP Addr and NetMask for setting in network adapter settings.
uint32 t host ip addr = ntohl(inet addr("192.168.1.2"));
uint32 t host mask = ntohl(inet addr("255.255.255.0"));
// call the function to change adapter settings inside the library.
set_platform_adapter_settings(host_mask, host_ip_addr);
// Search for RF62701d devices over network by Service Protocol.
search_scanners(scanners, kRF627_OLD, kSERVICE);
// Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network and Establish connection.
for(size_t i = 0; i < vector_count(scanners); i++)</pre>
  scanner base t* scanner = vector get(scanners,i);
  connect to scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
  // Flag for included zero points in return profile2D
  bool zero_points = true;
  // Get profile from scanner's data stream by Service Protocol.
  rf627_profile2D_t* profile = get_profile2D_from_scanner(scanner, zero_
→points, kSERVICE);
      // some actions with profile
  disconnect_from_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
   // Freeing memory after using profile structure
  free (profile->rf627_profile2D->intensity);
  free (profile->rf627_profile2D->pixels_format.pixels);
  free(profile->rf627_profile2D);
  free(profile);
```

## read\_params\_from\_scanner()

Функция получения текущих параметров сканера. При вызове данной функции «ядро» вычитывает со сканера все актуальные параметры, сохраняя их ввиде «списка параметров» для дальнейшей работы.

```
rfUint8 read_params_from_scanner (scanner_base_t *device, protocol_types_t protocol)
```

read\_params\_from\_scanner - Read parameters from device to rfInternal structure. This structure is accessible via get\_params() function

Return 0 on success

### **Parameters**

• device: - ptr to scanner

protocol: - protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

```
// Create value for scanners vector's type
vector_t* scanners = (vector_t*)calloc(1, sizeof (vector_t));
//Initialization vector
vector_init(&scanners);
// set IP Addr and NetMask for setting in network adapter settings.
uint32_t host_ip_addr = ntohl(inet_addr("192.168.1.2"));
uint32_t host_mask = ntohl(inet_addr("255.255.255.0"));
// call the function to change adapter settings inside the library.
set_platform_adapter_settings(host_mask, host_ip_addr);
// Search for RF62701d devices over network by Service Protocol.
search_scanners(scanners, kRF627_OLD, kSERVICE);
// Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network and Establish connection.
for(size_t i = 0; i < vector_count(scanners); i++)</pre>
   scanner_base_t* scanner = vector_get(scanners,i);
   connect_to_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
   // Read parameters from device to the internal structure of the core
  read_params_from_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
   {
      // some actions with params
   disconnect from scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
```

## get\_parameter()

Функция получения конкретного параметра по его имени (ключу). При вызове данной функции «ядро» осуществляет поиск нужного параметра из последних прочитанных при вызове функции read\_params\_from\_scanner. В случае, если запрашиваемый параметр отсутствует в конкретном сканере, функция вернёт null.

```
parameter_t *get_parameter (scanner_base_t *device, const rfChar *param_name) get_parameter - Search parameters by his name
```

Return param on success, else - null

## **Parameters**

- device: ptr to scanner
- param\_name: name of parameter

## Пример использования:

```
// Create value for scanners vector's type
vector_t* scanners = (vector_t*)calloc(1, sizeof (vector_t));
//Initialization vector
```

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```
vector_init(&scanners);
// set IP Addr and NetMask for setting in network adapter settings.
uint32_t host_ip_addr = ntohl(inet_addr("192.168.1.2"));
uint32_t host_mask = ntohl(inet_addr("255.255.255.0"));
// call the function to change adapter settings inside the library.
set_platform_adapter_settings(host_mask, host_ip_addr);
// Search for RF6270ld devices over network by Service Protocol.
search_scanners(scanners, kRF627_OLD, kSERVICE);
// Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network and Establish connection.
for(size_t i = 0; i < vector_count(scanners); i++)</pre>
  scanner_base_t* scanner = vector_get(scanners,i);
  connect to scanner (scanner, kSERVICE);
  // Read parameters from device to the internal structure of the core
  read_params_from_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
  // Get parameter of Device Name
  parameter_t* name = get_parameter(scanner, "user_general_deviceName");
  if ((name != NULL) && (strcmp(name->type, "string_t") ==0)
      char* str_name = name->val_str->value;
      printf("Current Device Name: %s\n", str_name);
   disconnect_from_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
```

Для более удобной работы с параметрами можно использовать соответствующие «ключи» (ключ имени параметра, тип параметра и доступ к параметру). Для этого в файле rt62X\_types.h находятся следующие enum:

```
enum paramValueType_t
Values:

PVT_UNKN = 0

PVT_UINT

PVT_UINT64

PVT_INT64

PVT_FLOAT

PVT_DOUBLE

PVT_ARRAY_UINT32

PVT_ARRAY_UINT64

PVT_ARRAY_INT32

PVT_ARRAY_INT32

PVT_ARRAY_INT34

PVT_ARRAY_FLT
```

```
PVT_ARRAY_DBL
    PVT STRING
    PVT_UNKN = 0
    PVT_UINT
    PVT_UINT64
    PVT_INT
    PVT_INT64
    PVT_FLOAT
    PVT_DOUBLE
    PVT ARRAY UINT32
    PVT ARRAY UINT64
    PVT_ARRAY_INT32
    PVT_ARRAY_INT64
    PVT_ARRAY_FLT
    PVT_ARRAY_DBL
    PVT_STRING
enum paramAccessType_t
    Values:
    PAT_UNKN = 0
    PAT READ ONLY
    PAT WRITE
    PAT_LOCKED
    PAT_UNKN = 0
    PAT_READ_ONLY
    PAT_WRITE
    PAT_LOCKED
enum parameter_name_keys_t
    Values:
    FACT_GENERAL_PROTOCOLREV = 0
    FACT GENERAL DEVICETYPE
    FACT GENERAL SERIAL
    FACT_GENERAL_PCBSERIAL
    FACT_GENERAL_LIFETIME
    FACT_GENERAL_WORKTIME
    FACT_GENERAL_STARTSCOUNT
    FACT_GENERAL_FIRMWAREREV
```

FACT GENERAL HARDWAREREV

FACT GENERAL FSBLREV

FACT GENERAL CUSTOMERID

FACT GENERAL FPGAFREQ

FACT\_GENERAL\_SMR

FACT\_GENERAL\_MR

FACT\_GENERAL\_XSMR

FACT\_GENERAL\_XEMR

FACT\_GENERAL\_PIXDIVIDER

FACT GENERAL PROFDIVIDER

FACT GENERAL OEMDEVNAME

FACT GENERAL AUTHSTATUS

FACT\_SENSOR\_NAME

FACT\_SENSOR\_WIDTH

FACT SENSOR HEIGHT

FACT\_SENSOR\_PIXFREQ

FACT\_SENSOR\_FRMCONSTPART

FACT SENSOR FRMPERLINEPART

FACT\_SENSOR\_FPSOREXP

FACT SENSOR MINEXPOSURE

FACT\_SENSOR\_MAXEXPOSURE

FACT\_SENSOR\_IMGFLIP

FACT NETWORK MACADDR

FACT NETWORK FORCEAUTONEGTIME

FACT\_NETWORK\_WEBSOCKSERVICEPORT

FACT\_NETWORK\_WEBSOCKDATAPORT

FACT\_NETWORK\_WEBSOCKMATHPORT

FACT\_LASER\_WAVELENGTH

FACT\_LASER\_KOEFF1

FACT LASER KOEFF2

FACT LASER MINVALUE

FACT\_LASER\_MAXVALUE

FACT\_PROFILES\_MAXDUMPSIZE

FACT\_EIP\_IDENTITY\_VENDORID

FACT\_EIP\_IDENTITY\_DEVICETYPE

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FACT EIP IDENTITY PRODUCTCODE

FACT EIP IDENTITY REV

FACT EIP TCPINTRF CAPABILITY

FACT EIP TCPINTRF PHY PATHSIZE

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_PHY\_CLASSID

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_PHY\_INSTNUMBER

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_PHY\_ATTRNUMBER

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFTYPE

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_BITS

FACT EIP INTRFCAPABILITY SPEEDDUPCOUNT

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_SPEEDDUPLEX\_SPEED

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_SPEEDDUPLEX\_DUPLEX

FACT\_SENSOR\_ANALOGGAIN

FACT\_SENSOR\_DIGITALGAIN

FACT SENSOR BLACKODD

FACT\_SENSOR\_BLACKEVEN

FACT\_SENSOR\_HDRPIECEWISEDIV1

FACT SENSOR HDRPIECEWISEDIV2

FACT SENSOR INITREGS

USER GENERAL DEVICESTATE

USER\_GENERAL\_DEVICENAME

USER\_GENERAL\_SAVELOG

USER SYSMON FPGATEMP

USER SYSMON PARAMSCHANGED

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS00

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS00MAX

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS00MIN

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS01

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS01MAX

USER SYSMON TEMPSENSO1MIN

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS10

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS10MAX

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS10MIN

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS11

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS11MAX

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS11MIN

USER SENSOR SYNCSOURCE

USER SENSOR FRAMERATE

USER SENSOR MAXFRAMERATE

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURECONTROL

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURE1

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURE2

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURE3

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURE4

USER SENSOR MAXEXPOSURE

USER ROI ENABLED

USER\_ROI\_ACTIVE

USER\_ROI\_POSMODE

USER\_ROI\_POS

USER ROI MAXPOS

USER\_ROI\_REQPROFSIZE

USER NETWORK SPEED

USER NETWORK REQUIREDSPEED

USER NETWORK AUTONEG

USER\_NETWORK\_IP

USER\_NETWORK\_MASK

USER\_NETWORK\_GATEWAY

USER NETWORK HOSTIP

USER NETWORK HOSTPORT

USER NETWORK WEBPORT

USER\_NETWORK\_SERVICEPORT

USER\_STREAMS\_UDPENABLED

USER STREAMS FORMAT

USER STREAMS INCLUDEINTENSITY

USER\_PROCESSING\_THRESHOLD

USER\_PROCESSING\_PROFPERSEC

USER\_PROCESSING\_MEDIANMODE

USER\_PROCESSING\_BILATERALMODE

USER\_PROCESSING\_PEAKMODE

USER\_PROCESSING\_FLIP

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USER LASER ENABLED

USER LASER VALUE

USER TRIGGER SYNC SOURCE

USER TRIGGER SYNC STRICTENABLED

USER\_TRIGGER\_SYNC\_DIVIDER

USER\_TRIGGER\_SYNC\_DELAY

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_TYPE

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_MAXVALUEENABLED

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_MAXVALUE

USER TRIGGER COUNTER RESETTIMERENABLED

USER TRIGGER COUNTER RESETTIMERVALUE

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_VALUE

USER\_INPUT1\_ENABLED

USER\_INPUT1\_MODE

USER\_INPUT2\_ENABLED

USER\_INPUT2\_MODE

USER\_INPUT3\_ENABLED

USER\_INPUT3\_MODE

USER INPUT1 SAMPLES

USER INPUT2 SAMPLES

USER\_INPUT3\_SAMPLES

USER\_OUTPUT1\_ENABLED

USER OUTPUT1 MODE

USER OUTPUT1 PULSEWIDTH

USER\_OUTPUT2\_ENABLED

USER\_OUTPUT2\_MODE

USER\_OUTPUT2\_PULSEWIDTH

USER\_DUMP\_ENABLED

USER\_DUMP\_CAPACITY

USER\_DUMP\_SIZE

USER DUMP TIMESTAMP

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_MOTIONTYPE

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_YSOURCE

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_YSTEP

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_PAINTMODE

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_DECIMATION

USER EIP TCPPORT

USER EIP UDPPORT

USER\_EIP\_TCP\_TTL

USER\_EIP\_TCP\_TIMEOUT

USER\_EIP\_TCP\_MULTICAST\_ALLOC

USER\_EIP\_TCP\_MULTICAST\_NUM

USER\_EIP\_TCP\_MULTICAST\_ADDR

USER\_COMPATIBILITY\_RF625ENABLED

USER COMPATIBILITY RF625TCPPORT

USER SENSOR DOUBLESPEEDENABLED

USER\_SENSOR\_EDRTYPE

USER\_SENSOR\_EDRCOLUMNDIVIDER

USER\_STREAMS\_POINTSCOUNT

USER\_ROI\_SIZE

FACT GENERAL PROTOCOLREV = 0

FACT GENERAL DEVICETYPE

FACT GENERAL SERIAL

FACT GENERAL PCBSERIAL

FACT GENERAL LIFETIME

FACT GENERAL WORKTIME

FACT\_GENERAL\_STARTSCOUNT

FACT GENERAL FIRMWAREREV

FACT GENERAL HARDWAREREV

FACT GENERAL FSBLREV

FACT\_GENERAL\_CUSTOMERID

FACT\_GENERAL\_FPGAFREQ

FACT GENERAL SMR

FACT GENERAL MR

FACT GENERAL XSMR

FACT\_GENERAL\_XEMR

FACT\_GENERAL\_PIXDIVIDER

FACT\_GENERAL\_PROFDIVIDER

FACT\_GENERAL\_OEMDEVNAME

FACT\_GENERAL\_AUTHSTATUS

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FACT SENSOR NAME

FACT SENSOR WIDTH

FACT SENSOR HEIGHT

FACT SENSOR PIXFREQ

FACT\_SENSOR\_FRMCONSTPART

FACT\_SENSOR\_FRMPERLINEPART

FACT\_SENSOR\_FPSOREXP

FACT\_SENSOR\_MINEXPOSURE

FACT\_SENSOR\_MAXEXPOSURE

FACT\_SENSOR\_IMGFLIP

FACT NETWORK MACADDR

FACT\_NETWORK\_FORCEAUTONEGTIME

FACT\_NETWORK\_WEBSOCKSERVICEPORT

FACT\_NETWORK\_WEBSOCKDATAPORT

FACT\_NETWORK\_WEBSOCKMATHPORT

FACT\_LASER\_WAVELENGTH

FACT\_LASER\_KOEFF1

FACT LASER KOEFF2

FACT LASER MINVALUE

FACT LASER MAXVALUE

FACT\_PROFILES\_MAXDUMPSIZE

FACT\_EIP\_IDENTITY\_VENDORID

FACT EIP IDENTITY DEVICETYPE

FACT\_EIP\_IDENTITY\_PRODUCTCODE

FACT\_EIP\_IDENTITY\_REV

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_CAPABILITY

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_PHY\_PATHSIZE

FACT EIP TCPINTRF PHY CLASSID

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_PHY\_INSTNUMBER

 ${\tt FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_PHY\_ATTRNUMBER}$ 

FACT EIP INTRFTYPE

FACT EIP INTRFCAPABILITY BITS

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_SPEEDDUPCOUNT

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_SPEEDDUPLEX\_SPEED

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_SPEEDDUPLEX\_DUPLEX

FACT SENSOR ANALOGGAIN

FACT SENSOR DIGITALGAIN

FACT SENSOR BLACKODD

FACT SENSOR BLACKEVEN

FACT\_SENSOR\_HDRPIECEWISEDIV1

FACT\_SENSOR\_HDRPIECEWISEDIV2

FACT\_SENSOR\_INITREGS

USER\_GENERAL\_DEVICESTATE

USER\_GENERAL\_DEVICENAME

USER GENERAL SAVELOG

USER SYSMON FPGATEMP

USER\_SYSMON\_PARAMSCHANGED

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS00

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS00MAX

USER SYSMON TEMPSENSOOMIN

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS01

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS01MAX

USER SYSMON TEMPSENSO1MIN

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS10

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS10MAX

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS10MIN

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS11

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS11MAX

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS11MIN

USER SENSOR SYNCSOURCE

USER\_SENSOR\_FRAMERATE

USER\_SENSOR\_MAXFRAMERATE

USER SENSOR EXPOSURECONTROL

USER SENSOR EXPOSURE1

USER SENSOR EXPOSURE2

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURE3

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURE4

USER\_SENSOR\_MAXEXPOSURE

USER\_ROI\_ENABLED

USER\_ROI\_ACTIVE

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USER ROI POSMODE

USER ROI POS

USER ROI MAXPOS

USER ROI REQPROFSIZE

USER\_NETWORK\_SPEED

USER\_NETWORK\_REQUIREDSPEED

USER\_NETWORK\_AUTONEG

USER\_NETWORK\_IP

USER\_NETWORK\_MASK

USER NETWORK GATEWAY

USER NETWORK HOSTIP

USER\_NETWORK\_HOSTPORT

USER\_NETWORK\_WEBPORT

USER\_NETWORK\_SERVICEPORT

USER\_STREAMS\_UDPENABLED

USER\_STREAMS\_FORMAT

USER\_STREAMS\_INCLUDEINTENSITY

USER PROCESSING THRESHOLD

USER\_PROCESSING\_PROFPERSEC

USER\_PROCESSING\_MEDIANMODE

USER\_PROCESSING\_BILATERALMODE

USER\_PROCESSING\_PEAKMODE

USER PROCESSING FLIP

USER LASER ENABLED

USER\_LASER\_VALUE

USER\_TRIGGER\_SYNC\_SOURCE

USER\_TRIGGER\_SYNC\_STRICTENABLED

USER TRIGGER SYNC DIVIDER

USER\_TRIGGER\_SYNC\_DELAY

USER TRIGGER COUNTER TYPE

USER TRIGGER COUNTER MAXVALUEENABLED

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_MAXVALUE

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_RESETTIMERENABLED

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_RESETTIMERVALUE

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_VALUE

USER INPUT1 ENABLED

USER INPUT1 MODE

USER INPUT2 ENABLED

USER INPUT2 MODE

USER\_INPUT3\_ENABLED

USER\_INPUT3\_MODE

USER\_INPUT1\_SAMPLES

USER\_INPUT2\_SAMPLES

USER\_INPUT3\_SAMPLES

USER OUTPUT1 ENABLED

USER\_OUTPUT1\_MODE

USER\_OUTPUT1\_PULSEWIDTH

USER\_OUTPUT2\_ENABLED

USER\_OUTPUT2\_MODE

USER\_OUTPUT2\_PULSEWIDTH

USER\_DUMP\_ENABLED

USER\_DUMP\_CAPACITY

USER DUMP SIZE

USER\_DUMP\_TIMESTAMP

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_MOTIONTYPE

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_YSOURCE

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_YSTEP

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_PAINTMODE

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_DECIMATION

USER\_EIP\_TCPPORT

USER\_EIP\_UDPPORT

USER\_EIP\_TCP\_TTL

USER EIP TCP TIMEOUT

USER\_EIP\_TCP\_MULTICAST\_ALLOC

USER\_EIP\_TCP\_MULTICAST\_NUM

USER\_EIP\_TCP\_MULTICAST\_ADDR

USER\_COMPATIBILITY\_RF625ENABLED

USER\_COMPATIBILITY\_RF625TCPPORT

USER\_SENSOR\_DOUBLESPEEDENABLED

USER\_SENSOR\_EDRTYPE

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```
USER_SENSOR_EDRCOLUMNDIVIDER
USER_STREAMS_POINTSCOUNT
USER_ROI_SIZE
```

Пример использования с ключами:

Для более детального описания каждого параметра и его свойств см. *PARAMETERS* 

## set\_parameter()

Функция установки конкретного параметра. При вызове данной функции происходит установка передаваемого параметра в локальном списке параметров в «ядре». Для отправки изменений в сканер необходимо вызвать функцию write\_params\_to\_scanner.

```
rfUint8 set_parameter (scanner_base_t *device, parameter_t *param) set_parameter - Set parameter
```

## Return 0 if success

## **Parameters**

- device: ptr to scanner
- param: setting parameter

## Пример использования:

```
// Create value for scanners vector's type
vector_t* scanners = (vector_t*)calloc(1, sizeof (vector_t));
//Initialization vector
vector_init(&scanners);

// set IP Addr and NetMask for setting in network adapter settings.
uint32_t host_ip_addr = ntohl(inet_addr("192.168.1.2"));
uint32_t host_mask = ntohl(inet_addr("255.255.255.0"));
// call the function to change adapter settings inside the library.
set_platform_adapter_settings(host_mask, host_ip_addr);

// Search for RF6270ld devices over network by Service Protocol.
search_scanners(scanners, kRF627_OLD, kSERVICE);
```

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(продолжение с предыдущей страницы)

```
// Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network and Establish connection.
for(size_t i = 0; i < vector_count(scanners); i++)</pre>
  scanner_base_t* scanner = vector_get(scanners,i);
  connect_to_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
  // Read parameters from device to the internal structure of the core
  read_params_from_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
  // Get parameter of Device Name
  parameter_t* name = get_parameter(scanner, "user_general_deviceName");
  if ((name != NULL) && (strcmp(name->type, "string_t")==0)
      char* str name = name->val str->value;
      printf("Current Device Name: %s\n", str name);
      char* new_name = "NEW NAME";
      memcpy(name->val_str->value, new_name, strlen(new_name)+1);
      set_parameter(scanner, name);
   }
   // Write changes parameters to the device's memory
  write_params_to_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
   disconnect_from_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
```

### write params to scanner()

Функция записи локальных параметров из «ядра» в сканер. При вызове данной функции происходит отправка списка локальных параметров из «ядра» в сканер.

```
rfUint8 write_params_to_scanner (scanner_base_t *device, protocol_types_t protocol)
write_params_to_scanner - Write current parameters to device's memory
```

### Return 0 on success

#### **Parameters**

- device: ptr to scanner
- protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

## Пример использования:

```
{
...Search devices
...Establish connections
...Read parameters
}

// Get parameter of Laser Enabled
parameter_t* laser_enabled = get_parameter(scanner, "user_laser_enabled");
if ((name != NULL) && (strcmp(name->type, "uint32_t")==0)
```

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(продолжение с предыдущей страницы)

```
uint32_t is_enabled = laser_enabled->val_uint32->value;
printf("Current Laser State: %s\n", is_enabled == 0 ? "OFF" : "ON");

uint32_t new_state;
if (is_enabled == 1)
    new_state = 0;
else
    new_state = 1;

laser_enabled->val_uint32->value = new_state;

set_parameter(scanner, laser_enabled);

// Write changes parameters to the device's memory
write_params_to_scanner(scanner, kSERVICE);
```

## send command()

Функция отправки команд в сканер

rfUint8 **send\_command** (scanner\_base\_t \**device*, command\_t \**command*) set\_parameter - Search parameters by his name

Return param on success, else - null

### **Parameters**

- device: ptr to scanner
- param\_name: name of parameter

Для более детального описания команд и их свойств см. General device commands

# 1.6 API «обёртки» на С++

Эта библиотека позволяет упростить разработку приложений на языке С++

Для её использования в проектах C++ разработчику необходимо включить h-файлы библиотеки в свой проект, а также добавить к проекту «обёртку» в качестве статической или динамической программной библиотеки.

Для скачивания библиотеки см. *последние выпуски «обёртки» на С++*. Для компиляции библиотеки см. *компиляция и запуск «обёртки» на С++*.

## 1.6.1 Инициализация SDK

Файл rf62Xsdk.h является основным файлом программного интерфейса (API) для разработки программ на языке C++ и определяет функциональность библиотеки-«обёртки» для rf62Xcore. rf62Xsdk.h содержит следующий набор классов и функций для инициализации SDK:

### sdk\_init()

Функция инициализации SDK. Должна быть вызванна один раз перед дальнейшими вызовами любых библиотечных функций:

```
bool SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::sdk_init()
sdk_init - Initialize sdk library Must be called once before further calls to any library functions
```

Return true if success.

## sdk cleanup()

Функция для очистки ресурсов выделенных с помощью функции sdk\_init:

```
void SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::sdk_cleanup()
    sdk cleanup - Cleanup resources allocated with sdk init() function
```

### sdk version()

Функция для получения текущей версии SDK:

Return SDK version

### 1.6.2 Класс rf627old

Данный класс определён в файле rf62Xsdk.h и пердоставляет интерфейс для работы со сканерами серии RF627Old

```
class rf627old
```

rf627old - This class is the main interface for working with RF627-old series scanners.

## search()

Функция для поиска устройств RF627 доступных в сети

```
std::vector<rf627old *> SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::rf627old::search (PROTOCOLS protocol)

search - Search for RF627old devices over network
```

Return vector of rf627old devices

**Parameters** 

• protocol: - protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

## get\_info()

Функция для получения информации о сканере из пакета приветствия (Hello-пакет)

get\_info - Get information about scanner from hello packet

Return hello info on success

#### **Parameters**

• protocol: - protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

```
// Initialize sdk library
sdk_init();
// Print return rf627 sdk version
std::cout << "SDK version: " << sdk_version()</pre>
                                                   << std::endl;
std::cout << "=======""
                                                   << std::endl;
// Create value for scanners vector's type
std::vector<rf627old*> list;
// Search for RF627old devices over network
list = rf627old::search(PROTOCOLS::SERVICE);
// Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
for (size_t i = 0; i < list.size(); i++)</pre>
  rf627old::hello_info info = list[i]->get_info();
                                                   << std::endl;
  std::cout << "\n\n\nID scanner's list: " << i</pre>
  std::cout << "-----
                                                --" << std::endl;
```

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#### (продолжение с предыдущей страницы)

```
std::cout << "Device information: "</pre>
                                                            << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* IP Addr\t: " << info.ip_address()
std::cout << "* MAC Addr\t: " << info.mac_address()</pre>
                                                            << std::endl;
                                                            << std::endl;
  std::cout << "\nWorking ranges: "</pre>
                                                            << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Zsmr, mm\t: " << info.z_smr()
                                                           << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Zmr , mm\t: " << info.z mr()
                                                           << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Xsmr, mm\t: " << info.x_smr()
                                                           << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Xemr, mm\t: " << info.x_emr()</pre>
                                                            << std::endl;
  std::cout << "\nVersions: "</pre>
                                                            << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Firmware\t: " << info.firmware_version() << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "* Hardware\t: " << info.hardware_version() << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "-----
                                                    ----" << std::endl;
// Cleanup resources allocated with sdk_init()
sdk_cleanup();
```

## connect()

Функция для установки соединения со сканером серии RF627

```
bool SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::rf627o1d::connect (PROTOCOLS protocol = PROTOCOLS::CURRENT)

connect - Establish connection to the RF627old device
```

Return true on success

### **Parameters**

protocol: - protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

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## disconnect()

Функция для закрытия ранее установленного соединения со сканером серии RF627

```
bool SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::rf627o1d::disconnect (PROTOCOLS protocol = PROTOCOLS::CURRENT) disconnect_from_scanner - Close connection to the device
```

### Return true on success

#### **Parameters**

protocol: - protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

## get profile2D()

Функция для получения профиля со сканеров серии RF627

get profile2D - Get 2D measurement from scanner's data stream

Return ptr to profile2D t structure if success, else - null

### **Parameters**

- zero\_points: include zero points in return profile2D
- protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

Пример использования:

```
// Initialize sdk library
sdk init();
// Create value for scanners vector's type
std::vector<rf627old*> list;
// Search for RF627old devices over network
list = rf627old::search(PROTOCOLS::SERVICE);
// Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
// Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network, connect to each of
// them and get a profile.
for(size_t i = 0; i < list.size(); i++)</pre>
  // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
  list[i]->connect();
  // Get profile from scanner's data stream by Service Protocol.
profile2D_t* profile = list[i]->get_profile2D();
  if (profile != nullptr)
     std::cout << "Profile information: "</pre>
                                                      << std::endl;
     switch (profile->header.data type) {
     case (uint8 t)PROFILE DATA TYPE::PIXELS:
       std::cout << "* DataType\t: "<< "PIXELS"</pre>
                                                     << std::endl;
        std::cout << "* Count\t: " << profile->pixels.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break:
     case (uint8_t)PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PIXELS_INTRP:
        std::cout << "* Count\t: " << profile->pixels.size() << std::endl;</pre>
     case (uint8_t)PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PROFILE:
        std::cout << "* DataType\t: "<< "PROFILE"</pre>
                                                      << std::endl;
        std::cout << "* Size\t: " << profile->points.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break;
     case (uint8 t) PROFILE DATA TYPE::PROFILE INTRP:
       std::cout << "* Size\t: " << profile->points.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break;
     delete profile;
     std::cout << "Profile was successfully received!"</pre>
                                                      << std::endl;
     std::cout << "-----"<< std::endl;
  }else
     std::cout << "Profile was not received!"</pre>
                                                      << std::endl:
     std::cout << "-----"<< std::endl;
  // Disconnect from scanner.
  list[i]->disconnect();
// Cleanup resources allocated with sdk_init()
sdk cleanup();
```

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### read\_params()

Функция получения текущих параметров сканера. При вызове данной функции SDK вычитывает со сканера все актуальные параметры, сохраняя их ввиде «списка параметров» для дальнейшей работы.

```
bool SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::rf627old::read_params (PROTOCOLS protocol = PROTOCOLS::CURRENT) read_params - Read parameters from device to internal structure. This structure is accessible via get_params() function
```

Return true on success

### **Parameters**

• protocol: - protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

#### Пример использования:

```
// Initialize sdk library
sdk_init();
// Create value for scanners vector's type
std::vector<rf627old*> scanners;
// Search for RF627old devices over network
scanners = rf627old::search(PROTOCOLS::SERVICE);
// Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
std::cout << "Discovered: " << scanners.size() << " RF62701d" << std::endl;</pre>
// Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network, connect to each of
// them and read/set parameters.
for(size_t i = 0; i < scanners.size(); i++)</pre>
   // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
   scanners[i]->connect();
   // read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
  scanners[i]->read_params();
   {
   ...some actions with params
   // Disconnect from scanner.
   scanners[i]->disconnect();
```

### get\_param()

Функция получения конкретного параметра по его имени (ключу). При вызове данной функции SDK осуществляет поиск нужного параметра из последних прочитанных при вызове функции read\_params. В случае, если запрашиваемый параметр отсутствует в конкретном сканере, функция вернёт null.

```
\label{eq:param_t*SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::} param_t * SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::rf62701d::get_param_(std::string) \\ param_name) \\ get_param - Search parameters by his name
```

Return param on success, else - null

#### **Parameters**

• param\_name: - name of parameter

#### Пример использования:

```
... Initialize sdk library
... Search for RF627old
}
// Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
scanners[i]->connect();
// read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
scanners[i]->read_params();
// Get parameter of Device Name
param_t* name = scanners[i]->get_param("user_general_deviceName");
if (name->type == "string_t")
  std::string str_name = name->get_value<value_str>();
   std::cout << "Current Device Name \t: " << str_name << std::endl;</pre>
}
// Get parameter of Device IP Addr
param_t* ip_addr = scanners[i]->get_param("user_network_ip");
if (ip_addr->type == "u32_arr_t")
  std::vector <uint32_t> ip = ip_addr->get_value<array_uint32>();
  std::cout << "Current Device IP\t: ";</pre>
  for(auto i: ip) std::cout<<std::to_string(i)<<".";std::cout<<std::endl;</pre>
}
// Get parameter of Laser Enabled
param_t* laser_enabled = scanners[i]->get_param("user_laser_enabled");
if (laser_enabled->type == "uint32_t")
  bool isEnabled = laser_enabled->get_value<value_uint32>();
   std::cout<<"Current Laser State\t: "<<(isEnabled?"ON":"OFF")<<std::endl;</pre>
}
```

Для более удобной работы с параметрами можно использовать соответствующие «ключи» (ключ имени параметра, тип параметра и доступ к параметру).

```
param_t *SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::rf627old::get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY)
                                                      param_key)
    get param - Search parameters by his name's key
    Return param on success, else - null
    Parameters
          • param_name: - name's key of parameter
Для этого в файле rt62Xtypes.h находятся следующие enum:
enum SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::PARAM_VALUE_TYPE
    Values:
    UNKN PARAM TYPE = 0
    UINT PARAM TYPE = 1
    UINT64 PARAM TYPE = 2
    INT PARAM TYPE = 3
    INT64 PARAM TYPE = 4
    FLOAT_PARAM_TYPE = 5
    DOUBLE PARAM TYPE = 6
    UINT32 ARRAY PARAM TYPE = 7
    UINT64 ARRAY PARAM TYPE = 8
    INT32 ARRAY PARAM TYPE = 9
    INT64 ARRAY PARAM TYPE = 10
    FLT ARRAY PARAM TYPE = 11
    DBL ARRAY PARAM TYPE = 12
    STRING PARAM TYPE = 13
enum SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::PARAM_ACCESS_TYPE
    Values:
    PAT UNKN = 0
    PAT READ ONLY = 1
    PAT WRITE = 2
    PAT RESTRICTED = 3
enum SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::PARAM_NAME_KEY
    Values:
    FACT GENERAL PROTOCOLREV = 0
    FACT_GENERAL_DEVICETYPE
    FACT_GENERAL_SERIAL
    FACT_GENERAL_PCBSERIAL
    FACT_GENERAL_LIFETIME
```

FACT GENERAL WORKTIME

FACT GENERAL STARTSCOUNT

FACT GENERAL FIRMWAREREV

FACT GENERAL HARDWAREREV

FACT\_GENERAL\_FSBLREV

FACT\_GENERAL\_CUSTOMERID

FACT\_GENERAL\_FPGAFREQ

FACT\_GENERAL\_SMR

FACT\_GENERAL\_MR

FACT GENERAL XSMR

FACT\_GENERAL\_XEMR

FACT\_GENERAL\_PIXDIVIDER

FACT\_GENERAL\_PROFDIVIDER

FACT\_GENERAL\_OEMDEVNAME

FACT\_GENERAL\_AUTHSTATUS

FACT\_SENSOR\_NAME

FACT\_SENSOR\_WIDTH

FACT SENSOR HEIGHT

FACT\_SENSOR\_PIXFREQ

FACT\_SENSOR\_FRMCONSTPART

FACT\_SENSOR\_FRMPERLINEPART

FACT\_SENSOR\_FPSOREXP

FACT SENSOR MINEXPOSURE

FACT\_SENSOR\_MAXEXPOSURE

FACT\_SENSOR\_IMGFLIP

FACT\_NETWORK\_MACADDR

FACT\_NETWORK\_FORCEAUTONEGTIME

FACT NETWORK WEBSOCKSERVICEPORT

FACT\_NETWORK\_WEBSOCKDATAPORT

FACT\_NETWORK\_WEBSOCKMATHPORT

FACT LASER WAVELENGTH

FACT\_LASER\_KOEFF1

FACT\_LASER\_KOEFF2

FACT\_LASER\_MINVALUE

FACT\_LASER\_MAXVALUE

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FACT PROFILES MAXDUMPSIZE

FACT EIP IDENTITY VENDORID

FACT EIP IDENTITY DEVICETYPE

FACT EIP IDENTITY PRODUCTCODE

FACT\_EIP\_IDENTITY\_REV

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_CAPABILITY

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_PHY\_PATHSIZE

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_PHY\_CLASSID

FACT\_EIP\_TCPINTRF\_PHY\_INSTNUMBER

FACT EIP TCPINTRF PHY ATTRNUMBER

FACT EIP INTRFTYPE

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_BITS

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_SPEEDDUPCOUNT

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_SPEEDDUPLEX\_SPEED

FACT\_EIP\_INTRFCAPABILITY\_SPEEDDUPLEX\_DUPLEX

FACT\_SENSOR\_ANALOGGAIN

FACT\_SENSOR\_DIGITALGAIN

FACT SENSOR BLACKODD

FACT SENSOR BLACKEVEN

FACT SENSOR HDRPIECEWISEDIV1

FACT\_SENSOR\_HDRPIECEWISEDIV2

FACT\_SENSOR\_INITREGS

USER GENERAL DEVICESTATE

USER\_GENERAL\_DEVICENAME

USER GENERAL SAVELOG

USER\_SYSMON\_FPGATEMP

USER\_SYSMON\_PARAMSCHANGED

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS00

USER SYSMON TEMPSENSOOMAX

USER SYSMON TEMPSENSOOMIN

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS01

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS01MAX

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS01MIN

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS10

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS10MAX

USER\_SYSMON\_TEMPSENS10MIN

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS11

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS11MAX

USER SYSMON TEMPSENS11MIN

USER\_SENSOR\_SYNCSOURCE

USER\_SENSOR\_FRAMERATE

USER\_SENSOR\_MAXFRAMERATE

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURECONTROL

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURE1

USER SENSOR EXPOSURE2

USER SENSOR EXPOSURE3

USER\_SENSOR\_EXPOSURE4

USER\_SENSOR\_MAXEXPOSURE

USER\_ROI\_ENABLED

USER\_ROI\_ACTIVE

USER\_ROI\_POSMODE

USER\_ROI\_POS

USER ROI MAXPOS

USER\_ROI\_REQPROFSIZE

USER\_NETWORK\_SPEED

USER\_NETWORK\_REQUIREDSPEED

USER\_NETWORK\_AUTONEG

USER\_NETWORK\_IP

USER NETWORK MASK

USER\_NETWORK\_GATEWAY

USER\_NETWORK\_HOSTIP

USER\_NETWORK\_HOSTPORT

USER NETWORK WEBPORT

USER NETWORK SERVICEPORT

USER\_STREAMS\_UDPENABLED

USER STREAMS FORMAT

USER\_STREAMS\_INCLUDEINTENSITY

USER\_PROCESSING\_THRESHOLD

USER\_PROCESSING\_PROFPERSEC

USER\_PROCESSING\_MEDIANMODE

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USER\_PROCESSING\_BILATERALMODE

USER PROCESSING PEAKMODE

USER PROCESSING FLIP

USER LASER ENABLED

USER\_LASER\_VALUE

USER\_TRIGGER\_SYNC\_SOURCE

USER\_TRIGGER\_SYNC\_STRICTENABLED

USER\_TRIGGER\_SYNC\_DIVIDER

USER\_TRIGGER\_SYNC\_DELAY

USER TRIGGER COUNTER TYPE

USER TRIGGER COUNTER MAXVALUEENABLED

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_MAXVALUE

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_RESETTIMERENABLED

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_RESETTIMERVALUE

USER\_TRIGGER\_COUNTER\_VALUE

USER\_INPUT1\_ENABLED

USER\_INPUT1\_MODE

USER INPUT2 ENABLED

USER\_INPUT2\_MODE

USER\_INPUT3\_ENABLED

USER\_INPUT3\_MODE

USER\_INPUT1\_SAMPLES

USER INPUT2 SAMPLES

USER INPUT3 SAMPLES

USER\_OUTPUT1\_ENABLED

USER\_OUTPUT1\_MODE

USER\_OUTPUT1\_PULSEWIDTH

USER\_OUTPUT2\_ENABLED

USER OUTPUT2 MODE

USER\_OUTPUT2\_PULSEWIDTH

USER DUMP ENABLED

USER\_DUMP\_CAPACITY

USER\_DUMP\_SIZE

USER\_DUMP\_TIMESTAMP

USER\_DUMP\_VIEW3D\_MOTIONTYPE

```
USER_DUMP_VIEW3D_YSOURCE
USER DUMP VIEW3D YSTEP
USER DUMP VIEW3D PAINTMODE
USER DUMP VIEW3D DECIMATION
USER_EIP_TCPPORT
USER_EIP_UDPPORT
USER_EIP_TCP_TTL
USER_EIP_TCP_TIMEOUT
USER_EIP_TCP_MULTICAST_ALLOC
USER EIP TCP MULTICAST NUM
USER EIP TCP MULTICAST ADDR
USER_COMPATIBILITY_RF625ENABLED
USER_COMPATIBILITY_RF625TCPPORT
USER_SENSOR_DOUBLESPEEDENABLED
USER SENSOR EDRTYPE
USER_SENSOR_EDRCOLUMNDIVIDER
USER_STREAMS_POINTSCOUNT
USER ROI SIZE
```

#### Пример использования с ключами:

```
... Initialize sdk library
... Search for RF627old
// Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
scanners[i]->connect();
// read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
scanners[i]->read_params();
// Get parameter of Device Name
param t* name = scanners[i]->get param(PARAM NAME KEY::USER GENERAL

    →DEVICENAME);
if (name->type == param_value_types[(int)PARAM_VALUE_TYPE::STRING_PARAM_TYPE])
  std::string str_name = name->get_value<value_str>();
  }
// Get parameter of Device IP Addr
param_t* ip_addr = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_NETWORK_IP);
if (ip_addr->type == param_value_types[(int))PARAM_VALUE_TYPE::UINT32_ARRAY_
→PARAM_TYPE])
  std::vector <uint32_t> ip = ip_addr->get_value<array_uint32>();
```

Для более детального описания каждого параметра и его свойств см. PARAMETERS

### set param()

Функция установки конкретного параметра. При вызове данной функции происходит установка передаваемого параметра в локальном списке параметров в SDK. Для отправки изменений в сканер необходимо вызвать функцию write\_params.

```
bool SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::rf627old::set_param(param_t *param)
    set_param - set parameter
```

Return true on success, else - false

#### **Parameters**

• param: - prt to parameter

### Пример использования:

```
... Initialize sdk library
... Search for RF627old
// Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
scanners[i]->connect();
// read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
scanners[i]->read_params();
// Get parameter of Device Name
param_t* name = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_GENERAL_
→DEVICENAME);
if (name->type == param_value_types[(int)PARAM_VALUE_TYPE::STRING_PARAM_TYPE])
   std::string str_name = name->get_value<value_str>();
   std::cout << "Current Device Name \t: " << str_name</pre>
                                                             << std::endl;
   // Add "_TEST" to the ending of the current name
  str_name += "_TEST";
  name->set_value<value_str>(str_name);
   std::cout << "New Device Name \t: " << str name</pre>
                                                             << std::endl;
                                                           -"<< std::endl;
```

```
scanners[i]->set_param(name);
// Get parameter of Device IP Addr
param_t* ip_addr = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_NETWORK_IP);
if (ip_addr->type == param_value_types[(int)PARAM_VALUE_TYPE::UINT32_ARRAY_
→PARAM_TYPE])
  std::vector <uint32_t> ip = ip_addr->get_value<array_uint32>();
  std::cout << "Current Device IP\t: ";</pre>
  for(auto i: ip) std::cout<<std::to_string(i)<<".";std::cout<<std::endl;</pre>
  // Change last digit of IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.30 -> 192.168.1.31)
  ip[3]++;
  ip addr->set value<array uint32>(ip);
  std::cout << "New Device IP\t: ";</pre>
  for(auto i: ip) std::cout<<std::to_string(i)<<".";std::cout<<std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "----
                                                   -----"<< std::endl;
  scanners[i]->set_param(ip_addr);
// Get parameter of Laser Enabled
param_t* laser_enabled = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_LASER_
→ENABLED);
if (laser_enabled->type == param_value_types[(int)PARAM_VALUE_TYPE::UINT_
→PARAM TYPE])
  bool isEnabled = laser_enabled->get_value<value_uint32>();
  std::cout<<"Current Laser State\t: "<<(isEnabled?"ON":"OFF")<<std::endl;</pre>
  // Change the current state to the opposite
  isEnabled = !isEnabled;
  laser enabled->set value<value uint32>(!isEnabled);
  std::cout<<"New Laser State\t: "<<(isEnabled?"ON":"OFF")<<std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "----
                                                        ----"<< std::endl;
 scanners[i]->set_param(laser_enabled);
// Write changes parameters to the device's memory
scanners[i]->write_params();
// Disconnect from scanner.
scanners[i]->disconnect();
```

# write\_params()

Функция записи локальных параметров из SDK в сканер. При вызове данной функции происходит отправка списка локальных параметров из SDK в сканер.

### Return true on success

### **Parameters**

protocol: - protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

## Пример использования:

```
{
...Initialize sdk library
...Search for RF627old
}

// Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
scanners[i]->connect();

// Read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
scanners[i]->read_params();

{
...Some steps to change scanner's parameters
}

// Write changes parameters to the device's memory
scanners[i]->write_params();

// Disconnect from scanner.
scanners[i]->disconnect();
```

# send\_cmd()

#### Функция отправки команд в сканер

Для более детального описания команд и их свойств см. General device commands

# 1.7 API «обёртки» на С#

Эта «обёртка» представляет собой библиотеку .NET, написанную на языке C#, которая позволяет упростить разработку приложений на языках C#, Visual Basic .NET, C++/CLI и JScript .NET

Для её использования в проектах .NET разработчику необходимо собрать или скачать динамическую программную библиотеку **rf62Xsdk.dll**, после чего добавить библиотеку к ссылкам (references) проекта, а также собрать или скачать библиотеку **rf62Xcore.dll**, добавив её в папку к исполняемому файлу проекта.

Для скачивания библиотеки см. *последние выпуски «обёртки» на С#*. Для компиляции библиотеки см. *компиляция и запуск «обёртки» на С#*.

# 1.7.1 Инициализация SDK

Файл rf62Xsdk.cs является основным файлом программного интерфейса (API) для разработки программ на языке C# и определяет функциональность библиотеки-«обёртки» для rf62Xcore. rf62Xsdk.cs содержит следующий набор классов и функций для инициализации SDK:

### SdkInit()

Функция инициализации SDK. Должна быть вызванна один раз перед дальнейшими вызовами любых библиотечных функций:

```
static bool SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.SdkInit()
SdkInit - Initialize sdk library
```

Must be called once before further calls to any library functions

Return true if success.

# SdkCleanup()

Функция для очистки ресурсов выделенных с помощью функции sdk\_init:

#### SdkVersion()

Функция для получения текущей версии SDK:

Return SDK version

#### 1.7.2 Класс rf627old

Данный класс определён в файле rf62Xsdk.cs и пердоставляет интерфейс для работы со сканерами серии RF627Old

#### class RF627old

*RF627old* - This class is the main interface for working with RF627-old series scanners.

### Search()

Функция для поиска устройств RF627 доступных в сети

Return List of RF627old devices

#### **Parameters**

protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

### GetInfo()

Функция для получения информации о сканере из пакета приветствия (Hello-пакет)

HelloInfo SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.RF627old.GetInfo(PROTOCOLS\_TYPES protocol = PROTOCOLS Get information about scanner from hello packet

Return Hello info on success

#### **Parameters**

• protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

```
// Start initialization of the library core
RF62X.SdkInit();
// Search for RF627old devices over network
```

```
List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();
// Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
Console.WriteLine("Discovered {0} scanners", Scanners.Count);
for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)</pre>
  RF62X.HelloInfo info = Scanners[i].GetInfo();
  Console.WriteLine("\n\nID scanner's list: {0}", i);
  Console.WriteLine("-----
  Console.WriteLine("Device information: ");
  Console.WriteLine("* Name\t: {0}", info.device_name);
  Console.WriteLine("* Serial\t: {0}", info.serial_number);
  Console.WriteLine("* IP Addr\t: {0}", info.ip_address);
  Console.WriteLine("* MAC Addr\t: {0}", info.mac address);
  Console.WriteLine("Working ranges: ");
  Console.WriteLine("* Zsmr, mm\t: {0}", info.z_smr);
  Console.WriteLine("* Zmr, mm\t: \{0\}", info.z_mr);
  Console.WriteLine("* Xsmr, mm\t: {0}", info.x_smr);
  Console.WriteLine("* Xemr, mm\t: {0}", info.x_emr);
  Console.WriteLine("\nVersions: ");
  Console.WriteLine("* Firmware\t: {0}", info.firmware_version);
  Console.WriteLine("* Hardware\t: {0}", info.hardware_version);
  Console.WriteLine("--
// Cleanup resources allocated with sdk_init()
RF62X.SdkCleanup();
```

### Connect()

Функция для установки соединения со сканером серии RF627

bool SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.RF627old.Connect (PROTOCOLS\_TYPES protocol = PROTOCOLS\_TY Establish connection to the RF627old device

Return true on success

#### **Parameters**

• protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

# Пример использования:

```
// Start initialization of the library core
RF62X.SdkInit();

// Search for RF627old devices over network
List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();

// Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
Console.WriteLine("Discovered {0} scanners", Scanners.Count);
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)
{
    // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
    if (Scanners[i].Connect())
        Console.WriteLine("Connected to scanner NF{0} successfully", i);
}

// Cleanup resources allocated with sdk_init()
RF62X.SdkCleanup();</pre>
```

# **Disconnect()**

Функция для закрытия ранее установленного соединения со сканером серии RF627

bool SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.RF627old.Disconnect(PROTOCOLS\_TYPES protocol = PROTOCOLS\_T Close connection to the device

Return true on success

#### **Parameters**

protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

# Пример использования:

```
// Start initialization of the library core
RF62X.SdkInit();

// Search for RF627old devices over network
List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();

// Print count of discovered RF627old in network by Service Protocol
Console.WriteLine("Discovered {0} scanners", Scanners.Count);

// Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)
    Scanners[i].Connect();

{
    ...some actions with scanners
}

for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)
    Scanners[i].Disconnect();</pre>
```

### GetProfile()

Функция для получения профиля со сканеров серии RF627

Profile SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.RF627old.GetProfile(PROTOCOLS\_TYPES protocol = PROTOC Get 2D measurement from scanner's data stream

#### Return Profile

#### **Parameters**

• protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

#### Пример использования:

```
// Start initialization of the library core
RF62X.SdkInit();
// Search for RF627old devices over network
List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();
// Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
Console.WriteLine("Discovered {0} scanners", Scanners.Count);
// foreach over an scanners list
for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)</pre>
   // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
  Scanners[i].Connect();
   // Get profile from scanner's data stream by Service Protocol.
  RF62X.Profile profile = Scanners[i].GetProfile();
   if (profile.header != null)
     Console.WriteLine("Profile information: ");
      switch (profile.header.data_type)
      case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PIXELS_NORMAL:
         Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PIXELS");
         Console.WriteLine("* Count\t: {0}", profile.pixels.Count);
         break;
      case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PROFILE_NORMAL:
         Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PROFILE");
         Console.WriteLine("* Size\t: {0}", profile.points.Count);
        break;
      case RF62X.PROFILE TYPE.PIXELS INTERPOLATED:
         Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PIXELS");
         Console.WriteLine("* Count\t: {0}", profile.pixels.Count);
      case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PROFILE_INTERPOLATED:
         Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PROFILE");
         Console.WriteLine("* Size\t: {0}", profile.points.Count);
        break:
      default:
         break:
      Console.WriteLine("Profile was successfully received!");
      Console.WriteLine("-----
                                                              ----");
```

```
}else
{
    Console.WriteLine("Profile was not received!");
    Console.WriteLine("-----");
}

// Disconnect from scanner.
Scanners[i].Disconnect();
}

// Cleanup resources allocated with sdk_init()
RF62X.SdkCleanup();
```

### ReadParams()

Функция получения текущих параметров сканера. При вызове данной функции SDK вычитывает со сканера все актуальные параметры, сохраняя их ввиде «списка параметров» для дальнейшей работы.

bool SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.RF627old.ReadParams (PROTOCOLS\_TYPES protocol = PROTOCOLS\_T Read parameters from device to internal structure. This structure is accessible via GetParam() functions

Return true on success

#### **Parameters**

protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

### Пример использования:

```
// Start initialization of the library core
RF62X.SdkInit();

// Search for RF627old devices over network
List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();

// Print count of discovered RF627Old in network by Service Protocol
Console.WriteLine("Discovered {0} scanners", Scanners.Count);

// foreach over an scanners list
for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)
{
    // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
    Scanners[i].Connect();

    // read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
    Scanners[i].ReadParams();

{
    ...some actions with params
    }

    // Disconnect from scanner.
    Scanners[i].Disconnect();
}</pre>
```

### GetParam()

Функция получения конкретного параметра по его имени (ключу). При вызове данной функции SDK осуществляет поиск нужного параметра из последних прочитанных при вызове функции ReadParams. В случае, если запрашиваемый параметр отсутствует в конкретном сканере, функция вернёт null.

```
dynamic SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.RF627old.GetParam(string nameKey)
    Search parameters by his name
```

Return param on success, else - null

#### **Parameters**

• nameKey: name of parameter

### Пример использования:

```
... Initialize sdk library
... Search for RF627old
}
// Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
Scanners[i].Connect();
// read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
Scanners[i].ReadParams();
// Get parameter of Device Name
RF62X.Param<string> name = Scanners[i].GetParam("user_general_deviceName");
if (name != null)
  string strName = name.GetValue();
  Console.WriteLine("\n\nCurrent Device Name \t: {0}", strName);
}
// Get parameter of Device IP Addr
RF62X.Param<List<uint>> ipAddr = Scanners[i].GetParam("user network ip");
if (ipAddr != null)
  List<uint> ip = ipAddr.GetValue();
  Console.WriteLine("Current Device IP Addr\t: {0}.{1}.{2}.{3}", ip[0],__
\rightarrowip[1], ip[2], ip[3]);
}
// Get parameter of Laser Enabled
RF62X.Param<uint> laserEnabled = Scanners[i].GetParam("user_laser_enabled");
if (laserEnabled != null)
  bool isLaserEnabled = Convert.ToBoolean(laserEnabled.GetValue());
  Console.WriteLine("Current Laser State\t: {0}", isLaserEnabled ? "ON" :
"OFF");
}
```

Для более удобной работы с параметрами можно использовать соответствующие «ключи» (ключ имени параметра, тип параметра и доступ к параметру).

Return param on success, else - null

#### **Parameters**

• paramInfo: info of parameter

Для этого в файле rt62Xtypes.cs находятся class:

class Params

#### **Public Static Functions**

```
static List<Description> SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.Params.GetParamsDescriptionList()
class Description
```

#### **Public Functions**

```
Type SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.Params.Description.GetParamType()
```

### **Public Members**

```
string SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.Params.Description.Key string SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.Params.Description.Type class User
```

class Compatibility

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::rf625Enabled
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::rf625TCPPort
class Dump
```

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::enabled
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::capacity
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::size
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::timeStamp
class View3D
```

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::motionType
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::ySource
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::yStep
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::paintMode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::decimation
class Eip
```

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tcpPort
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::udpPort
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tcpTTL
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tcpTimeout
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::multicastAlloc
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::multicastNum
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::multicastAddr
```

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::deviceState
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::deviceName
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::saveLog
class Inputs1
```

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::enabled
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::mode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::samples
class Inputs2
```

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```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::enabled
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::mode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::samples
class Inputs3
```

# **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::enabled
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::mode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::samples
class Laser
```

# **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::enabled
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::value
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::preset
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::params_mask
class NetWork
```

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::speed
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::requiredSpeed
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::autoNeg
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::ip
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::mask
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::gateway
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::hostIP
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::hostPort
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::webPort
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::servicePort
class Outputs1
```

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::enabled
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::mode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::pulseWidth
class Outputs2
```

# **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::enabled
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::mode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::pulseWidth
class Processing
```

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::threshold
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::profPerSec
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::medianMode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::bilateralMode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::peakMode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::flip
class Roi
```

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::enable
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::active
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::posMode
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::pos
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::maxPos
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::reqProfSize
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::size
class Sensor
```

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```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::syncSource
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::framerate
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::maxFramerate
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::exposureControl
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::user_sensor_exposure1
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::user_sensor_exposure2
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::user_sensor_exposure3
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::user_sensor_exposure4
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::user_sensor_exposure4
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::doubleSpeedEnabled
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::edrType
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::edrColumnDivider
```

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::udpEnable
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::format
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::includeIntensity
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::pointsCount
class SysMon
```

### **Property**

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::fpgaTemp
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::paramsChanged
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens00
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens00Max
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens00Min
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens01
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens01
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens01Max
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens01Min
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens10
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens10Max
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens10Max
```

```
property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens11
   property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens11Max
   property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::tempSens11Min
class Trigger
   class Counter
      Property
     property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::type
     property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::maxValueEnabled
     property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::maxValue
     property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::resetTimerEnabled
     property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::resetTimerValue
     property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::value
   class Sync
     Property
     property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::source
     property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::strictEnabled
     property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::divider
```

Пример использования с ключами:

```
{
...Initialize sdk library
...Search for RF627old
}

// Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
Scanners[i].Connect();

// read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
Scanners[i].ReadParams();

// Get parameter of Device Name
RF62X.Param<string> name = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.Params.User.General.
-deviceName);
if (name != null)
{
    string strName = name.GetValue();
    Console.WriteLine("\n\nCurrent Device Name \t: {0}", strName);
}

// Get parameter of Device IP Addr
```

property SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X::Params::delay

Для более детального описания каждого параметра и его свойств см. *PARAMETERS* 

### SetParam()

Функция установки конкретного параметра. При вызове данной функции происходит установка передаваемого параметра в локальном списке параметров в SDK. Для отправки изменений в сканер необходимо вызвать функцию write\_params.

bool SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.RF627old.SetParam(dynamic param)

Update parameter in internal structure

Return true on success, else - false

### **Parameters**

param: Updated parameter

### Пример использования:

```
{
...Initialize sdk library
...Search for RF627old
}

// Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
Scanners[i].Connect();

// read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
Scanners[i].ReadParams();

// Get parameter of Device Name
RF62X.Param
RF62X.Param
RF62X.Param
string> name = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.Params.User.General.

deviceName);
if (name != null)
{
    string strName = name.GetValue();
    Console.WriteLine("\n\nCurrent Device Name \t: {0}", strName);
```

```
// Add "_TEST" to the ending of the current name
  strName += "_TEST";
  name.SetValue(strName);
  Console.WriteLine("New Device Name \t: {0}", strName);
  Console.WriteLine("-----
 Scanners[i].SetParam(name);
// Get parameter of Device IP Addr
RF62X.Param<List<uint>> ipAddr = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.Params.User.
→NetWork.ip);
if (ipAddr != null)
  List<uint> ip = ipAddr.GetValue();
  Console.WriteLine("Current Device IP Addr\t: {0}.{1}.{2}.{3}", ip[0],__
\rightarrowip[1], ip[2], ip[3]);
  // Change last digit of IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.30 -> 192.168.1.31)
ip[3]++;
ipAddr.SetValue(ip);
  Console.WriteLine("New Device IP Addr\t: {0}.{1}.{2}.{3}", ip[0], ip[1],__
\rightarrowip[2], ip[3]);
  Console.WriteLine("-----
 Scanners[i].SetParam(ipAddr);
}
// Get parameter of Laser Enabled
RF62X.Param<uint> laserEnabled = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.Params.User.Laser.
→enabled);
if (laserEnabled != null)
  bool isLaserEnabled = Convert.ToBoolean(laserEnabled.GetValue());
  Console.WriteLine("Current Laser State\t: {0}", isLaserEnabled ? "ON" :
→ "OFF");
  // Change the current state to the opposite
isLaserEnabled = !isLaserEnabled;
 laserEnabled.SetValue((uint)(Convert.ToUInt32(isLaserEnabled)));
  Console.WriteLine("New Laser State\t\t: {0}", isLaserEnabled ? "ON" : "OFF
");
  Console.WriteLine("-----
Scanners[i].SetParam(laserEnabled);
}
// Write changes parameters to the device's memory
Scanners[i].WriteParams();
```

### WriteParams()

Функция записи локальных параметров из SDK в сканер. При вызове данной функции происходит отправка списка локальных параметров из SDK в сканер.

bool SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.RF627old.WriteParams(PROTOCOLS\_TYPES protocol = PROTOCOLS\_'
Write current parameters to device's memory

Return true on success

#### **Parameters**

• protocol: protocol's type (Service Protocol, ENIP, Modbus-TCP)

#### Пример использования:

```
{
...Initialize sdk library
...Search for RF627old
}

// Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
Scanners[i].Connect();

// read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
Scanners[i].ReadParams();

{
...Some steps to change scanner's parameters
}

// Write changes parameters to the device's memory
Scanners[i].WriteParams();

// Disconnect from scanner.
Scanners[i].Disconnect();
```

# 1.8 Примеры для С++

# 1.8.1 Поиск устройств RF62X

Ниже приведен пример поиска сканеров серии RF627Old в сети

```
#include <rf62Xsdk.h>
#include <rf62Xtypes.h>
#include <string>
#include <iostream>

using namespace SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X;

int main()
{
    // Initialize sdk library
    sdk_init();
```

```
// Print return rf627 sdk version
std::cout << "SDK version: " << sdk_version()</pre>
                                                 << std::endl;
<< std::endl;
// Create value for scanners vector's type
std::vector<rf627old*> list;
// Search for RF627old devices over network
list = rf627old::search(PROTOCOLS::SERVICE);
// Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
for (size_t i = 0; i < list.size(); i++)</pre>
  rf627old::hello info info = list[i]->get info();
  std::cout << "\n\n\nID scanner's list: " << i</pre>
                                                << std::endl;
  std::cout << "-----" << std::endl;
  std::cout << "\nWorking ranges: "</pre>
                                                 << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Zsmr, mm\t: " << info.z_smr()
                                                 << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Zmr , mm\t: " << info.z_mr()
                                                 << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Xsmr, mm\t: " << info.x_smr()
                                                << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Xemr, mm\t: " << info.x_emr()</pre>
                                                << std::endl;
  std::cout << "\nVersions: "</pre>
                                                << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* Firmware\t: " << info.firmware_version() << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "* Hardware\t: " << info.hardware_version() << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "----" << std::endl;
}
system("pause");
```

Ниже приведён результат вывода приложения при успешном обнаружении сканера в сети:

Вы можете открыть и скомпилировать этот пример с помощью **Qt Creator**:

- Загрузите файл CMakeLists.txt из папки examples/Cpp/RF627\_old/RF627\_search через
   File > Open File or Project (выберите файл CMakeLists.txt)
- Выберите компилятор (MinGW, MSVC2017, Clang) и нажмите Configure Project
- Запустите проект

# 1.8.2 Получение профиля сканера

Ниже приведен пример получения профилей от сканеров серии RF627Old

```
#include <rf62Xsdk.h>
#include <rf62Xtypes.h>
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using namespace SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X;
int main()
   // Initialize sdk library
  sdk_init();
  // Print return rf627 sdk version
  std::cout << "SDK version: " << sdk version()</pre>
                                                        << std::endl;
  std::cout << "========""
                                                        << std::endl;
   // Create value for scanners vector's type
  std::vector<rf627old*> list;
  // Search for RF627old devices over network
  list = rf627old::search(PROTOCOLS::SERVICE);
  // Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
  // Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network, connect to each of
  // them and get a profile.
  for(size_t i = 0; i < scanners.size(); i++)</pre>
     rf627old::hello_info info = list[i]->get_info();
```

```
// Print information about the scanner to which the profile belongs.
  std::cout << "\n\n\n\subseteq" i << i << std::endl;
  std::cout << "-----" << std::endl;
  std::cout << "Device information: "</pre>
                                           << std::endl;
  std::cout << "* IP Addr\t: " << info.ip_address() << std::endl;</pre>
  // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
  list[i]->connect();
  // Get profile from scanner's data stream by Service Protocol.
  profile2D_t* profile = list[i]->get_profile2D();
  if (profile != nullptr)
    std::cout << "Profile information: "</pre>
                                            << std::endl;
    switch (profile->header.data_type) {
    case (uint8_t) PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PIXELS:
       std::cout << "* Count\t: " << profile->pixels.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break;
    case (uint8_t) PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PROFILE:
       std::cout << "* Size\t: " << profile->points.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break:
    case (uint8_t) PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PIXELS_INTRP:
       std::cout << "* Count\t: " << profile->pixels.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break;
    case (uint8_t)PROFILE_DATA_TYPE::PROFILE_INTRP:
      std::cout << "* Size\t: " << profile->points.size() << std::endl;</pre>
       break:
    }
    std::cout << "-----"<< std::endl;
  }else
  {
    std::cout << "Profile was not received!"</pre>
                                            << std::endl;
    std::cout << "-----"<< std::endl;
  }
system("pause");
```

Ниже приведён результат вывода приложения при успешном получении профиля со сканера:

Вы можете открыть и скомпилировать этот пример с помощью Qt Creator:

- Загрузите файл CMakeLists.txt из папки examples/Cpp/RF627\_old/RF627\_profile через File > Open File or Project (выберите файл CMakeLists.txt)
- Выберите компилятор (MinGW, MSVC2017, Clang) и нажмите Configure Project
- Запустите проект

# 1.8.3 Получение и установка параметров

Ниже приведен пример получения и изменения имени сканера, установки IP адреса, смены состояния лазера (включение или отключение):

```
#include <rf62Xsdk.h>
#include <rf62Xtypes.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace SDK::SCANNERS::RF62X;
int main()
  // Initialize sdk library
  sdk init();
  // Print return rf62X SDK version
  std::cout << "SDK version: " << sdk version()</pre>
                                                                 <<__
→std::endl;
  std::cout << "----"
                                                                 <<. .
→std::endl;
  // Create value for scanners vector's type
  std::vector<rf627old*> scanners;
  // Search for RF627old devices over network
  scanners = rf627old::search(PROTOCOLS::SERVICE);
  // Print count of discovered RF6270ld in network by Service Protocol
  std::cout << "Discovered: " << scanners.size() << " RF6270ld" <<__</pre>
→std::endl;
```

```
// Iterate over all discovered RF6270ld in network, connect to each of
  // them and read/set parameters.
  for(size_t i = 0; i < scanners.size(); i++)</pre>
     rf627old::hello_info info = scanners[i]->get_info();
     std::cout << "\n\n\nID scanner's list: " << i</pre>
⇒std::endl;
     std::cout << "----
→std::endl;
     // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
     scanners[i]->connect();
     // read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
     scanners[i]->read_params();
     // Get parameter of Device Name
     param_t* name = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_GENERAL_
→DEVICENAME);
     if (name->type == param_value_types[(int)PARAM_VALUE_TYPE::STRING_PARAM_
\hookrightarrowTYPE])
        std::string str_name = name->get_value<value_str>();
        std::cout << "Current Device Name \t: " << str_name</pre>
                                                                << std::endl;
        // Add "_TEST" to the ending of the current name
        str_name += "_TEST";
        name->set_value<value_str>(str_name);
        std::cout << "New Device Name \t: " << str_name</pre>
                                                                 << std::endl;
        std::cout << "----
                                                         -----"<< std::endl;
        scanners[i]->set_param(name);
     // Get parameter of Device IP Addr
     param_t* ip_addr = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_NETWORK_
     if (ip_addr->type == param_value_types[(int)PARAM_VALUE_TYPE::UINT32_
→ARRAY_PARAM_TYPE])
        std::vector <uint32_t> ip = ip_addr->get_value<array_uint32>();
        std::cout << "Current Device IP\t: ";</pre>
        for(auto i: ip) std::cout<<std::to_string(i) <<".";std::cout<</pre>

<std::endl;</pre>
        // Change last digit of IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.30 -> 192.168.1.
\hookrightarrow 31)
        ip[3]++;
        ip_addr->set_value<array_uint32>(ip);
        std::cout << "New Device IP\t: ";</pre>
        for(auto i: ip) std::cout<<std::to_string(i)<<".";std::cout<</pre>

<std::endl;</pre>
        std::cout << "-----"<< std::endl;
        scanners[i]->set_param(ip_addr);
```

```
// Get parameter of Laser Enabled
     param_t* laser_enabled = scanners[i]->get_param(PARAM_NAME_KEY::USER_
→LASER ENABLED);
     if (laser_enabled->type == param_value_types[(int)PARAM_VALUE_
→TYPE::UINT_PARAM_TYPE])
        bool isEnabled = laser_enabled->get_value<value_uint32>();
        std::cout<<"Current Laser State\t: "<<(isEnabled?"ON":"OFF")</pre>

<std::endl;</pre>
        isEnabled = !isEnabled;
        // Change the current state to the opposite
        laser_enabled->set_value<value_uint32>(!isEnabled);
        std::cout<<"New Laser State\t: "<<(isEnabled?"ON":"OFF")<<std::endl;</pre>
        std::cout << "-----
                                           -----"<< std::endl;
        scanners[i]->set_param(laser_enabled);
     // Write changes parameters to the device's memory
     scanners[i]->write_params();
  }
  system("pause");
```

Ниже приведён результат вывода приложения при успешной установке новых параметров:

Вы можете открыть и скомпилировать этот пример с помощью **Qt Creator**:

- Загрузите файл CMakeLists.txt из папки examples/Cpp/RF627\_old/RF627\_params через File > Open File or Project (выберите файл CMakeLists.txt)
- Выберите компилятор (MinGW, MSVC2017, Clang) и нажмите Configure Project

• Запустите проект

# 1.9 Примеры для С#

## 1.9.1 Поиск устройств RF62X

Ниже приведен пример поиска сканеров серии RF627Old в сети

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SDK.SCANNERS;
namespace RF627_search
   class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
          // Start initialization of the library core
          RF62X.SdkInit();
          // Print return rf62X sdk version
          Console.WriteLine("SDK version: {0}", RF62X.SdkVersion());
          Console.WriteLine("=========");
          // Search for RF627old devices over network
          Console.WriteLine("- Start searching device");
          List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();
          Console.WriteLine("+ {0} scanners detected", Scanners.Count);
          for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)</pre>
             RF62X.HelloInfo info = Scanners[i].GetInfo();
             Console.WriteLine("\n\nID scanner's list: {0}", i);
             Console.WriteLine("-----
             Console.WriteLine("Device information: ");
             Console.WriteLine("* Name\t: {0}", info.device_name);
             Console.WriteLine("* Serial\t: {0}", info.serial_number);
             Console.WriteLine("* IP Addr\t: {0}", info.ip_address);
             Console.WriteLine("* MAC Addr\t: {0}", info.mac_address);
             Console.WriteLine("Working ranges: ");
             Console.WriteLine("* Zsmr, mm\t: {0}", info.z_smr);
             Console.WriteLine("* Zmr, mm\t: \{0\}", info.z_mr);
             Console.WriteLine("* Xsmr, mm\t: {0}", info.x_smr);
             Console.WriteLine("* Xemr, mm\t: {0}", info.x_emr);
             Console.WriteLine("\nVersions: ");
             Console.WriteLine("* Firmware\t: {0}", info.firmware_version);
             Console.WriteLine("* Hardware\t: {0}", info.hardware_version);
             Console.WriteLine("----");
          Console.WriteLine("{0}Press any key to end \"Search-test\"", __
→Environment.NewLine);
                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
Console.ReadKey();

// Cleanup resources allocated with SdkInit()

RF62X.SdkCleanup();
}
}
```

## 1.9.2 Получение профиля сканера

Ниже приведен пример получения профилей от сканеров серии RF627Old

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SDK.SCANNERS;
namespace RF627_profile
   class Program
      static void Main(string[] args)
         // Start initialization of the library core
         RF62X.SdkInit();
         // Search for RF627old devices over network
         Console.WriteLine("- Start searching device");
         List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();
         Console.WriteLine("+ {0} scanners detected", Scanners.Count);
         // foreach over an scanners list
         for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)</pre>
         {
            RF62X.HelloInfo info = Scanners[i].GetInfo();
            Console.WriteLine("\n\nID scanner's list: {0}", i);
            Console.WriteLine("-----
            Console.WriteLine("Device information: ");
            Console.WriteLine("* Name\t: {0}", info.device_name);
            Console.WriteLine("* Serial\t: {0}", info.serial_number);
            Console.WriteLine("* IP Addr\t: {0}", info.ip_address);
            // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
            Scanners[i].Connect();
            // Get profile from scanner's data stream by Service Protocol.
            RF62X.Profile profile = Scanners[i].GetProfile();
            if (profile.header != null)
            {
               Console.WriteLine("Profile information: ");
               switch (profile.header.data_type)
```

```
case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PIXELS_NORMAL:
                    Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PIXELS");
                    Console.WriteLine("* Count\t: {0}", profile.pixels.
→Count);
                    break;
                 case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PROFILE_NORMAL:
                    Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PROFILE");
                    Console.WriteLine("* Size\t: {0}", profile.points.Count);
                    break;
                 case RF62X.PROFILE_TYPE.PIXELS_INTERPOLATED:
                    Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PIXELS");
                    Console.WriteLine("* Count\t: {0}", profile.pixels.
→Count);
                    break;
                 case RF62X.PROFILE TYPE.PROFILE INTERPOLATED:
                    Console.WriteLine("* DataType\t: PROFILE");
                    Console.WriteLine("* Size\t: {0}", profile.points.Count);
                    break:
                 default:
                    break;
              }
              Console.WriteLine("Profile was successfully received!");
              Console.WriteLine("-----
           }else
           {
              Console.WriteLine("Profile was not received!");
              Console.WriteLine("-----
           }
           // Disconnect from scanner.
           Scanners[i].Disconnect();
        }
        Console.WriteLine("{0}Press any key to end \"Search-test\"", __
→Environment.NewLine);
        Console.ReadKey();
        // Cleanup resources allocated with SdkInit()
        RF62X.SdkCleanup();
     }
  }
```

### 1.9.3 Получение и установка параметров

Ниже приведен пример получения и изменения имени сканера, установки IP адреса, смены состояния лазера (включение или отключение):

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using SDK.SCANNERS;
namespace RF627_params
{
    class Program
```

(продолжение с предыдущей страницы)

```
{
     static void Main(string[] args)
        // Start initialization of the library core
        RF62X.SdkInit();
        // Search for RF627old devices over network
        Console.WriteLine("- Start searching device");
        List<RF62X.RF627old> Scanners = RF62X.RF627old.Search();
        Console.WriteLine("+ {0} scanners detected", Scanners.Count);
        // foreach over an scanners list
        for (int i = 0; i < Scanners.Count; i++)</pre>
           // Establish connection to the RF627 device by Service Protocol.
           Scanners[i].Connect();
           // read params from RF627 device by Service Protocol.
           Scanners[i].ReadParams();
           // Get parameter of Device Name
           RF62X.Param<string> name = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.Params.User.
→General.deviceName);
           if (name != null)
              string strName = name.GetValue();
              Console.WriteLine("\n\nCurrent Device Name \t: {0}", strName);
              // Add "_TEST" to the ending of the current name
              strName += "_TEST";
              name.SetValue(strName);
              Console.WriteLine("New Device Name \t: {0}", strName);
              Console.WriteLine("-----
              Scanners[i].SetParam(name);
           }
           // Get parameter of Device IP Addr
           RF62X.Param<List<uint>> ipAddr = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.
→Params.User.NetWork.ip);
           if (ipAddr != null)
              List<uint> ip = ipAddr.GetValue();
              Console.WriteLine("Current Device IP Addr\t: {0}.{1}.{2}.{3}",
\rightarrow ip[0], ip[1], ip[2], ip[3]);
              // Change last digit of IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.30 -> 192.
\rightarrow 168.1.31)
              ip[3]++;
              ipAddr.SetValue(ip);
              Console.WriteLine("New Device IP Addr\t: {0}.{1}.{2}.{3}",__
\rightarrow ip[0], ip[1], ip[2], ip[3]);
              Console.WriteLine("-----");
              Scanners[i].SetParam(ipAddr);
```

(continues on next page)

(продолжение с предыдущей страницы)

```
// Get parameter of Laser Enabled
           RF62X.Param<uint> laserEnabled = Scanners[i].GetParam(RF62X.
→Params.User.Laser.enabled);
           if (laserEnabled != null)
              bool isLaserEnabled = Convert.ToBoolean(laserEnabled.
→GetValue());
              Console.WriteLine("Current Laser State\t: {0}", isLaserEnabled_
→? "ON" : "OFF");
              // Change the current state to the opposite
              isLaserEnabled = !isLaserEnabled;
              laserEnabled.SetValue((uint)(Convert.
→ToUInt32(isLaserEnabled)));
              Console.WriteLine("New Laser State\t\t: {0}", isLaserEnabled ?
→"ON" : "OFF");
              Console.WriteLine("-----
              Scanners[i].SetParam(laserEnabled);
           }
           // Write changes parameters to the device's memory
           Scanners[i].WriteParams();
           // Disconnect from scanner.
           Scanners[i].Disconnect();
        Console.WriteLine("{0}Press any key to end \"Parameters-test\"", _
→Environment.NewLine);
        Console.ReadKey();
        // Cleanup resources allocated with SdkInit()
        RF62X.SdkCleanup();
  }
```

# 1.10 Примеры для PYTHON

## 1.10.1 Поиск устройств RF62X

Ниже приведен пример поиска сканеров серии RF627Old в сети

#### 1.10.2 Получение профиля сканера

Ниже приведен пример получения профилей от сканеров серии RF627Old

## 1.10.3 Получение и установка параметров

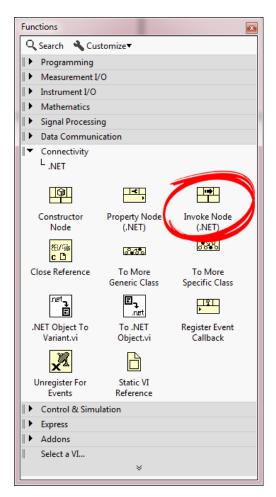
Ниже приведен пример получения и изменения имени сканера, установки IP адреса, смены состояния лазера (включение или отключение):

# 1.11 Примеры для LabVIEW

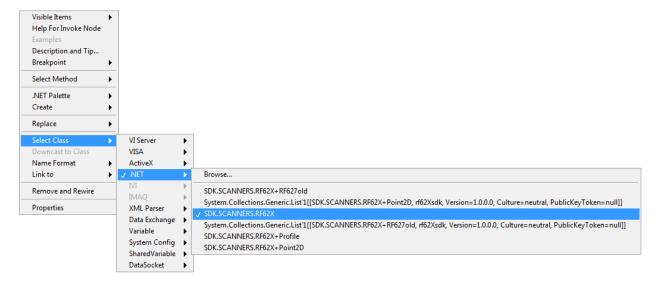
#### 1.11.1 Настройка среды

Перед созданием приложений в IDE LabVIEW для работы с лазерными сканерами серии RF62X необходимо:

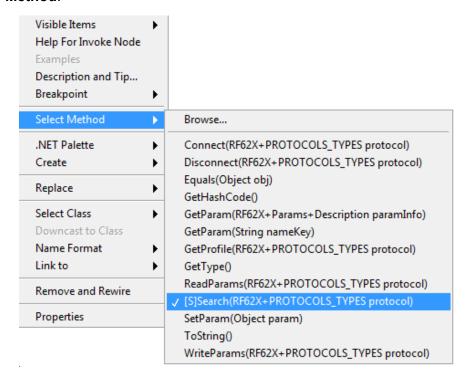
- 1) В папку с проектом LabVIEW добавить **две библиотеки**: основную библиотеку **rf62Xcore.dll** (см. *Компиляция «ядра» на С*) библиотеку-«обёртку» **rf62Xsdk.dll** для .NET, написанную на языке С# (см. *Компиляция «обёртки» на С*#)
- 2) Для вызовов методов из **rf62Xsdk.dll** при проектировании алгоритмом в LabVIEW необходим компонент **Invoke Node (.Net)**, который располагается в разделе **Connectivity->.Net**



3) В контекстном меню добавленного компонента **Invoke Node (.Net)** необходимо указать библиотеку **rf62Xsdk.dll** и выбрать класс **SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X**:



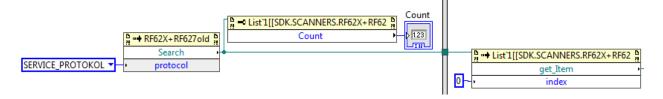
4) Для вызова в IDE LabVIEW конкретного метода из библиотеки **rf62Xsdk.dll** необходимо в контекстном меню добавленного компонента **Invoke Node (.Net)** открыть раздел **Class Method**:



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## 1.11.2 Поиск устройств RF62X

Ниже приведен пример поиска сканеров серии RF627Old в сети



## 1.11.3 Получение профиля сканера

Ниже приведен пример получения профилей от сканеров серии RF627Old

### 1.11.4 Получение и установка параметров

Ниже приведен пример получения и изменения имени сканера, установки IP адреса, смены состояния лазера (включение или отключение):

# 1.12 Примеры для MatLab

## 1.12.1 Поиск устройств RF62X

Ниже приведен пример поиска сканеров серии RF627Old в сети

```
clc
dll_in_matlab = NET.addAssembly('rf62Xsdk.dll');
dll_in_matlab.Classes

clc;
import SDK.SCANNERS.*
import SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.*
import SDK.SCANNERS.RF62X.*
import System.Collections.Generic.*

* Initialize sdk library
RF62X.SdkInit();

* Print return rf62X sdk version
RF62X.SdkVersion()

* Search for RF627old devices over network
list=Search()

* Cleanup resources allocated with SdkInit()
RF62X.SdkCleanup()
```

# 1.12.2 Получение профиля сканера

Ниже приведен пример получения профилей от сканеров серии RF627Old

# 1.12.3 Получение и установка параметров

Ниже приведен пример получения и изменения имени сканера, установки IP адреса, смены состояния лазера (включение или отключение):

Документация	www.riftek.com
Website	www.riftek.com
Версия документа	1.4.0 от 20/05/2020
Версии библиотеки	1.4.0 от 20/05/2020

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