

Design with microprocessors - Final Project
- Weather station with solar tracker -

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08/01/2021

1 Project specifications

The following project represents a *Weather station with solar tracker* incorporated. The main purpose of this project was to design and implement a device which can display the weather conditions. The weather parameters processed by the device are the following:

- air temperature
- humidity
- precipitation
- position of sun

The data is collected from sensors and is displayed on an LCD. For the solar tracker a panel is used and it rotates on 2 axes in the direction of the sun.

2 Components

In order to implement the project, the following components were used:

- Arduino Uno - R3 with USB cable x1
- DHT11 Temperature and Humidity Sensor Module x1
- Rain drop Sensor Module x1
- LCD 1602 with i2C adapter x1
- Servo Motor SG-90 x2
- Photoresistor/LDR x4
- 4.6 k Ω resistor x4
- 830-Point Breadboard x1
- wires

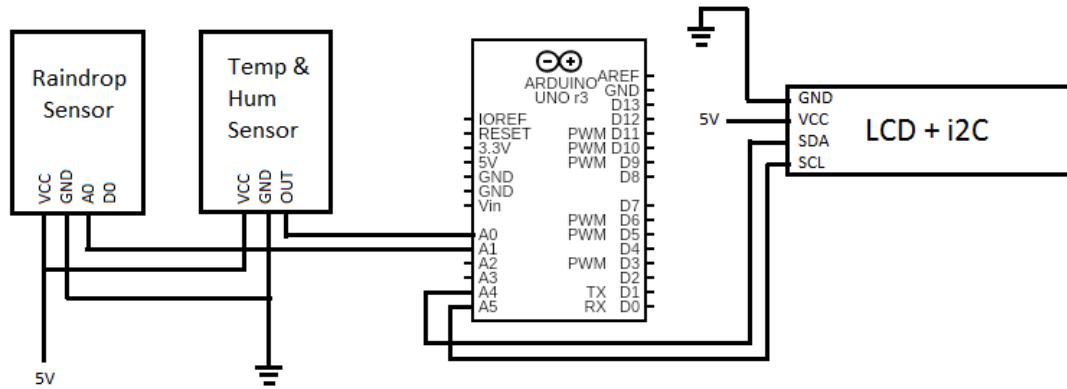
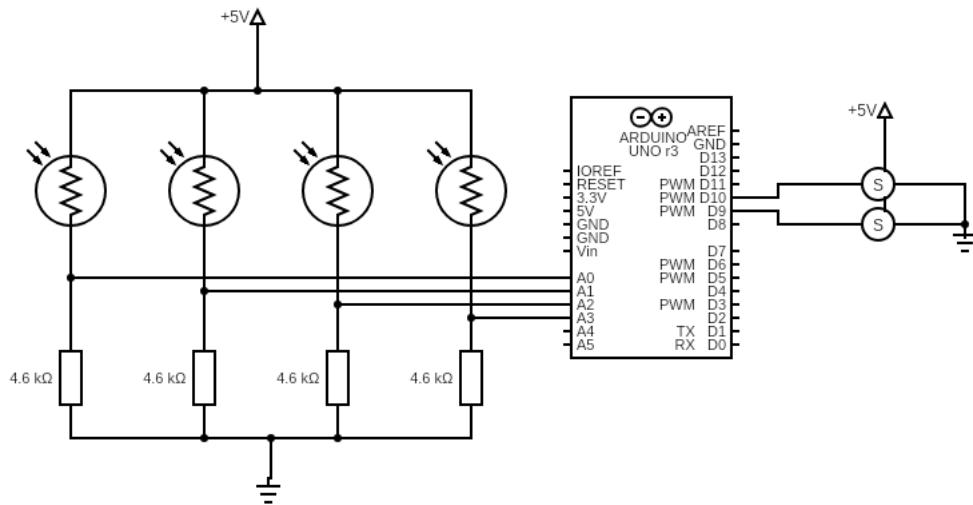
3 Design and implementation

3.1 Design

Because the development board which was available does not have enough analog ports for our implementation, the design was split in two. The problem can be solved using a different board (i.e. Arduino Mega) or using two boards of this kind. Hence, the project is split in two parts:

- the temperature, humidity and precipitation recording part
- the solar tracker part

The circuit diagrams of the two components are presented below.



3.2 Implementation

The code uploaded on the Arduino board is also split in two parts corresponding to the two schematics.

3.2.1 Temperature, humidity and precipitation recording part

```
1 #include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
2 #include <Wire.h>
```

```

3
4 #include "dht.h"
5 #define dht_apin A0 // Analog Pin sensor is connected to
6
7 dht DHT;
8 int hum;
9 int temp;
10 int rainSensVal;
11
12 LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27, 16, 2);
13 void setup()
14 {
15     Serial.begin(9600);
16     delay(500);
17     lcd.begin(16,2);
18     lcd.clear();
19     lcd.backlight();
20     lcd.setCursor(0,0);
21     lcd.print("Weather_station");
22     delay(5000);
23
24 }
25
26 void loop()
27 {
28     DHT.read11(dht_apin);
29     rainSensVal = analogRead(A1);
30
31     ////////////////TEMPERATURE & HUMIDITY///////////////
32
33     lcd.clear();
34     lcd.setCursor(0,0);
35     lcd.print("Humidity:_");
36
37     hum = DHT.humidity;
38     lcd.print(hum);
39
40     Serial.println("Humidity:_");
41     Serial.print(DHT.humidity);
42
43     lcd.setCursor(0,1);
44     lcd.print("Temperature:_");
45
46     temp = DHT.temperature;
47     lcd.print(temp);
48
49     Serial.println("Temperature:_");
50     Serial.print(temp);
51
52     delay(5000);
53
54     ////////////////RAIN DETECTION/////////////////////
55
56     Serial.println("Rain_sensor:_");

```

```

57 Serial.print(rainSensVal);
58
59 if(rainSensVal > 800){
60     lcd.clear();
61     lcd.setCursor(0,0);
62     lcd.print("NO RAIN");
63 }
64
65 if(rainSensVal <= 800 && rainSensVal > 600){
66     lcd.setCursor(0,0);
67     lcd.print("IT IS RAINING");
68     lcd.setCursor(0,1);
69     lcd.print("AMOUNT: LOW");
70 }
71
72 if(rainSensVal <= 600 && rainSensVal > 460){
73     lcd.setCursor(0,0);
74     lcd.print("IT IS RAINING");
75     lcd.setCursor(0,1);
76     lcd.print("AMOUNT: MEDIUM");
77 }
78
79 if(rainSensVal < 460){
80     lcd.setCursor(0,0);
81     lcd.print("IT IS RAINING");
82     lcd.setCursor(0,1);
83     lcd.print("AMOUNT: HIGH");
84 }
85
86 delay(5000);
87
88 }
```

3.2.2 Solar tracker part

```

1 #include <Servo.h>
2
3 Servo servoHorizontal;
4 int servоХ = 0;
5 int servoHLimitHigh = 160;
6 int servoHLimitLow = 20;
7
8 Servo servoVertical;
9 int servоЩ = 0;
10 int servoVLimitHigh = 160;
11 int servoVLimitLow = 20;
12
13 int ldrtopl = 2; //top left LDR
14 int ldrtopr = 1; //top right LDR
15 int ldrbotl = 3; // bottom left LDR
16 int ldrbotr = 0; // bottom right LDR
17
18 void setup ()
```

```

19 {
20   servoHorizontal.attach(11);
21   servoHorizontal.write(0);
22   servoVertical.attach(9);
23   servoVertical.write(0);
24   delay(500);
25 }
26
27 void loop()
28 {
29   servoH = servoHorizontal.read();
30   servoV = servoVertical.read();
31
32   //capturing analog values of each LDR
33   int topl = analogRead(ldrtopl);
34   int topr = analogRead(ldrtoptop);
35   int botl = analogRead(ldrbotl);
36   int botr = analogRead(ldrbotr);
37
38   // calculating average
39   int avgtop = (topl + topr) / 2; //average of top LDRs
40   int avgbot = (botl + botr) / 2; //average of bottom LDRs
41   int avgleft = (topl + botl) / 2; //average of left LDRs
42   int avgright = (topr + botr) / 2; //average of right LDRs
43
44   if (avgtop < avgbot)
45   {
46     servoVertical.write(servov +1);
47     if (servov > servovLimitHigh)
48     {
49       servov = servovLimitHigh;
50     }
51     delay(10);
52   }
53   else if (avgbot < avgtop)
54   {
55     servoVertical.write(servov -1);
56     if (servov < servovLimitLow)
57     {
58       servov = servovLimitLow;
59     }
60     delay(10);
61   }
62   else
63   {
64     servoVertical.write(servov);
65   }
66
67   if (avgleft > avgright)
68   {
69     servoHorizontal.write(servoh +1);
70     if (servoh > servohLimitHigh)
71     {
72       servoh = servohLimitHigh;

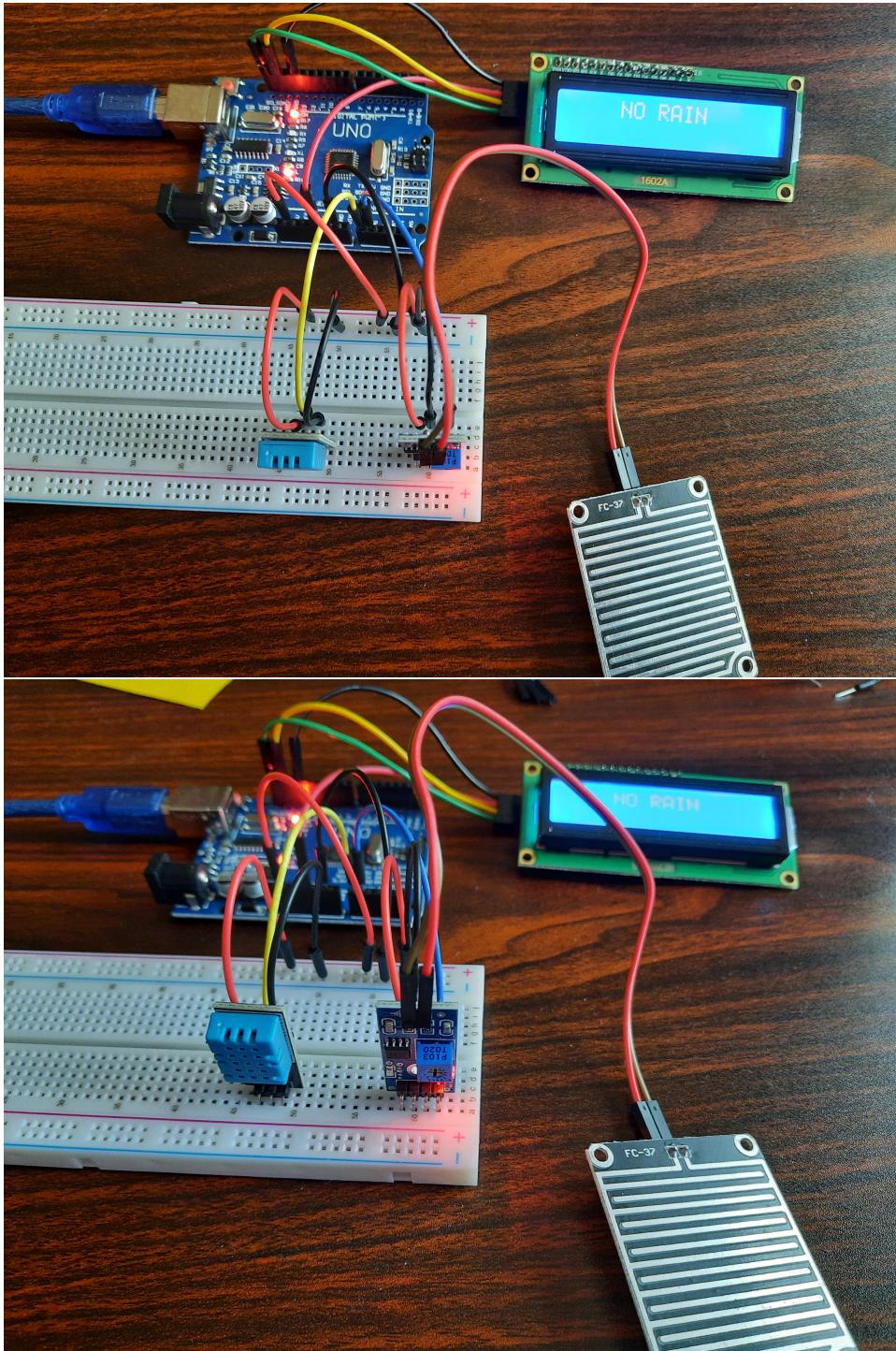
```

```
73      }
74      delay(10);
75  }
76 else if (avgright > avgleft)
77 {
78     servoHorizontal.write(servoH -1);
79     if (servoH < servoHLimitLow)
80     {
81         servoH = servoHLimitLow;
82     }
83     delay(10);
84 }
85 else
86 {
87     servoHorizontal.write(servoH);
88 }
89 delay(50);
90 }
```

4 Testing

In this section some pictures of the physical implementation of the project will be presented. Also some demonstrative videos presenting the functionality of the project will be handed in together with the documentation.

4.1 Temperature, humidity and precipitation recording part



4.1.1 Solar tracker part

