The Front-End Checklist

- The Front-End Checklist Application is perfect for modern websites and meticulous developers!
- ★ Generated on http://frontendchecklist.io ★

Project Name
-Page title or URL
Developer's name or team

0/47 √ high priority
0/25 √ medium priority
0/16 √ low priority



HEAD

o % Head items are ✓

- Doctype: The Doctype is HTML5 and is at the top of all your HTML pages.
- Charset: The charset declared (UTF-8) is declared correctly.
- Viewport: The viewport is declared correctly.
- Title: A title is used on all pages
- Description: A meta description is provided, it is unique and doesn't possess more than 150 characters.
- Favicons: Each favicon has been created and displays correctly.
- Apple Web App Meta: Apple meta-tags are present.
- Windows Tiles: Windows tiles are present and linked.
- Canonical: Use rel="canonical" to avoid duplicate content.
- Language attribute: The <code>lang</code> attribute of your website is specified and related to the language of the current
 page.
- Direction attribute: The direction of lecture is specified on the html tag (It can be used on another HTML tag).
- Alternate language: The language tag of your website is specified and related to the language of the current page.
- Conditional comments: Conditional comments are present for IE if needed.
- RSS feed: If your project is a blog or has articles, an RSS link was provided.
- Inline critical CSS: The inline critical CSS is correctly injected in the HEAD.
- CSS order: All CSS files are loaded before any JavaScript files in the HEAD
- Facebook Open Graph:
- Twitter Card:

HTML

o % HTML items are √

- HTML5 Semantic Elements: HTML5 Semantic Elements are used appropriately (header, section, footer, main...).
- Error pages: Error 404 page and 5xx exist
- Noopener: In case you are using external links with target="_blank", your link should have a rel="noopener" attribute to prevent

		tab nabbing. If you need to support older versions of Firefox, use rel="noopener noreferrer"
		Clean up comments: Unnecessary code needs to be removed before sending the page to production.
		W3C compliant: All pages need to be tested with the W3C validator to identify possible issues in the HTML code.
		HTML Lint: I use tools to help me analyze any issues I could have on my HTML code.
		Link checker: There are no broken links in my page, verify that you don't have any 404 error.
		Adblockers test: Your website shows your content correctly with adblockers enabled
V	Έ	BFONTS 0 % Webfonts items are ✓
		Webfont format: WOFF, WOFF2 and TTF are supported by all modern browsers.
		Webfont size: Webfont sizes don't exceed 2 MB (all variants included).
		Webfont loader: Control loading behavior with a webfont loader.
>	S	o % CSS items are ✓
		Responsive Web Design: The website is using responsive web design.
		CSS Print: A print stylesheet is provided and is correct on each page.
		Unique ID: If IDs are used, they are unique to a page.
		Reset CSS: A CSS reset (reset, normalize or reboot) is used and up to date.
		JS prefix: All classes (or id- used in JavaScript files) begin with js- and are not styled into the CSS files.
		Embedded or inline CSS: Avoid at all cost embeding CSS in <style> tags or using inline CSS</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Vendor prefixes: CSS vendor prefixes are used and are generated accordingly with your browser support compatibility.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Concatenation: CSS files are concatenated in a single file (Not for HTTP/2).</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Minification: All CSS files are minified.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Non-blocking: CSS files need to be non-blocking to prevent the DOM from taking time to load.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Stylelint: All CSS or SCSS files are without any errors.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Responsive web design: All pages were tested with the correct breakpoints.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>CSS Validator: The CSS was tested and pertinent errors were corrected.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Desktop Browsers: All pages were tested on all current desktop browsers (Safari, Firefox, Chrome, Internet Explorer, EDGE)</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Mobile Browsers: All pages were tested on all current mobile browsers (Native browser, Chrome, Safari)</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>OS: All pages were tested on all current OS (Windows, Android, iOS, Mac)</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Reading direction: All pages need to be tested for LTR and RTL languages if they need to be supported.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th></th></tr><tr><th></th><th>41</th><th>VASCRIPT 0 % JavaScript items are √</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>JavaScript Inline: You don't have any JavaScript code inline (mixed with your HTML code).</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Concatenation: JavaScript files are concatenated.</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Minification: JavaScript files are minified (you can add the .min suffix).</th></tr></tbody></table></style>

•	JavaScript security:
	noscript tag: Use ` <noscript>` tag in the HTML body if a script type on the page is unsupported or if scripting is currently turned off in the browser. This will be helpful in client-side rendering heavy apps such as React.js.</noscript>
	Non-blocking: JavaScript files are loaded asynchronously using async or deferred using defer attribute.
•	Modernizr: If you need to target some specific features you can use a custom Modernizr to add classes in your <html> tag.</html>
	ESLint: No errors are flagged by ESLint (based on your configuration or standards rules).
M/	Optimization: All images are optimized to be rendered in the browser. WebP format could be used for critical pages (like
•	Homepage) Picture/Srcset: You use picture/srcset to provide the most appropriate image for the current viewport of the user.
•	Retina: You provide layout images 2x or 3x, support retina display.
•	Sprite: Small images are in a sprite file (in the case of icons, they can be in an SVG sprite image).
•	Width and Height: Set width and height attributes on if the final rendered image size is known (can be omitted for CSS sizing).
•	Alternative text: All have an alternative text which describe the image visually.
	Lazy loading: Images are lazyloaded (A noscript fallback is always provided).
AC	CESSIBILITY 0 % Accessibility items are √
	Progressive enhancement: Major functionality like main navigation and search should work without JavaScript enabled.
	Color contrast: Color contrast should at least pass WCAG AA (AAA for mobile).
	H1: All pages have an H1 which is not the title of the website.
	Headings: Headings should be used properly and in the right order (H1 to H6).
	Specific HTML5 input types are used: This is especially important for mobile devices that show customized keypads and widgets for different types.
	Label: A label is associated with each input form element. In case a label can't be displayed, use aria-label instead.
	Accessibility standards testing: Use the WAVE tool to test if your page respects the accessibility standards.
	Keyboard navigation: Test your website using only your keyboard in a previsible order. All interactive elements are reachable and usable.
	Screen reader: All pages were tested in two or more screen readers (such as JAWS, VoiceOver, and NVDA).
	Focus style: If the focus is disabled, it is replaced by visible state in CSS.
PEI	RFORMANCE 0 % Performance items are √

- Page weight: The weight of each page is between 0 and 500 KB.
- Minified HTML: Your HTML is minified.
- Lazy loading: Images, scripts and CSS need to be lazy loaded to improve the response time of the current page (See details in their respective sections)

•		Cookie size: If you are using cookies be sure each cookie doesn't exceed 4096 bytes and your domain name doesn't have more than 20 cookies.
•		Third party components:
•		DNS resolution: DNS of third-party services that may be needed are resolved in advance during idle time using dns-prefetch
•		Preconnection: DNS lookup, TCP handshake and TLS negotiation with services that will be needed soon is done in advance during idle time using preconnect.
•		Prefetching: Resources that will be needed soon (e.g. lazy loaded images) are requested in advance during idle time using prefetch.
•		Preloading: Resources needed in the current page (e.g. scripts placed at the end of <body>) in advance using preload.</body>
•		Google PageSpeed: All your pages were tested (not only the homepage) and have a score of at least 90/100.
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		Google Analytics: Google Analytics is installed and correctly configured.
•		Headings logic: Heading text helps to understand the content in the current page.
•		sitemap.xml: A sitemap.xml exists and was submitted to Google Search Console.
•		robots.txt: The robots.txt is not blocking webpages.
•		Structured Data: Pages using structured data are tested and are without errors. Structured data helps crawlers understand the content in the current page.
•		Sitemap HTML: An HTML sitemap is provided and is accessible via a link in the footer of your website.
•		Pagination link tags: Provide rel="prev" and rel="next" to indicate paginated content.
		Made with ♥ by <u>David Dias ("The")</u> Follow for the Open-Source Community.